

# ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

## SECTION **EL**

When you read wiring diagrams

- Read G1 section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".

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#### WIRING DIAGRAM REFERENCE CHART

E C C S .....	EF & EC SECTION	POWER WINDOW, DOOR LOCK AND
LOCK-UP CONTROL SYSTEM .....	AT SECTION	MIRROR .....
ADJUSTABLE SHOCK ABSORBER .....	FA SECTION	HEATER AND AIR CONDITIONER .....
		BF SECTION
		HA SECTION

**EL**

# HARNESS CONNECTOR

## Description

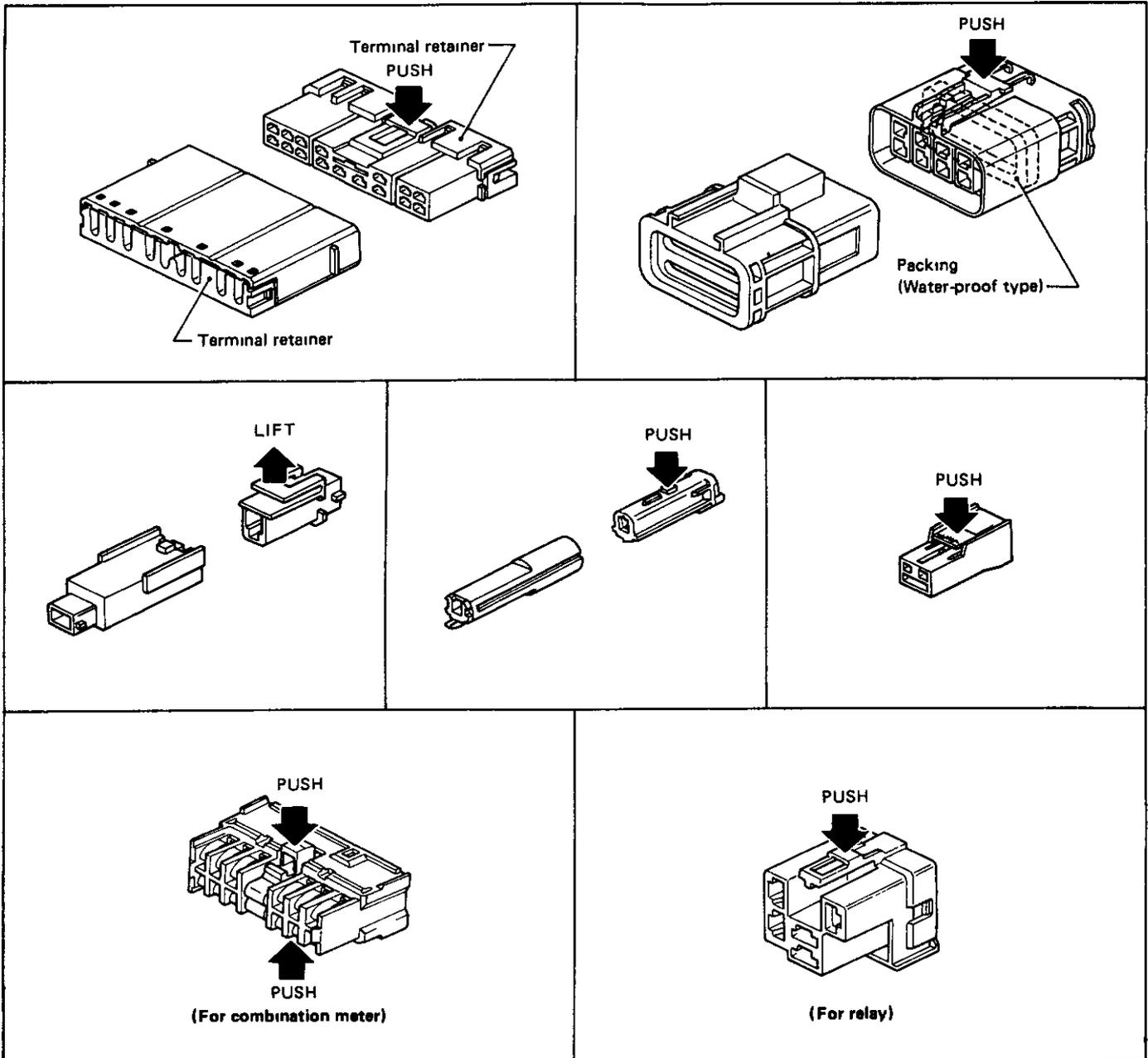
### HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors are designed so that they do not become loose or disconnected accidentally.
- The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.

#### CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]

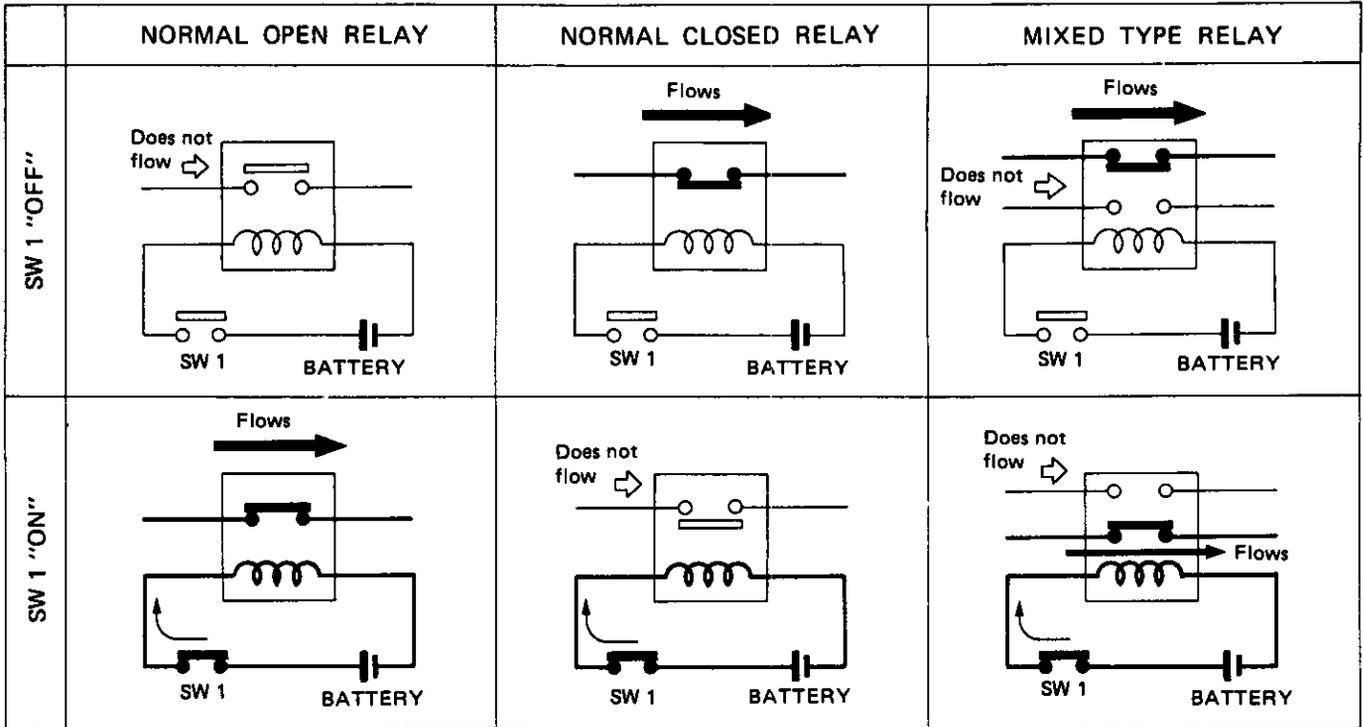


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# STANDARDIZED RELAY

## Normal Open, Normal Closed and Mixed Type Relays

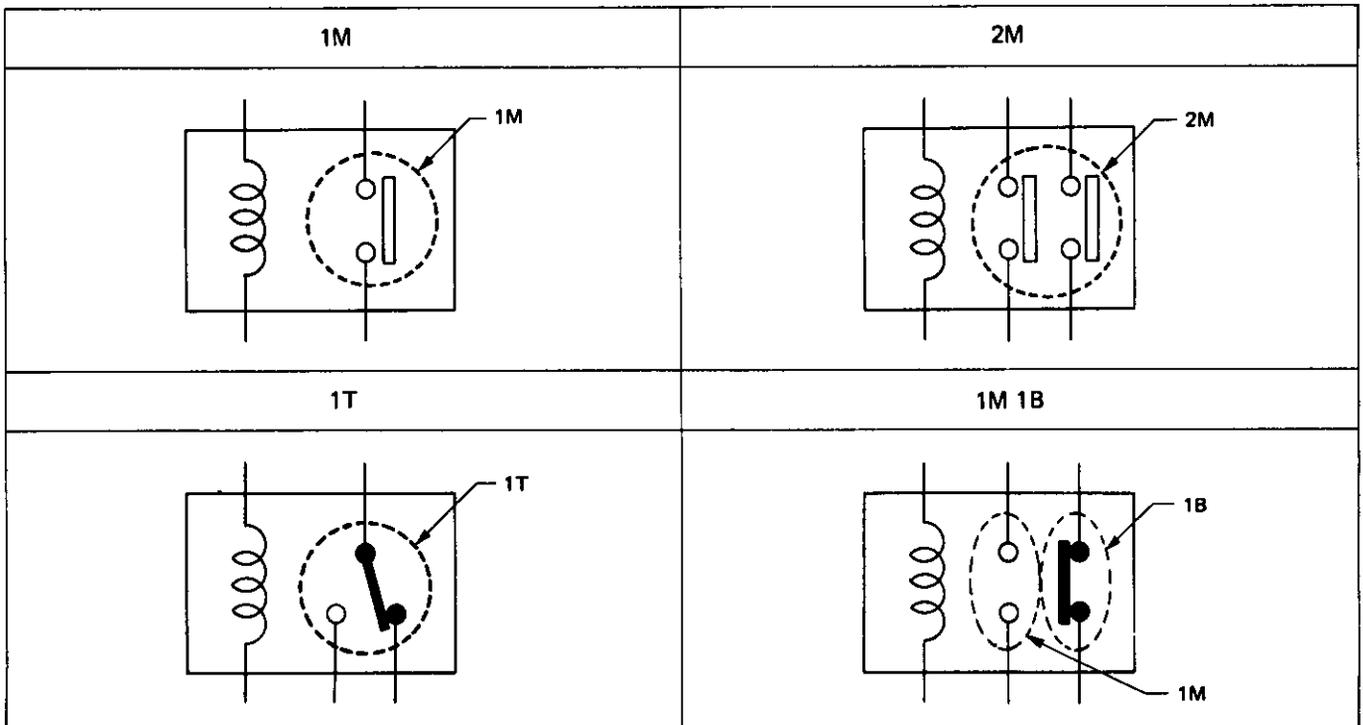
Relays can mainly be divided into three types normal open, normal closed and mixed type relays



SEL881H

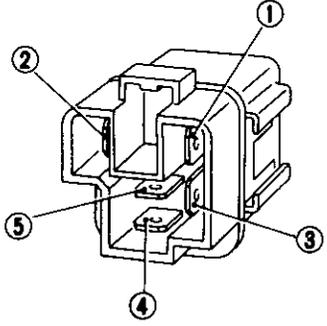
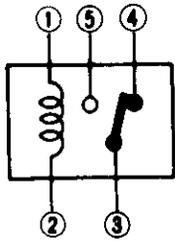
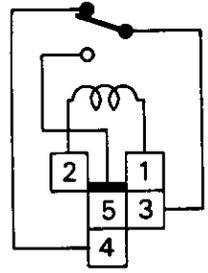
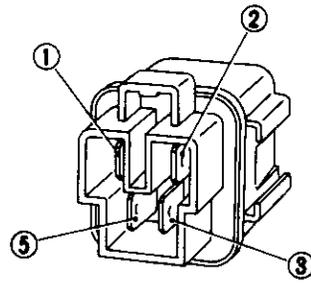
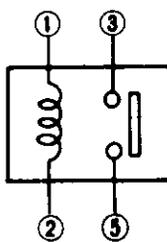
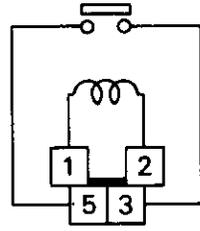
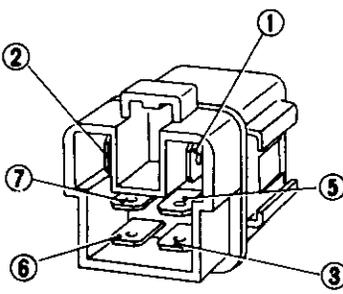
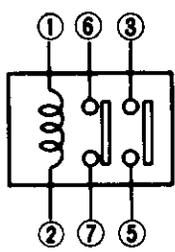
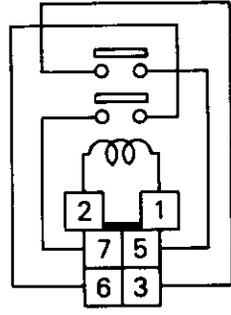
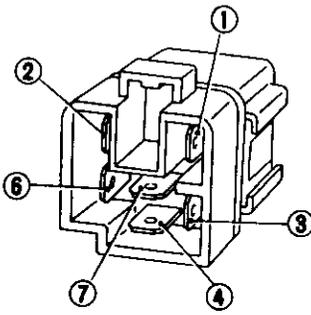
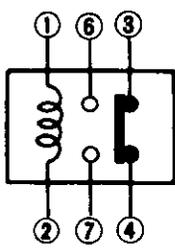
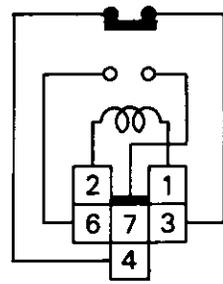
## Type of Standardized Relays

1M      1 Make      2M      2 Make  
 1T      1 Transfer      1M 1B      1 Make 1 Break



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# STANDARDIZED RELAY

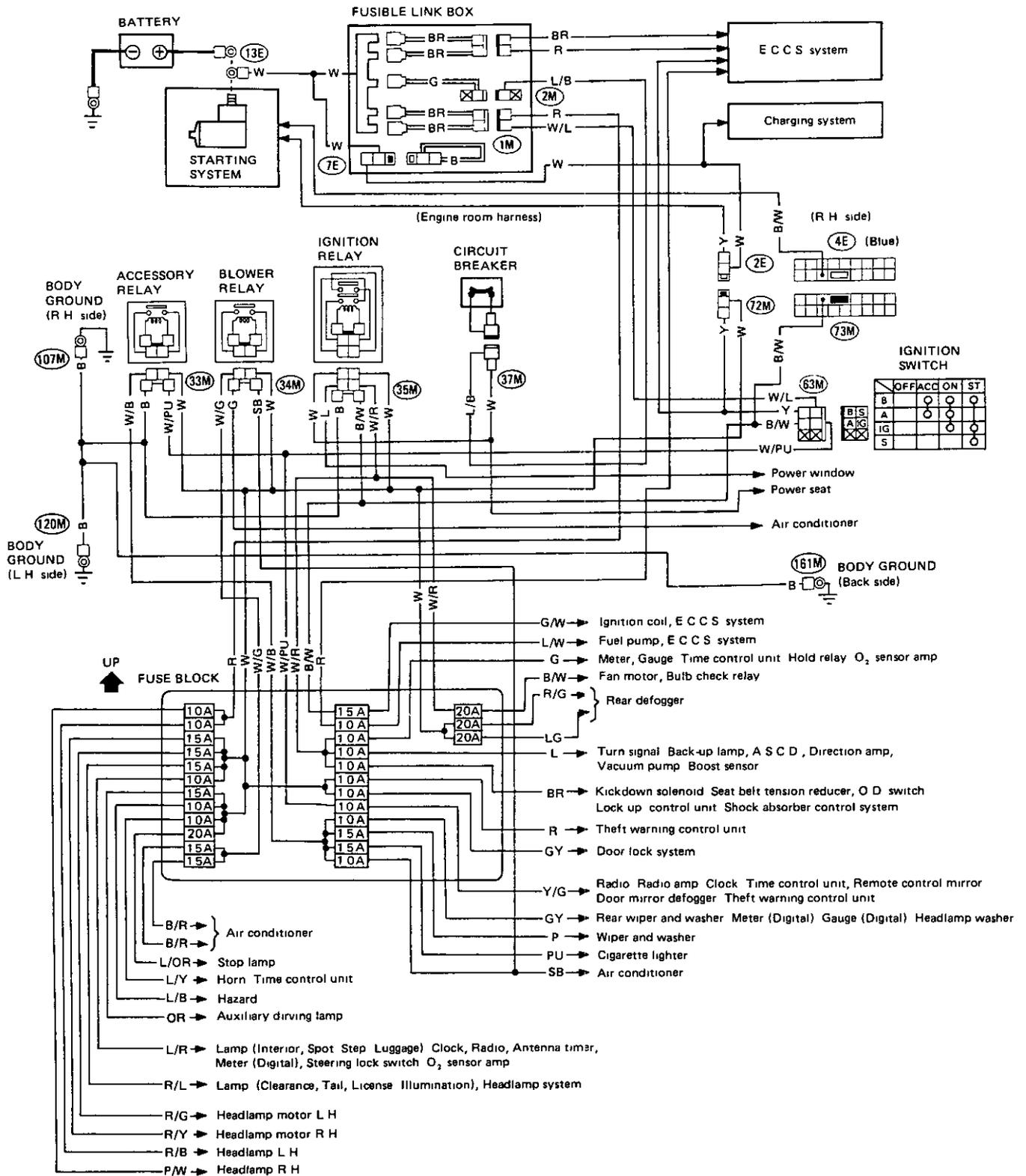
Type	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color
1T				BLACK
1M				BLUE
2M				BROWN
1M 1B				GRAY

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# POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

## Wiring Diagram

### TURBO MODELS

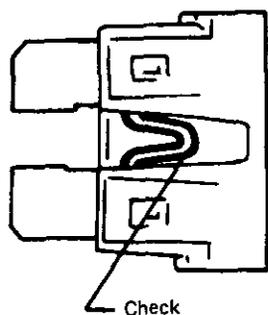


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# POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

## Fuse

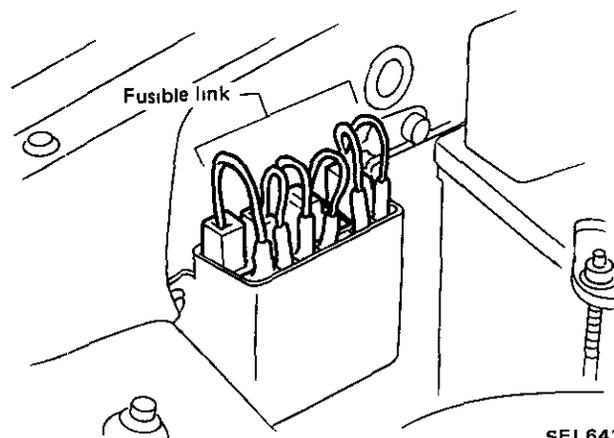


SEL276

- a. If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- b. Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- c. Do not install fuse in oblique direction, always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- d. Remove fuse for clock if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

## Fusible Link

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp



SEL641D

### CAUTION.

- a. If fusible link should melt, it is possible that critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check and eliminate cause of problem.
- b. Never wrap periphery of fusible link with vinyl tape. Extreme care should be taken with this link to ensure that it does not come into contact with any other wiring harness or vinyl or rubber parts.

# POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

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Note

# BATTERY

## CAUTION:

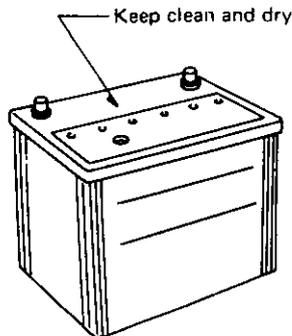
- If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity

## How to Handle Battery

### METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery

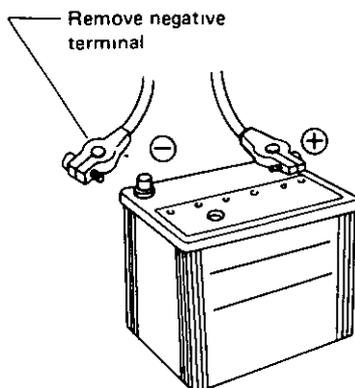
- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry



SEL711E

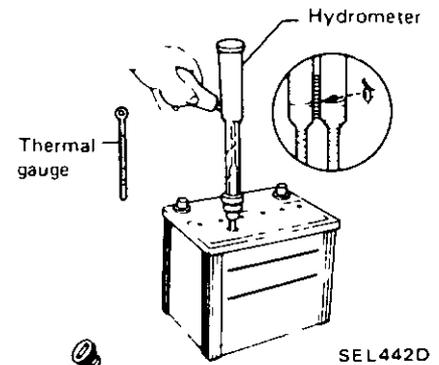
If the top surface of a battery is wet with electrolyte or water, leakage current will cause the battery to discharge. Always keep the battery clean and dry.

- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal (If the vehicle has an extended storage switch, turn it off.)



SEL712E

- Check the charge condition of the battery



Periodically check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Keep a close check on charge condition to prevent over-discharge.

### CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

#### WARNING

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

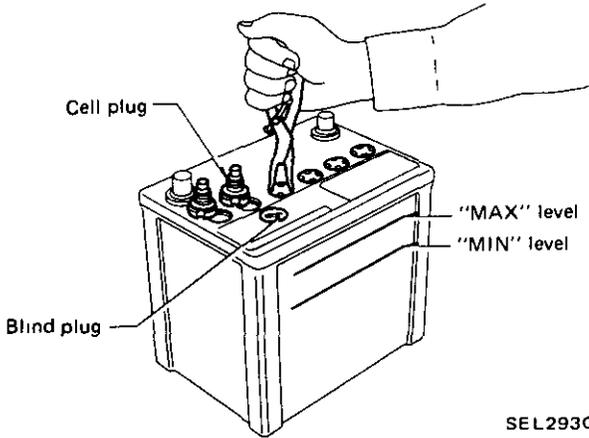
Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

To maintain serviceability, a perforated line has been added to the battery caution label.

# BATTERY

## How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level

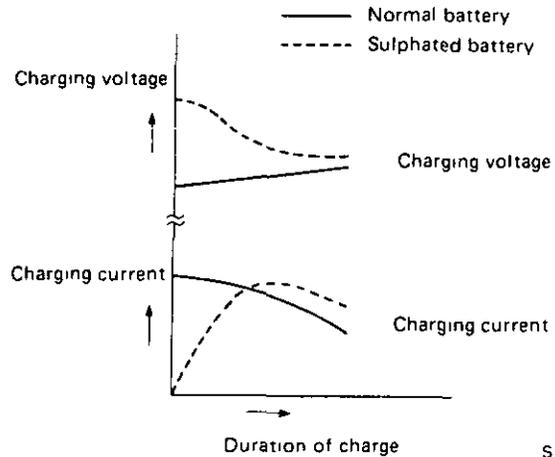


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## SULPHATION

When a battery has been left unattended for a long period of time and has a specific gravity of less than 1 100, it will be completely discharged, resulting in sulphation on the cell plates

Compared with a battery discharged under normal conditions, the current flow in a "sulphated" battery is not as smooth although its voltage is high during the initial stage of charging, as shown in the following figure



SEL 709E

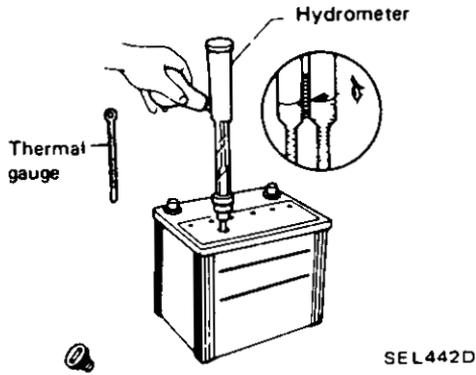
# BATTERY

## Specific Gravity Check

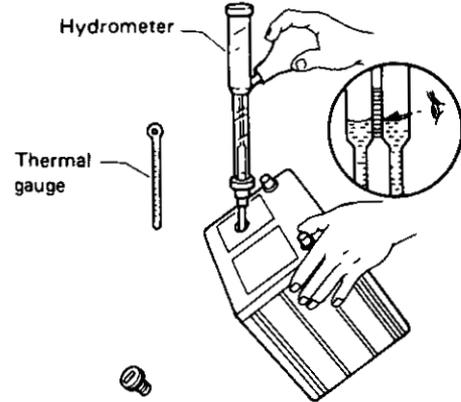
### SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

- 1 Read hydrometer and thermal gauge indications at eye level

Read top level with scale.



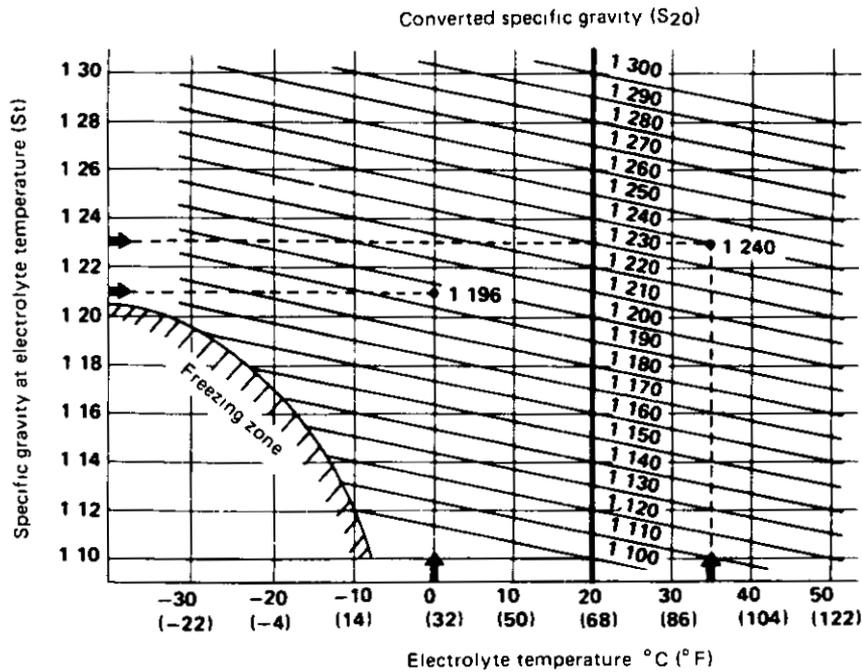
- When electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case to raise it for easy measurement



- 2 Convert into specific gravity at 20°C (68°F)

Example

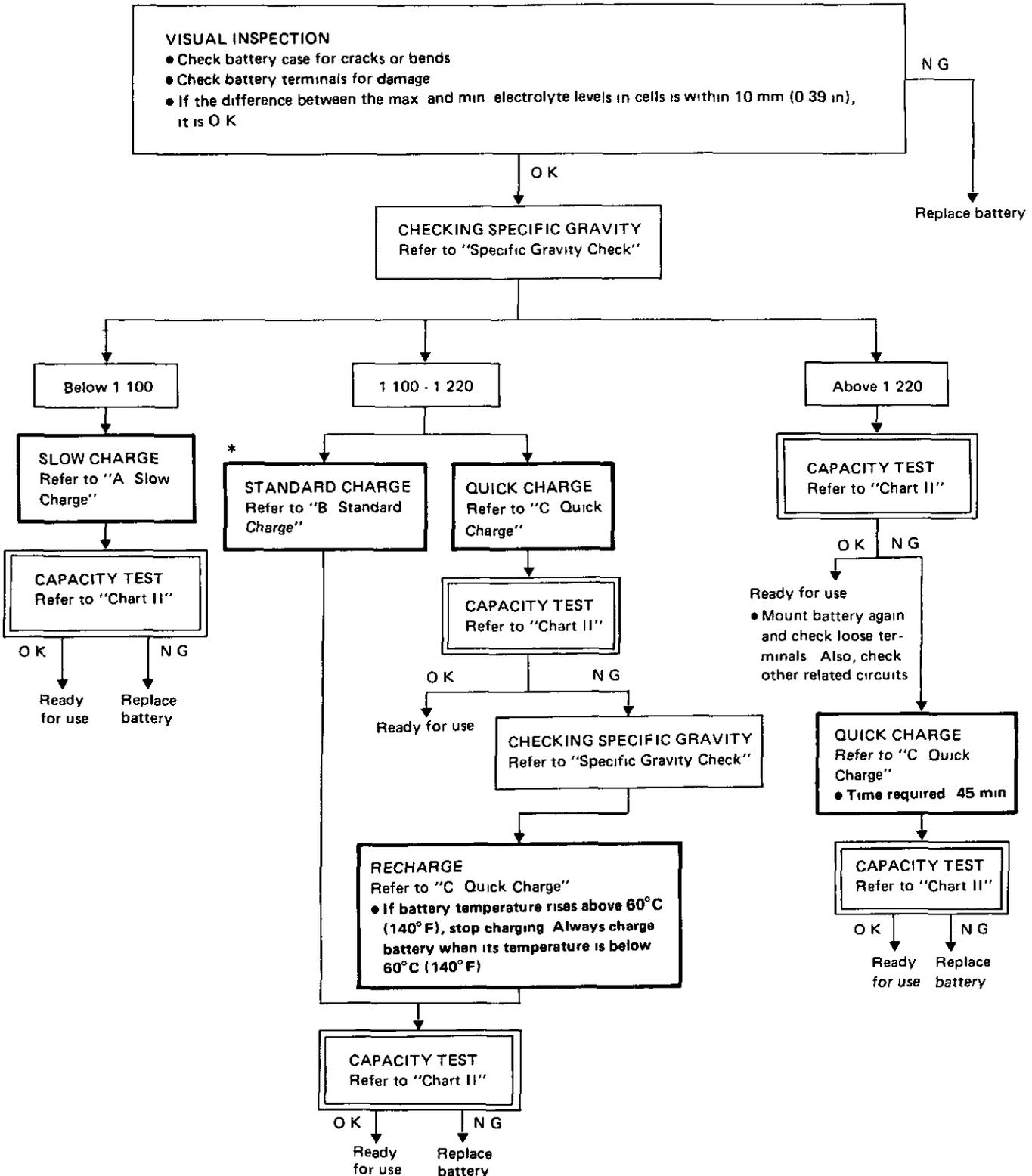
- When electrolyte temperature is 35°C (95°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1 230, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1 240
- When electrolyte temperature is 0°C (32°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1 210, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1 196



# BATTERY

## M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart

Chart I

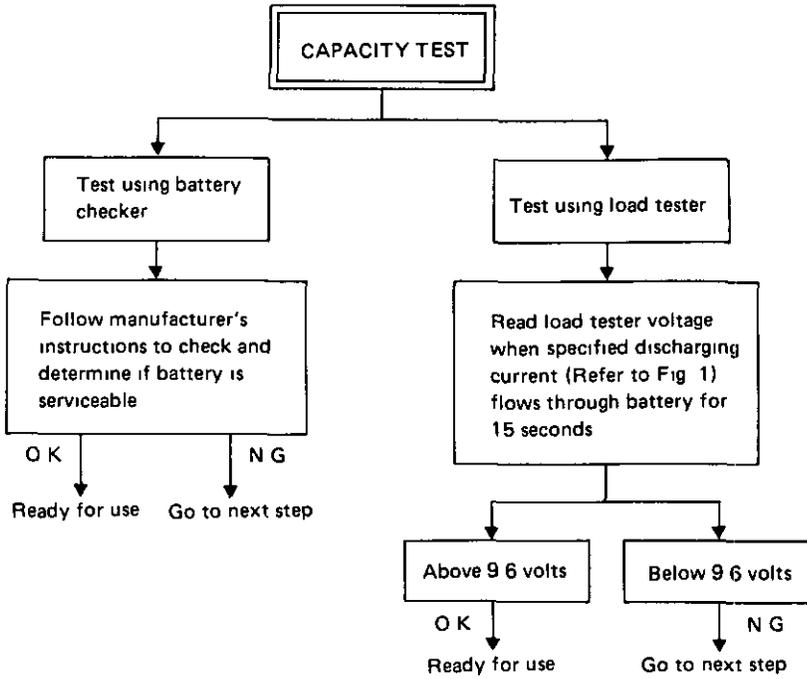


• "STANDARD CHARGE" is recommended in case that the vehicle is in storage after charging

# BATTERY

## M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

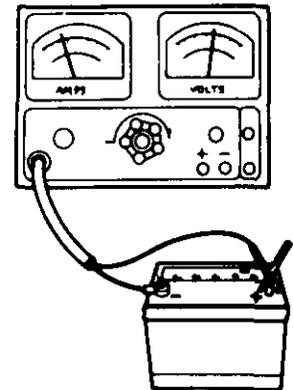
Chart II



- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table

Fig 1 DISCHARGING CURRENT (Load tester)

Type	Current (A)
28B19R(L)-MF	90
34B19R(L)-MF	99
46B24R(L) MF	135
55B24R(L)-MF	135
50D23R(L)-MF	150
55D23R(L)-MF	180
65D26R(L)-MF	195
80D26R(L) MF	195
75D31R(L)-MF	210
95D31R(L)-MF	240



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# BATTERY

## M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

### A SLOW CHARGE

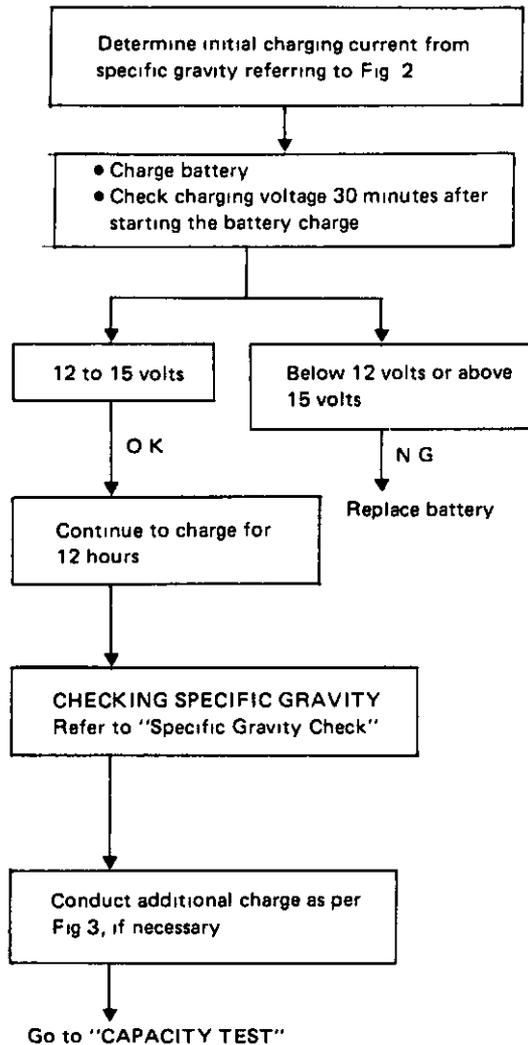
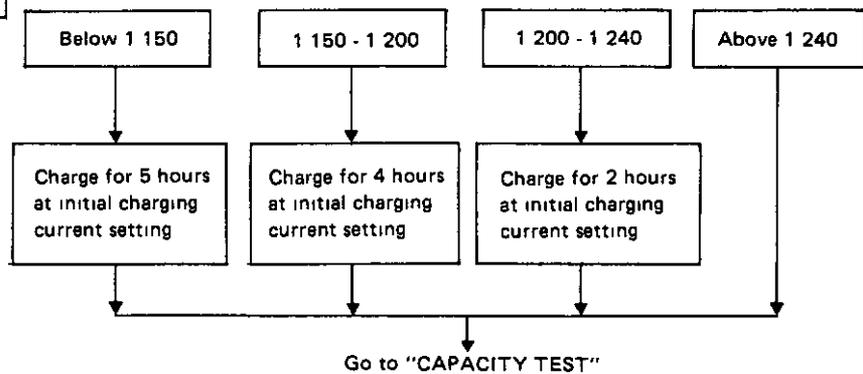


Fig 2 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING (Slow charge)

BATTERY TYPE CON VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	28B19R(L)-MF 34B19R(L)-MF	46B24R(L)-MF 55B24R(L)-MF	50D23R(L)-MF 55D23R(L)-MF	65D26R(L)-MF 80D26R(L)-MF	75D31R(L)-MF	95D31R(L)-MF
Below 1.100	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	8.0 (A)	9.0 (A)	10.0 (A)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary

Fig 3 ADDITIONAL CHARGE (Slow charge)



### CAUTION:

- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 2. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

# BATTERY

## M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

### B STANDARD CHARGE

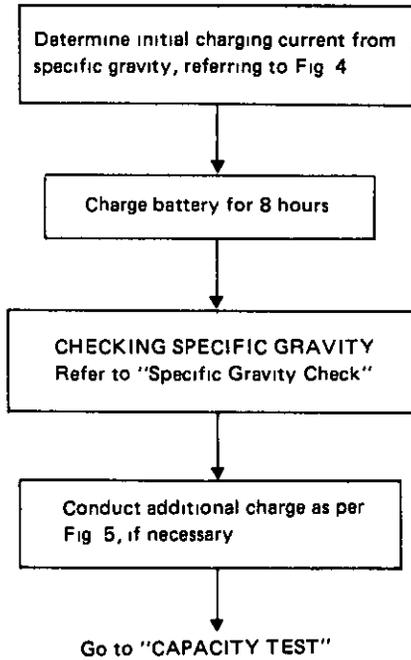
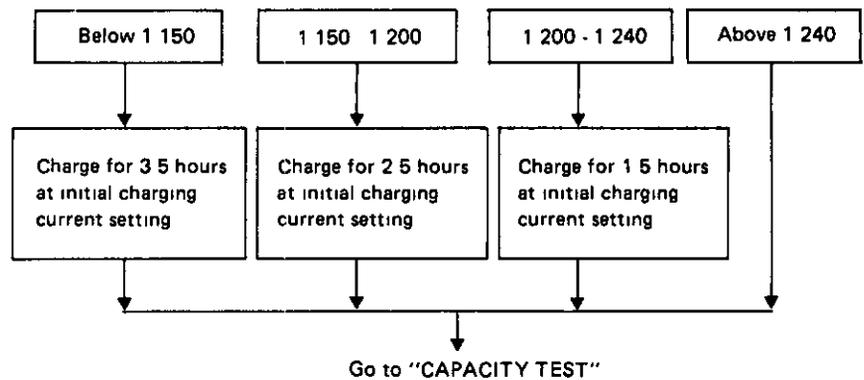


Fig 4 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING (Standard charge)

CONVERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	BATTERY TYPE		28B19R(L)-MF 34B19R(L)-MF		46B24R(L)-MF 55B24R(L)-MF		50D23R(L)-MF 55D23R(L)-MF		65D26R(L)-MF 80D26R(L)-MF		75D31R(L)-MF 95D31R(L)-MF	
	1 100 1 130	4 0 (A)	5 0 (A)	6 0 (A)	7 0 (A)	8 0 (A)	9 0 (A)					
1 130 1 160	3 0 (A)	4 0 (A)	5 0 (A)	6 0 (A)	7 0 (A)	8 0 (A)						
1 160 1 190	2 0 (A)	3 0 (A)	4 0 (A)	5 0 (A)	6 0 (A)	7 0 (A)						
1 190 1 220	2 0 (A)	2 0 (A)	3 0 (A)	4 0 (A)	5 0 (A)	5 0 (A)						

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary

Fig 5 ADDITIONAL CHARGE (Standard charge)



### CAUTION:

- Do not use standard charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 4. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

# BATTERY

## M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

### C QUICK CHARGE

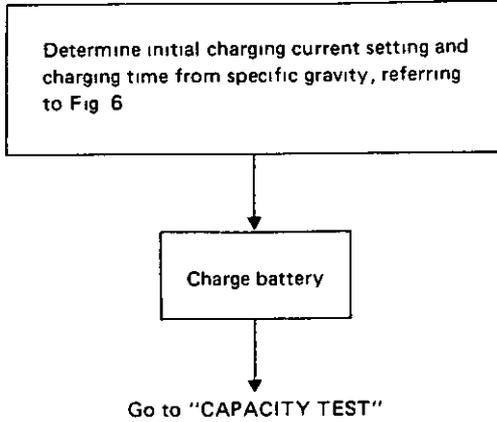


Fig 6 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING AND CHARGING TIME (Quick charge)

CONVERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	BATTERY TYPE		CURRENT (A)	
	28B19R(L)-MF 34B19R(L)-MF	46B24R(L)-MF 55B24R(L)-MF 50D23R(L)-MF	55D23R(L)-MF 65D26R(L)-MF 80D26R(L)-MF	75D31R(L)-MF 95D31R(L)-MF
	10 (A)	15 (A)	20 (A)	30 (A)
1 100 - 1 130	2 5 hours			
1 130 - 1 160	2 0 hours			
1 160 - 1 190	1 5 hours			
1 190 - 1 220	1 0 hours			
Above 1 220	0 75 hours (45 min )			

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary

### CAUTION:

- Do not use quick charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set initial charging current to value specified in Fig 6. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- Be careful of a rise in battery temperature because a large current flow is required during quick-charge operation.  
If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F)
- Do not exceed the charging time specified in Fig. 6, because charging battery over the charging time can cause deterioration of the battery

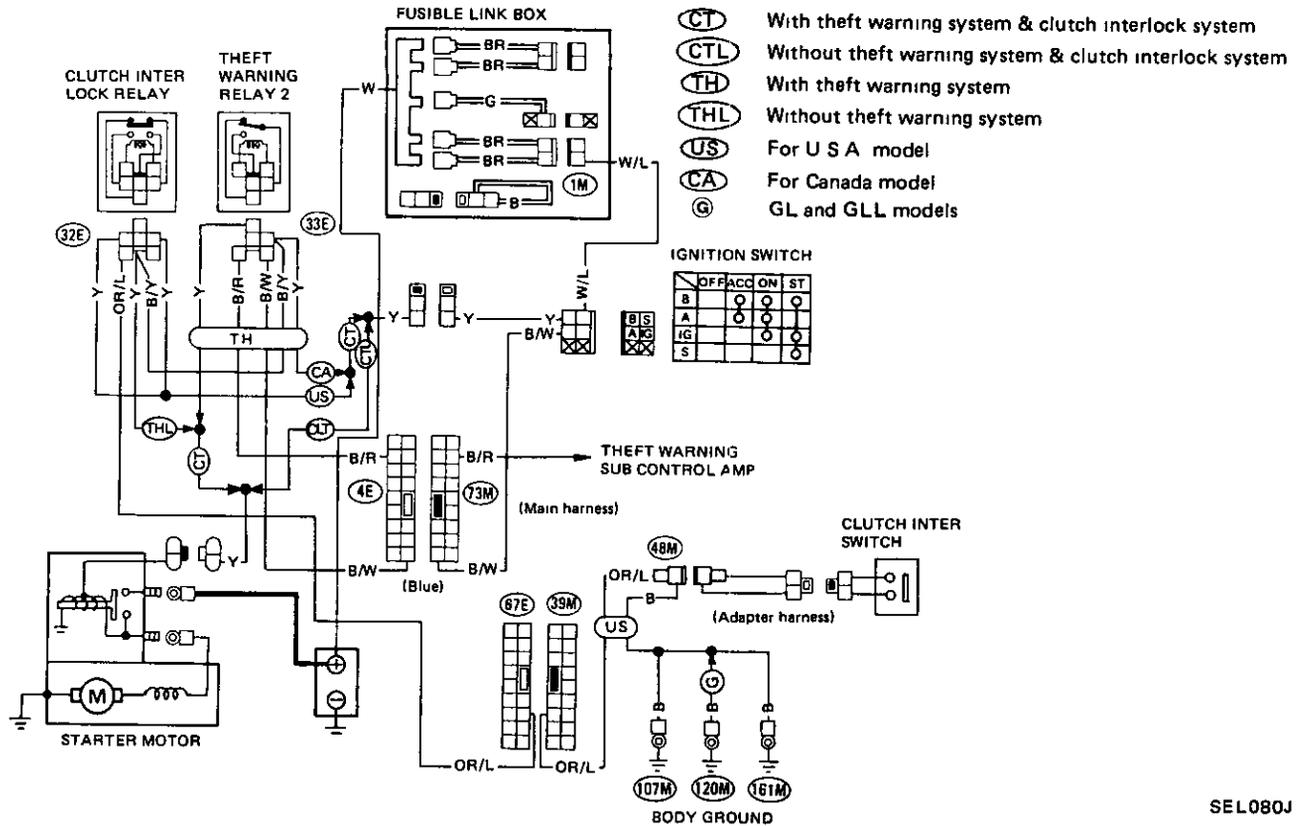
### Service Data and Specifications (S.D.S.)

Applied model	U S A	U S A option and Canada
Type	55D23R-MF	75D31R-MF
Maintenance-free		
Capacity	V-AH	
	12-60	12-70

# STARTING SYSTEM

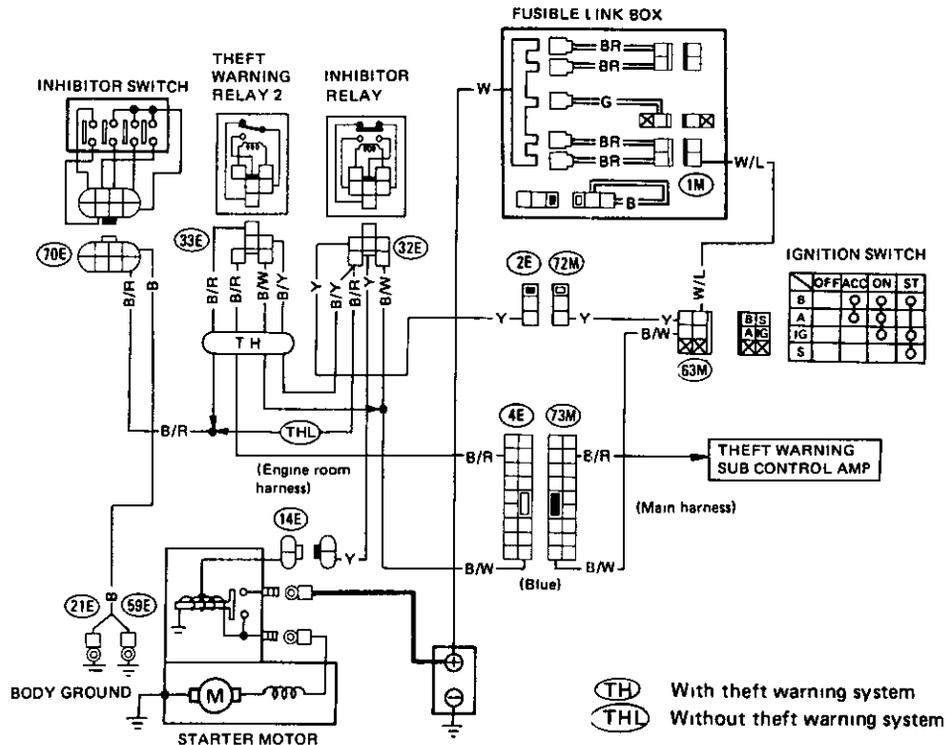
## Wiring Diagram

### M/T MODEL



SEL080J

### A/T MODEL

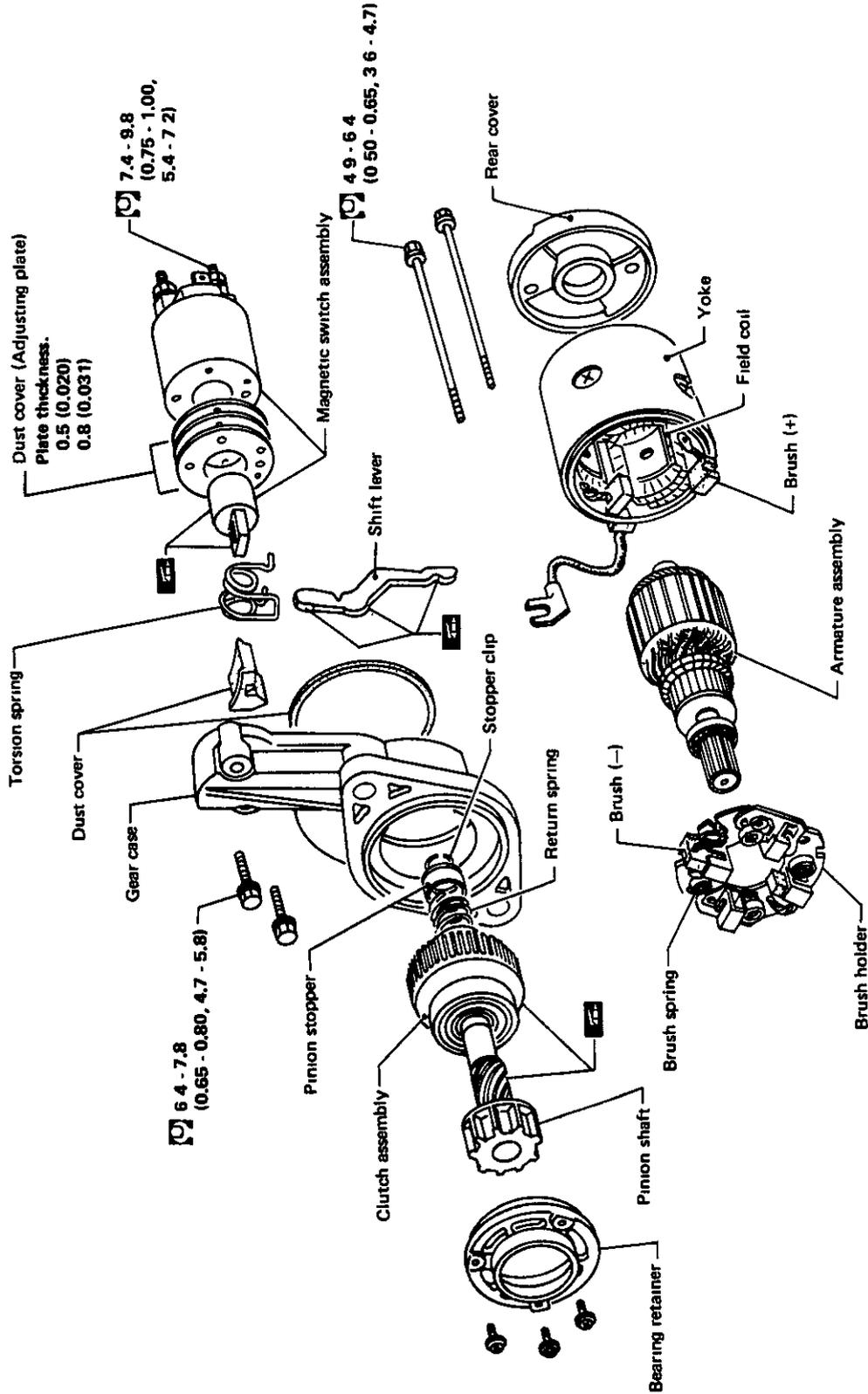


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# STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

## Construction

S114-457



Unit mm (in)  
 N·m (kg·m, ft·lb)  
 High-temperature grease point

SEL623D

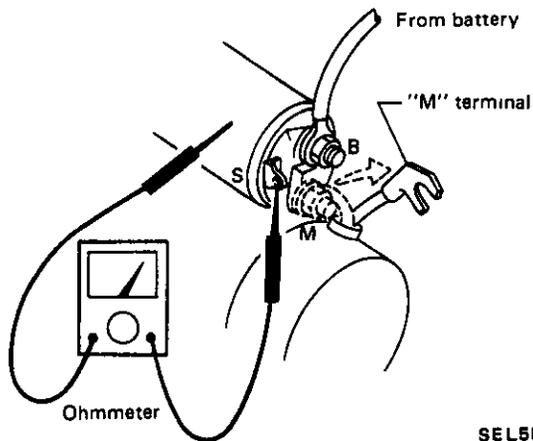
# STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

## Magnetic Switch Check

- Before starting to check, disconnect battery ground cable.
- Disconnect "M" terminal of starter motor.

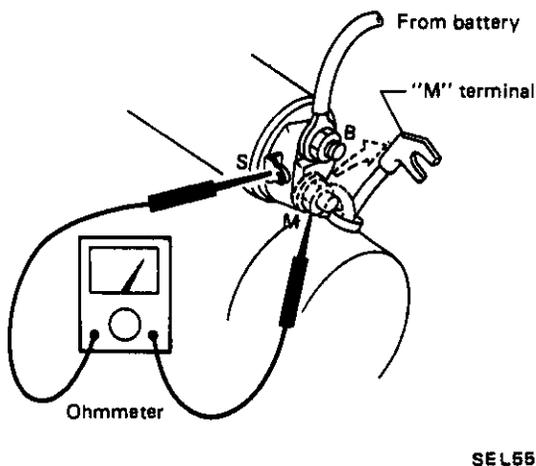
1 Continuity test (between "S" terminal and switch body)

- No continuity ... Replace.



2. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and "M" terminal)

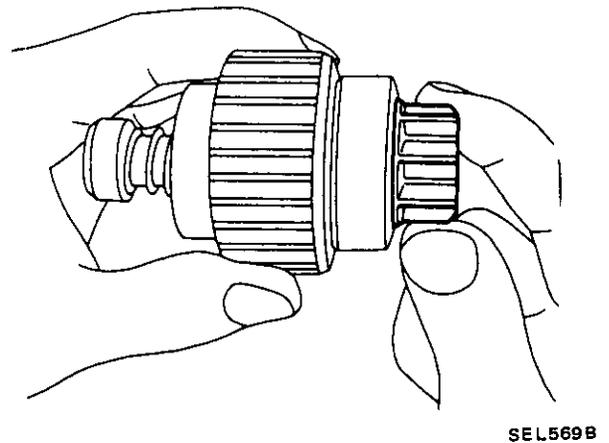
- No continuity ... Replace.



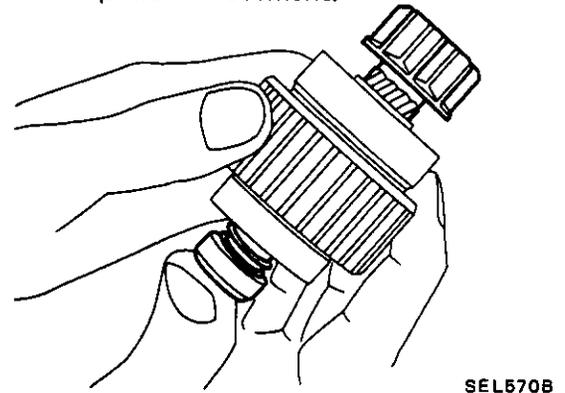
## Pinion/Clutch Check

1 Check to see if clutch assembly locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.

- If it does not lock (or locks) in either direction or unusual resistance is evident ... Replace.

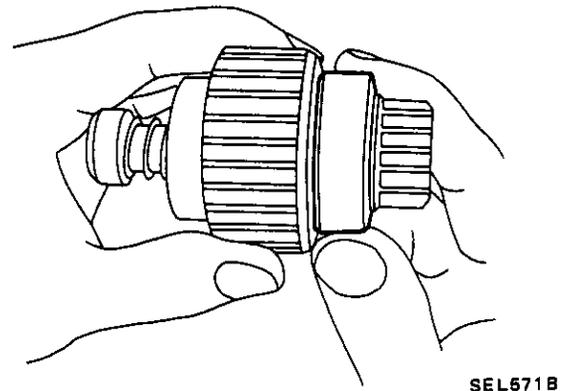


2. Check pinion movement.



3. Check ball bearing.

Spin outer race of ball bearing to ensure that it turns smoothly without binding.



- Abnormal resistance . . . . Replace.

# STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

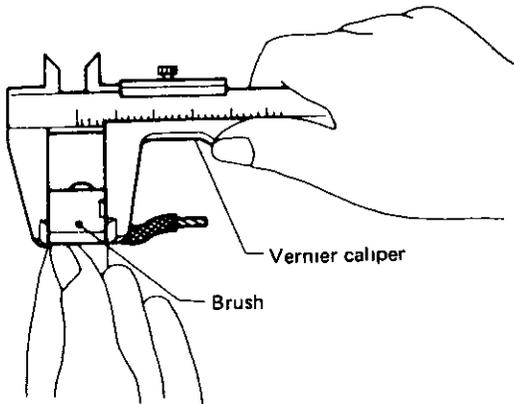
## Brush Check

- 4 Inspection pinion teeth
  - Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth)
- 5 Inspect reduction gear teeth
  - Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth)

### BRUSH

Check wear of brush

**Wear limit length: 11 mm (0.43 in)**

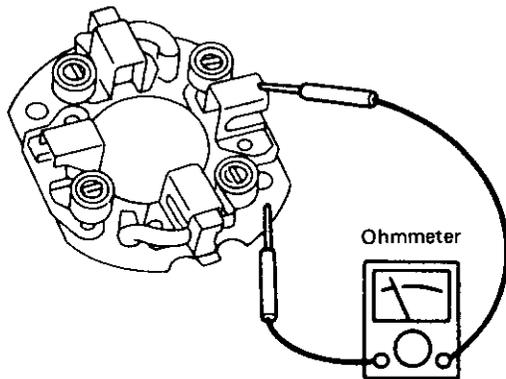


SEL626B

- Excessive wear Replace

### BRUSH HOLDER

- 1 Perform insulation test between brush holder (positive side) and its base (negative side)

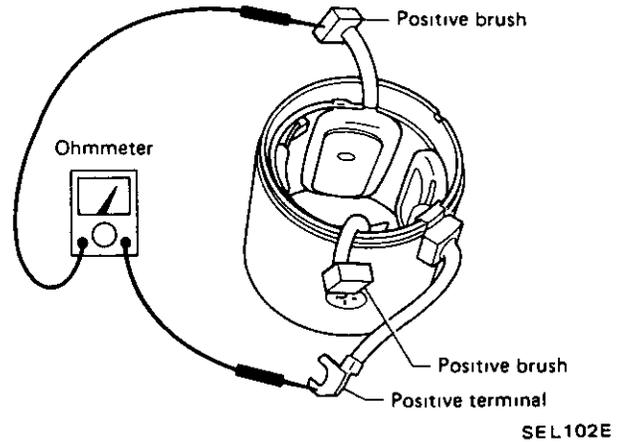


SEL568B

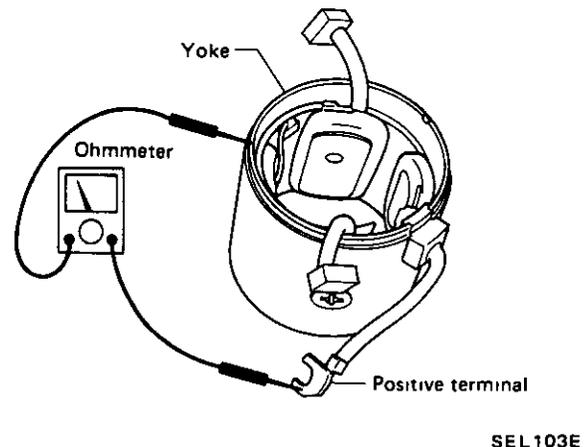
- Continuity exists Replace
- 2 Check brush holder to see if it moves smoothly
    - If brush holder is bent, replace it, if sliding surface is dirty, clean

## Field Coil Check

- 1 Continuity test (between field coil positive terminal and positive brushes)



- No continuity . Replace field coil
- 2 Insulation test (between field coil positive terminal and yoke)

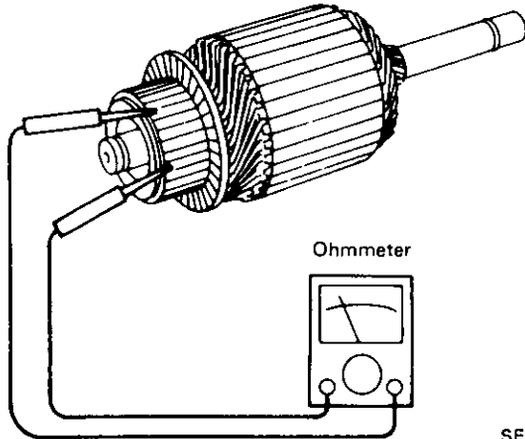


- Continuity exists ... Replace field coil

# STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

## Armature Check

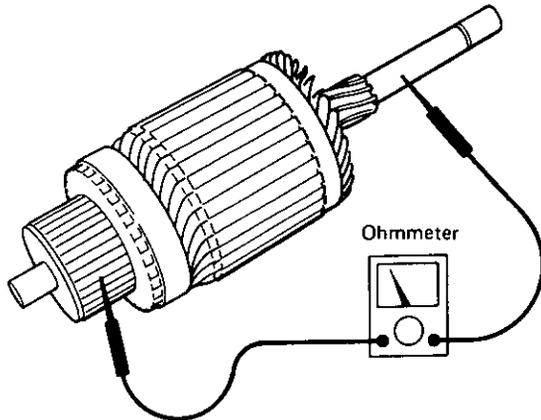
- 1 Continuity test (between two segments side by side)



SEL625B

- No continuity Replace.

- 2 Insulation test (between each commutator bar and shaft)

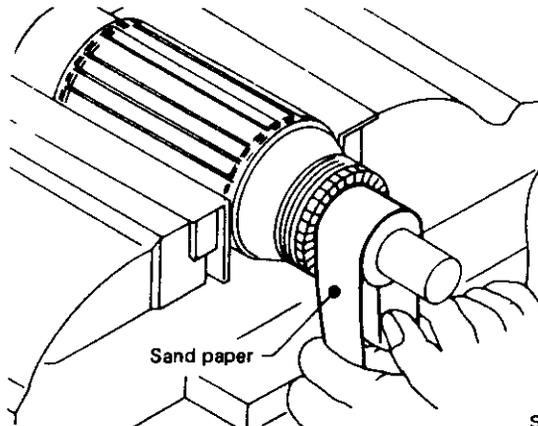


SEL104E

- Continuity exists . Replace

- 3 Check commutator surface

- Rough Sand lightly with No 500 - 600 sandpaper

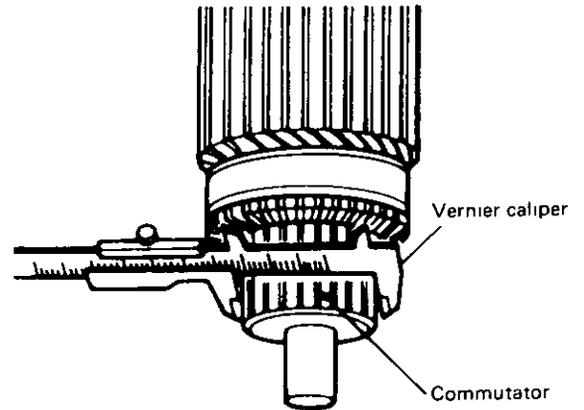


SEL624B

- 4 Check diameter of commutator

Commutator minimum diameter  
29 mm (1.14 in)

- Less than specified value Replace

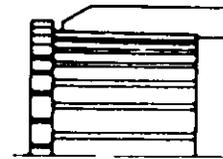


SEL418A

- 5 Check depth of insulating mica from commutator surface.

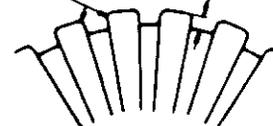
- Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in) Undercut to 0.5 - 0.8 mm (0.020 - 0.031 in)

Undercut procedures

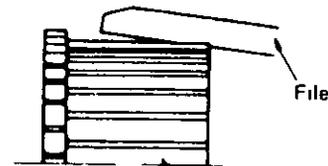


0.5 - 0.8 mm  
(0.020 - 0.031 in)

Round

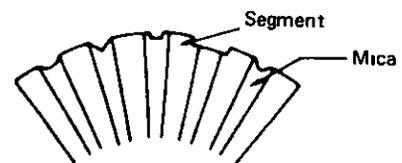


Correct



File

Commutator



Segment

Mica

Incorrect

EE021

# STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

## Assembly

Carefully observe the following instructions.

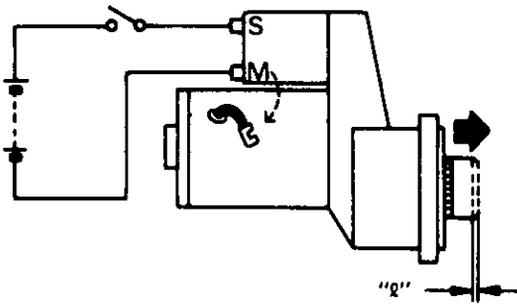
a. Apply grease to:

- Rear cover metal
- Gear case metal
- Frictional surface of pinion
- Moving portion of shift lever
- Plunger of magnetic switch

Compare difference "g" in height of pinion when it is pushed out with magnetic switch energized and when it is pulled out by hand until it touches stopper

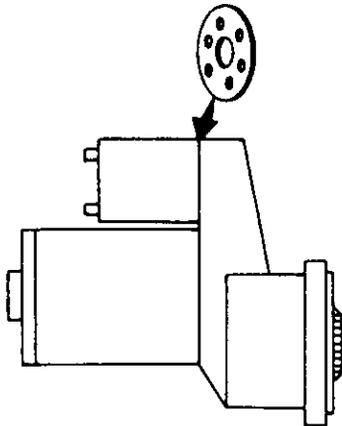
Difference "g":

0.3 - 1.5 mm (0.012 - 0.059 in)



SEL497D

- Not in the specified value ... Adjust by dust cover (Adjusting plate).



SEL573B

## Service Data and Specifications (S.D.S.)

Applied model		All
Type		S114-457
System voltage	V	12
No load		
Terminal voltage	V	11
Current	A	Less than 100
Revolution	rpm	More than 3,900
Outer diameter of commutator	mm (in)	More than 29 (1 1/4)
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	11 (0.43)
Brush spring tension	N (kg, lb)	15.7 - 19.6 (1.6 - 2.0, 3.5 - 4.4)
Difference "g" in height of pinion assembly	mm (in)	0.3 - 1.5 (0.012 - 0.059)



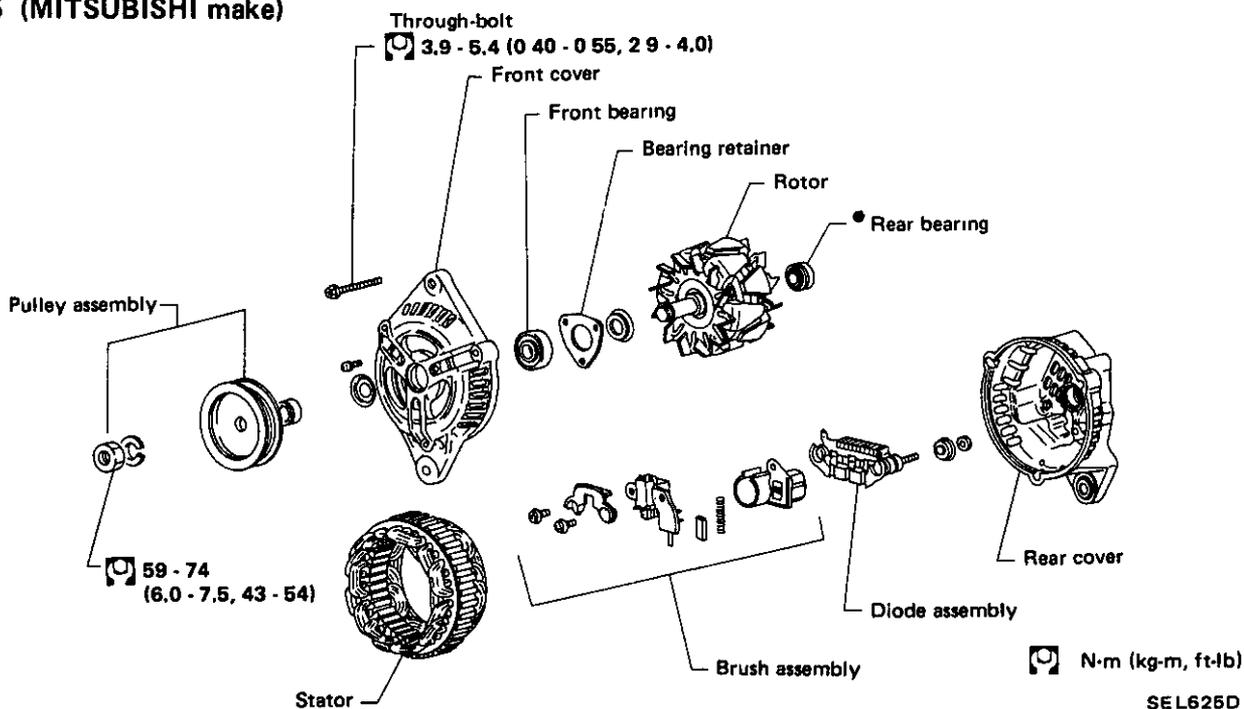




# CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

## Construction

A2T48195 (MITSUBISHI make)



\*Rear bearing

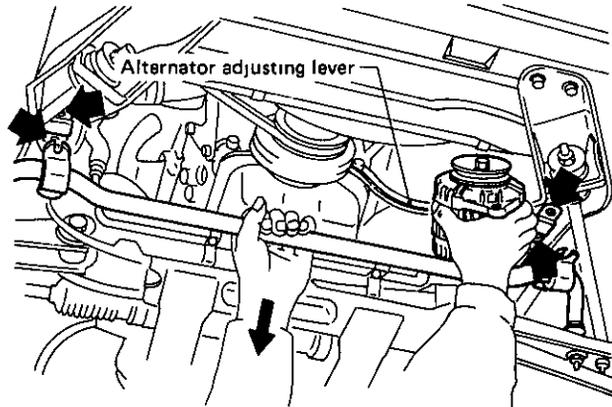
### CAUTION:

Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. Be careful not to lose this ring during removal.

# CHARGING SYSTEM --Alternator--

## Removal

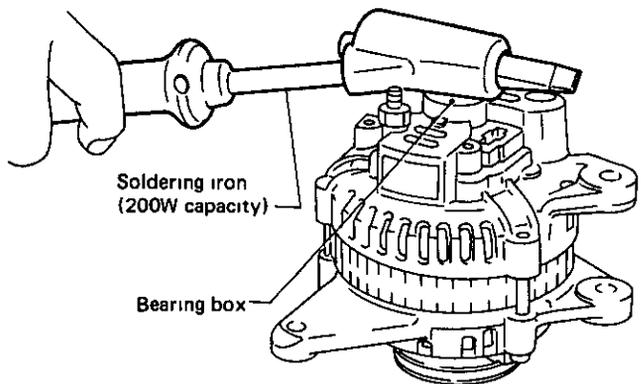
- Remove bolts from alternator
- Remove bolts for front stabilizer.
- Manually move stabilizer down and remove alternator.



## Disassembly

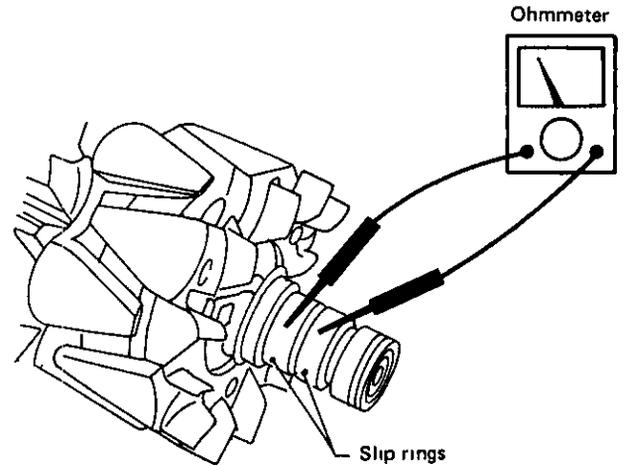
### CAUTION:

Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. To facilitate removal of rear cover, heat only the bearing box section with a 200-watt soldering iron. Do not use a heat gun, as it can damage diode assembly.



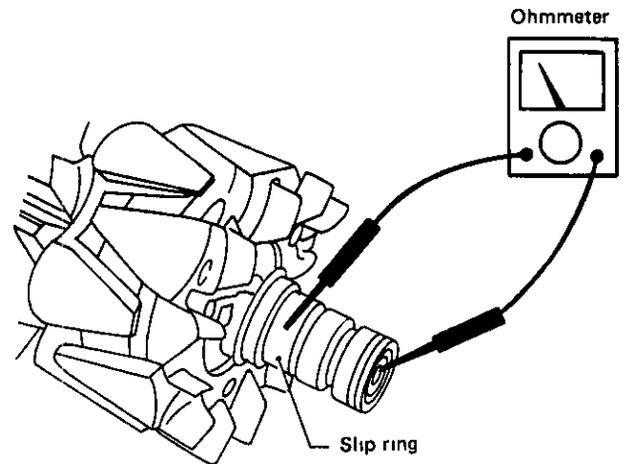
## Rotor Slip Ring Check

### 1. Continuity test



- No continuity ... Replace rotor.

### 2. Insulator test



- Continuity exists ... Replace rotor.

### 3. Check slip ring for wear

Slip ring minimum outer diameter:

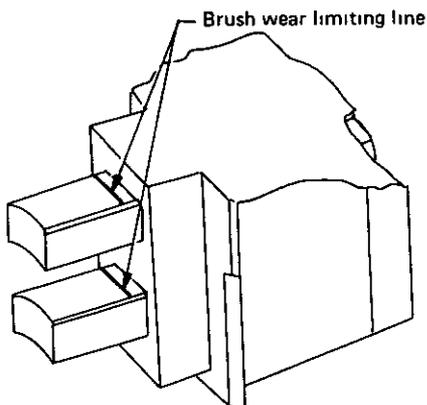
21.6 mm (0.850 in) [HITACHI make]

22.4 mm (0.882 in) [MITSUBISHI make]

# CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

## Brush Check

1. Check for smooth movement of brush
  - Not smooth ... Check brush holder and clean.
2. Check brush for wear.

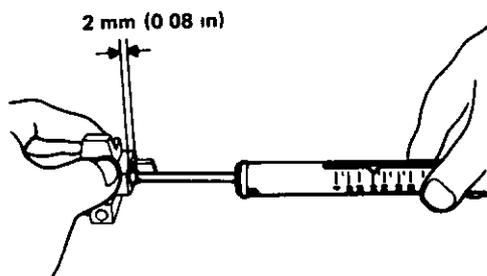


SEL631D

- Replace brush if it is worn down to the limit line
3. Check brush pig tail for damage.
    - Damaged ... Replace.
  4. Check brush spring pressure.  
Measure brush spring pressure with brush projected approximately 2 mm (0.08 in) from brush holder.

### Spring pressure:

- 1.471 - 3.531 N (150 - 360 g,  
5.29 - 12.70 oz) [HITACHI make]
- 3.040 - 4.217 N (310 - 430 g,  
10.93 - 15.17 oz) [MITSUBISHI make]



EE049

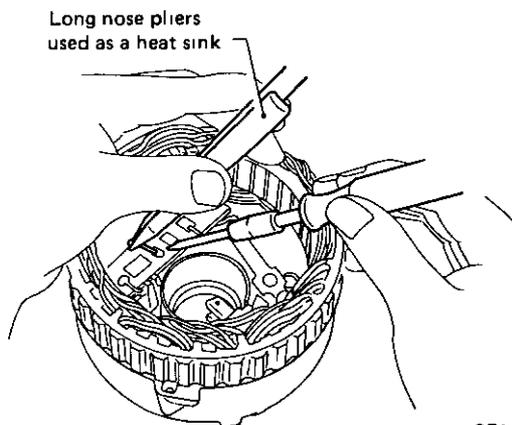
- Not in the specified value .. Replace

## Stator Check

To test the stator or diode, you must separate them by unsoldering the connecting wires.

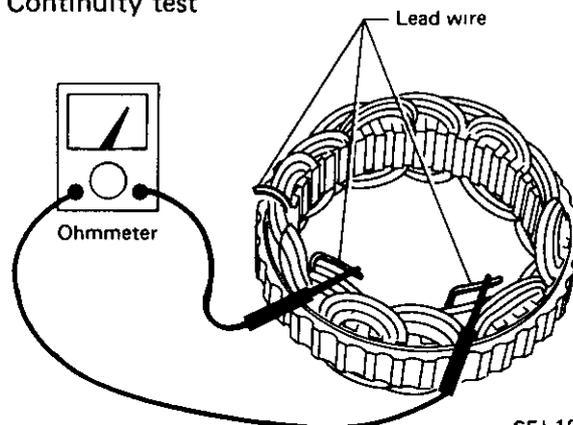
### CAUTION

Used only as much heat as required to melt solder.  
Diodes will be damaged if excessive heat is applied.



SEL054D

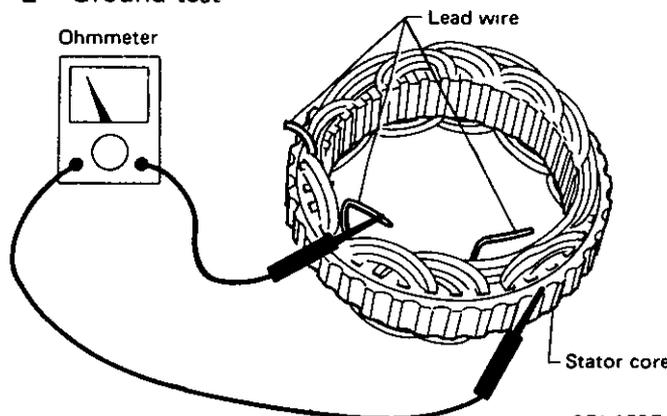
### 1 Continuity test



SEL108E

- No continuity Replace stator

### 2 Ground test



SEL109E

- Continuity exists .. Replace stator

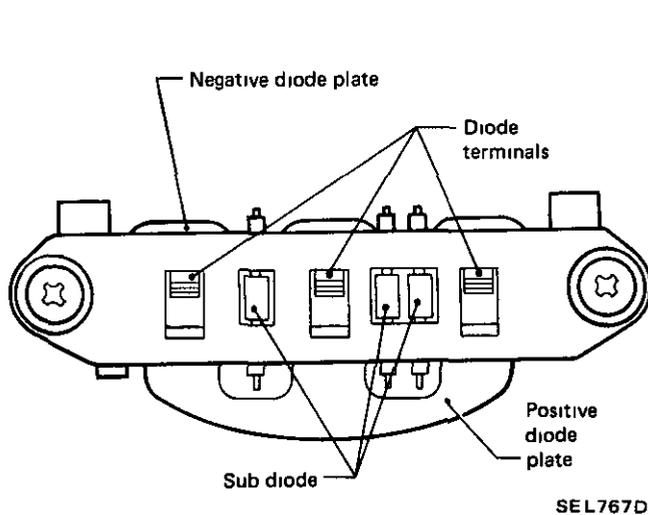
# CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

## Diode Check

### DIODE

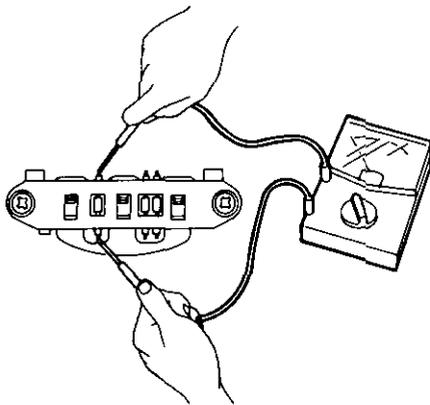
- Use an ohmmeter to check condition of diodes as indicated in chart below
- If any of the test results is not satisfactory, replace diode assembly

	Ohmmeter probes		Continuity
	Positive ⊕	Negative ⊖	
Diodes check (Positive side)	Positive diode plate	Diode terminals	Yes
	Diode terminals	Positive diode plate	No
Diodes check (Negative side)	Negative diode plate	Diode terminals	No
	Diode terminals	Negative diode plate	Yes



### Sub-diode

- Attach ohmmeters' probe to each end of diode and check for continuity.



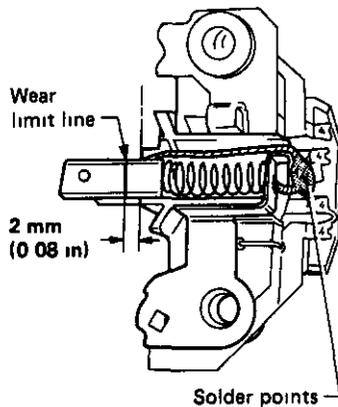
- Continuity is N.G. . . Replace diode assembly

# CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

## Assembly

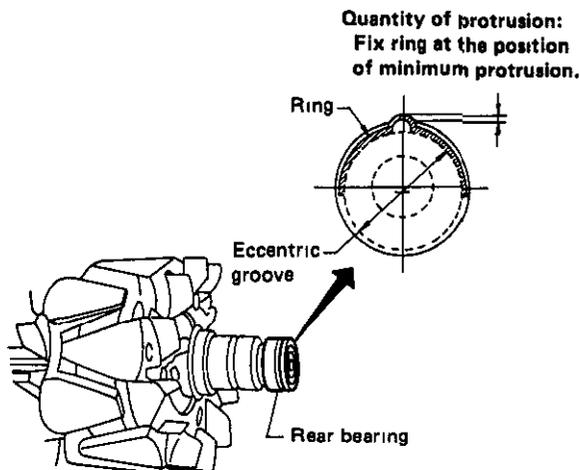
Carefully observe the following instructions.

1. When soldering each stator coil lead wire to diode assembly terminal, perform the operation as fast as possible.
2. When soldering brush lead wire, observe the following.
  - Position brush so that its wear limit line protrudes 2 mm (0.08 in) beyond end face of brush holder.



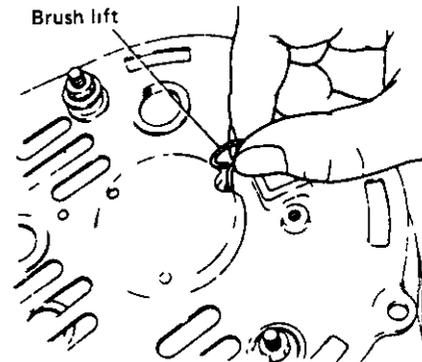
SEL632D

3. Fit ring into groove in rear bearing so that it is as close to the adjacent area as possible.

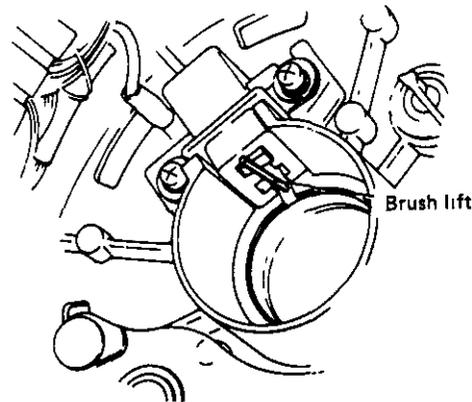


SEL633D

4. Before installing front cover with pulley and rotor to rear cover, push brush up with fingers and retain brush by inserting brush lift into brush lift hole from outside. After installing, remove wire for brush lift.



EE540



EE541

5. After installing front and rear covers of alternator, pull brush lift by pushing toward center. Do not pull brush lift by pushing toward outside of cover as it will damage slip ring sliding surface.

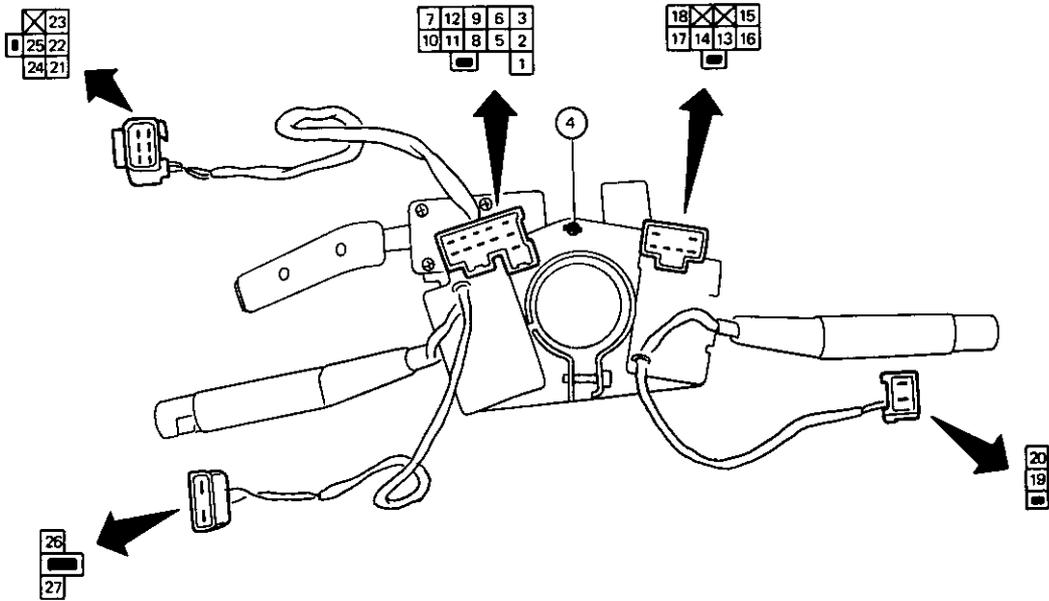
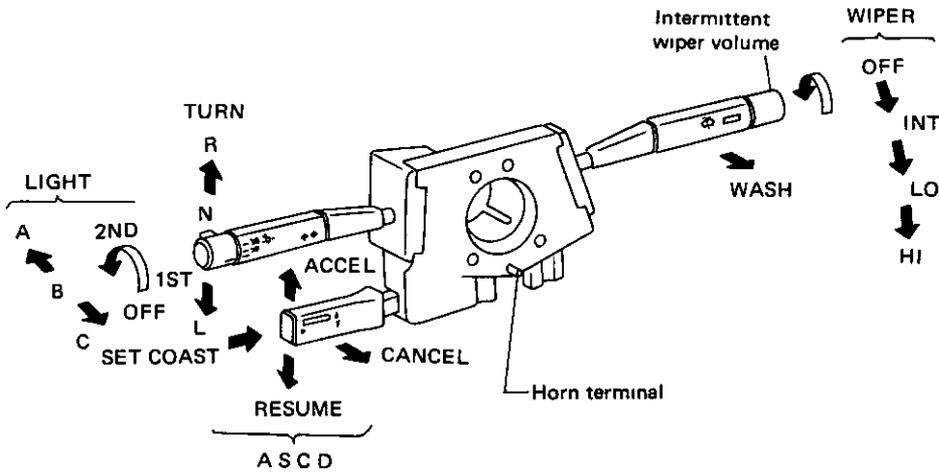
# CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

## — Service Data and Specifications (S.D.S.)

Type	A2T48195
Applied model	All
Nominal rating V-A	12-70
Ground polarity	Negative
Minimum revolution under no-load (when 14 volts is applied) rpm	Less than 1,100
Hot output current A/rpm	More than 21/1,300 More than 50/2,500
Regulated output voltage V	14.1 - 14.7
Minimum length of brush mm (in)	More than 8 (0.31)
Brush spring pressure N (g, oz)	3.040 - 4.217 (310 - 430, 10.93 - 15.17)
Slip ring outer diameter mm (in)	More than 22.4 (0.882)

# COMBINATION SWITCH

Check



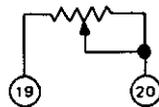
LIGHTING SWITCH

	OFF			1ST			2ND		
	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
26									
27									

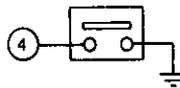
WIPER SWITCH

	OFF	INT	LO	HI	WASH
	13				
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					

INTERMITTENT WIPER VOLUME



HORN SWITCH



A S C D SWITCH

	CANSEL	RESUME	ACCEL	SET COAST
	21			
22				
23				
24				
25				

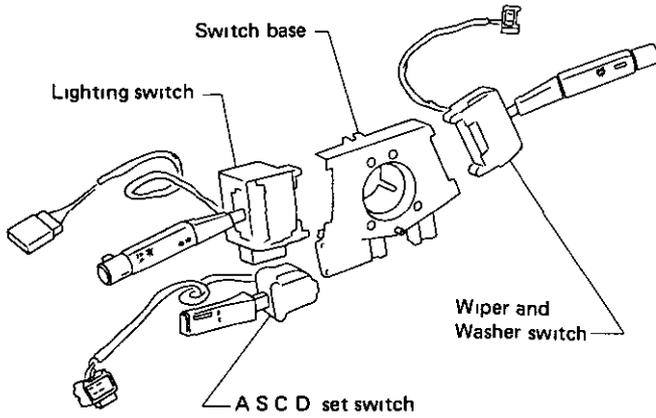
	R	N	L	TURN SIGNAL SWITCH
	1			
2				
3				

SEL642D

# COMBINATION SWITCH

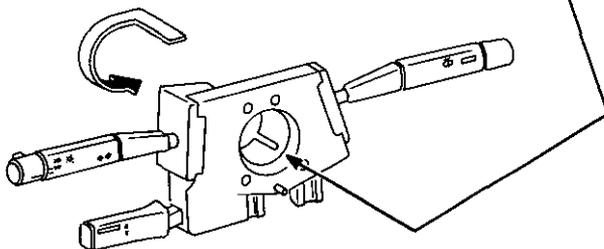
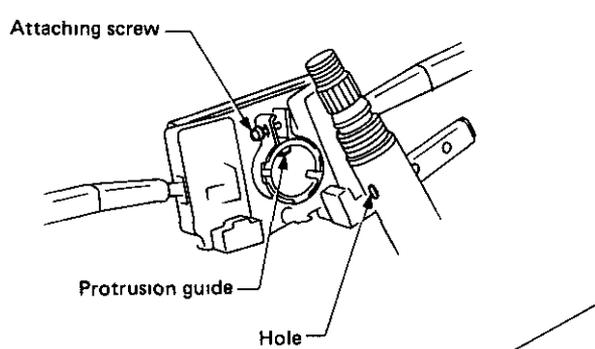
## Replacement

Lighting switch wiper & washer switch and A S.C.D switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base



SEL643D

To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screw and turn after pushing on it.

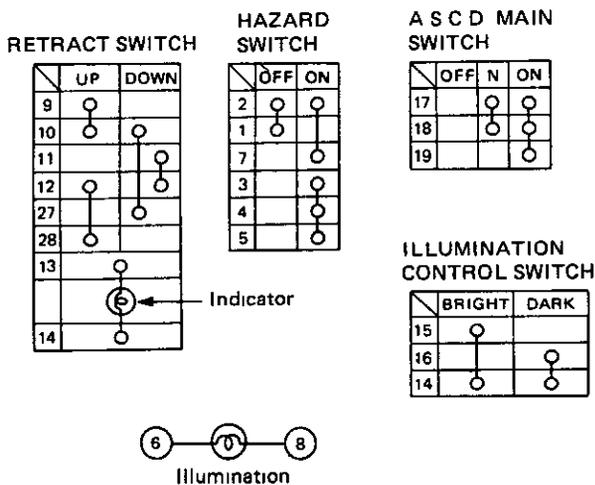
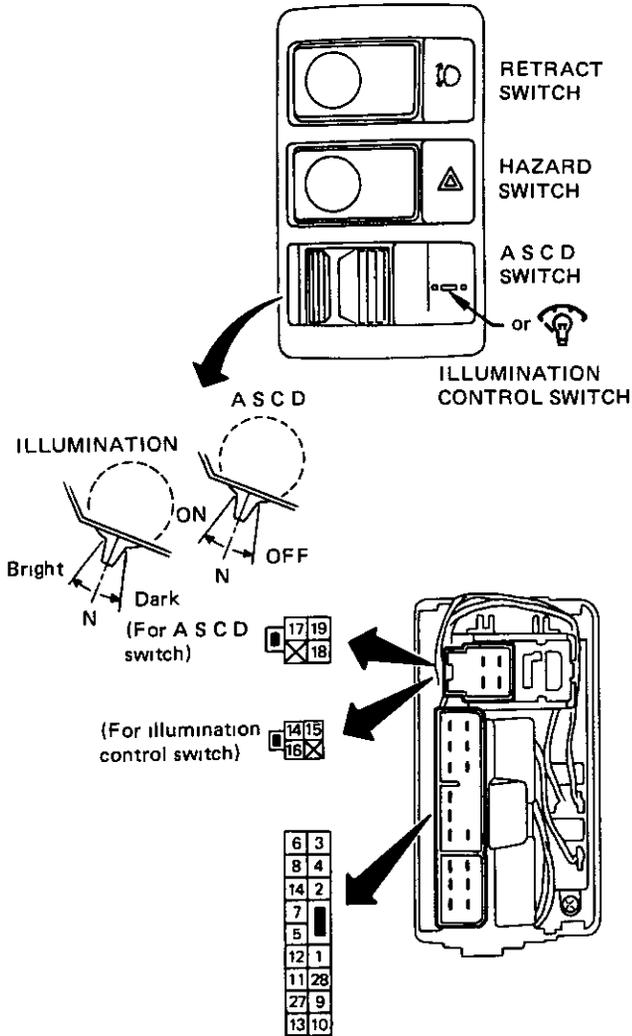


SEL644D

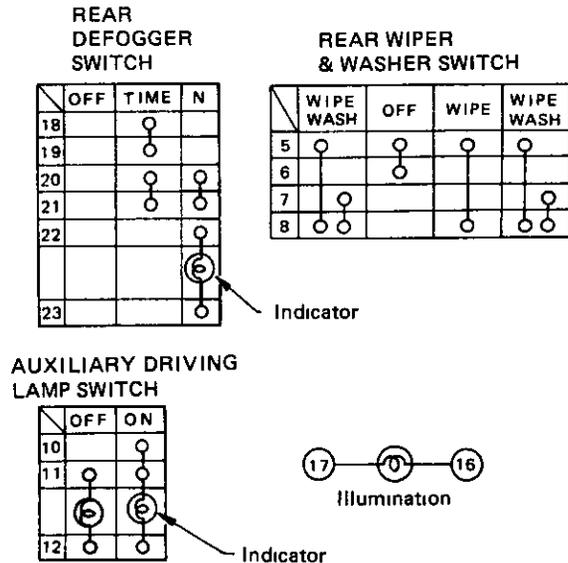
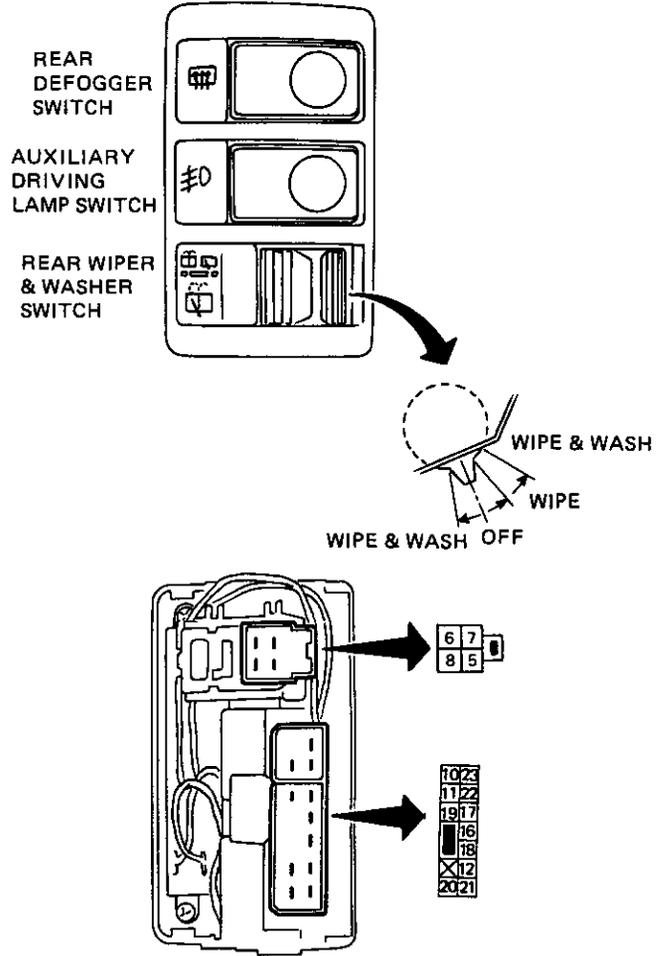
# INSTRUMENT SWITCH

Check

## INSTRUMENT SWITCH L.H.



## INSTRUMENT SWITCH R.H.

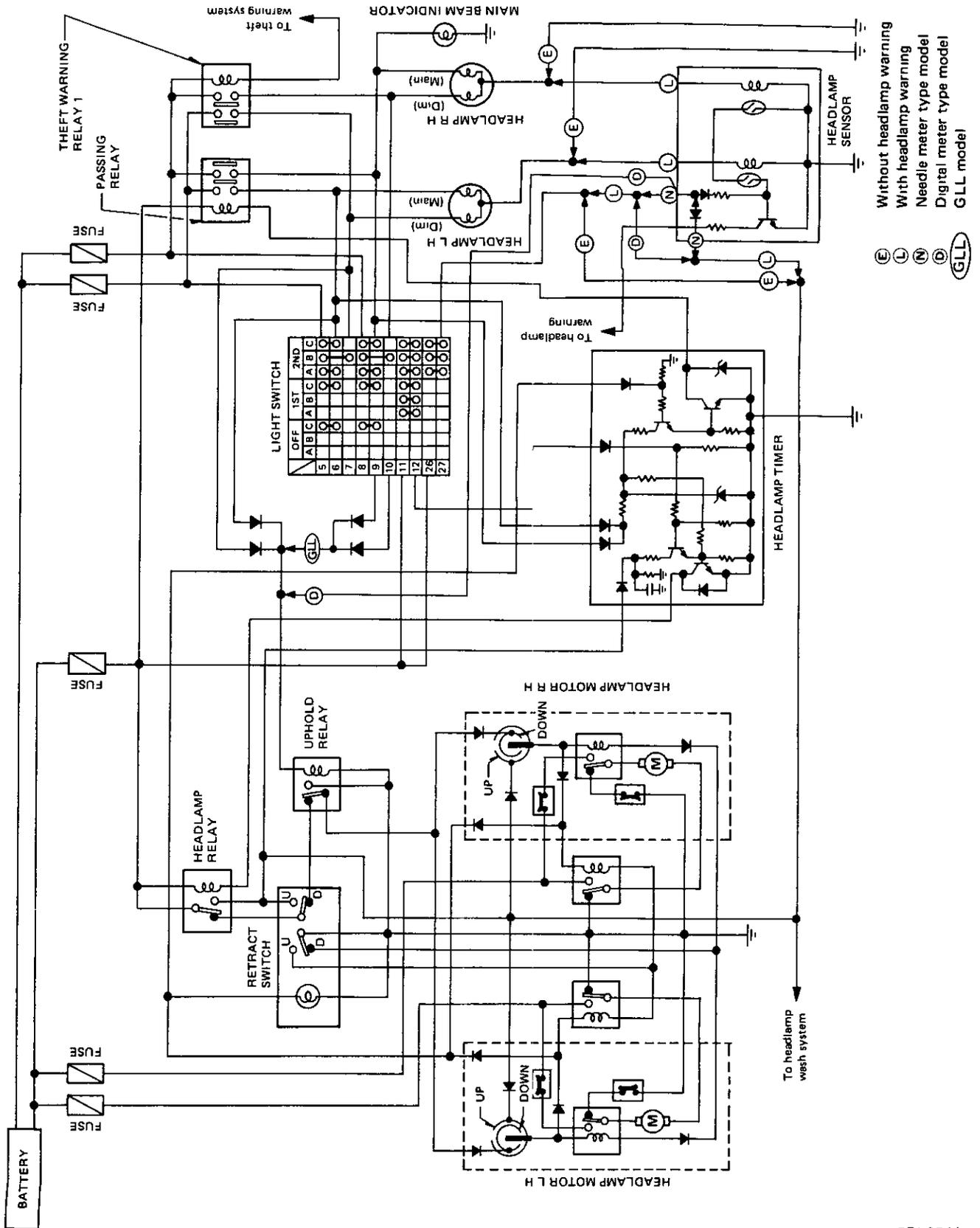


• For removal, refer to "INSTRUMENT" in BF section

SEL497F

# HEADLAMP

## Schematic

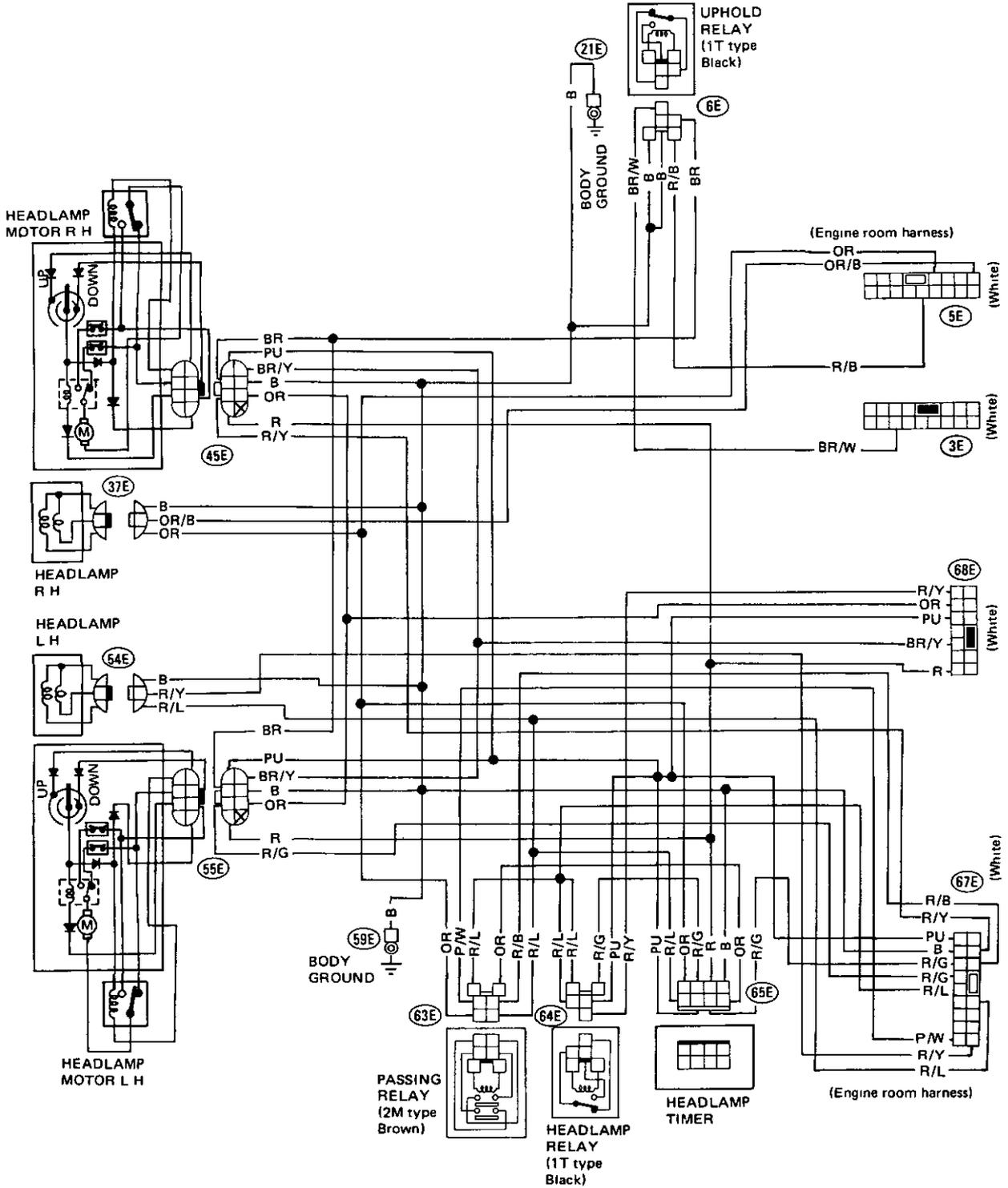


SEL084J

# HEADLAMP

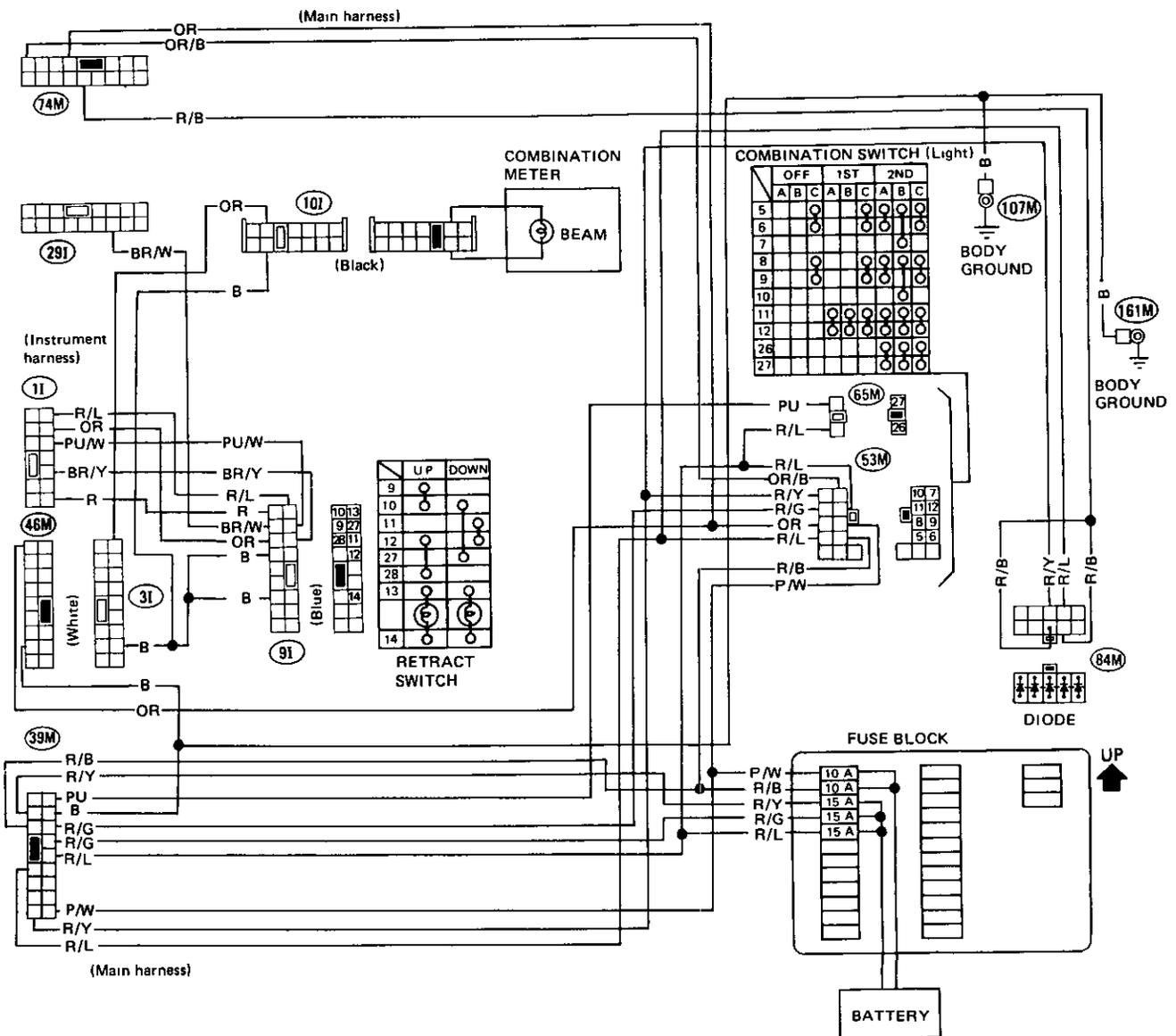
## Wiring Diagram

WITHOUT HEADLAMP SENSOR



# HEADLAMP

## Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

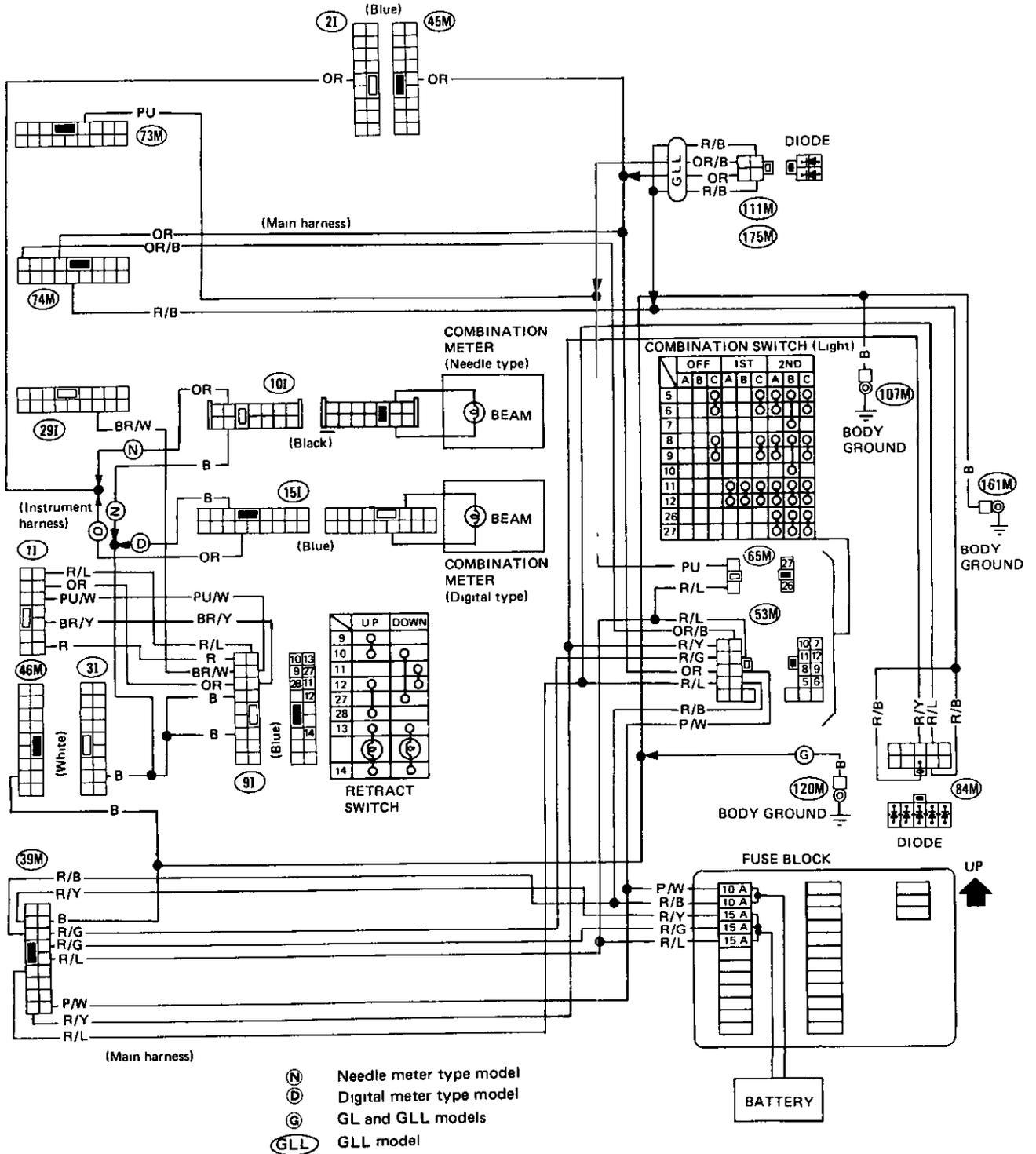


SEL085J



# HEADLAMP

## Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

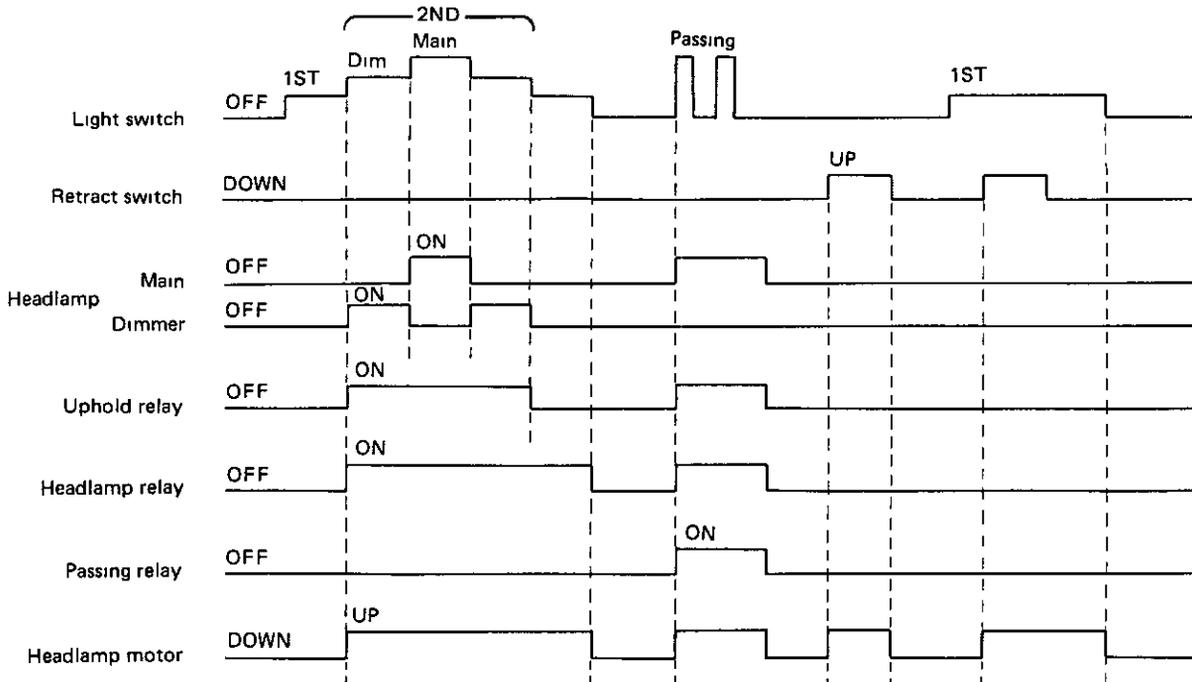


SEL086J

# HEADLAMP

## Operation

- The following chart depicts the operational modes of relays and headlamp motors in relation to the positions of the lighting switch and retract switch.



SEL743D

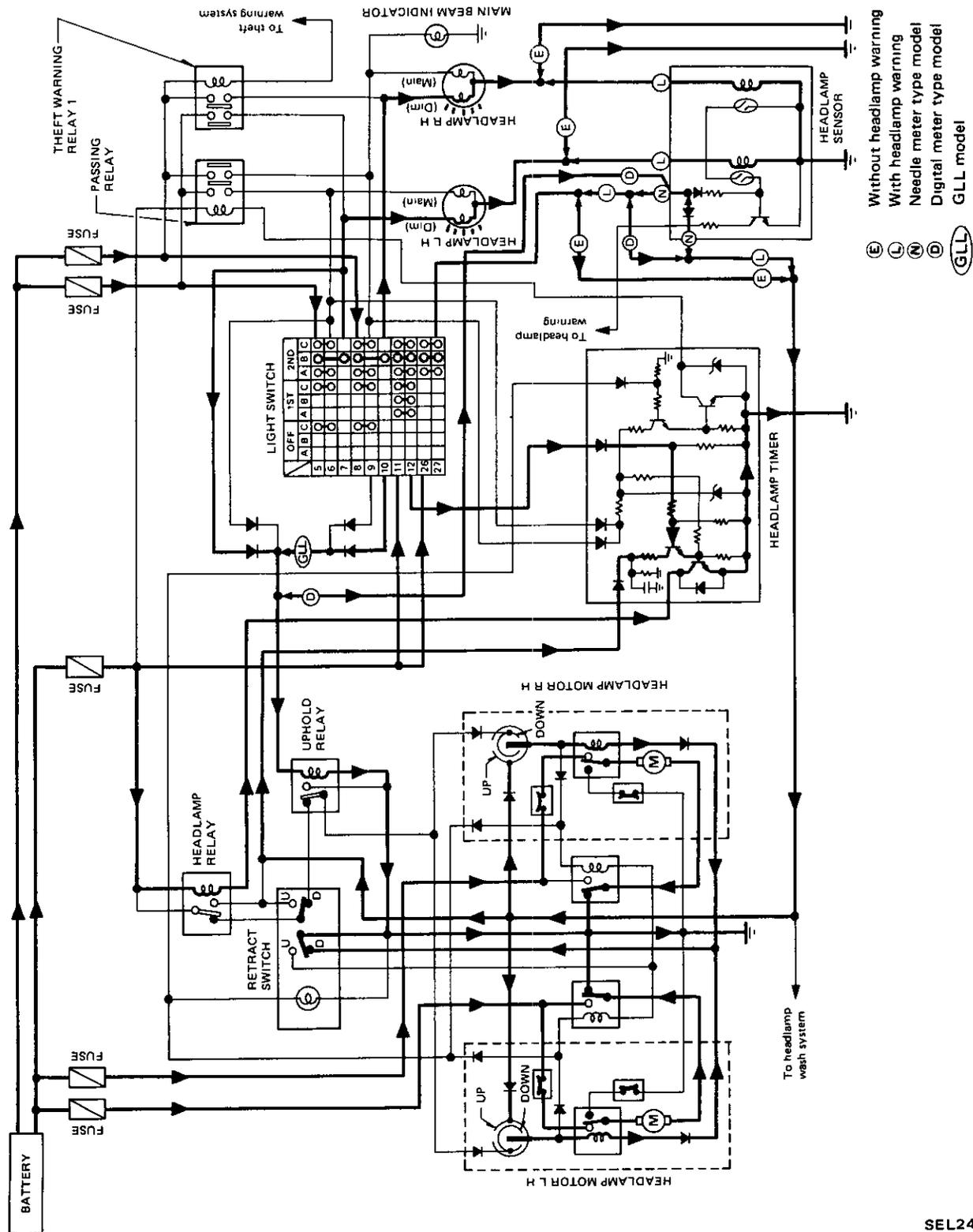
# HEADLAMP

## Description

### CIRCUIT OPERATION

[A] When lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "2ND"

A-1· While operating the headlamp motor to open position

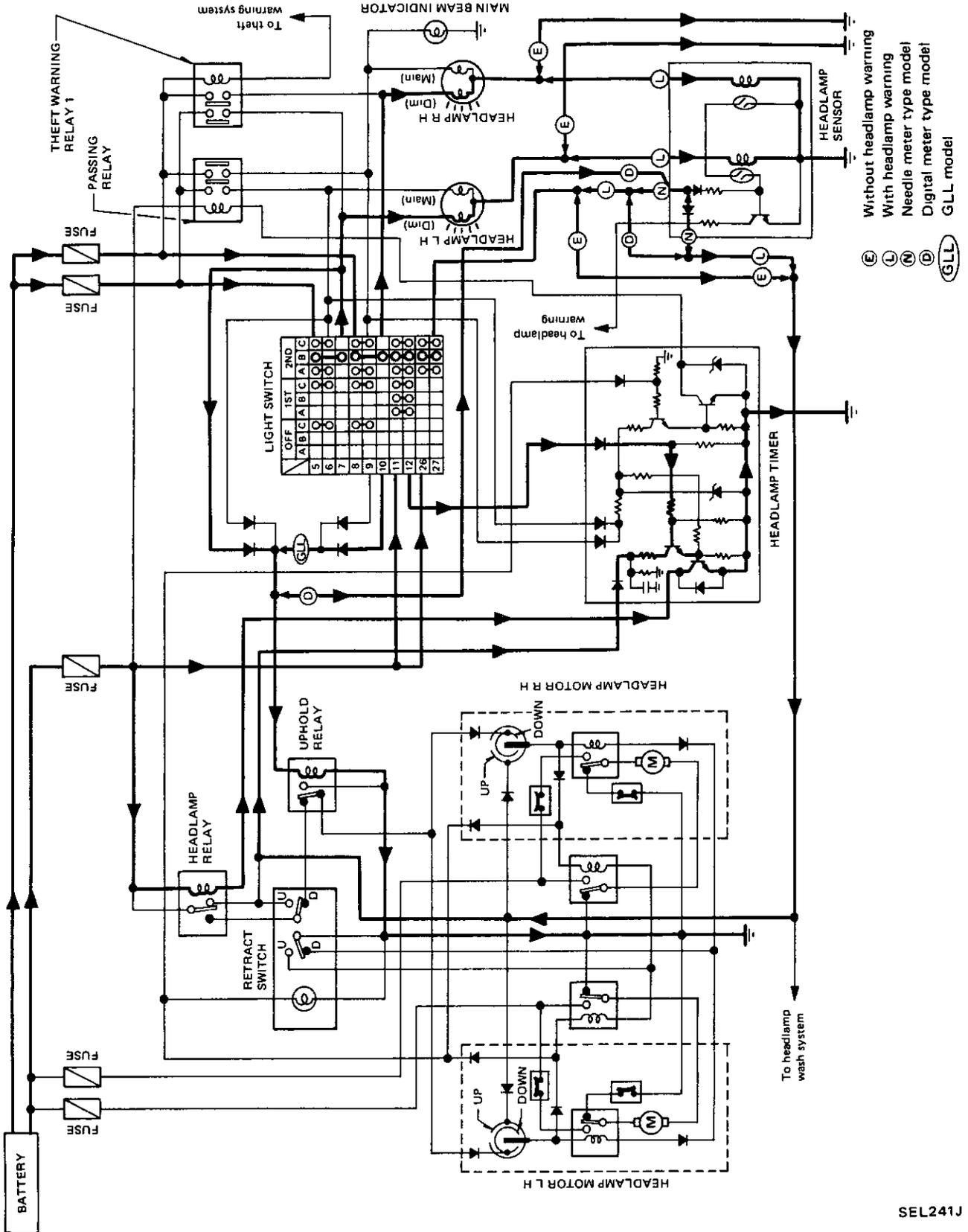


SEL240J

# HEADLAMP

## Description (Cont'd)

### A-2: After the headlamp motor reaches fully open position

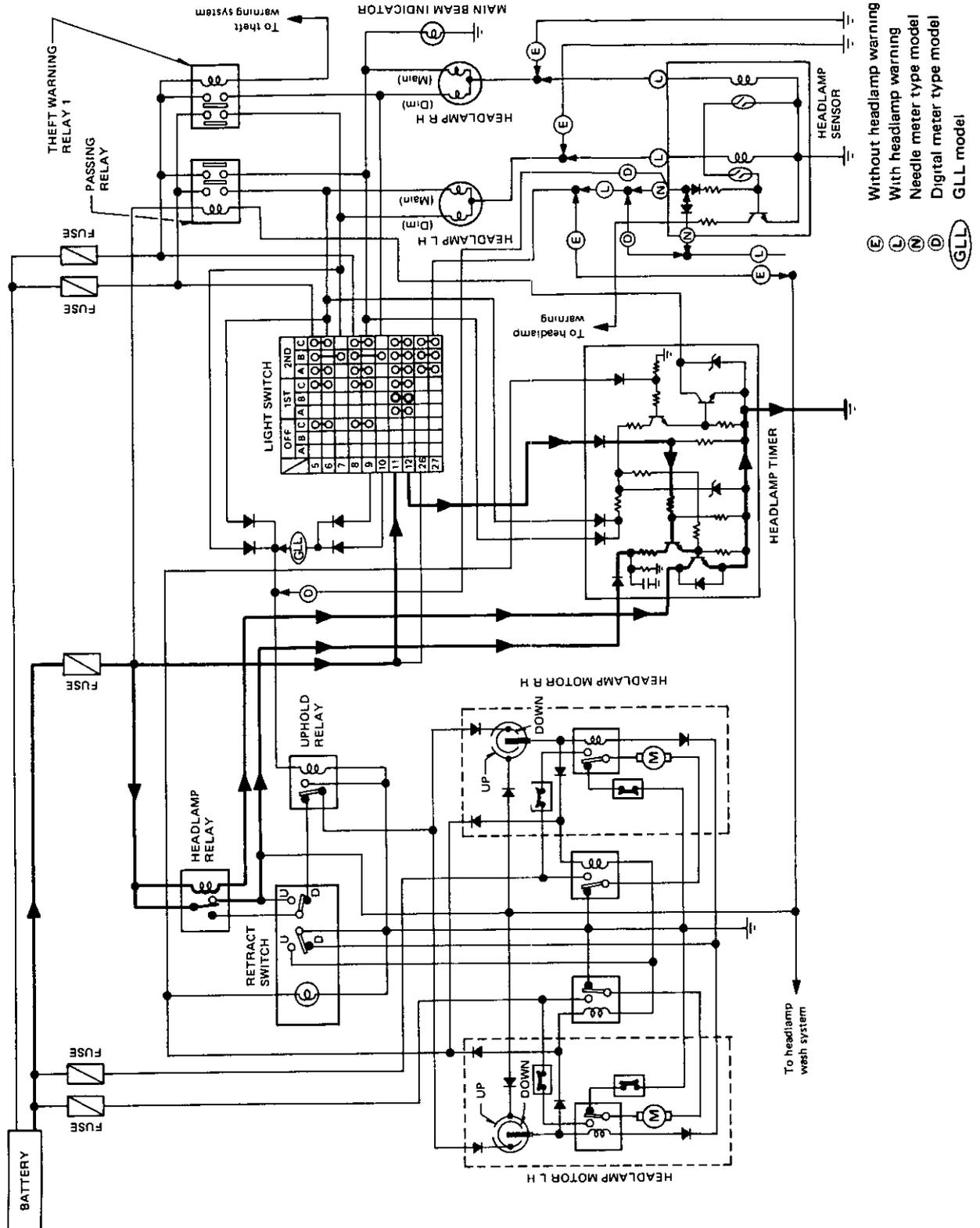


SEL241J

# HEADLAMP

## Description (Cont'd)

- (B) When lighting switch is switched from "2ND" → "1ST"  
 (Headlamp goes out and keeps up by headlamp timer and headlamp relay.)

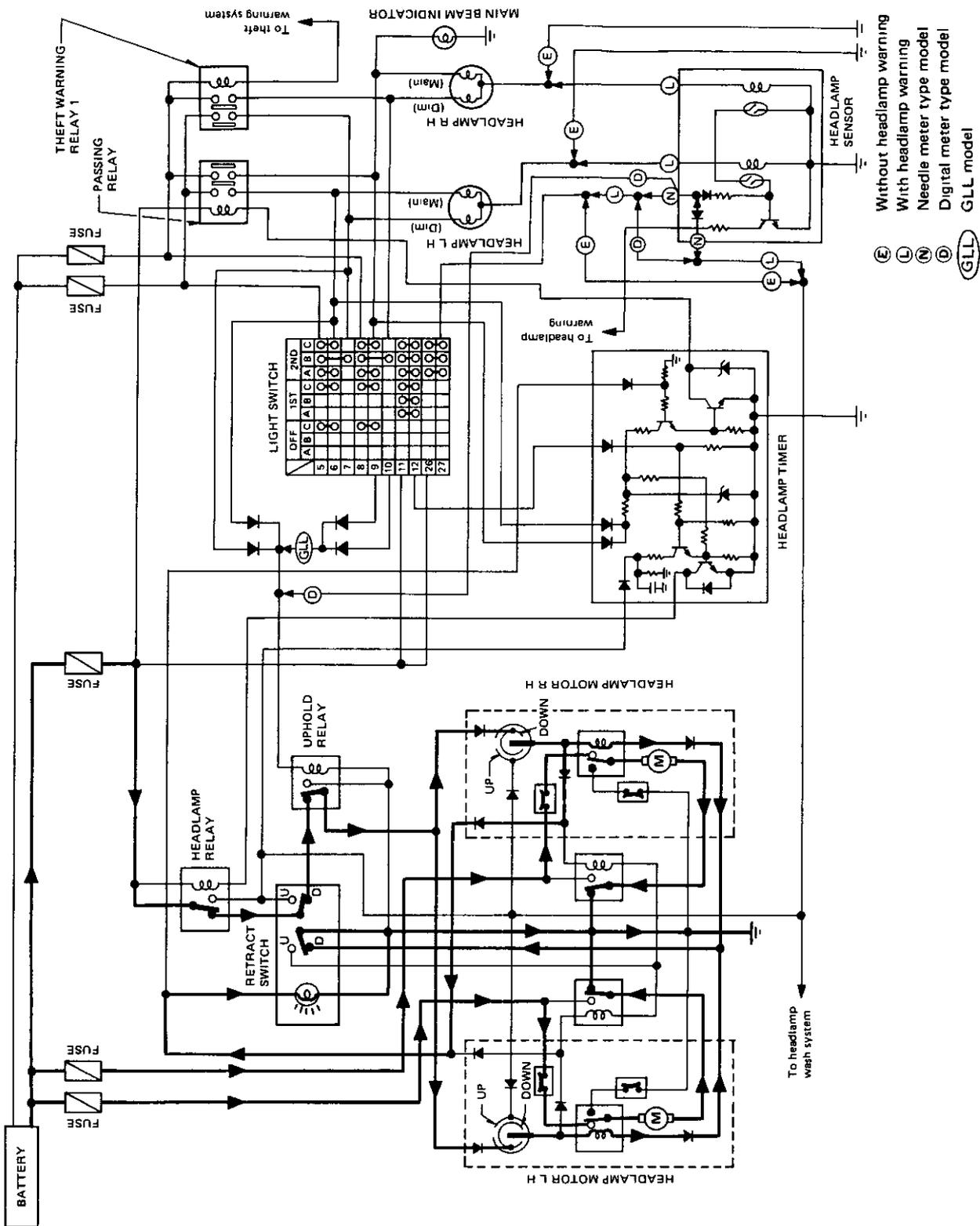


SEL242J

# HEADLAMP

## Description (Cont'd)

- [C] When lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "OFF"  
(While operating the headlamp motor to closed position)



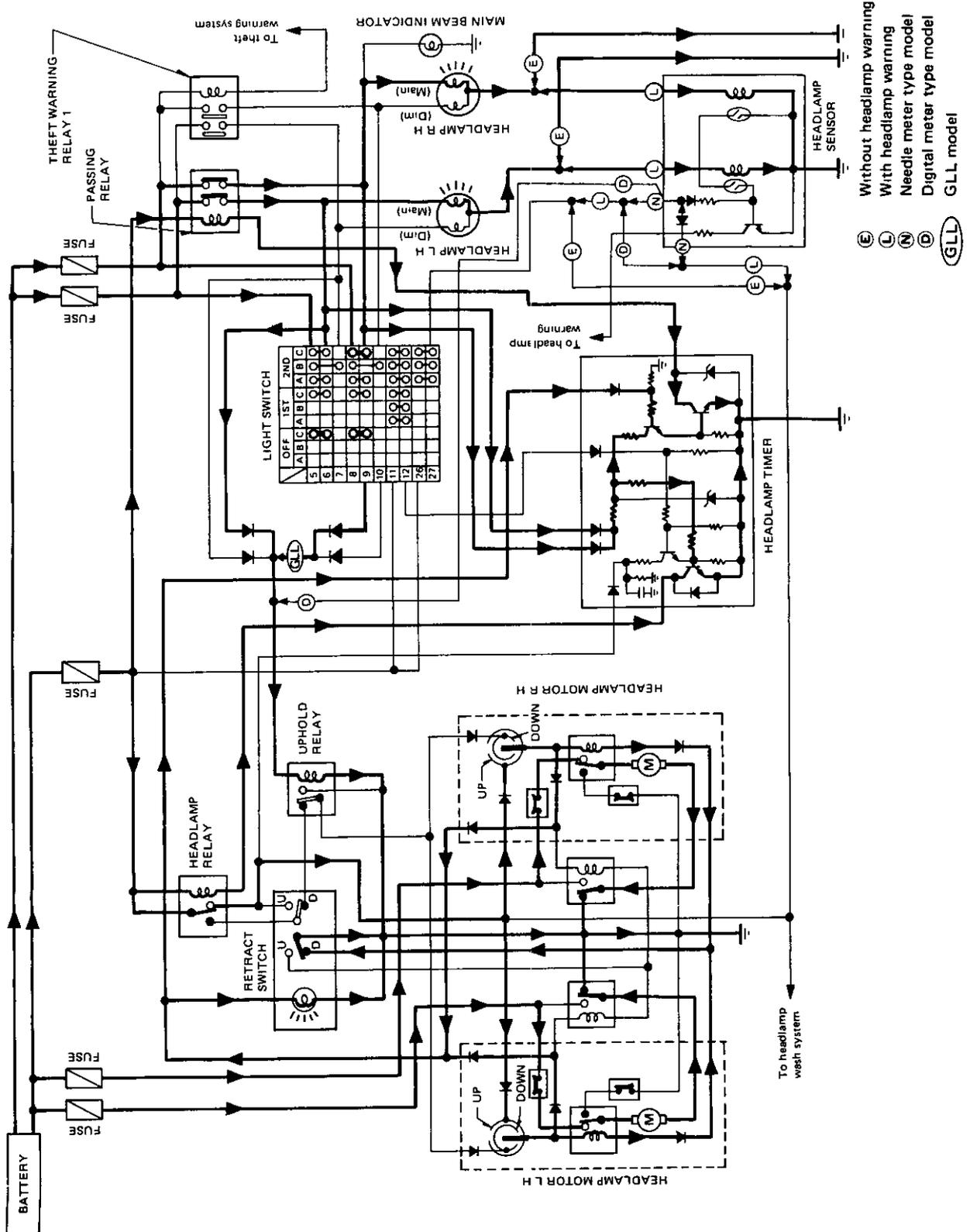
SEL243J

# HEADLAMP

## Description (Cont'd)

[D]

D-1: When lighting switch is switched to "PASSING"

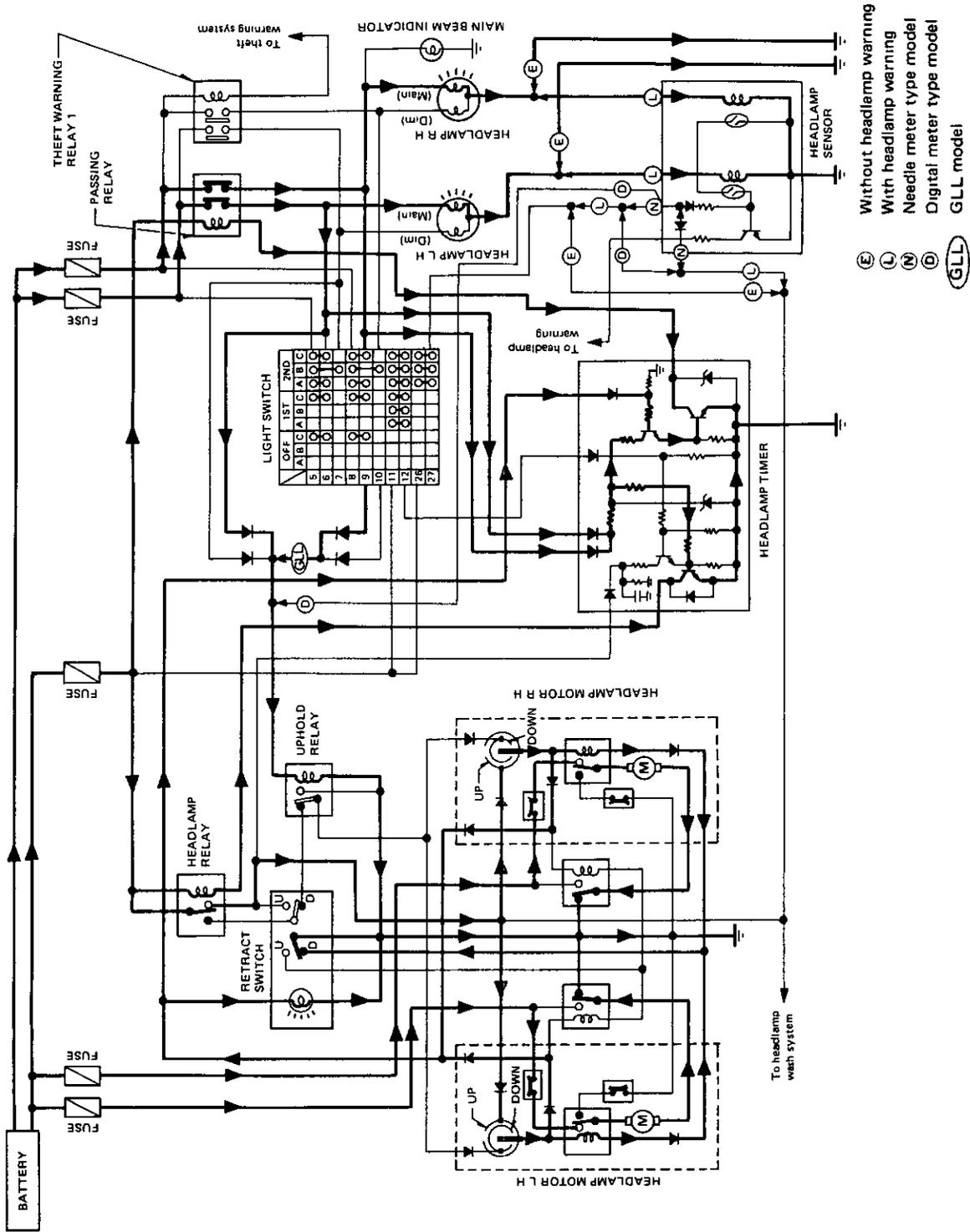


SEL244J

# HEADLAMP

## Description (Cont'd)

D-2: After releasing lighting switch from "PASSING"  
(While operating the headlamp motor to open position)



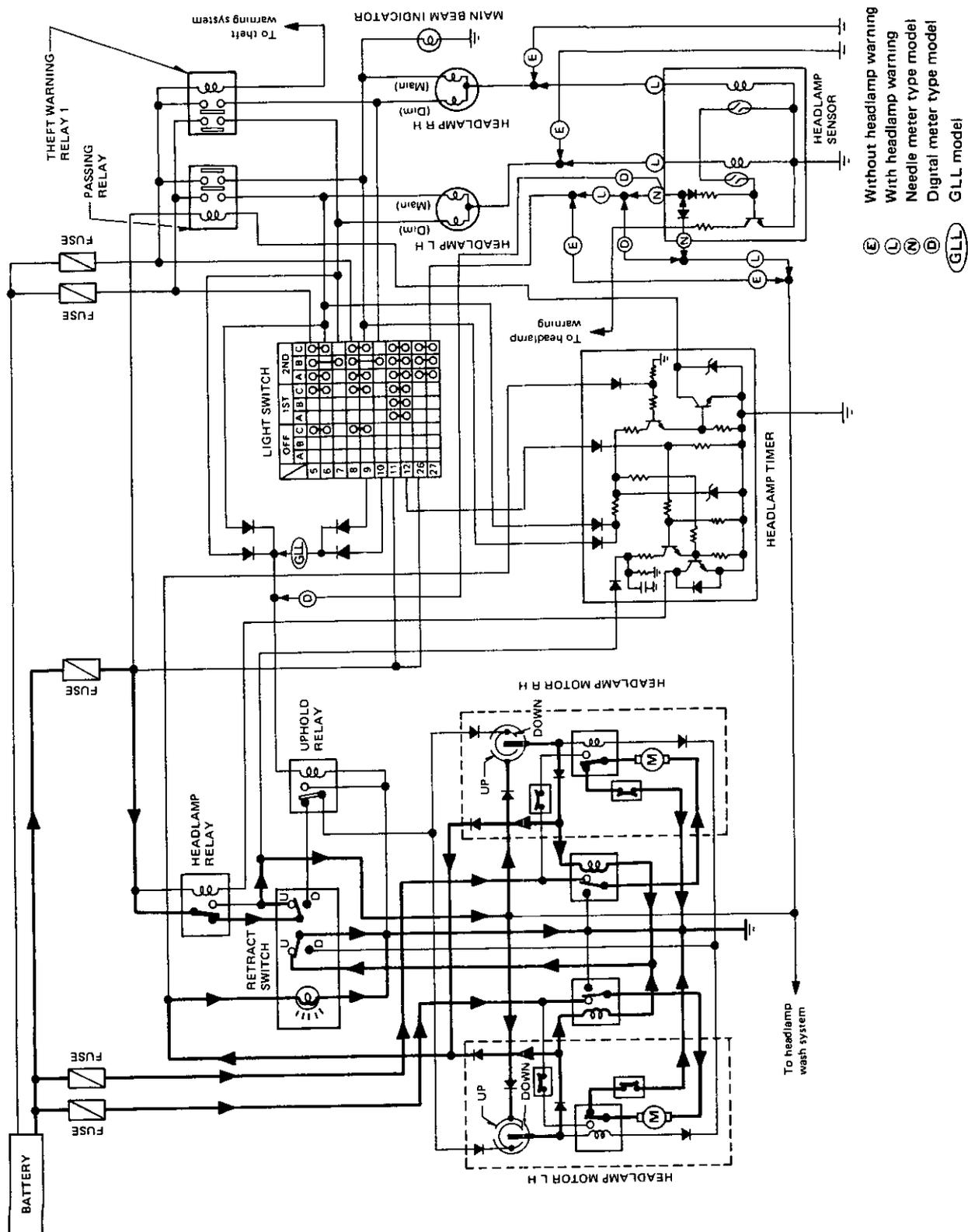
SEL245J

Closing operation is the same as [C] when lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "OFF"

# HEADLAMP

## Description (Cont'd)

- [E] When retractor switch is turned ON  
(While operating the headlamp motor to open position)

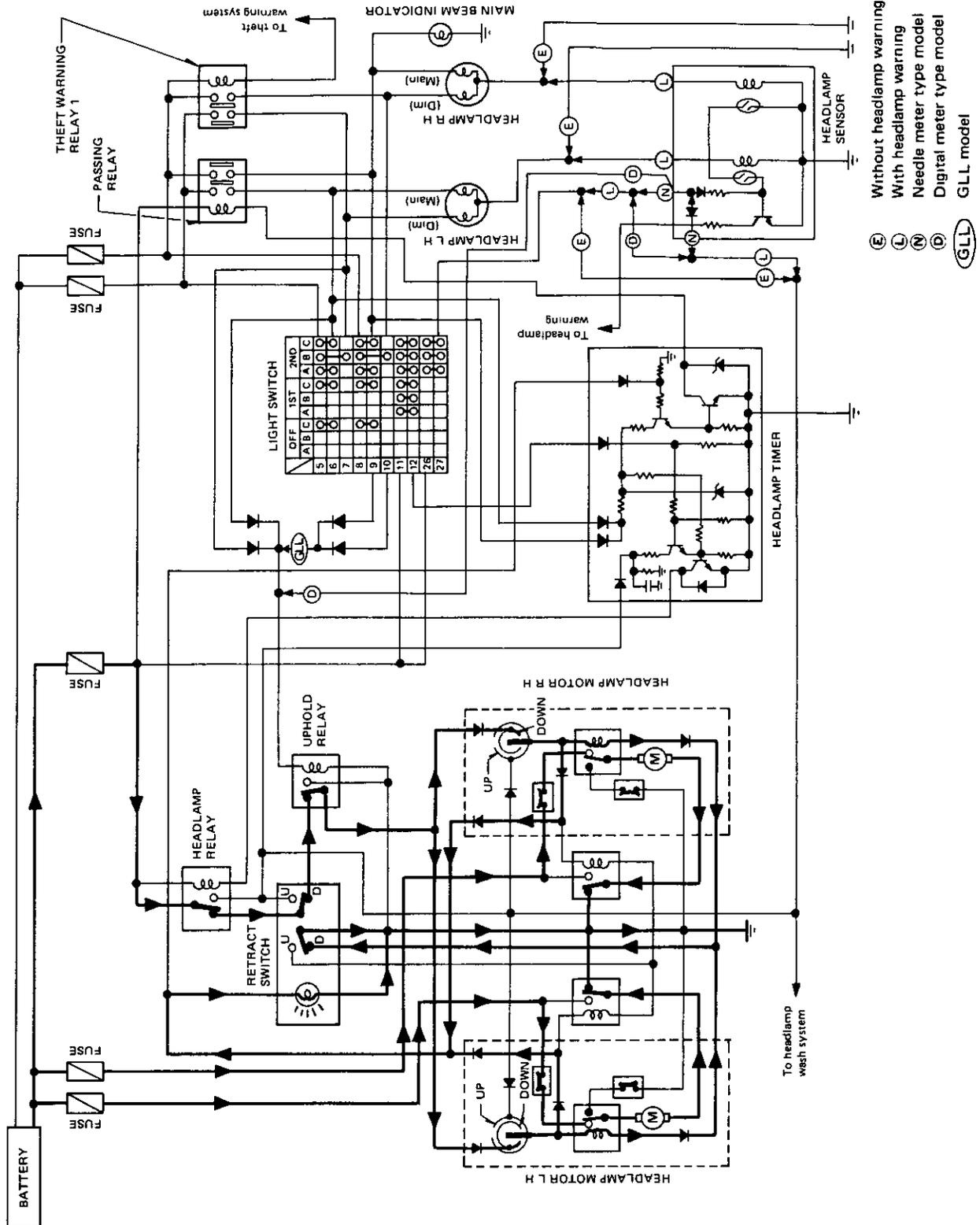


SEL246J

# HEADLAMP

## Description (Cont'd)

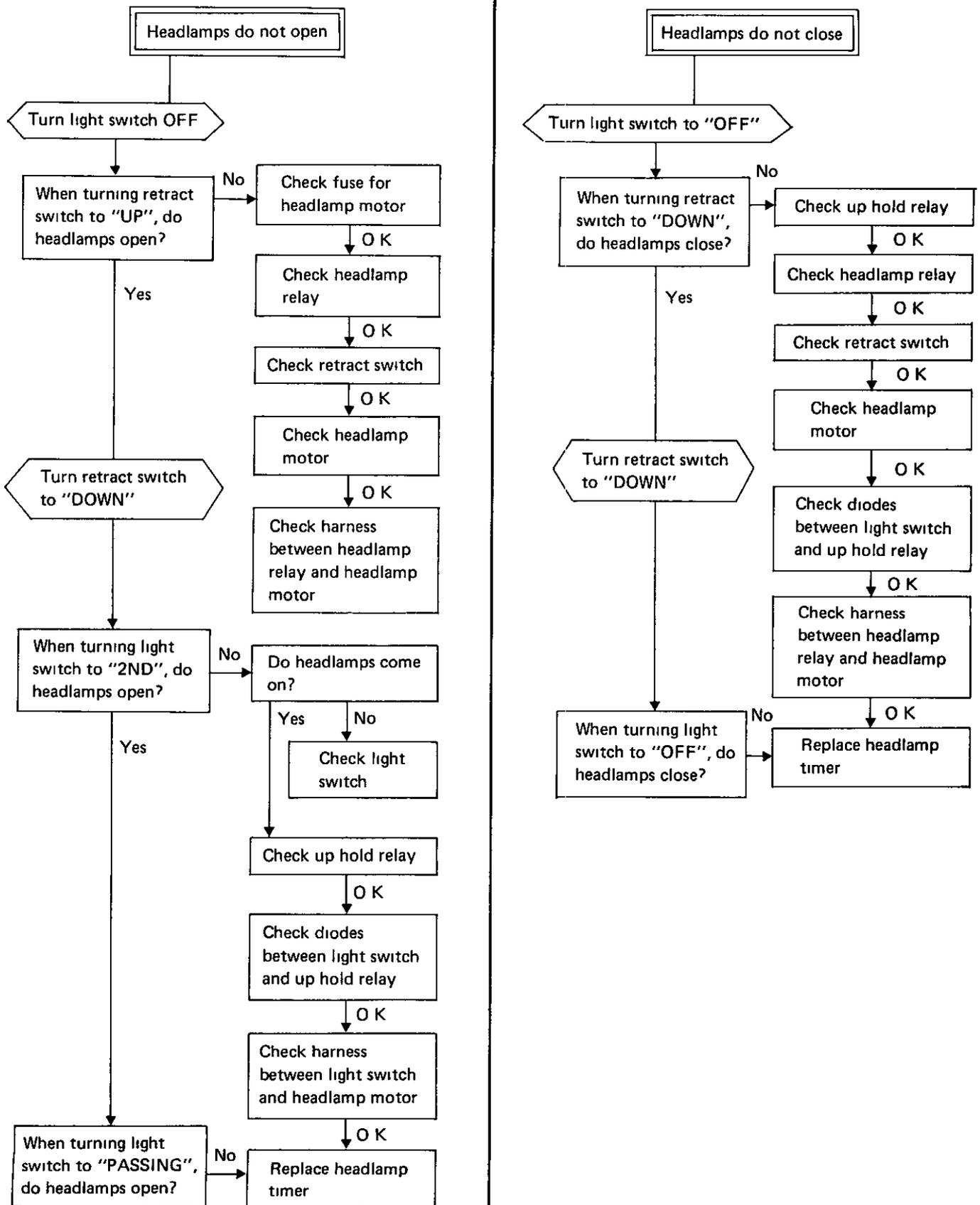
[F] When retractor switch is turned OFF  
(While operating the headlamp motor to closed position)



SEL247J

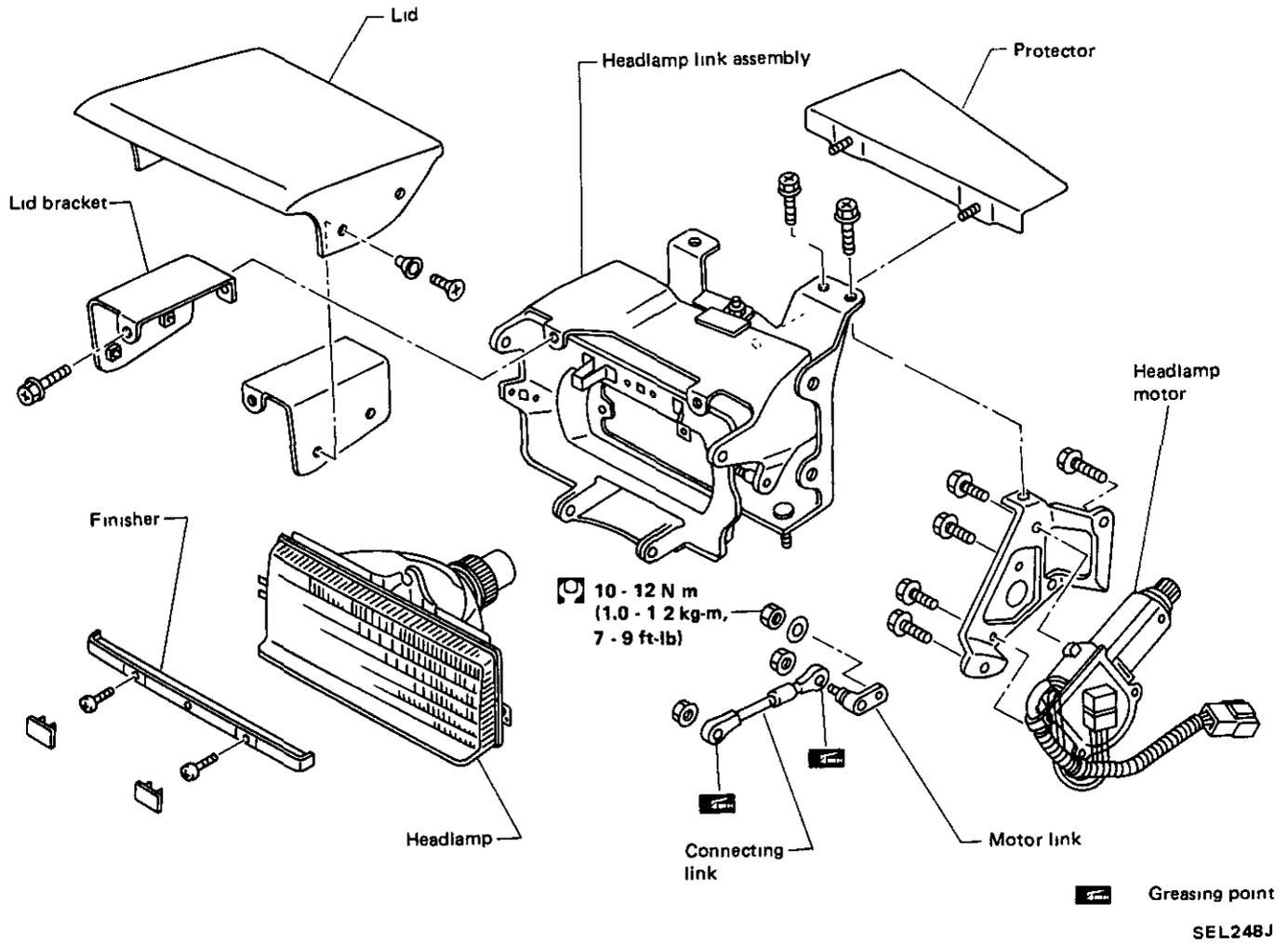
# HEADLAMP

## Trouble-shooting



# HEADLAMP

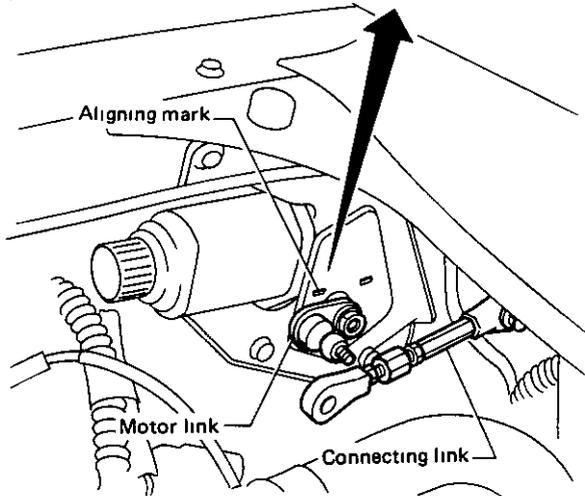
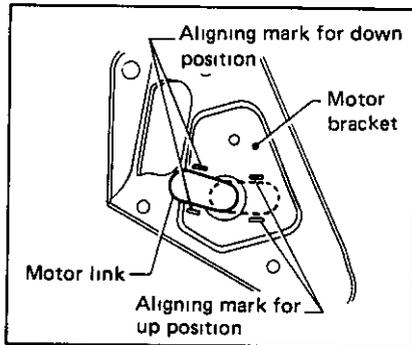
## Removal



# HEADLAMP

## Installation

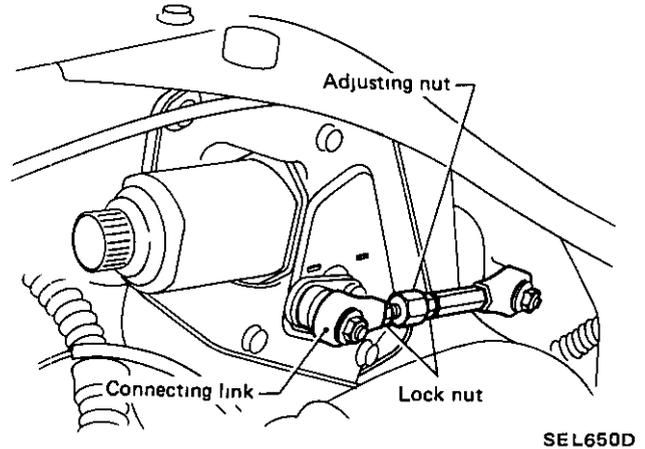
- 1 Set the headlamp motor to "DOWN" position
- Connect harness to headlamp motor and set retract switch to "DOWN". Headlamp motor can now be set to "DOWN" with retract switch.
- 2 Install the headlamp link assembly and headlamp motor in the body.
3. Install the connecting link
- When installing the link to the motor, make sure the motor link is installed as shown below.



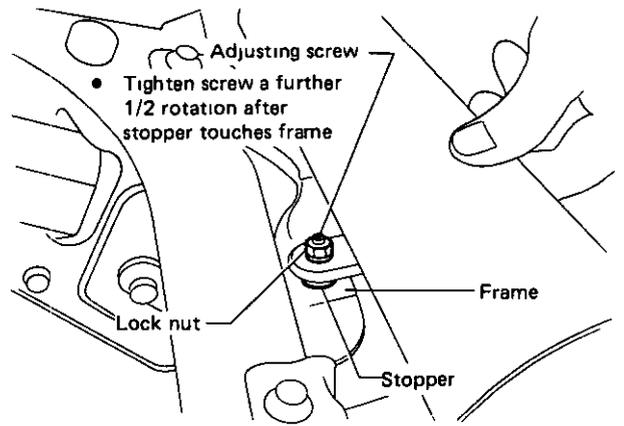
SEL649D

## Adjustment

- After installing connecting link, always adjust it as follows:
  - 1) Set the headlamp to "DOWN" position
  - 2) Adjust connecting link so that the lid is properly aligned with hood and fender.



- 3) Set the headlamp to "UP" position.
- 4) Adjust stopper screw.



# HEADLAMP

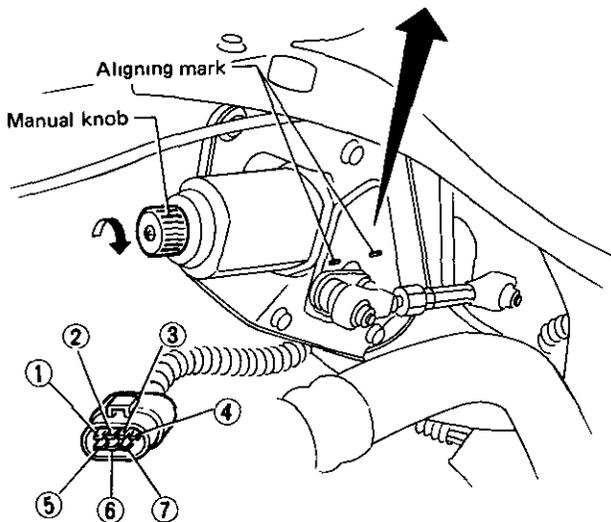
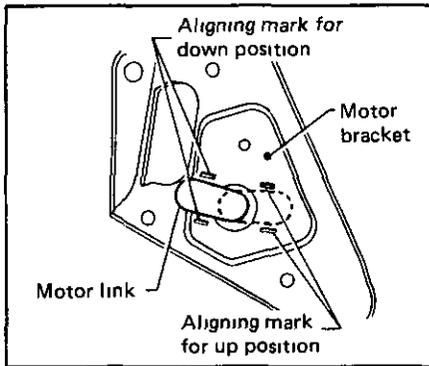
## Headlamp Motor Check

- Use an ohmmeter to check for continuity in headlamp motor circuit while rotating motor with manual knob

**CAUTION:**

Prior to performing continuity test, disconnect ground cable from battery.

Headlamp	Ohmmeter probe		Continuity
	(+)	(-)	
DOWN	⑤	①	Yes
	①	⑤	No
	⑦	①	Yes
	①	⑦	No
UP	⑤	②	Yes
	②	⑤	No
	⑦	②	Yes
	②	⑦	No



SEL652D

## Aiming Adjustment

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. For operating instructions of any aimer, it should be in good repair, calibrated and used according to respective operation manuals supplied with the unit.

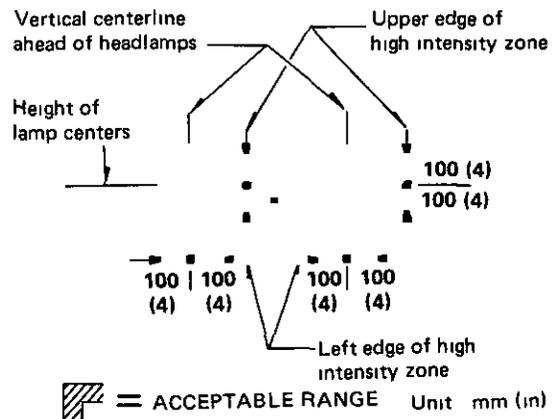
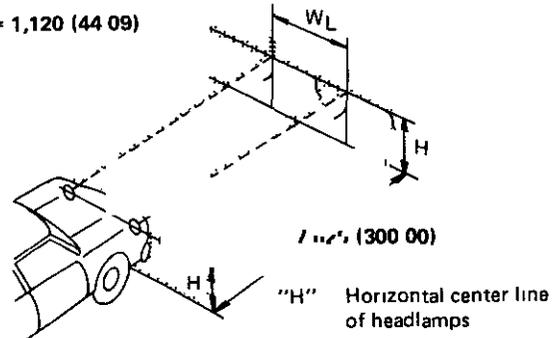
If aimer is not available, aiming adjustment can be done as follows

For details, refer to the regulations in your own country

**CAUTION:**

- Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures
- Place vehicle and tester on the same flat surface.
- Ensure that there is no load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).

$W_L = 1,120 (44.09)$



SEL914D

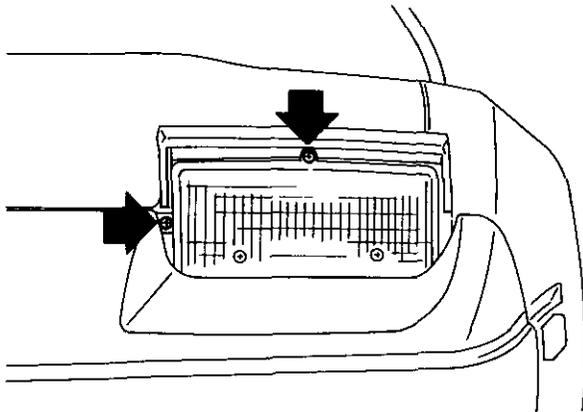
- Adjust headlamps so that upper edge and left edge of high intensity zone are within the acceptable range as shown in the figure above.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp

# HEADLAMP

## Aiming Adjustment (Cont'd)

### LOW BEAM

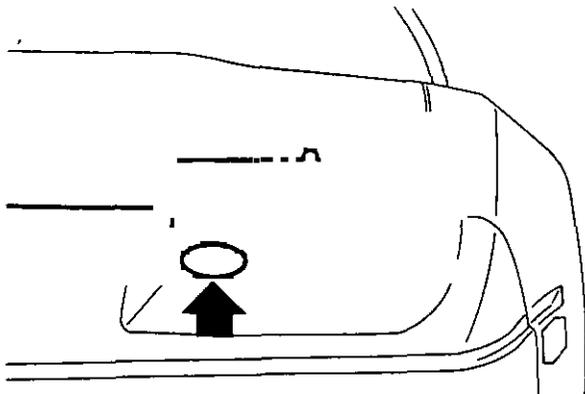
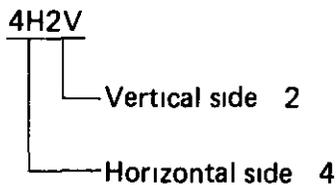
- 1 Turn headlamp low beam on
  - 2 Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment
- Before adjusting headlamps, remove covers.
  - First tighten the adjust screw all the way and then make adjustment by loosening the screw.



SEL138J

When using a mechanical aimer, adjust it to the data stamped on the headlamps

Example.

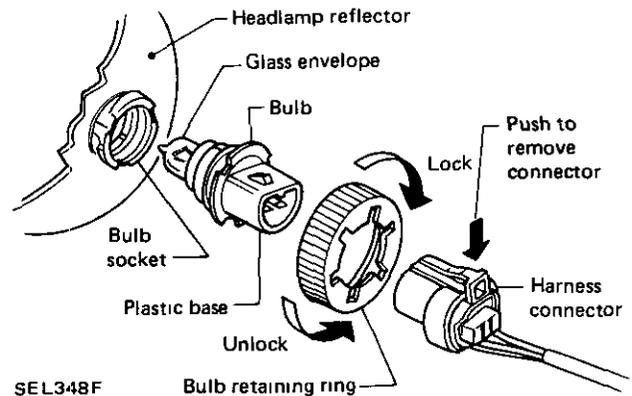


SEL139J

## Bulb Replacement

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. A bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

- Grasp only its plastic base when handling the bulb. Never touch the glass envelope.
- 1 Disconnect the battery cable
  - 2 Turn the bulb retaining ring counterclockwise until it is free from the headlight reflector, and then remove it
  3. Disconnect the harness connector from the rear end of the bulb
  - 4 Remove the headlamp bulb carefully. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it



SEL348F

- 5 Installation is in the reverse order of removal

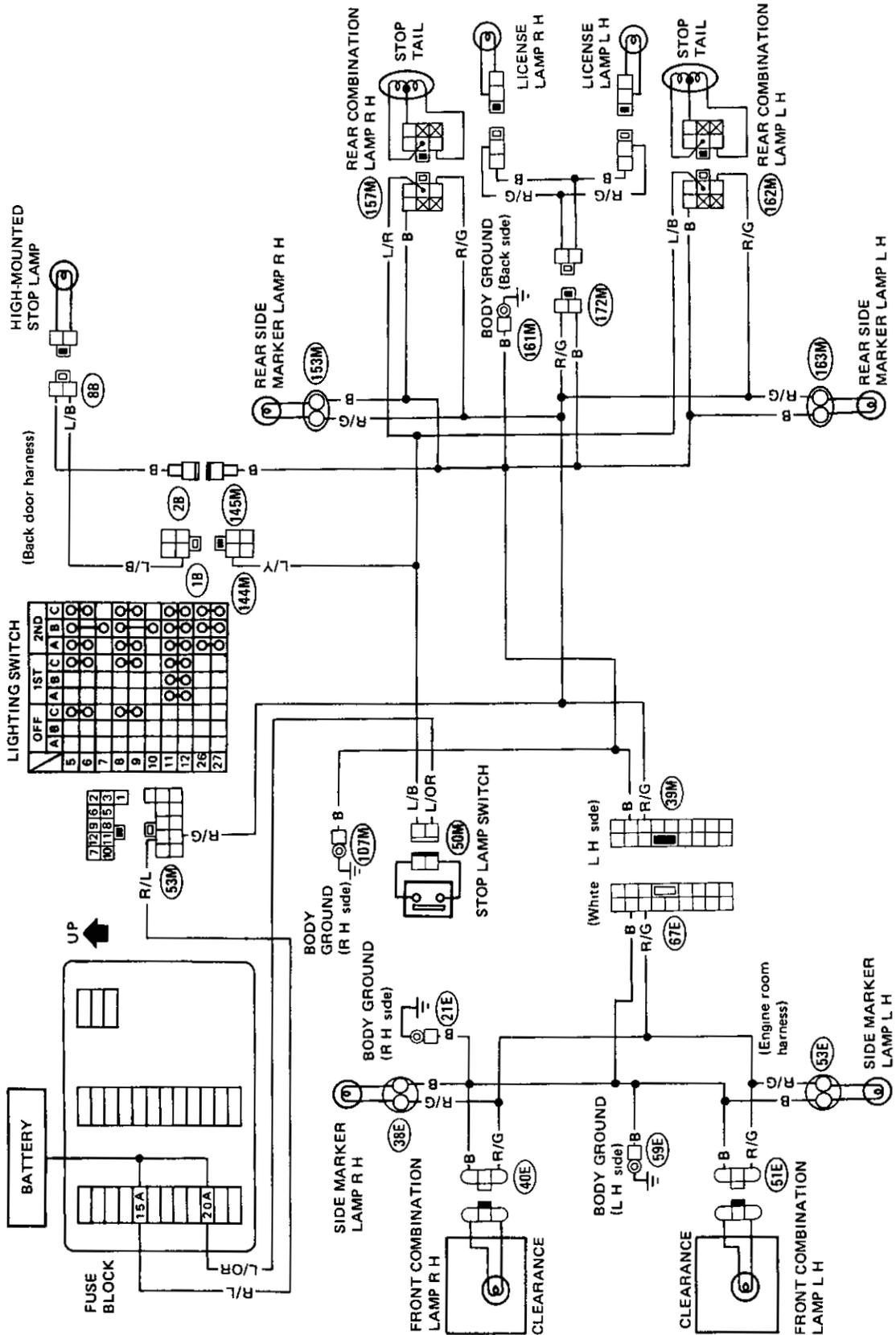
### CAUTION:

- Do not leave the bulb out of the headlamp reflector for a long period of time as dust, moisture, smoke, etc. may enter the headlamp body and affect the performance of the headlamp. Thus, the headlamp bulb should not be removed from the headlamp reflector until just before a replacement bulb is to be installed.

# EXTERIOR LAMP

## Clearance, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram

WITHOUT STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR

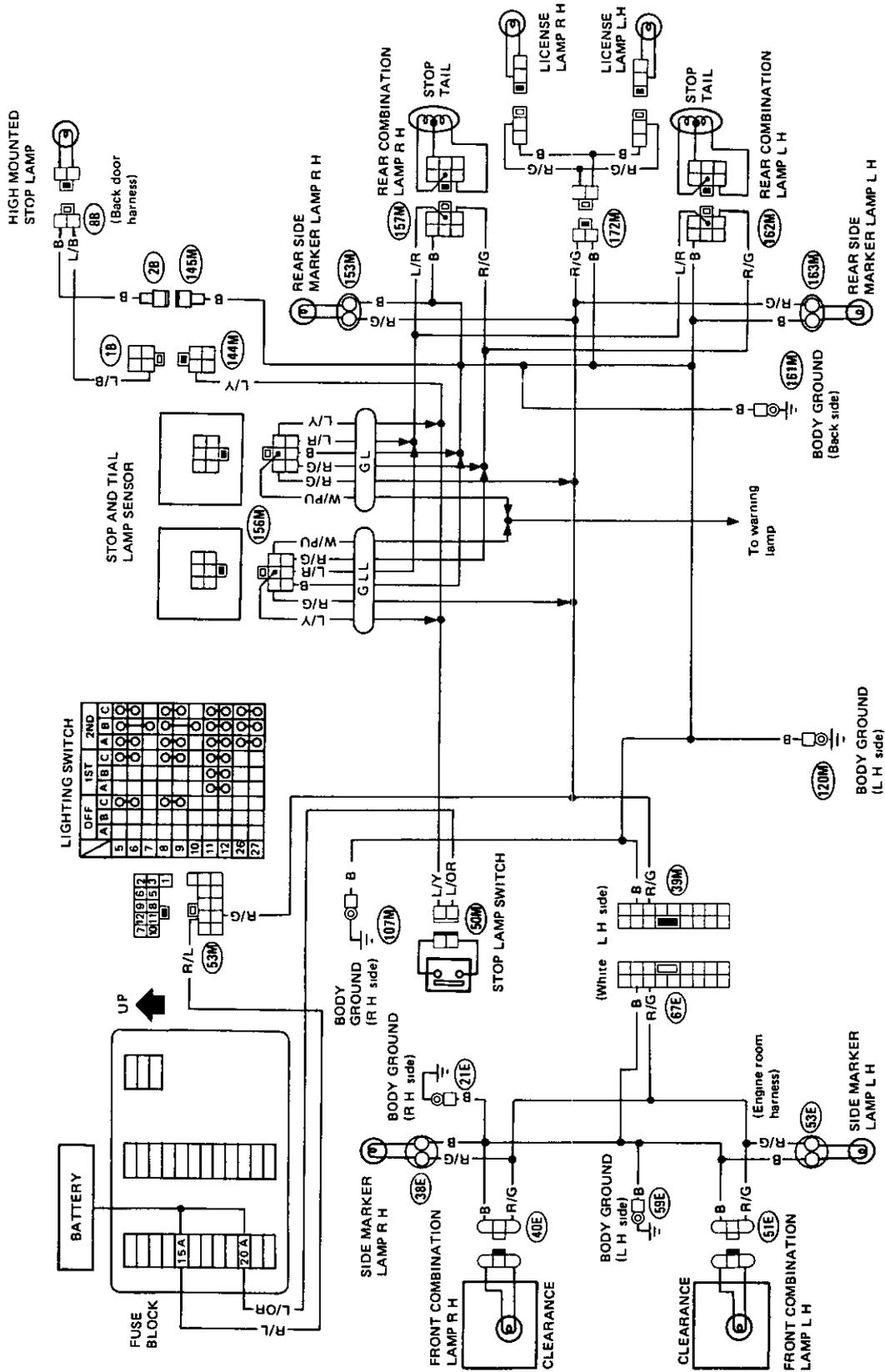


SEL087J

# EXTERIOR LAMP

Clearance, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

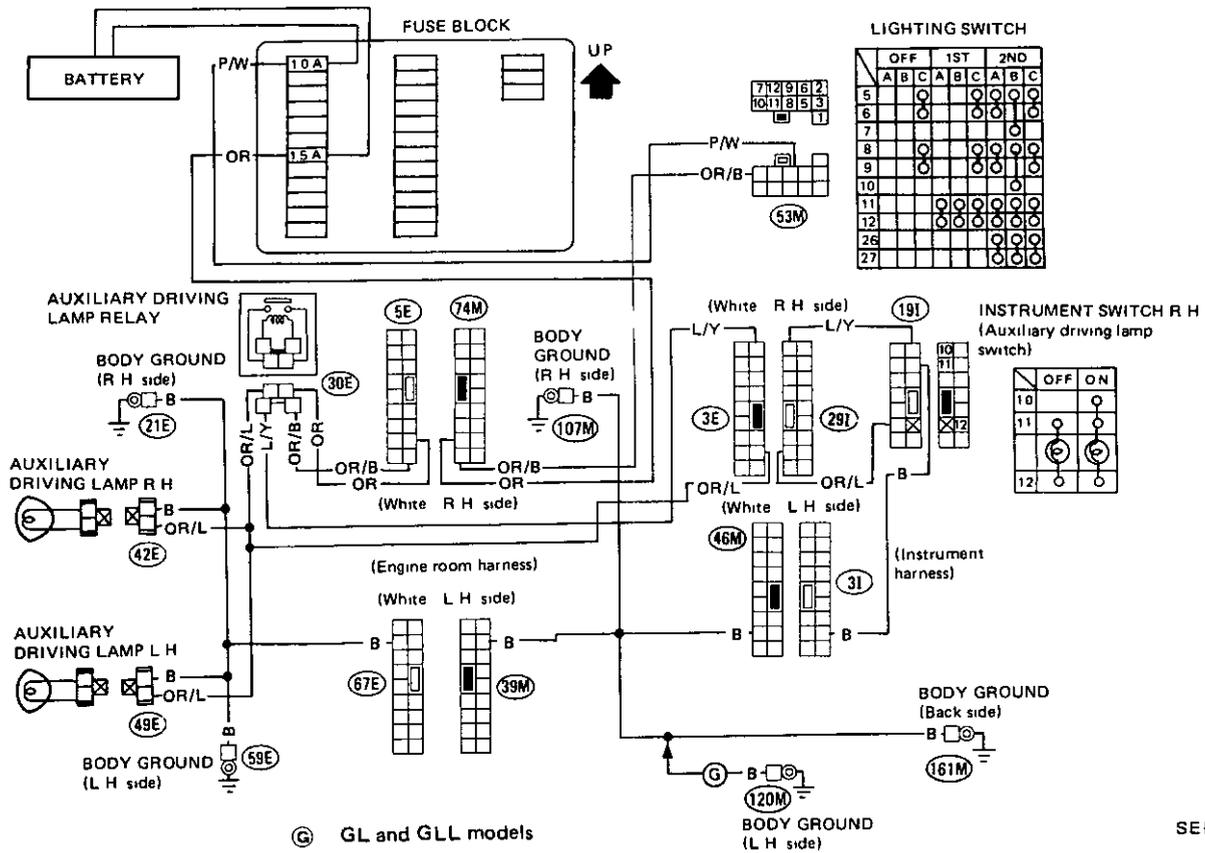
WITH STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR



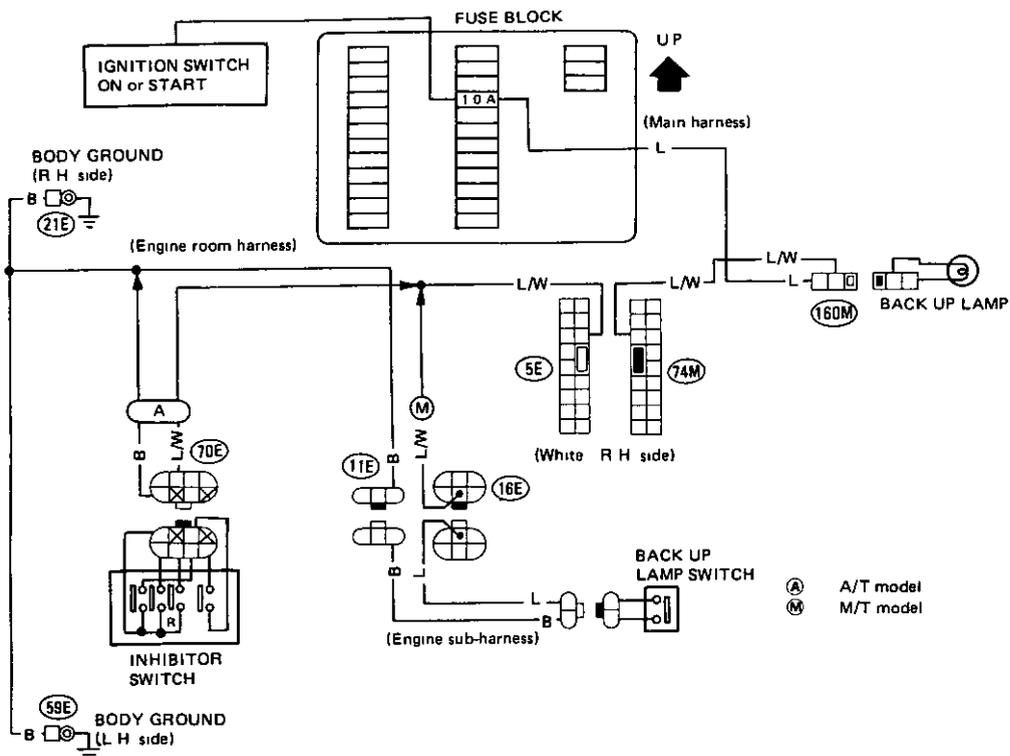
SEL088J

# EXTERIOR LAMP

## Auxiliary Driving Lamp/Wiring Diagram



## Back-up Lamp/Wiring Diagram





# EXTERIOR LAMP

## — Stop and Tail Lamp Sensor Check —

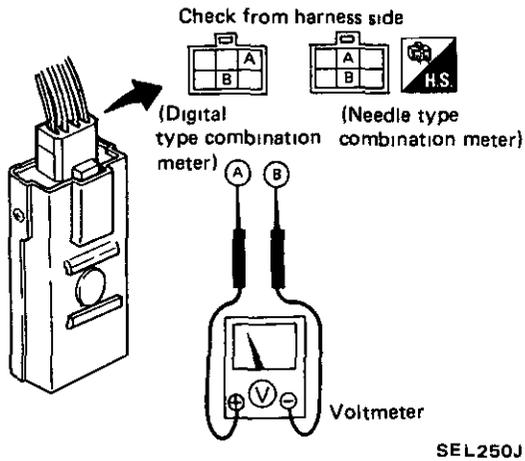
## Bulb Specifications

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.

### STOP LAMP

Start engine

Stop lamp switch on (Depress brake pedal)



All stop lamps in good order:

Approx. 5V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 12V (Needle type combination meter)

At least one of stop lamps is moved:

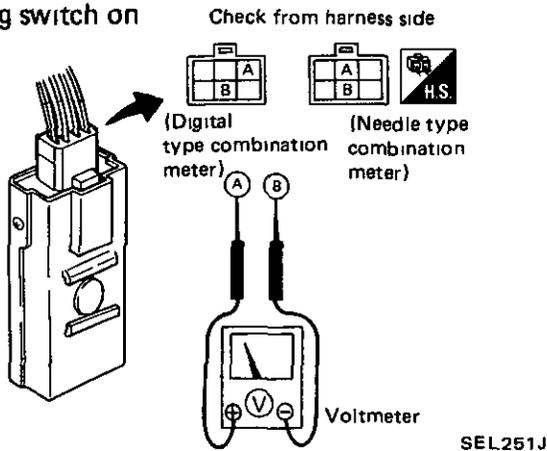
Less than 3V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 1V (Needle type combination meter)

### TAIL LAMP

Start engine.

Lighting switch on



All tail lamps in good order:

Approx. 5V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 12V (Needle type combination meter)

At least one of tail lamps is moved:

Less than 3V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 1V (Needle type combination meter)

Item	Wattage (W)	Bulb No
Headlamp	65/45	9004
Auxiliary driving lamp	55	—
Front combination lamp	27/8	1157
Front side marker lamp	3 4	158
Rear side marker lamp	3 4	158
Rear combination lamp		
Turn signal	27	1073
Stop/Tail	27/8	1157
Back-up	27	1073
License plate lamp	3 8	—
High-mounted stop lamp	7 3*	—
Interior lamp	10	—
Spot lamp	8	—
Rear (luggage) compartment lamp	3 4	—
Door step lamp	5	—
Leg room lamp	2	—

- Light emission diode

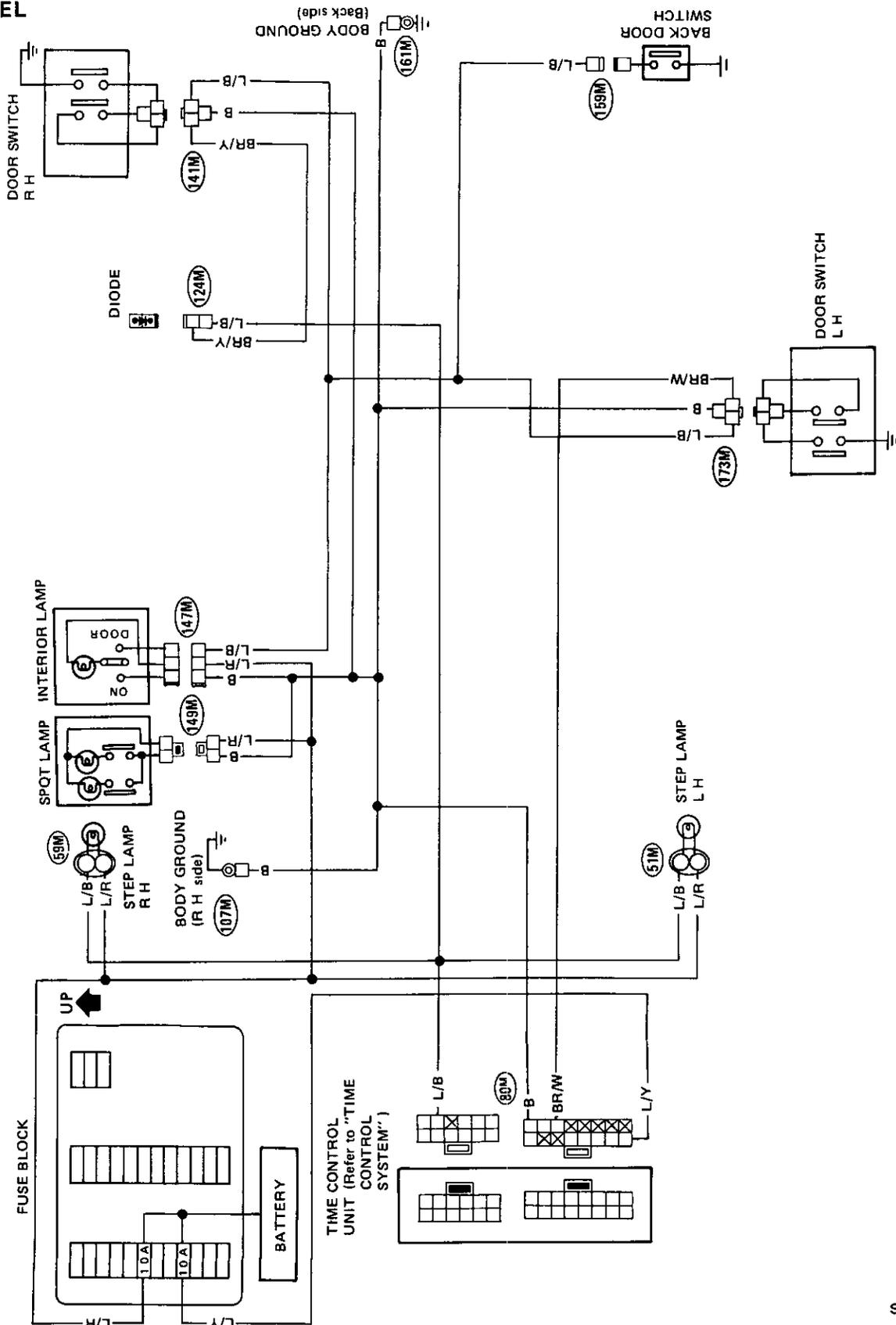




# INTERIOR LAMP

## Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram

SF MODEL



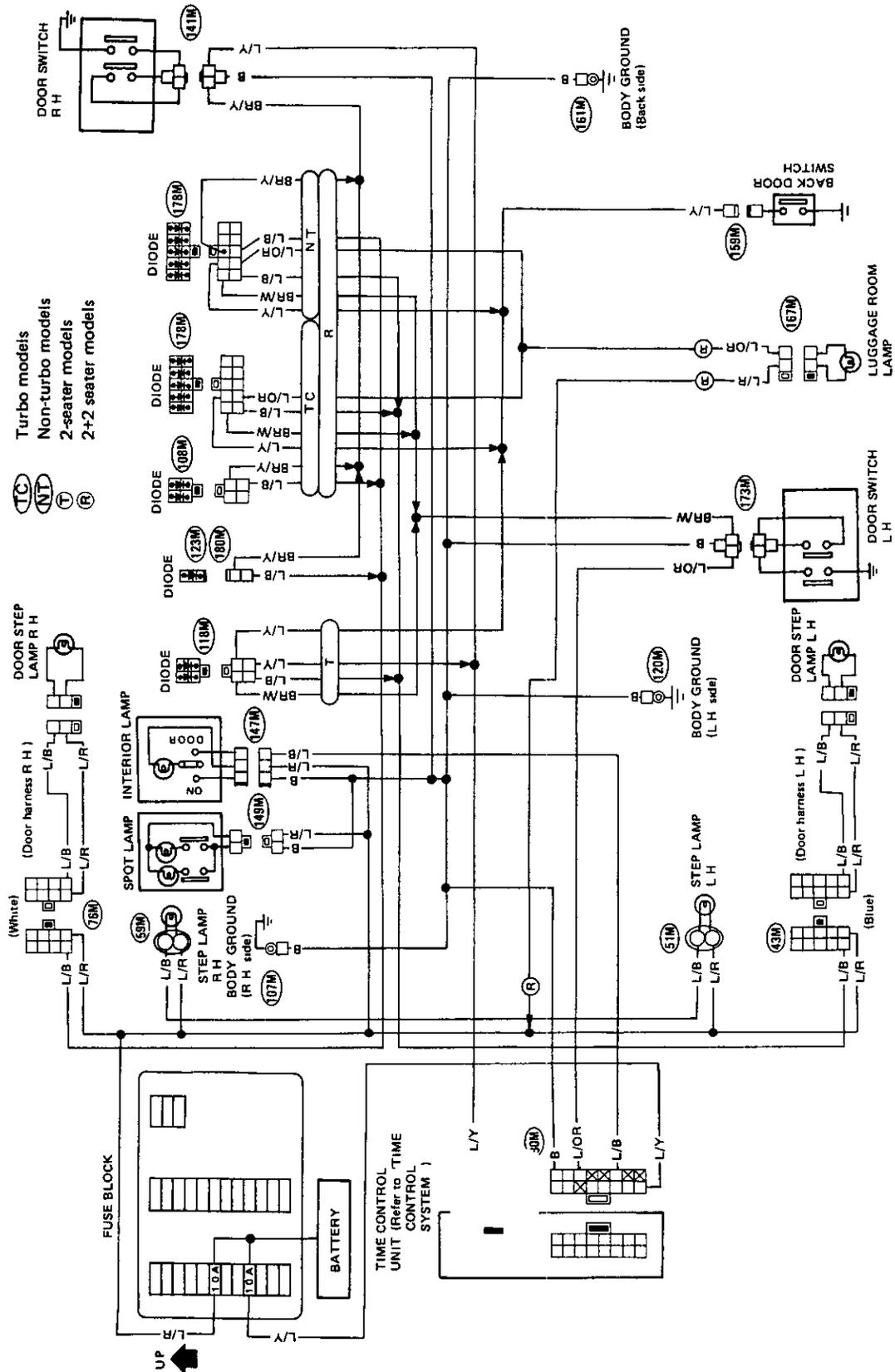
SEL094J



# INTERIOR LAMP

## Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

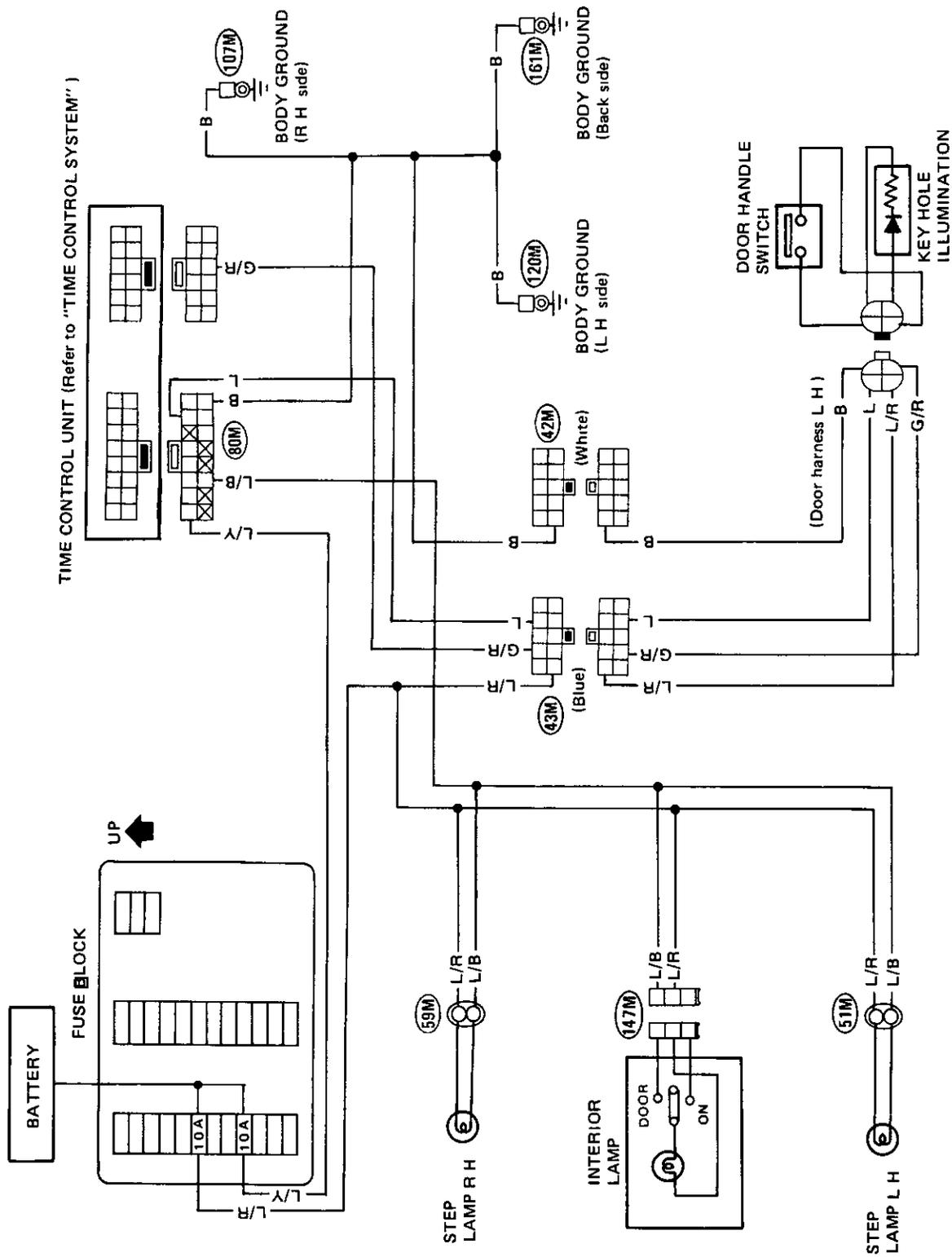
GLL MODEL



SEL096J

# INTERIOR LAMP

## Illuminated Entry System and Door Key Illumination/Wiring Diagram



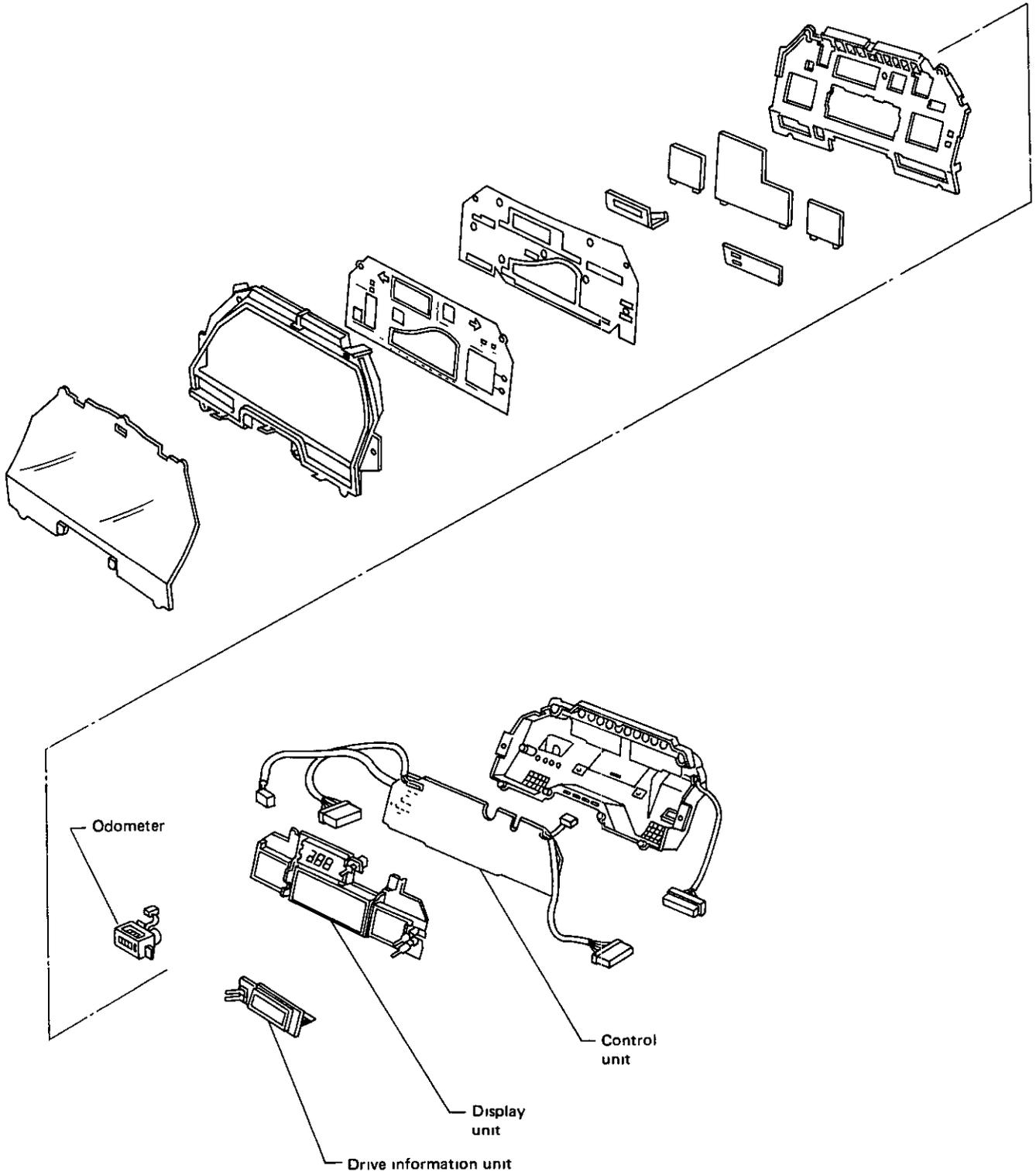
SEL097J

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Combination Meter

**CAUTION:**

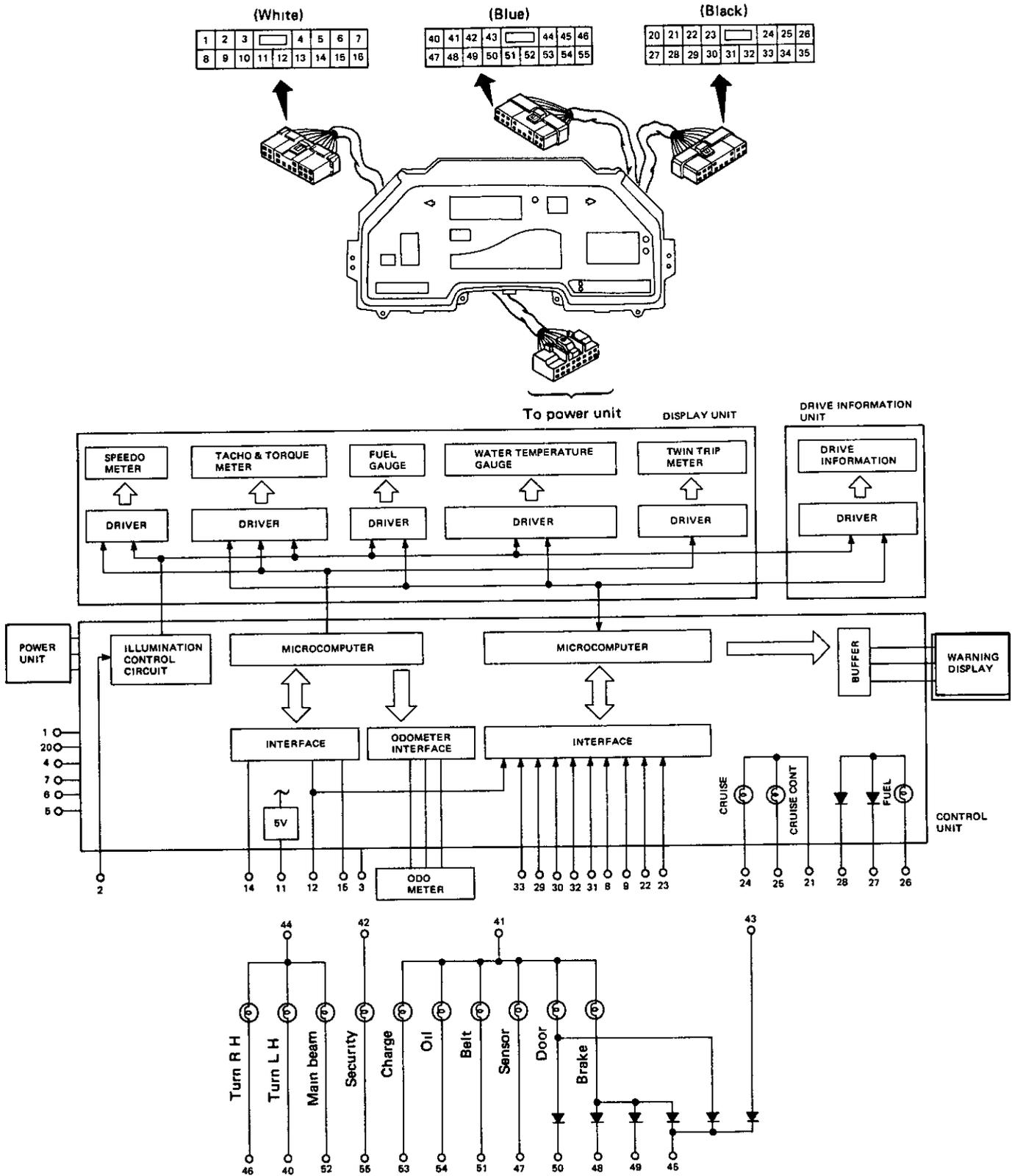
Electrical terminal should not be touched with bare hands.



SEL140J

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

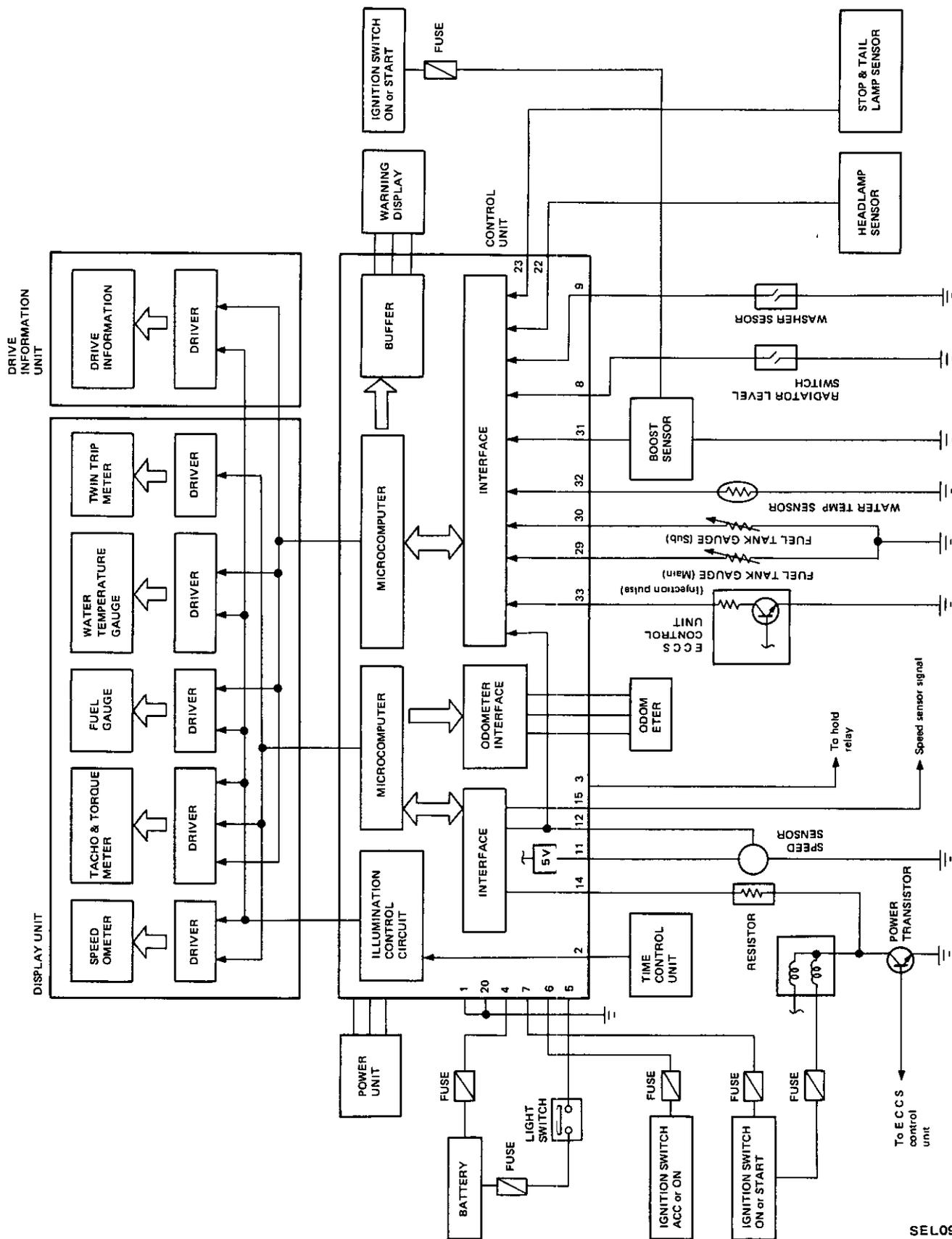
## Combination Meter (Cont'd)



SEL141J

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Schematic

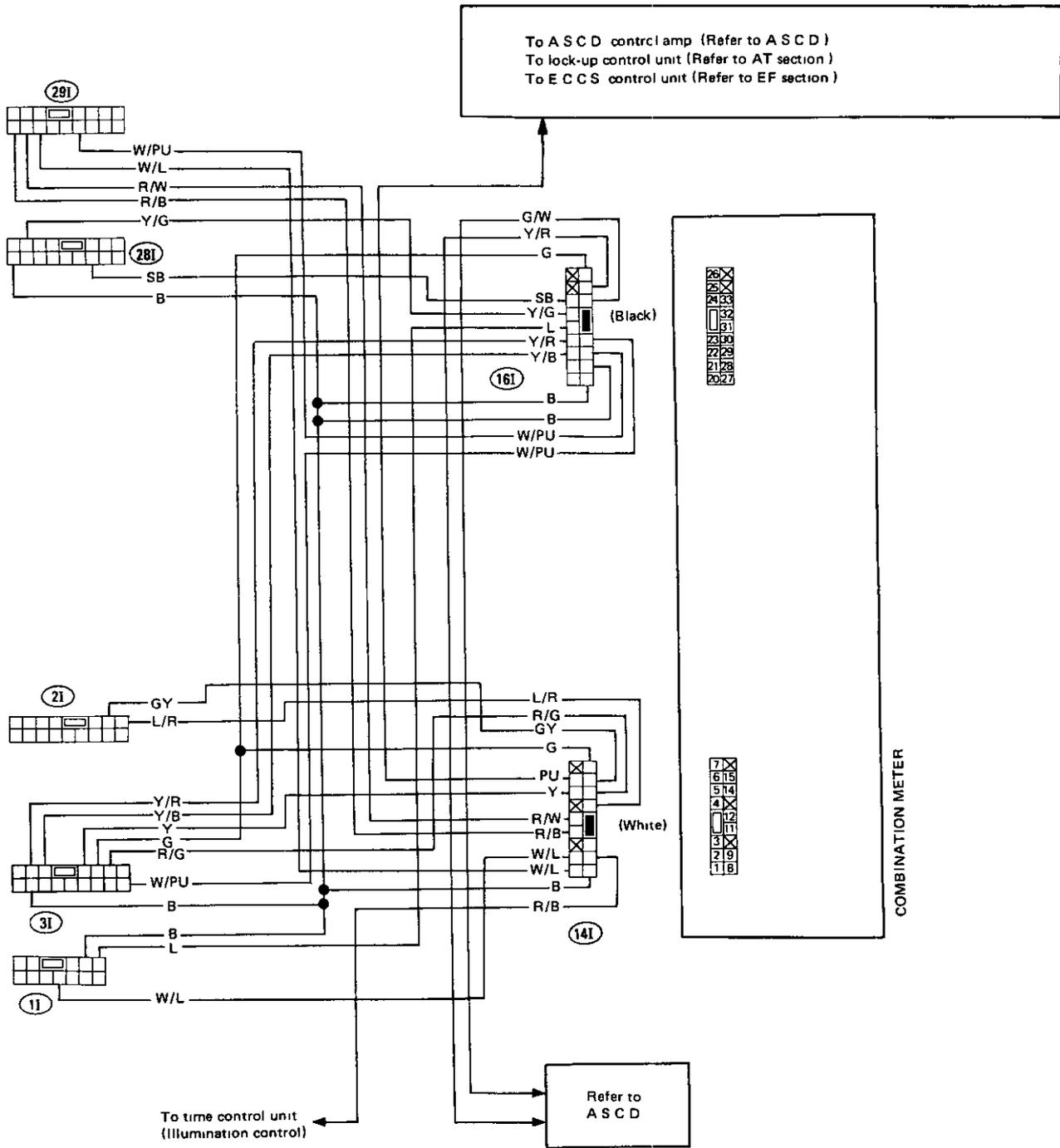


SEL099J



# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

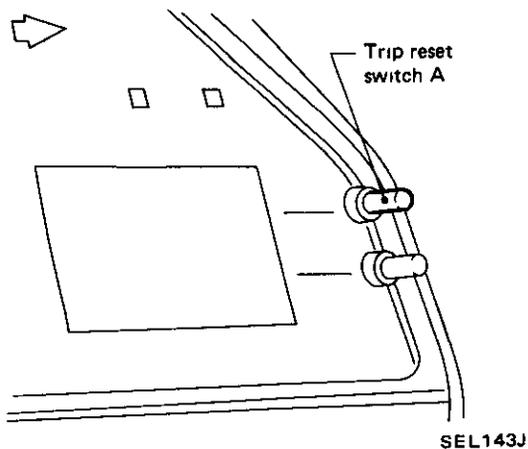
## Self-check

Digital type combination meter consists of three units: a control unit, power unit, and display unit. In order to judge if there is a defect in the meter and which unit is malfunctioning, trouble-shooting should be performed by using the following two types of self-check functions built into the meter. For details, refer to "Trouble-shooting".

### DISPLAY CHECK

This is used to check for an open circuit in each segment of the display and a short circuit between segments.

- (1) While pushing trip reset switch A, turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON". Trip reset switch A should remain pushed in until self-check operation starts.
- (2) Meter starts to automatically perform self-check. Segments for meters and gauges should illuminate one after another.
- (3) If any particular segment remains off, combination meter itself is faulty.



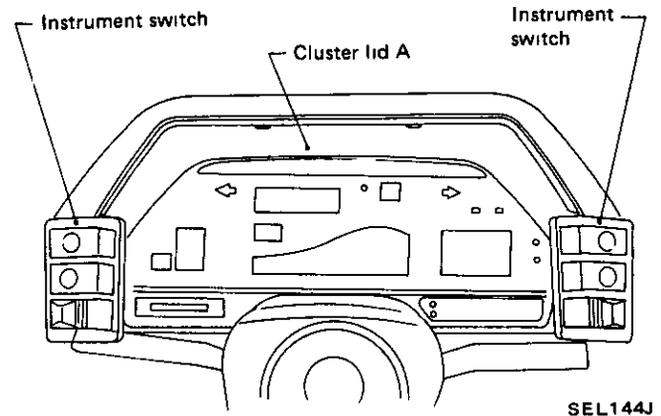
A display check will be cancelled and the normal display restarted in the following cases:

- If the vehicle has operated during the display check.
- If a series of display check items have been completed.

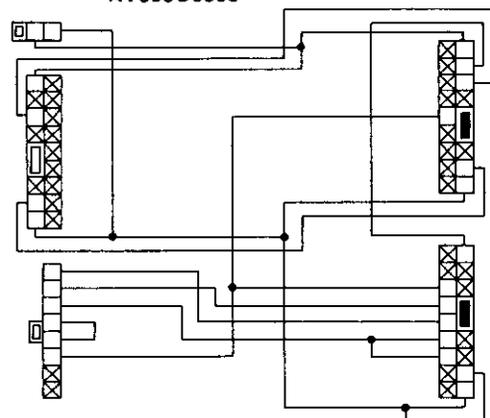
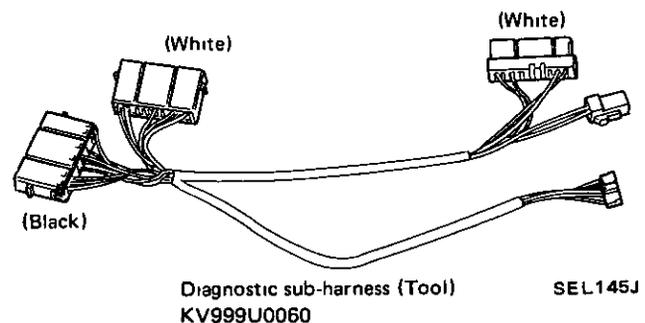
### PRE-PROGRAMMED SIGNAL CHECK

This is used to check for a defect in the meter.

- (1) Remove power unit.
- (2) Remove nuts which secure instrument switches.
- (3) Remove instrument switches.
- (4) Remove cluster lid A.

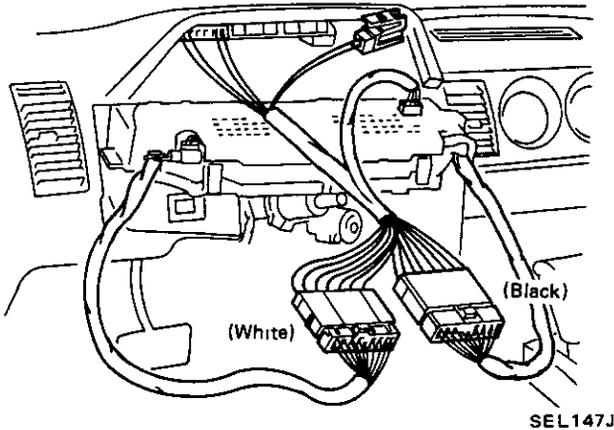


- (5) Remove combination meter.
- (6) Disconnect connectors from instrument harness.
- (7) Connect a self-checking tool (Diagnostic sub-harness) to meter.

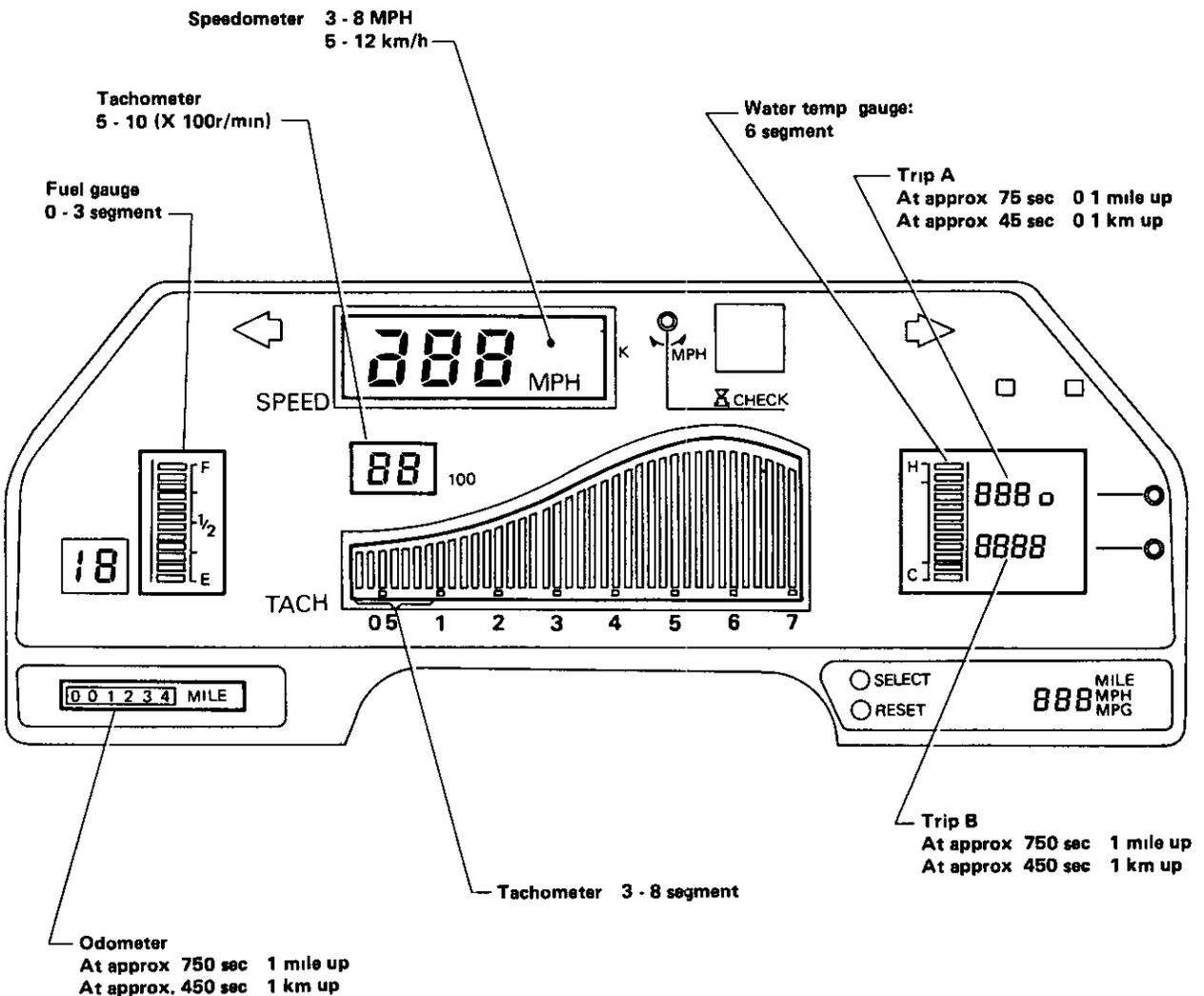


# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Self-check (Cont'd)



- (8) Turn the ignition switch to "ON"
- (9) If a display such as the following figure appears on meter, the results of the pre-programmed signal check are satisfactory.



SEL148J

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## — Trouble-shooting — Quick Reference Table —

The following Quick Reference Table lists various combination meter troubles and self-checks and voltage or resistance checks to be made.

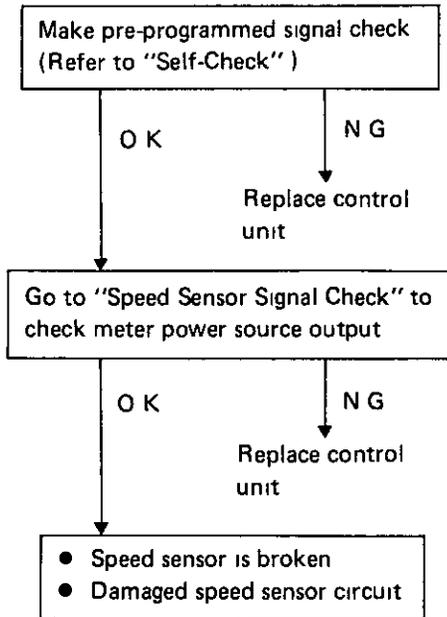
For trouble-shooting procedures, refer to the pertinent flow charts on the pages that follow this Table

Reference flow chart number	Trouble condition	Check item				
		Self-check		Volt/ohm check		
		Display unit check	Pre-programmed signal check	Meter side	Vehicle harness side	
Speedometer	1	Always indicates zero ("0")		○	○	○
	2	Indication error is noted		○		○
	3	Indicated value changes irregularly		○		○
	4	All segments become illuminated	○			
	5	All segments fail to illuminate	○			
	6	Sometimes indicates zero ("0")		○		○
Tacho & torque meter	7	Tachometer does not operate	○	○	○	○
	8	Torque meter does not operate	○	○		○
Gauges	9	Water temp gauge does not function	○	○		○
	10	Fuel gauge does not function	○	○		○
	11	Fuel gauge does not reach "Full"	○	○		○
Drive information	12	"DIST TO EMPTY" does not operate	○	○		○
	13	"AVE SPEED" does not operate	○	○		
	14	"AVE MPG" does not operate	○	○		○
Others	15	Trip meter does not function	○			
	16	Odometer does not function.		○	○	
	17	Warning display does not operate	○	○		○
	18	Segments do not operate normally	○			

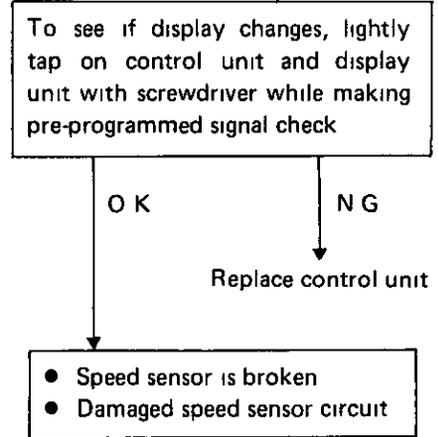
# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Trouble-shooting Flow Chart

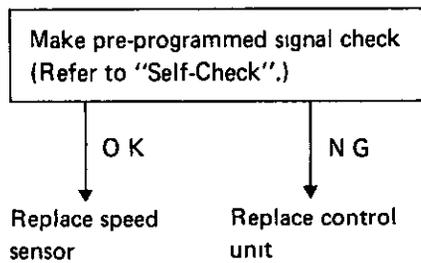
1 Speedometer always indicates zero ("0")



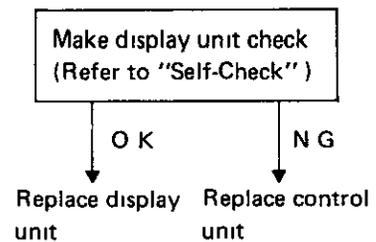
3 Speedometer indicated value changes irregularly



2 Speedometer indication error is noted



4 Speedometer all segments become illuminated



# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)

5 Speedometer all segments fail to illuminate

Go to "Power Unit Check" to check power unit output voltage for speedometer

OK →  
NG → Replace power unit

Make display unit check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK → Replace control unit  
NG → Replace display unit

6 Speedometer sometimes indicates zero ("0")

While making pre-programmed signal check, lightly tap on control unit and display unit with screwdriver to see if display changes

OK →  
NG → Replace control unit

- Speed sensor is broken.
- Damaged speed sensor circuit

7 Tachometer does not operate

Make pre-programmed signal check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK →

Check tachometer input signal circuit.

OK →

Replace control unit

NG →

- Malfunctioning ignition circuit

NG →

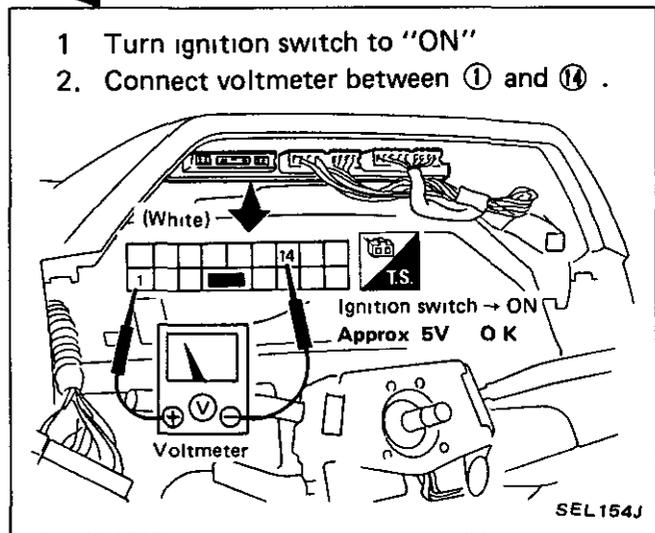
Make display unit check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK →

Replace control unit

NG →

Replace display unit



# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)

8 Torque meter does not operate

Make pre-programmed signal check  
(Refer to "Self-Check")

OK

NG

Check boost sensor circuit

OK

NG

Replace  
control unit

Go to "Boost  
Sensor Check"

OK

NG

• Damaged boost  
sensor circuit

Replace  
boost sensor

Make display unit check (Refer to  
"Self-Check")

OK

NG

Replace control  
unit

Replace display  
unit

9 Water temp gauge does not function

Make pre-programmed signal check  
(Refer to "Self-Check")

OK

NG

Check water temp  
sensor (thermistor) circuit

OK

NG

Replace  
control unit

Go to "Thermistor  
Check"

OK

NG

• Damaged boost  
sensor circuit

Replace  
thermistor

Make display unit check (Refer to  
"Self-Check")

OK

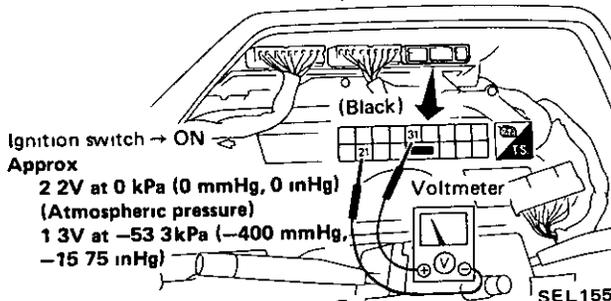
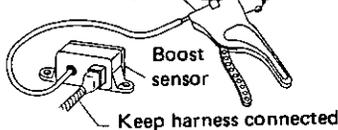
NG

Replace control  
unit

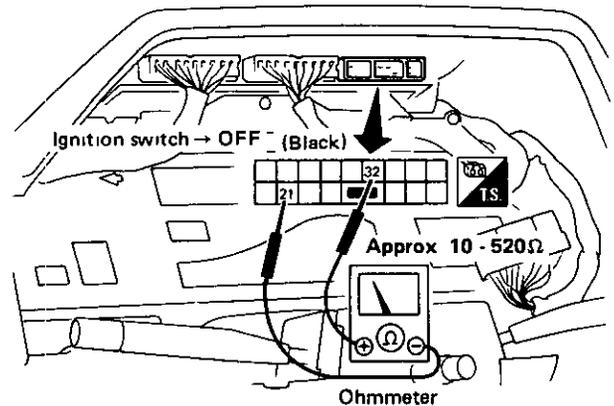
Replace display  
unit

1. Disconnect meter harness connector (Black)
2. Connect vacuum pump gauge to boost sensor vacuum hose
3. Turn the ignition switch to "ON"
4. Apply vacuum pressure to boost sensor by vacuum pump gauge and measure voltage across ① and ②

Vacuum pump gauge



1. Disconnect meter harness connector (Black)
2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
3. Measure resistance between ③ and ②



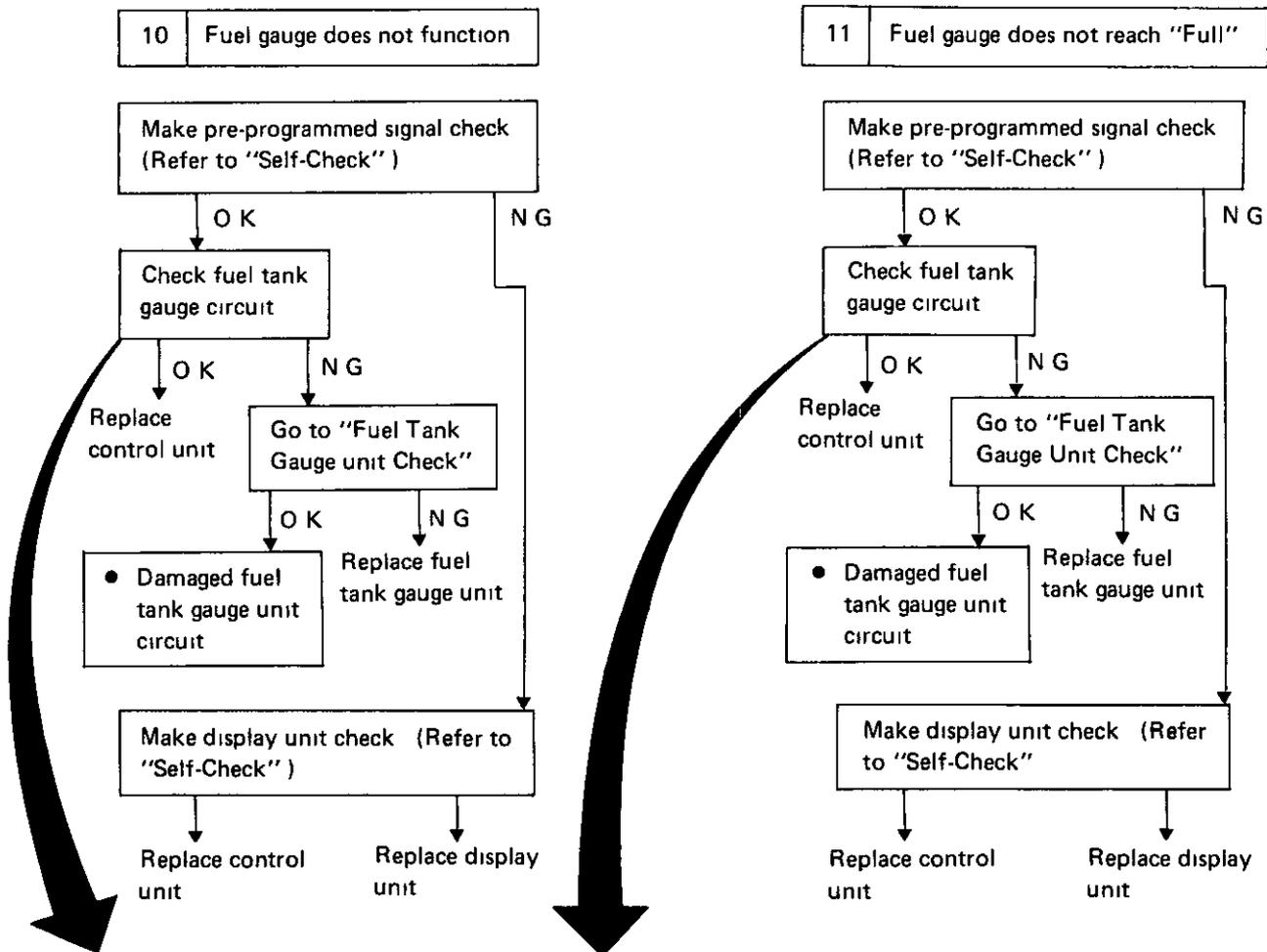
Ignition switch → OFF

Engine coolant temperature	Resistance
60°C or less	70Ω or more
60°C or more	Approx 10 - 70Ω

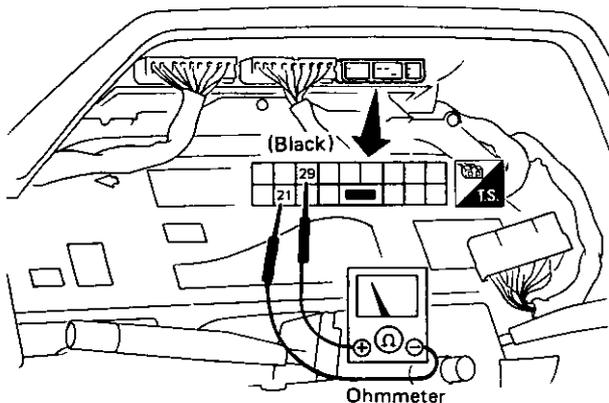
SEL156J

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)



- 1 Disconnect meter harness connector (Black)
- 2 Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- 3 Measure resistance between ②⑨ and ②①



SEL157J

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)

12 "DIST TO EMPTY" does not operate

Is speedometer normal?

YES

NO

Go to "Trouble-shooting 1-6"

Is fuel gauge normal?

YES

NO

Go to "Trouble-shooting 10-11"

Make pre-programmed signal check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK

N.G.

Check injection pulse circuit

N G

Replace control unit

OK

- Malfunctioning E C C S control unit
- Damaged injection pulse circuit

Make display unit check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK

Replace control unit

N G

Replace drive information unit

13 "AVE SPEED" does not operate

Make display unit check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK

Replace control unit

N G

Replace drive information unit

14 "AVE MPG" does not operate

Is speedometer normal?

YES

NO

Go to "Trouble-shooting 1-6"

Make pre-programmed signal check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK

Replace control unit

N G

Check injection pulse circuit

N G

Replace control unit

OK

- Malfunctioning E C C S control unit
- Damaged injection pulse circuit

Make display unit check (Refer to "Self-Check")

OK

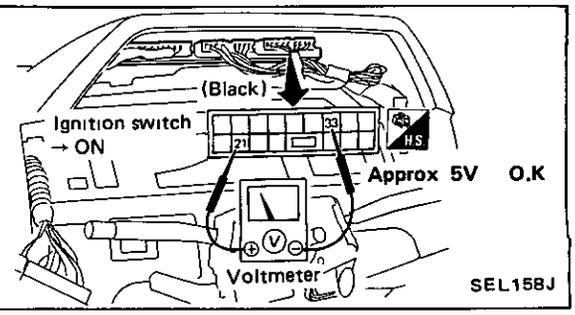
Replace control unit

N G

Replace drive information unit.

### FUEL INJECTION PULSE CIRCUIT CHECK

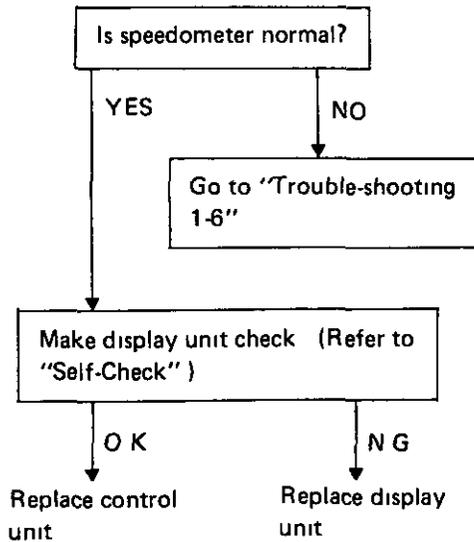
1. Turn ignition switch to "ON"
2. Connect voltmeter between ③ and ②



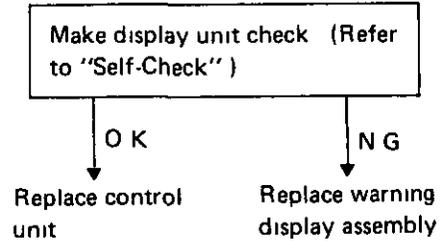
# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)

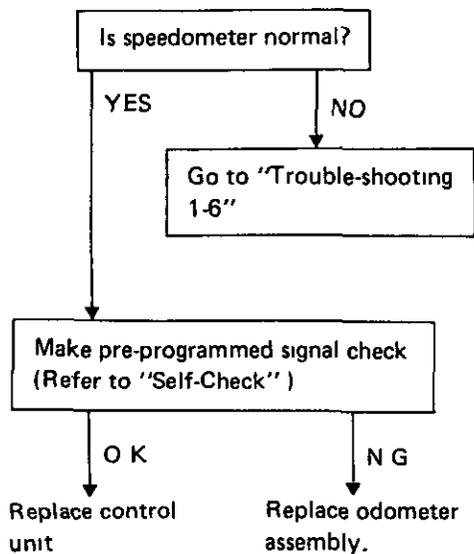
15 Trip meter does not function.



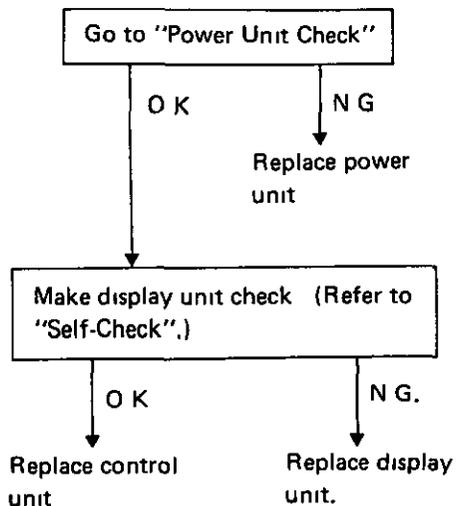
17 Warning display does not operate



16 Odometer does not function



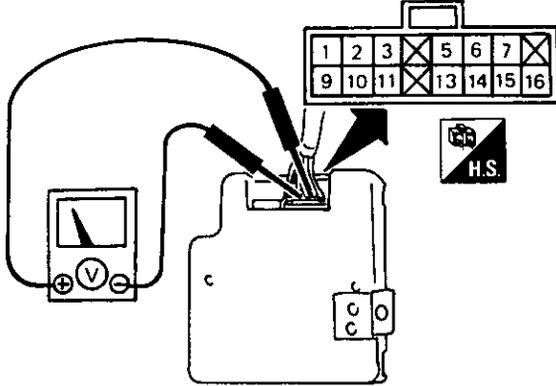
18 Segments do not operate normally



# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Power Unit Check

- Remove power unit with harness connected.
- Perform voltage and continuity tests Refer to chart below



SEL159J

- Turn ignition switch to "ON"

Voltmeter terminal		Voltage [V]	Remarks
+	-		
②	⑨	Approx 12	Check when no display appears
③		Approx 0	
⑤		Approx 22	
⑥		Approx 26	
⑦		Approx 23	
⑨	⑬	Approx. 14	For speedometer, fuel, information, tachometer
	⑭		
	⑮	Approx 19	For temp, trip
⑯			

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".

Ohmmeter		Continuity	Remarks
(+)	(-)		
⑨	Body ground	Yes	Check when no display appears

If specified voltage or continuity is not produced, replace power unit

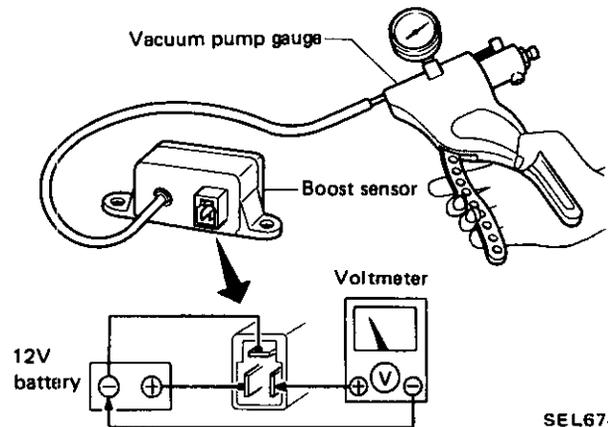
## Boost Sensor Check

- Connect vacuum pump gauge to boost sensor vacuum hose.
- Disconnect harness connector from boost sensor and connect battery and voltmeter as shown
- Apply vacuum pressure to boost sensor by vacuum pump gauge and measure voltages

Approx. 2.2V at 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)  
(Atmospheric pressure)

Approx. 1.3V

at -53.3 kPa (-400 mmHg, -15.75 inHg)



SEL674D

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

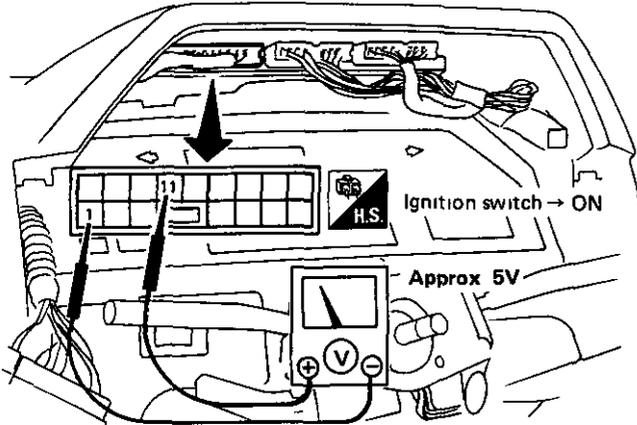
## Speed Sensor Signal Check

### SPEED SENSOR OUTPUT CHECK

When speedometer is functioning properly, this test is not necessary. Go to "Meter Output check".

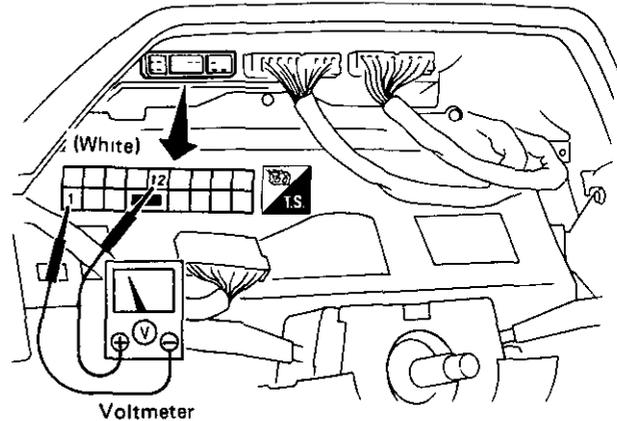
- 1 Remove cluster lid A
2. Connect a voltmeter between ① and ① on combination meter side Combination meter harness connector should remain connected to instrument harness.
- 3 Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" Voltmeter should indicate approximately 5 volts when switch is "ON"

If voltmeter indicates no voltage, go to "Power Unit Check".



SEL160J

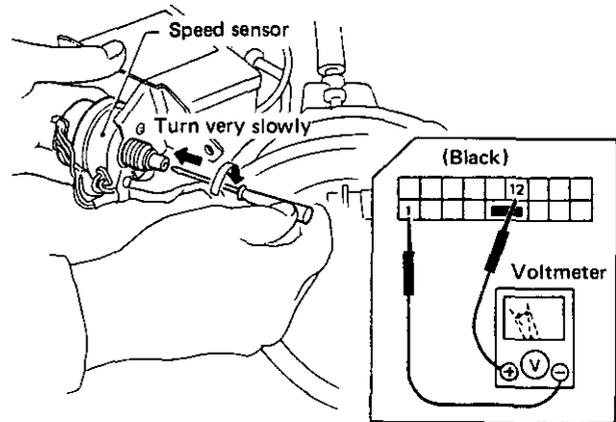
4. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- 5 Disconnect speedometer cable from speed sensor and remove speed sensor with harness connected.
- 6 Disconnect combination meter harness from instrument harness as shown below, and connect a voltmeter across ② and ①.



SEL161J

7. Turn ignition switch "OFF" → "ON"
8. Slowly turn speed sensor rotor shaft with a suitable screwdriver to make sure voltmeter pointer deflects

Do not turn rotor shaft quickly as voltmeter deflects 24 times per revolution of rotor shaft.



SEL162J

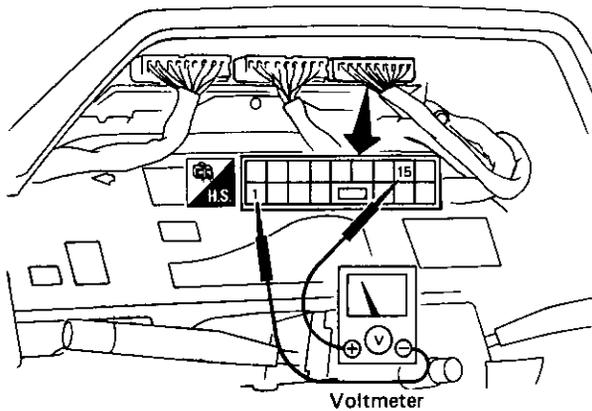
If voltmeter pointer does not deflect, replace speed sensor.

# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Speed Sensor Signal Check (Cont'd)

### METER OUTPUT CHECK

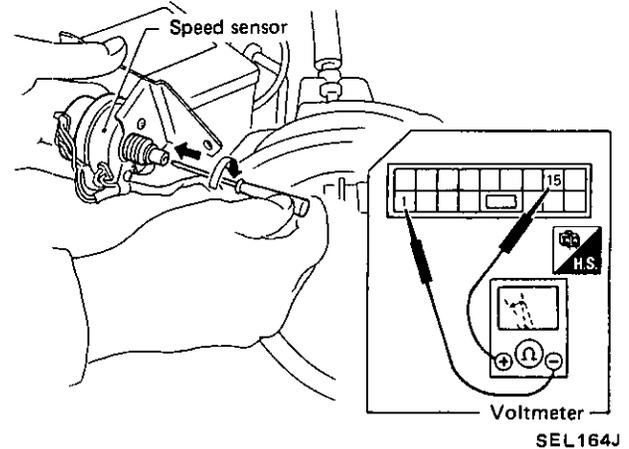
- Combination meter emits speed sensor signal to control E.C.C.S. control unit, A S.C.D. control unit, voice warning unit and A/T control unit
1. Disconnect speedometer cable from speed sensor and remove speed sensor with harness connected
  2. Remove cluster lid A.
  3. Connect a voltmeter between ⑮ and ① from meter harness side.



SEL163J

4. Turn ignition switch "OFF" → "ON"
5. Slowly turn speed sensor rotor shaft with a suitable screwdriver to make sure ohmmeter pointer deflects.

Ohmmeter pointer should deflect twice for each rotation or rotor shaft



SEL164J

If ohmmeter pointer does not deflect, go to "Speed Sensor Output Check". (Refer to back page)

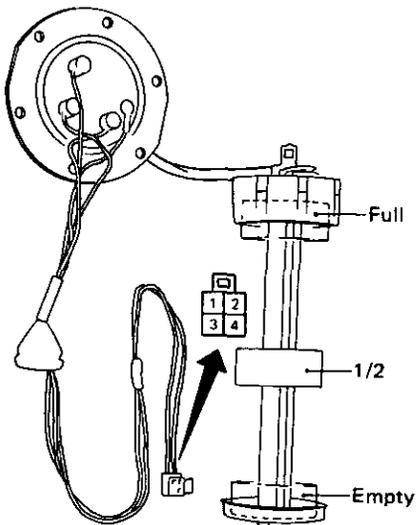
# METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

## Fuel Tank Gauge Check

- For removal, refer to FE section

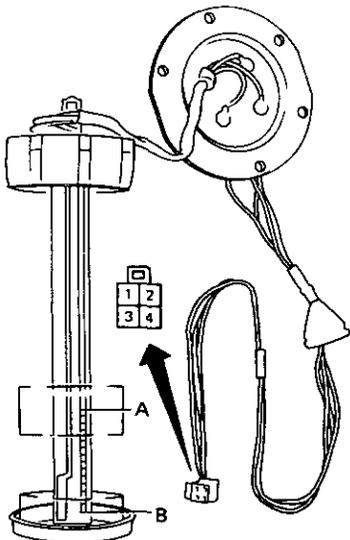
Ohmmeter terminal		Float position	Resistance value
(+)	(-)		
②	①	Full	Approx 10 - 20Ω
		Empty	Approx 480 - 520Ω
		1/2	Approx 100 - 110Ω
③	①	A	Approx 4Ω or below
		B	Approx 870 - 930Ω
④	①	B	0Ω

### Main gauge



SEL675D

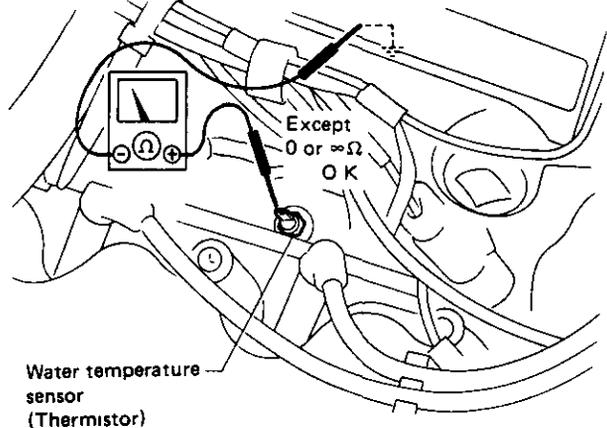
### Sub gauge



SEL676D

## Water Temp Sensor Check

Cylinder head R H side

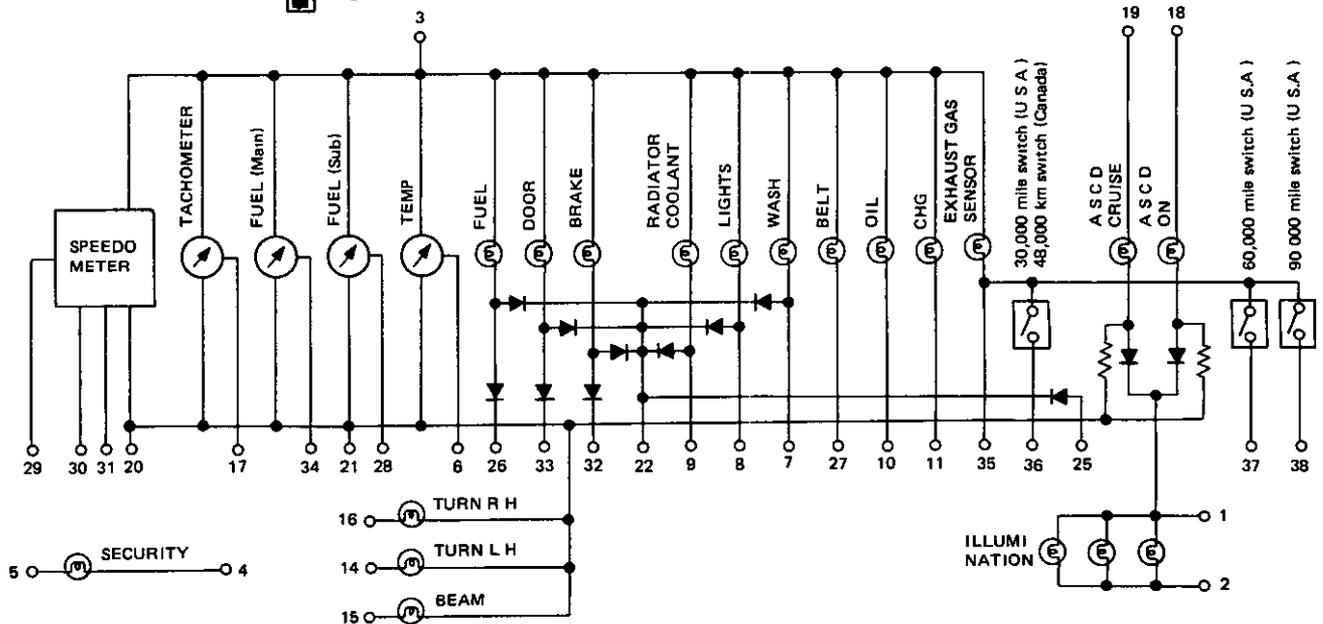
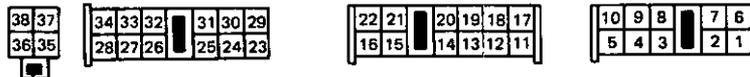
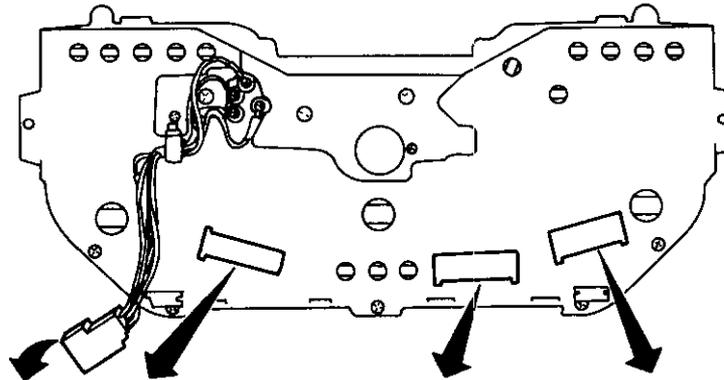
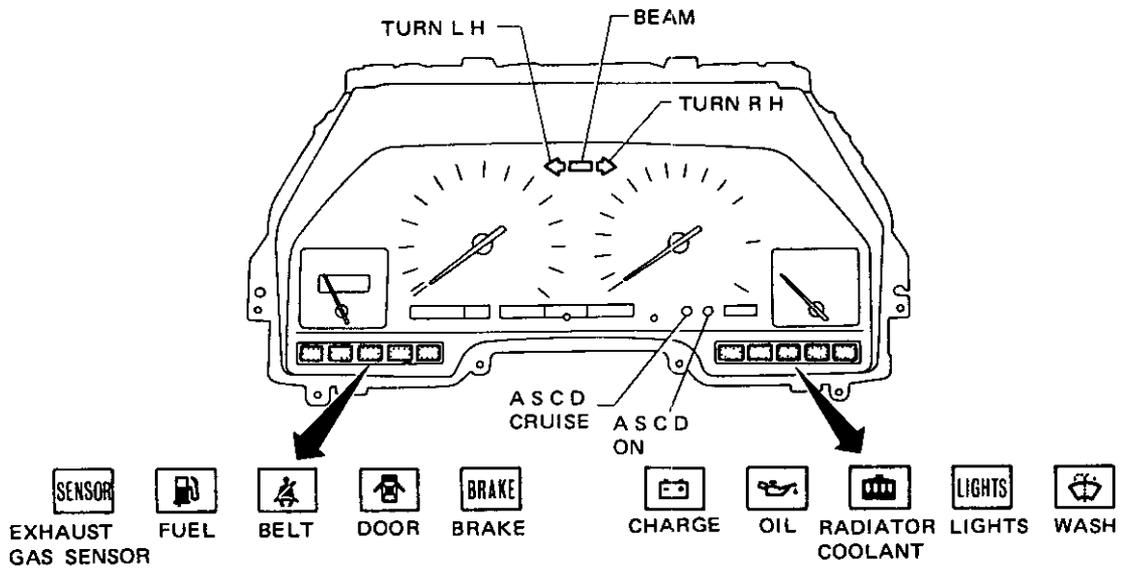


Water temperature sensor (Thermistor)

SEL677D

# METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Meter

## Combination Meter



SEL103J



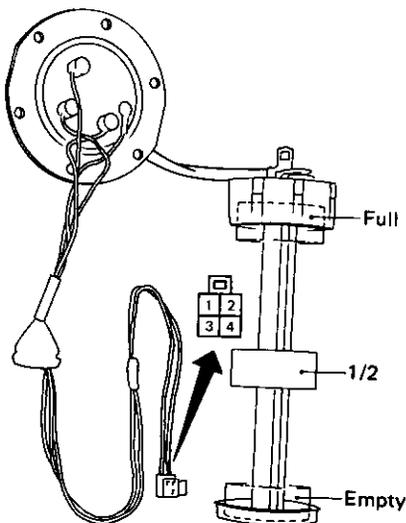
# METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Meter

## Fuel Tank Gauge Check

- For removal, refer to FE section

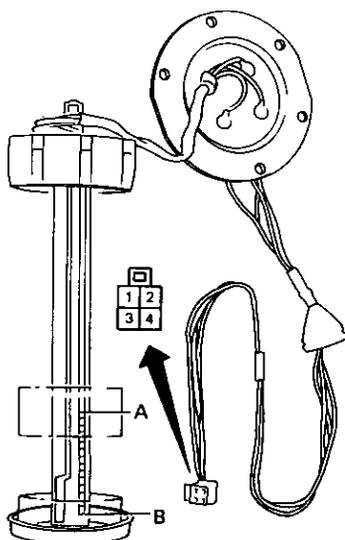
Ohmmeter terminal		Float position	Resistance value
(+)	(-)		
②	①	Full	Approx 6Ω
		Empty	Approx 80Ω
		1/2	Approx 30 - 35Ω
③	①	A	More than 60Ω
		B	Less than 6Ω

### Main gauge



SEL675D

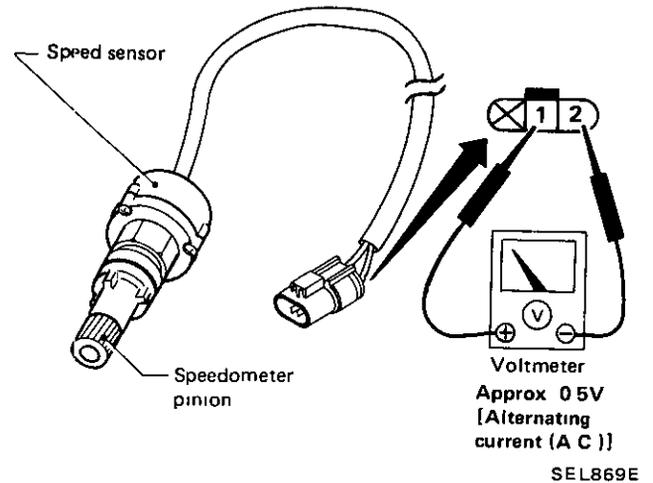
### Sub gauge



SEL676D

## Speed Sensor Signal Check

- Remove speed sensor from transmission  
Location Refer to "Location of Electrical units"
- Turn speedometer pinion quickly and measure voltage across ① and ②

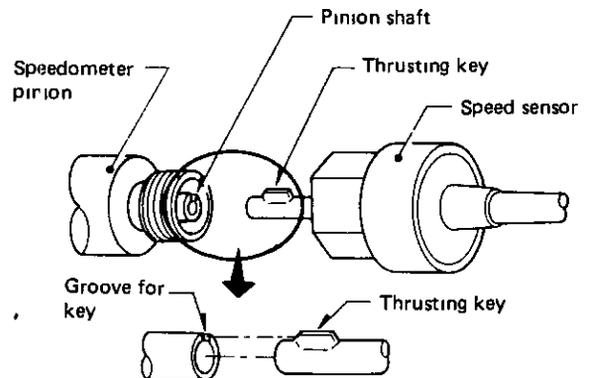


SEL869E

## Speed Sensor Installation

When you install the speed sensor, be careful of the following

- Connect pinion shaft and thrusting key as shown below



Insert thrusting key into groove for key

- Install speed sensor to speedometer pinion by hand, and then tighten speed sensor nut to the specified torque

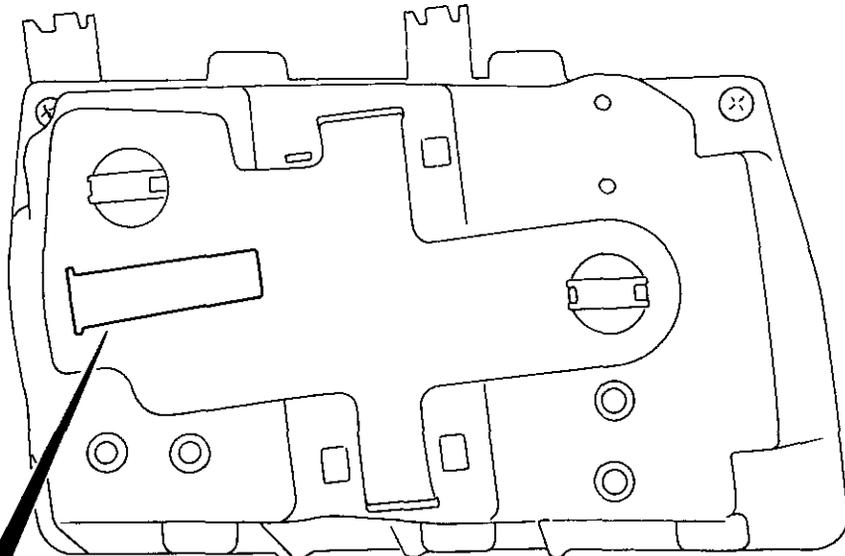
Tightening torque of speed sensor nut:

29 - 49 N·m

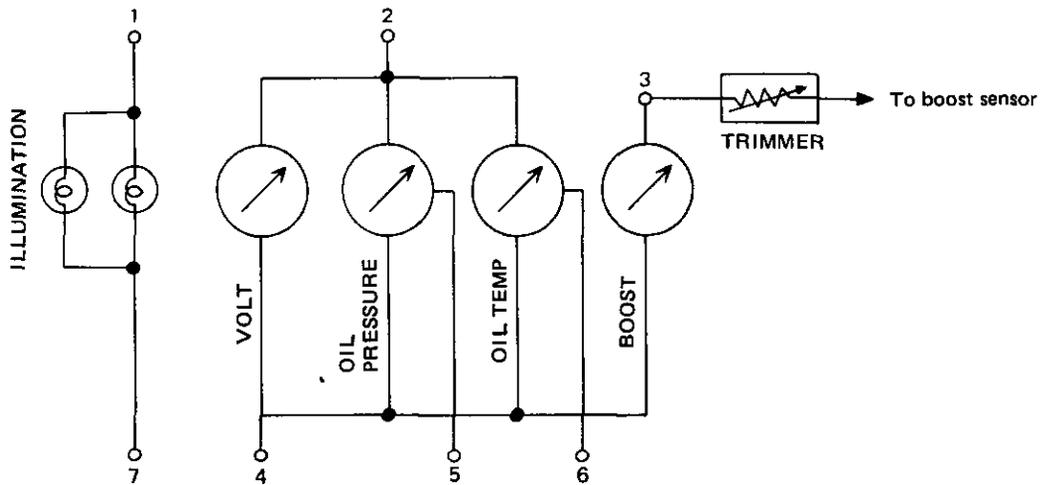
(3.0 - 5.0 kg-m, 22 - 36 ft-lb)

# METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

## Combination Gauge



2	3	4	1		
6	5	7			

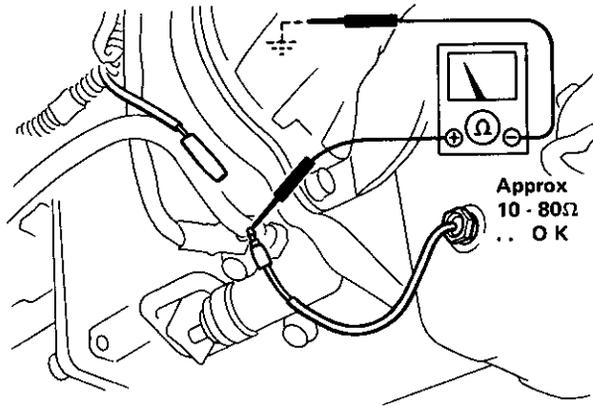


SEL693D

# METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

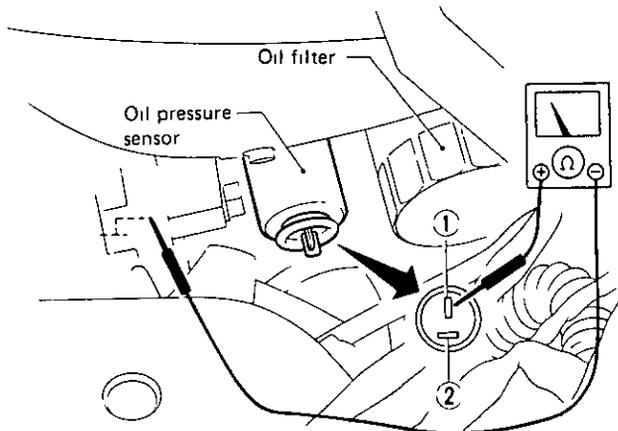
## Oil Temp. Sensor Check

1. Warm up engine.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch OFF
3. Check resistance of oil temp. sensor



SEL695D

## Oil Pressure Sensor Check

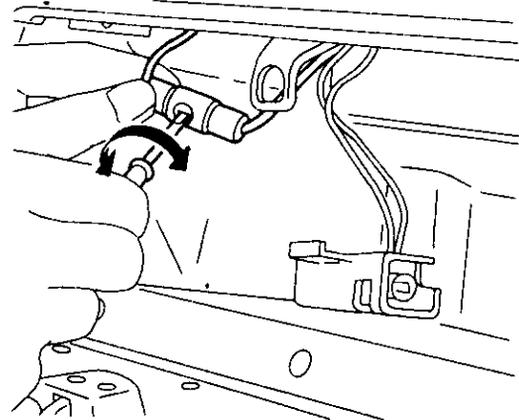


SEL678D

Ohmmeter terminal		With engine stopped	With engine running (idling)
(+)	(-)		
①	Engine ground	0Ω	∞
②		More than 74Ω	Less than 60Ω

## Boost Gauge Trimmer Adjustment

- When boost gauge does not give proper reading, adjust 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg) point with the trimmer located on interior upper wall of glove box.
- Use a screwdriver to adjust trimmer



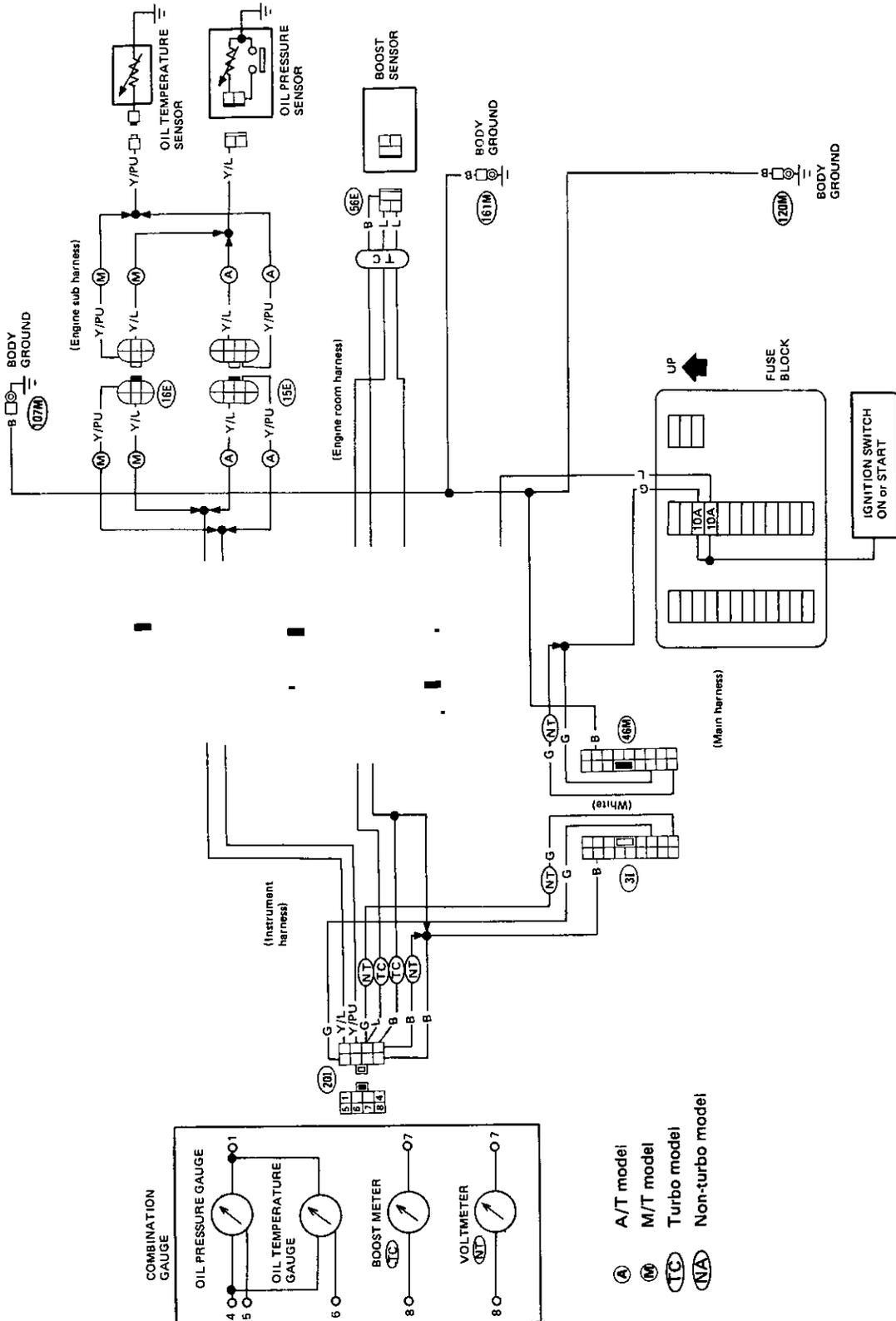
SEL273B

- For checking boost sensor, refer to page EL-79.

# METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

## Oil Temp, Oil Pressure, Boost and Volt Gauges/Wiring Diagram

### DIGITAL METER TYPE MODEL

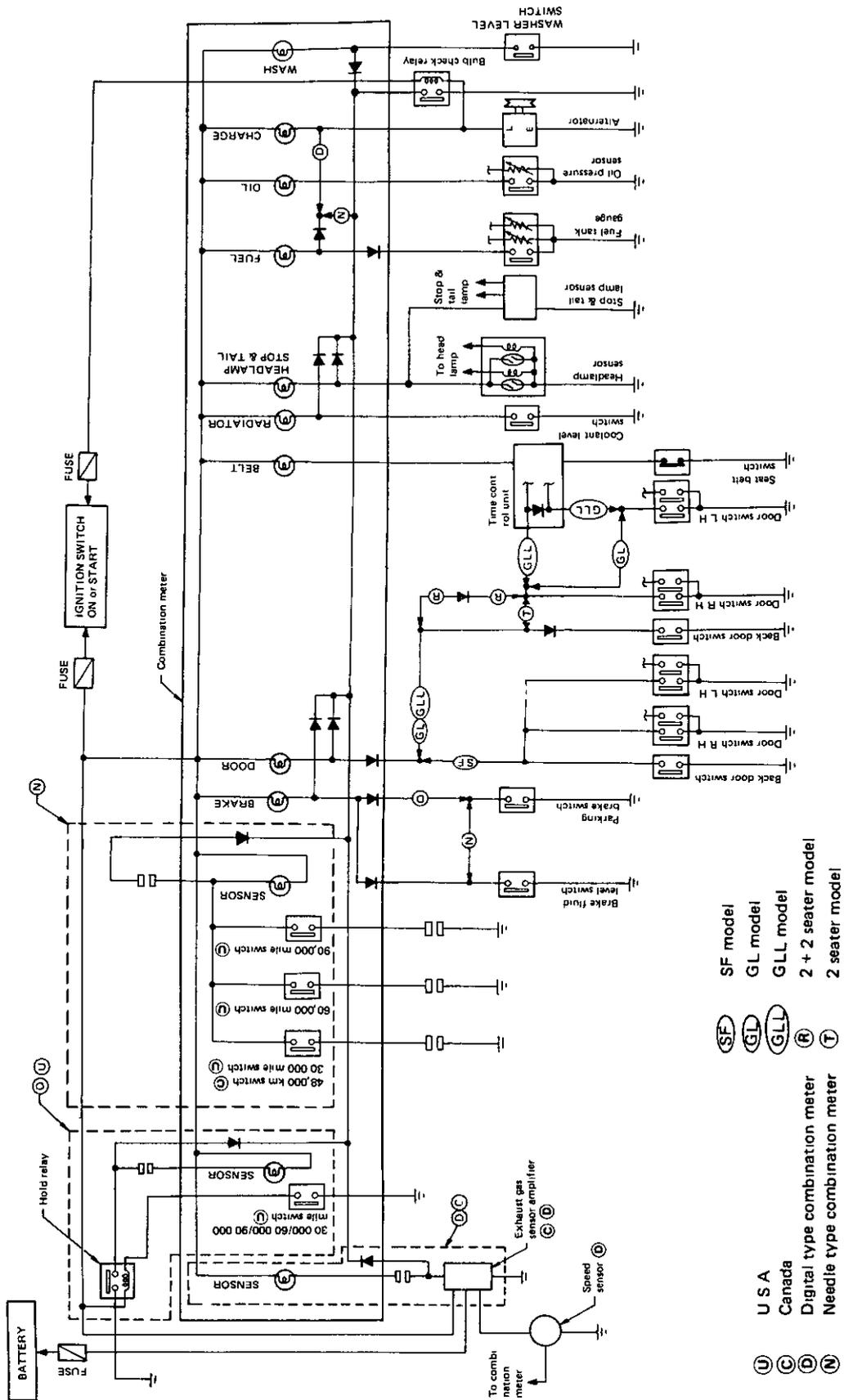


SEL102J



# WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

## Schematic



- U A U S A
- C C C a n a d a
- D D D i g i t a l t y p e c o m b i n a t i o n m e t e r
- N N N e e d l e t y p e c o m b i n a t i o n m e t e r
- S F S F m o d e l
- G L G L m o d e l
- G L L G L L m o d e l
- R R 2 + 2 s e a t e r m o d e l
- T T 2 s e a t e r m o d e l

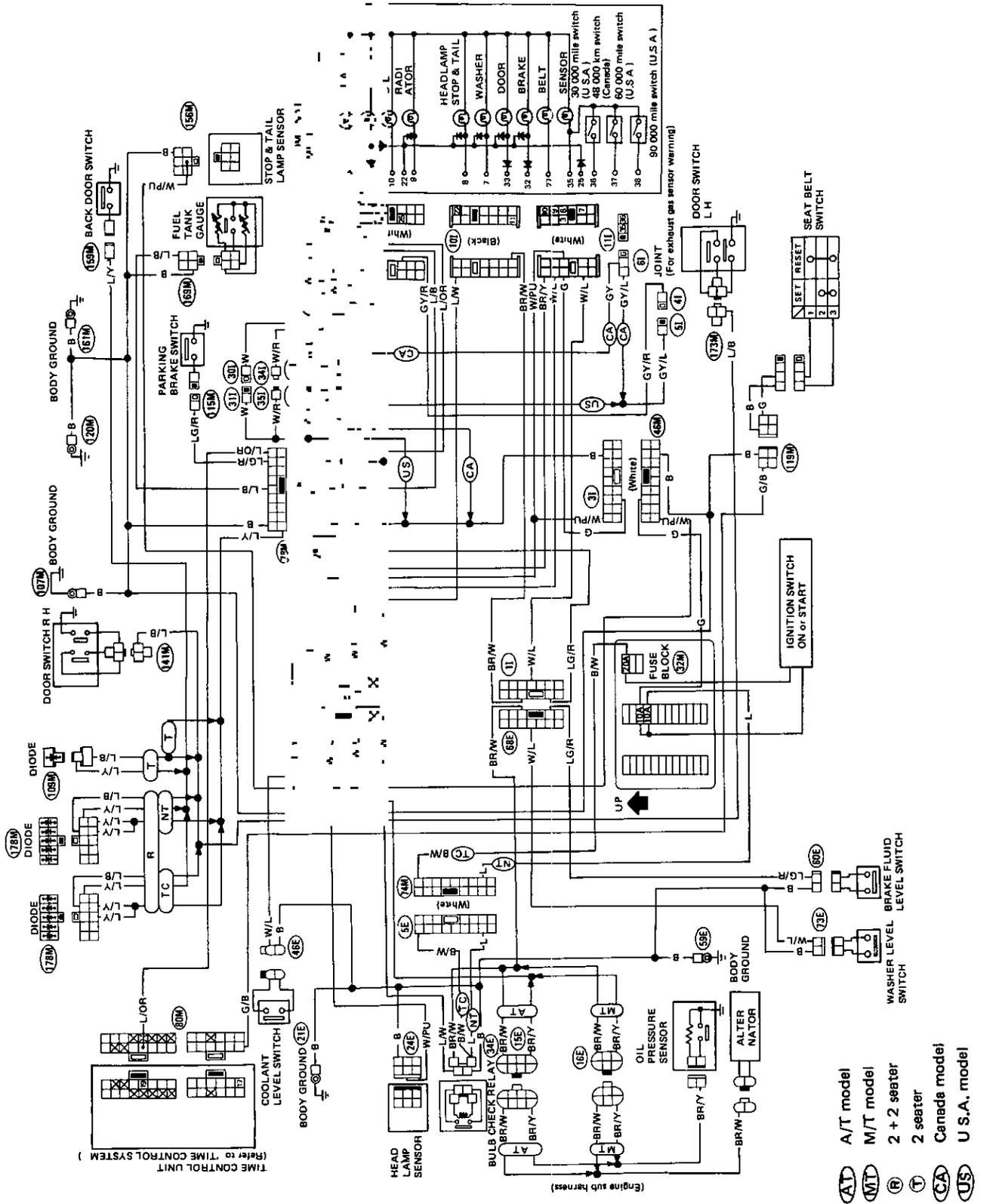




# WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

## Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram —For Needle Type Combination Meter (Cont'd)—

GL MODEL

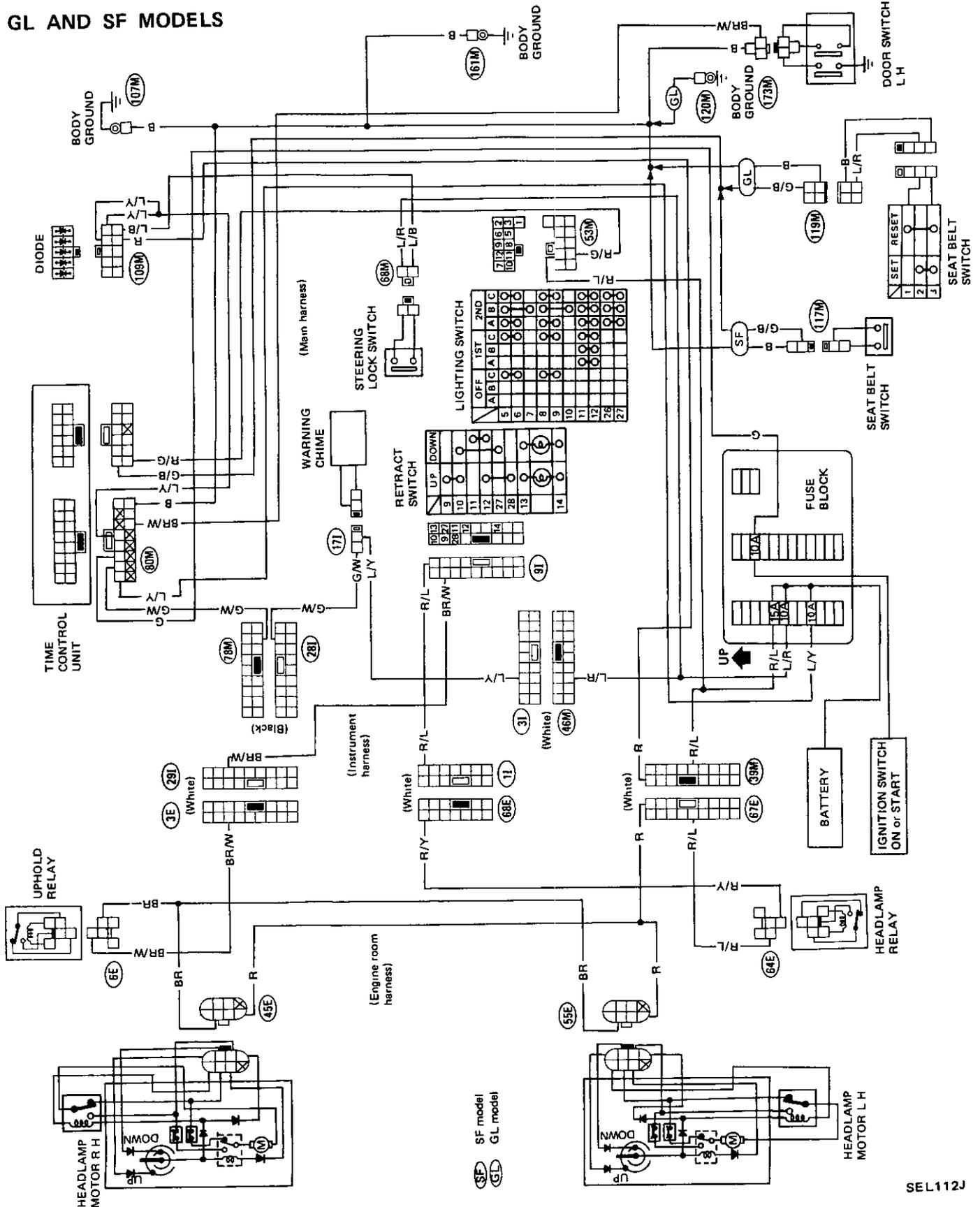




# WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

## Warning Chime/Wiring Diagram

GL AND SF MODELS



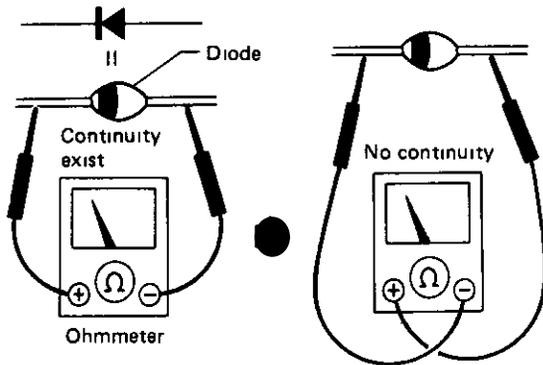
SEL112J



# WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

## Diode Check

- Check continuity using an ohmmeter
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown below.



SEL700D

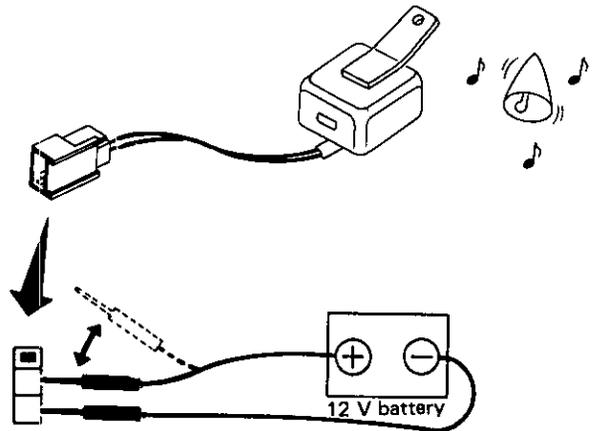
## DIGITAL TYPE COMBINATION METER

- Diodes for warning lamps are located on the panel where warning bulbs are fitted.

## NEEDLE TYPE COMBINATION METER

- Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit

## Warning Chime Check



SEL875D

# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

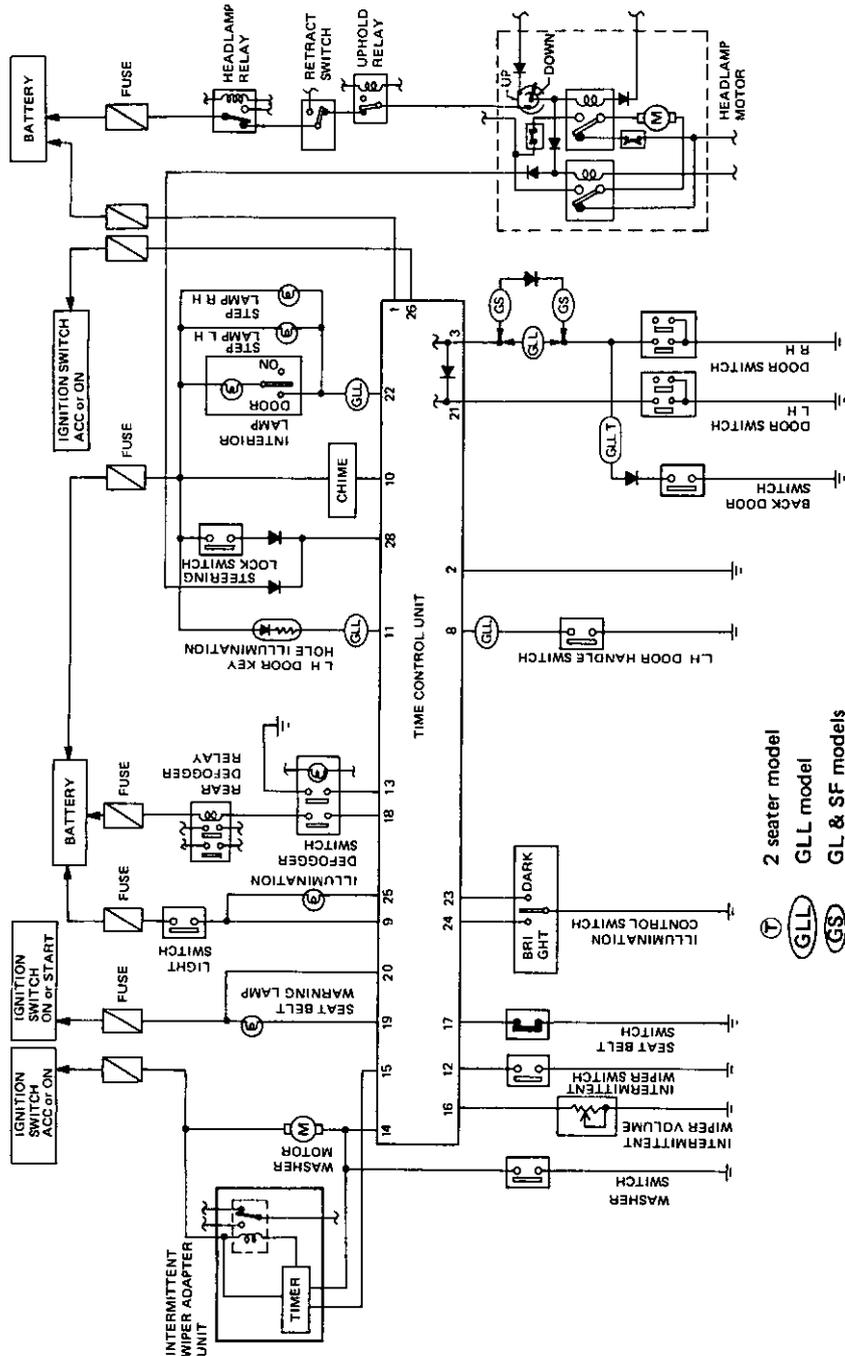
## Schematic

### CAUTION.

Never touch the terminals of time control unit with bare hands.

• Time control unit has the following functions.

- 1) Intermittent wiper control timer
- 2) Interior lamp timer
- 3) Door key hole illumination timer
- 4) Illumination control timer
- 5) Light warning timer
- 6) Key warning timer
- 7) Seat belt warning timer
- 8) Rear defogger timer

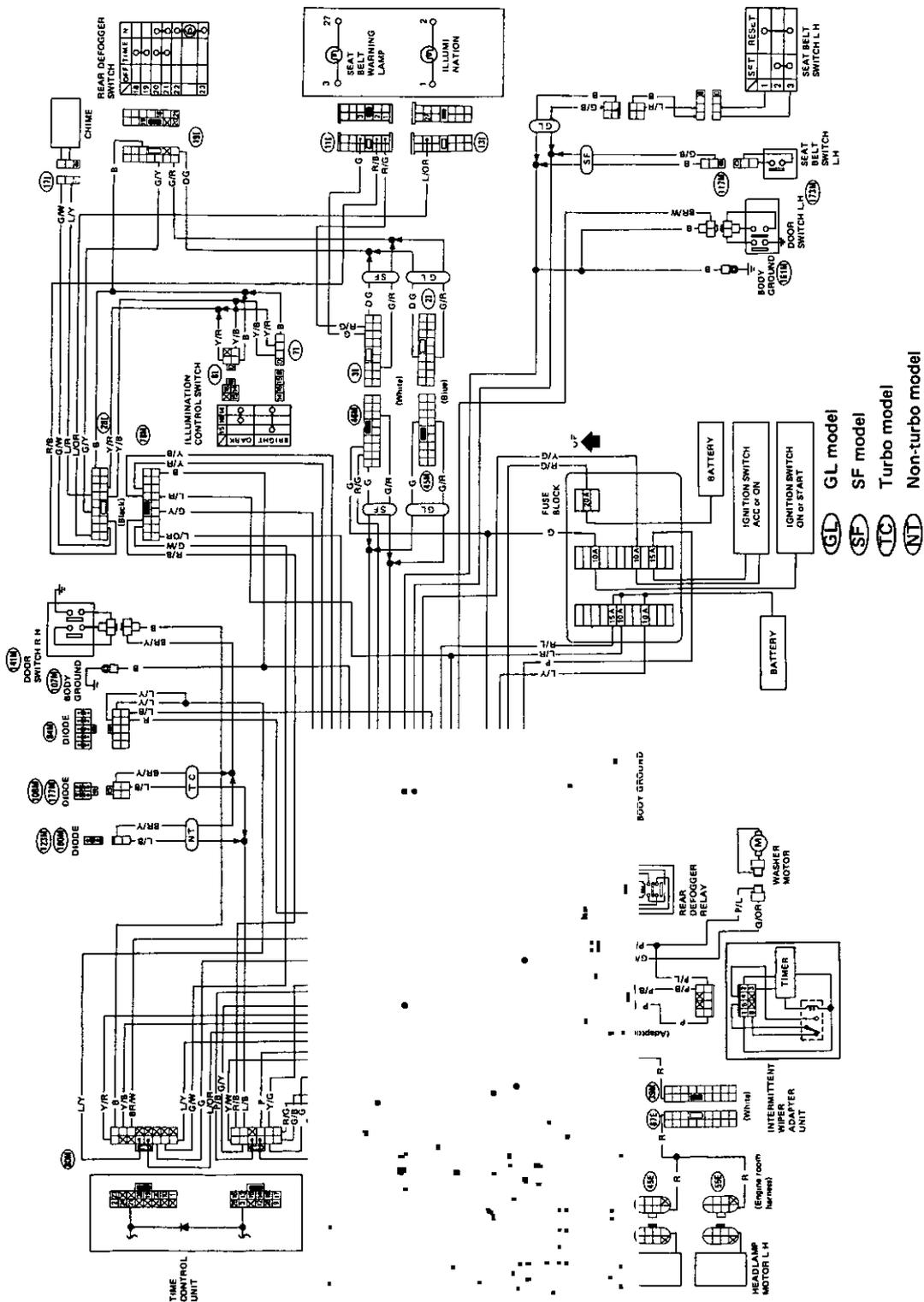


SEL114J

# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

## Wiring Diagram

### GL AND SF MODELS

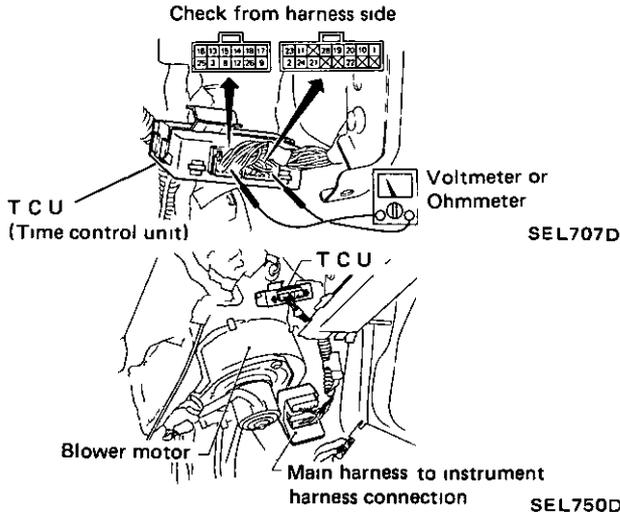




# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

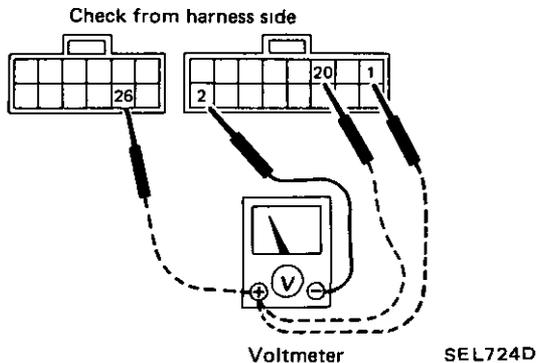
## Preparation for Trouble-shooting

1. Remove R H dash side cover and remove blower motor
2. Remove time control unit with harness connected.
3. Connect main harness to instrument harness (if disconnected)

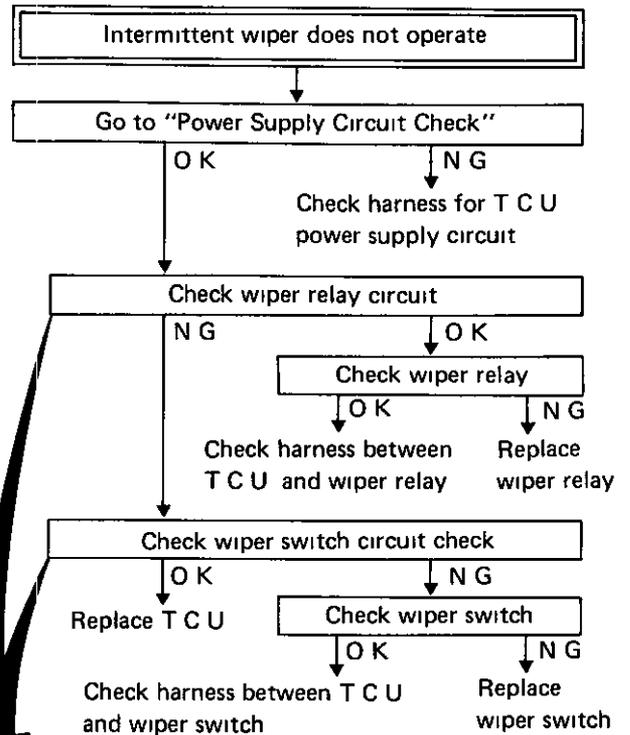


## Power Supply Circuit Check

Voltmeter terminals		Ignition switch position		
(+)	(-)	OFF	ACC	ON
①	②	Approx 12V	Approx 12V	Approx 12V
⑳	②	0V	0V	Approx 12V
㉔	②	0V	Approx 12V	Approx 12V
Ohmmeter terminals		Continuity		
(+)	(-)			
②	Body ground	Yes		

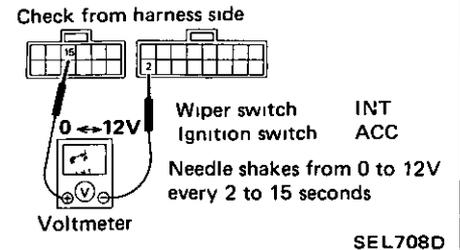


## Trouble-shooting



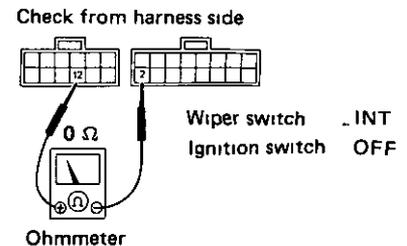
### WIPER RELAY CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn wiper switch to "INT"
2. Turn ignition switch to "ACC".
3. Measure voltage across ⑮ and ②



### WIPER SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn wiper switch to "INT"
2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF"
3. Check continuity between ⑫ and ②.



# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Intermittent time of wiper cannot be adjusted

Check intermittent wiper volume circuit

OK

Replace T C U.

NG

Check intermittent wiper volume

OK

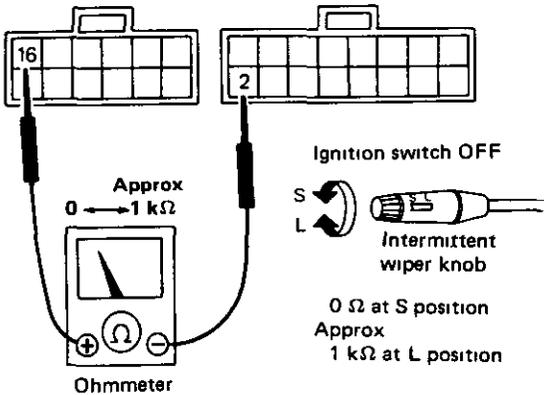
Check harness between T C U and intermittent wiper volume

NG

Replace wiper switch

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Measure resistance between ①⑥ and ② while turning intermittent wiper volume

Check from harness side



Wiper and washer activate individually but not in combination

Check washer switch circuit

OK

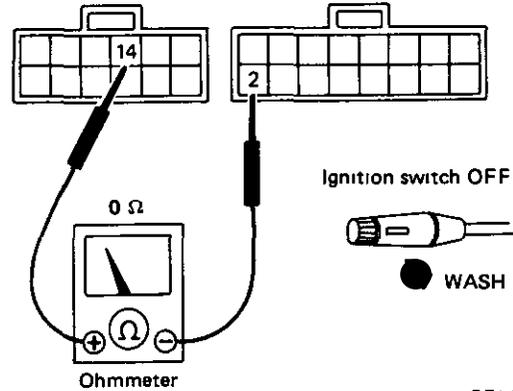
Replace T C U

NG

Check harness between T C U and washer switch

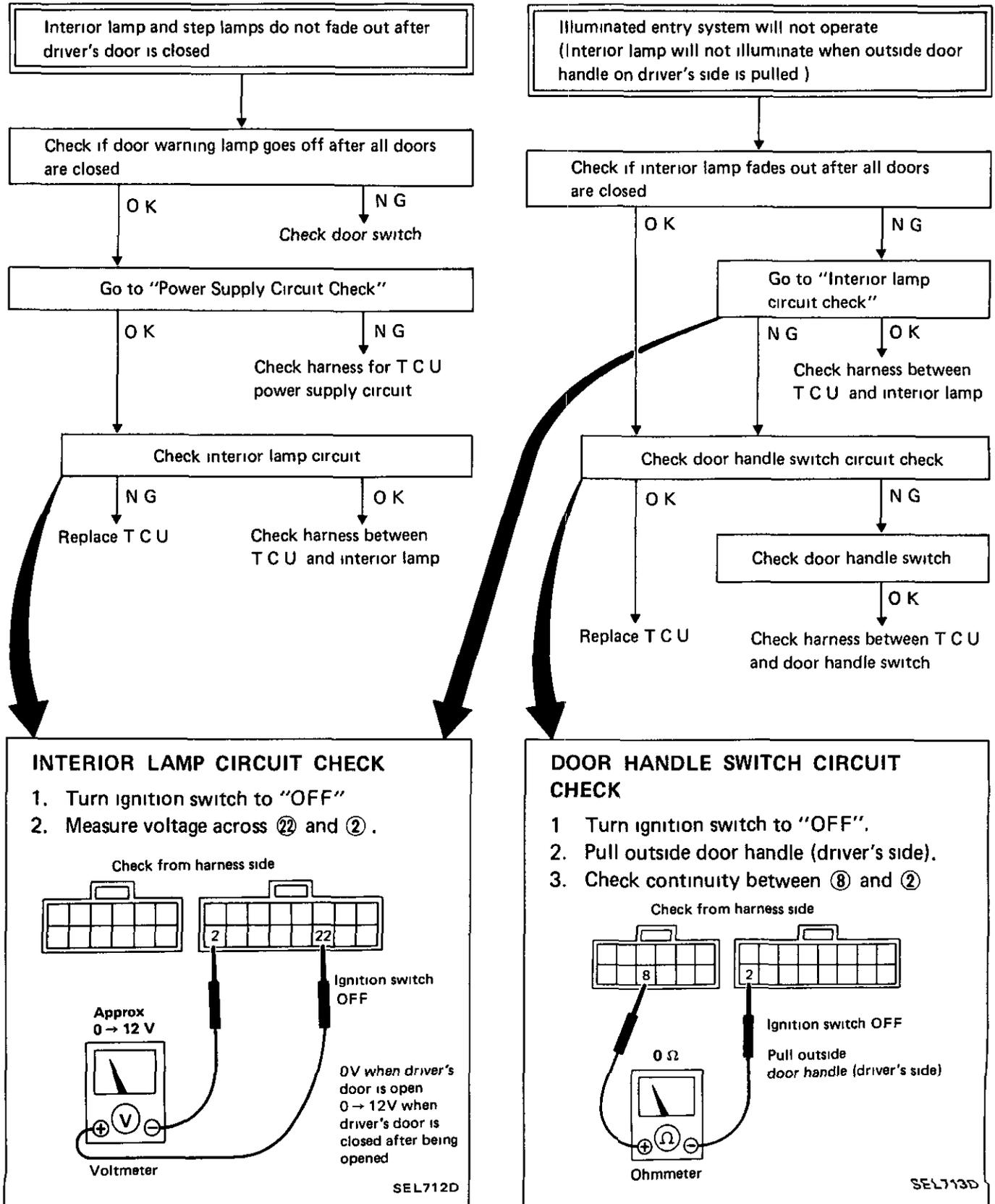
1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF"
2. Turn washer switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ①④ and ②.

Check from harness side



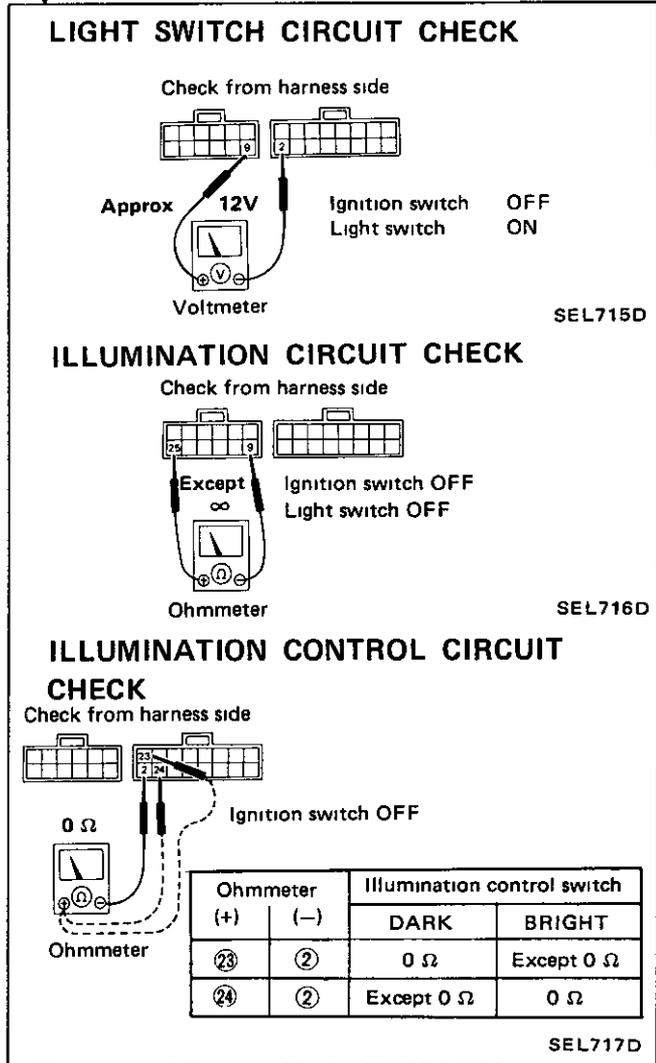
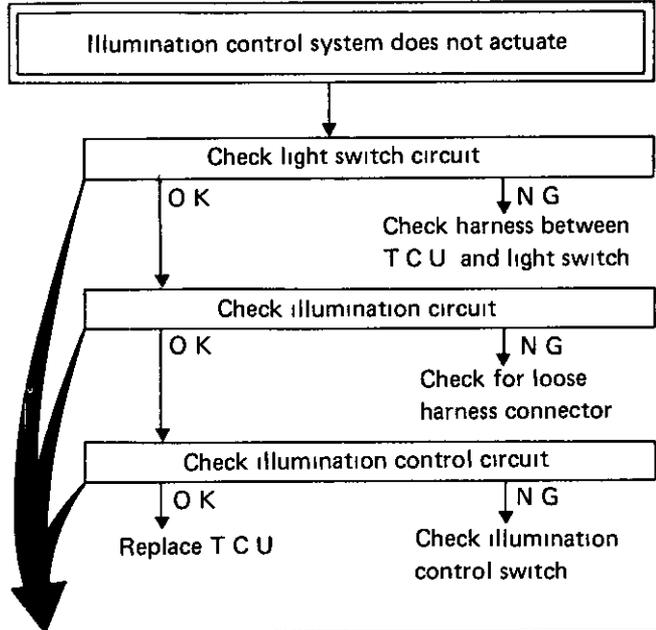
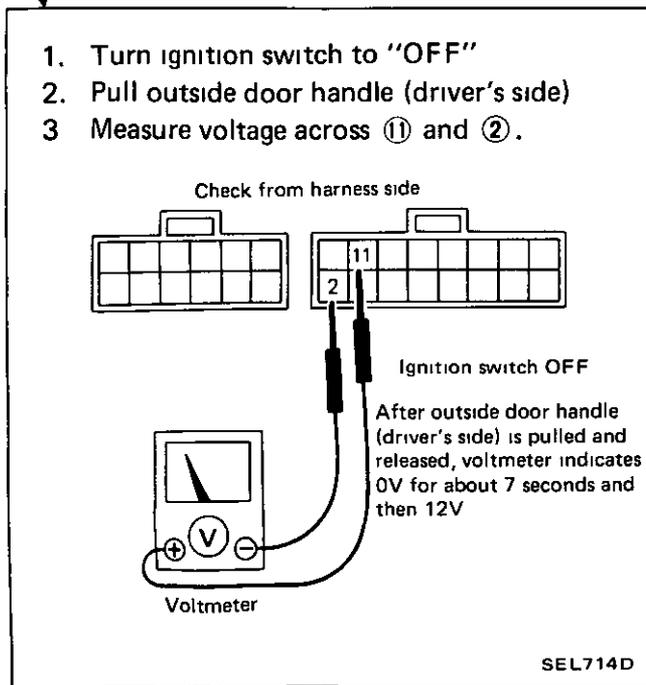
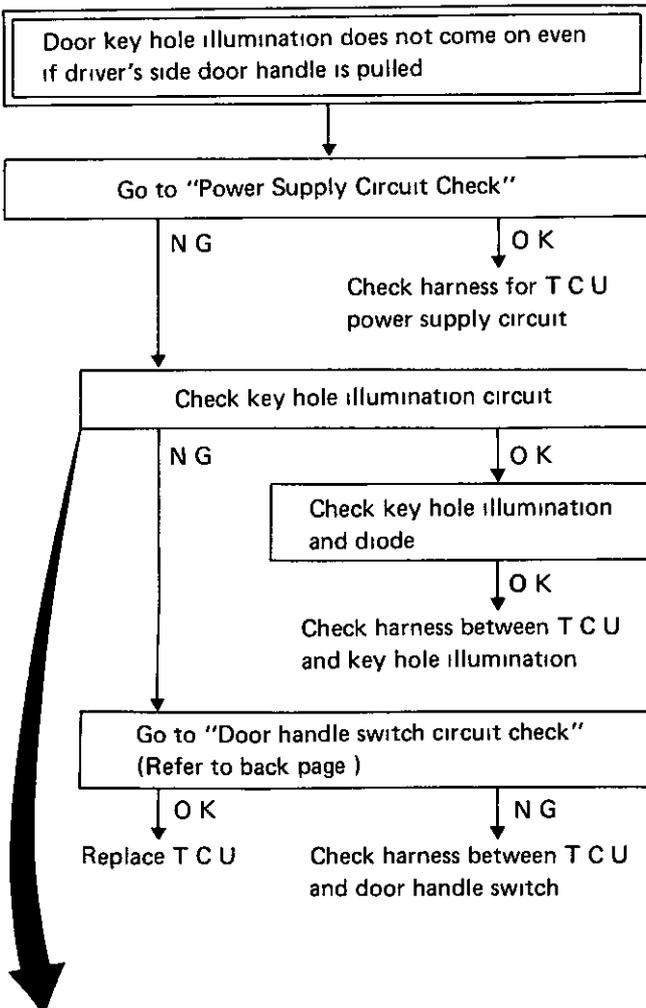
# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



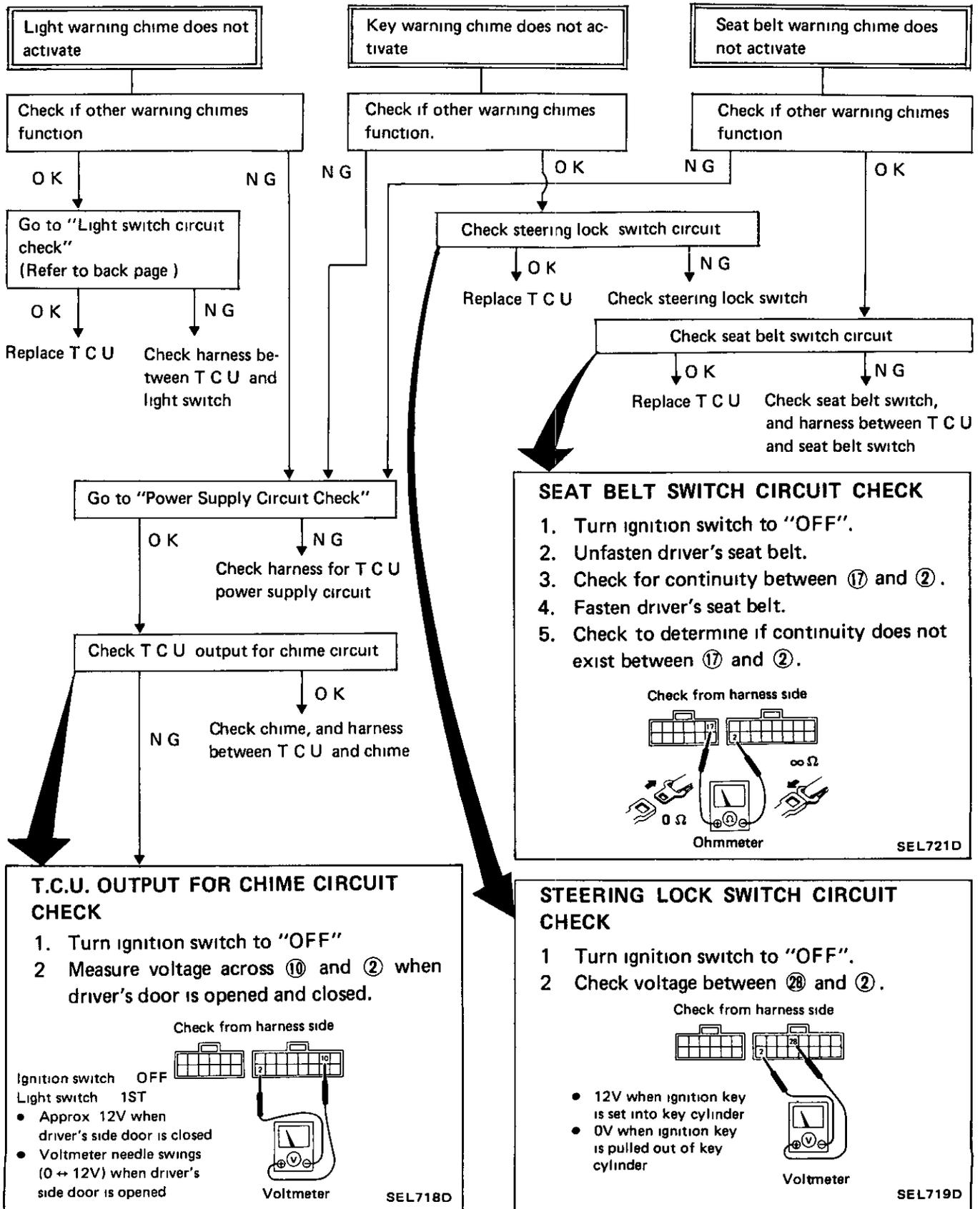
# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



# TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Seat belt warning lamp does not go off nor come on

Go to "Power Supply Circuit Check"

OK

NG  
Check harness for T C U  
power supply circuit

Check belt warning circuit

NG

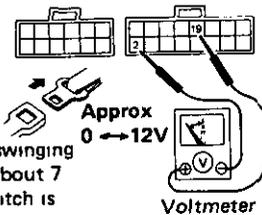
Replace T C U

OK  
Check warning lamp

### BELT WARNING CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Unfasten seat belt
2. Measure voltage across ⑱ and ② when ignition switch is "ON".

Check from harness side



Voltmeter needle keeps swinging (approx 0 ↔ 12V) for about 7 seconds after ignition switch is turned ON

SEL720D

Rear defogger does not activate, or does not go off automatically

Go to "Power Supply Circuit Check".

OK

NG  
Check harness for T C U  
power supply circuit

Check rear defogger circuit

NG

OK  
Check rear defogger relay,  
and harness between T C U  
and rear defogger relay

Check defogger switch circuit

OK

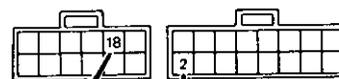
Replace T C U

NG  
Check defogger switch,  
and harness between T C U  
and defogger switch

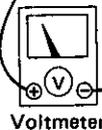
### REAR DEFOGGER CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "ON"
2. Measure voltage across ⑱ and ② while operating rear defogger switch.

Check from harness side



Ignition switch ON

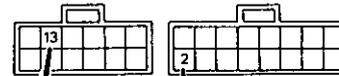


Approx  
12 V when rear defogger switch is OFF  
0 V when rear defogger switch is ON

SEL722D

### DEFOGGER SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

Check from harness side



Ignition switch OFF

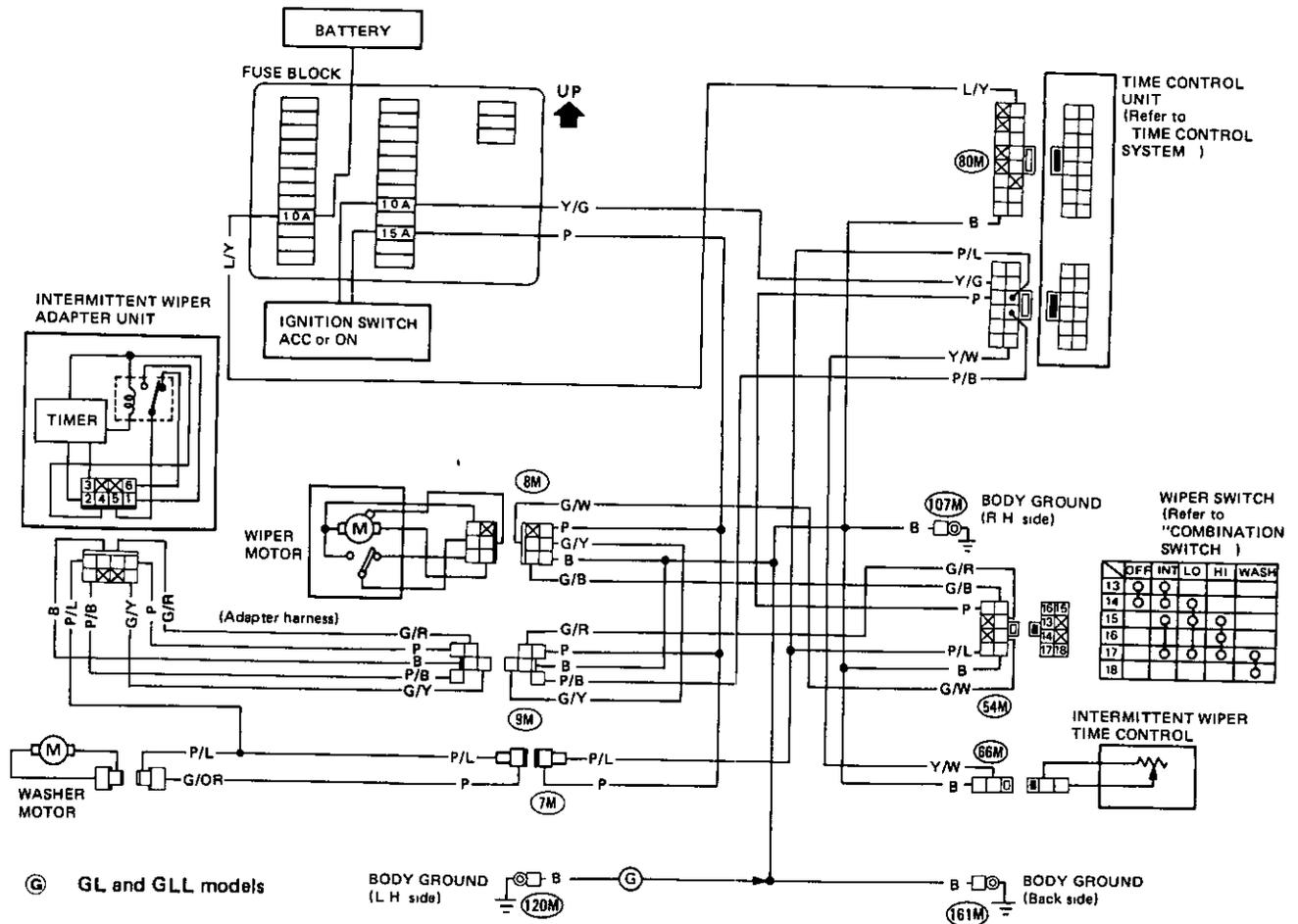
- 0Ω when rear defogger switch is ON
- Except 0Ω when rear defogger switch is OFF

Ohmmeter

SEL723D

# WIPER AND WASHER

## Windshield Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram



SEL117J

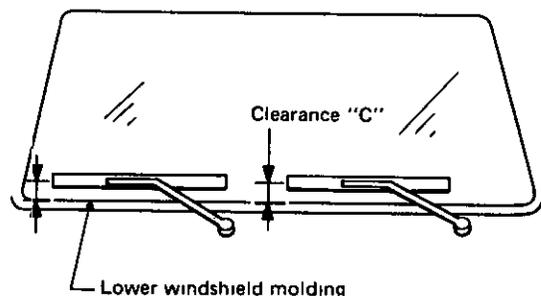
## Windshield Wiper and Washer/Installation

### WIPER ARM

- 1 Prior to wiper arm installation, set wiper switch to "LOW" to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
- 2 Adjust wiper blades within clearance "C"
- 3 Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque.  
🔧 13 - 18 N·m (13 - 1.8 kg·m, 9 - 13 ft·lb)
- 4 Eject washer fluid Set wiper switch to "LOW" to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF"

- 5 Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "C".

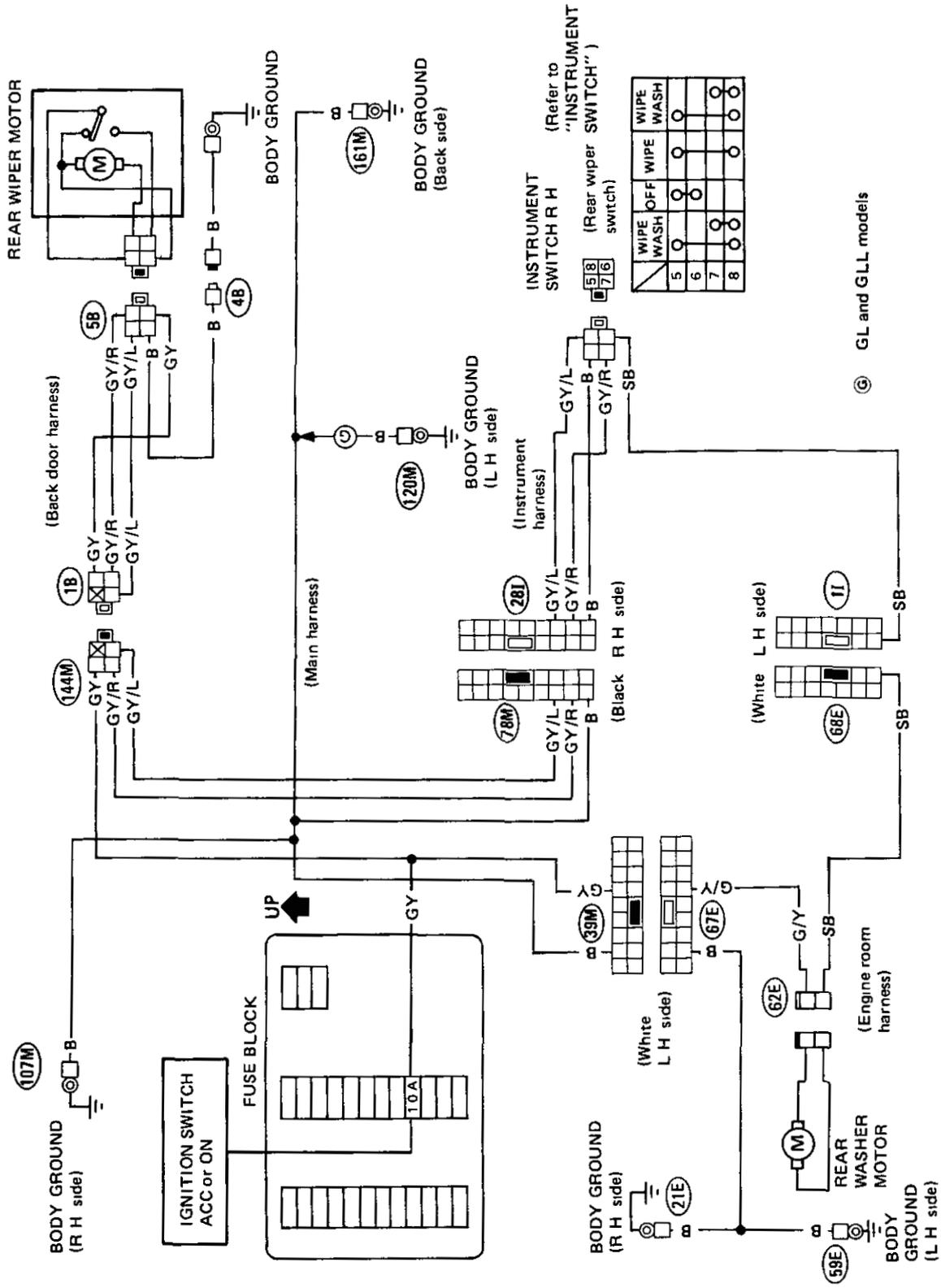
Clearance "C": 15 - 25 mm (0.59 - 0.98 in)



SEL355E

# WIPER AND WASHER

## Rear Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram

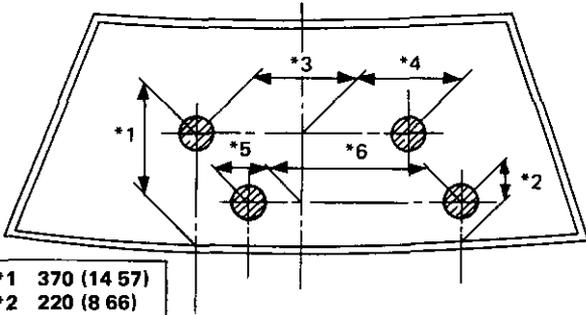


Ⓒ GL and GLL models

# WIPER AND WASHER

## Washer Nozzle Adjustment

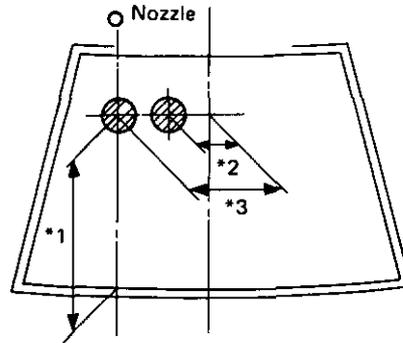
Front washer



- |    |             |
|----|-------------|
| *1 | 370 (14 57) |
| *2 | 220 (8 66)  |
| *3 | 360 (14 17) |
| *4 | 240 (9 45)  |
| *5 | 140 (5 51)  |
| *6 | 430 (16 93) |

Unit mm (in)  
SEL152J

Rear washer



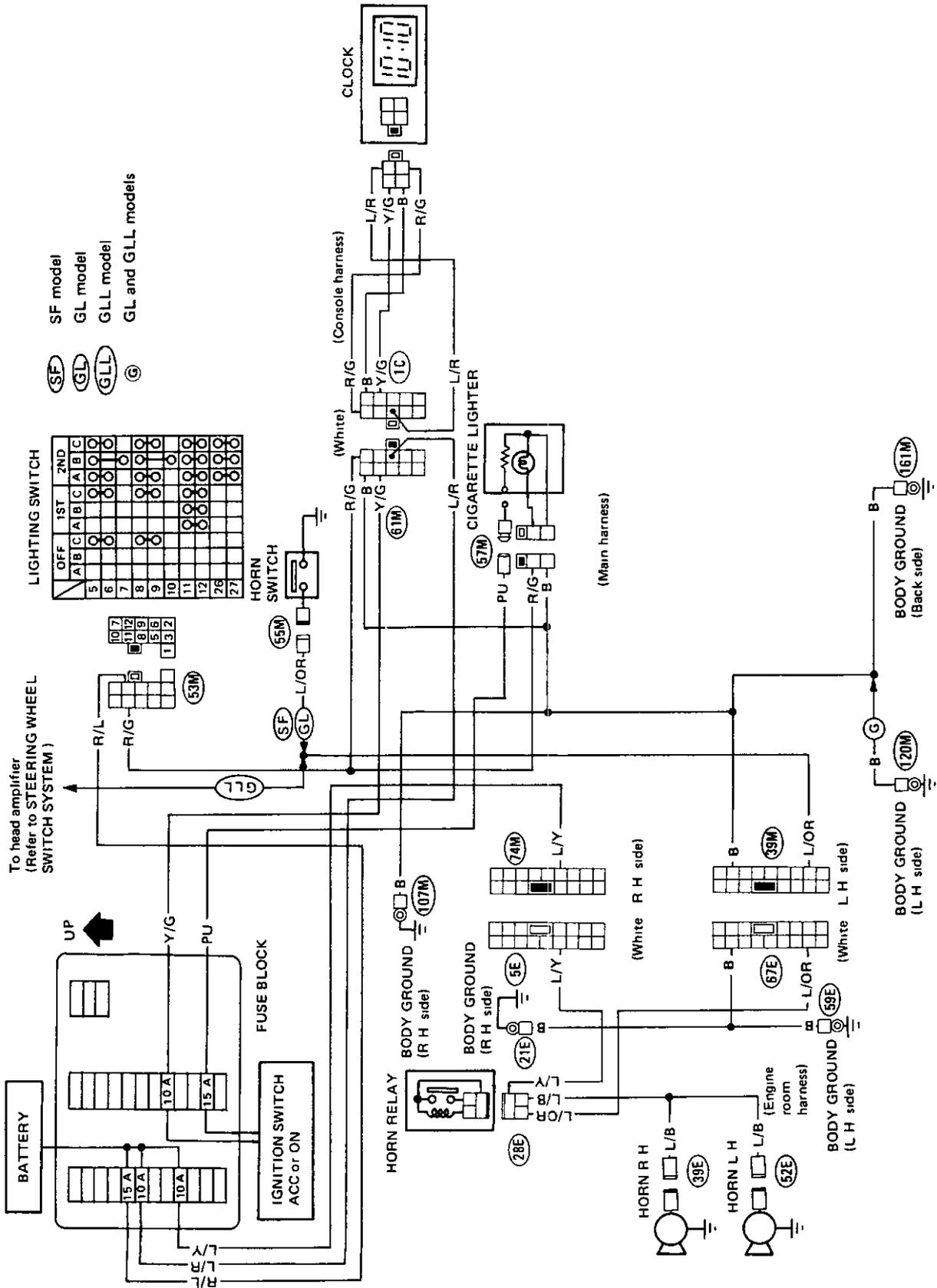
- |    |             |
|----|-------------|
| *1 | 600 (23 62) |
| *2 | 122 (4 80)  |
| *3 | 240 (9 45)  |

Unit mm (in)  
SEL153J



# HORN, CIGARETTE LIGHTER, CLOCK

## Wiring Diagram

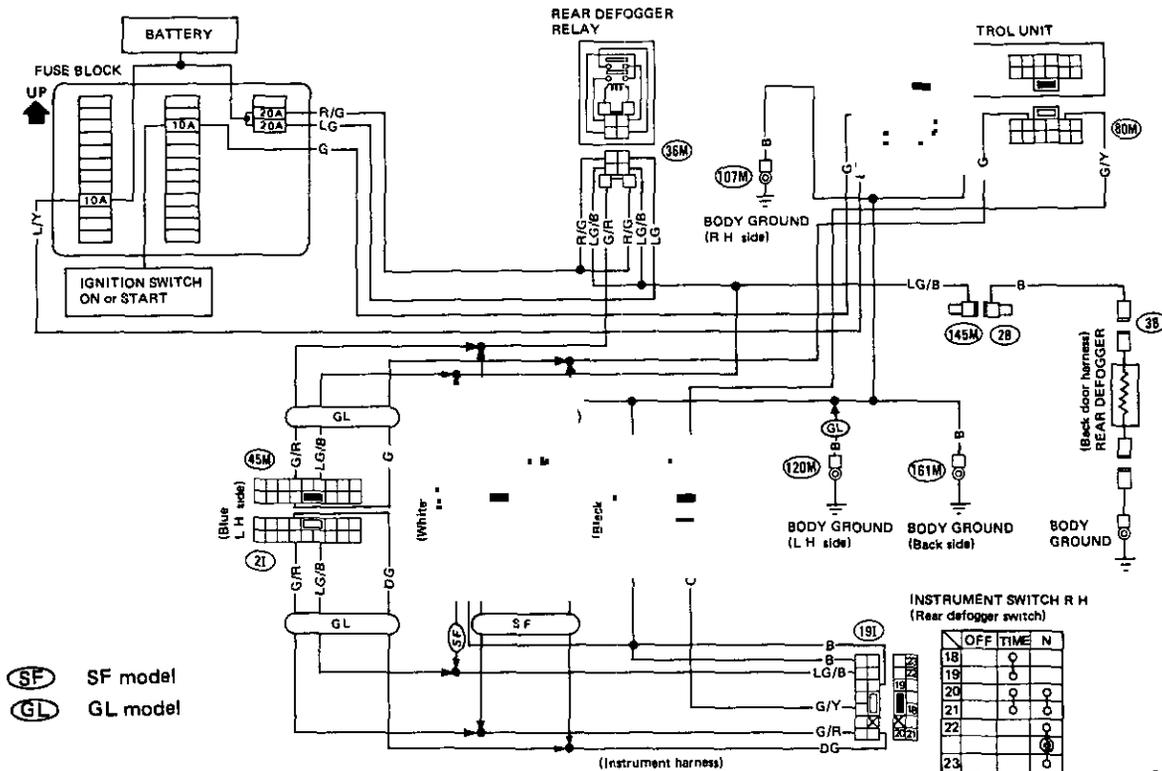


SEL121J

# REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

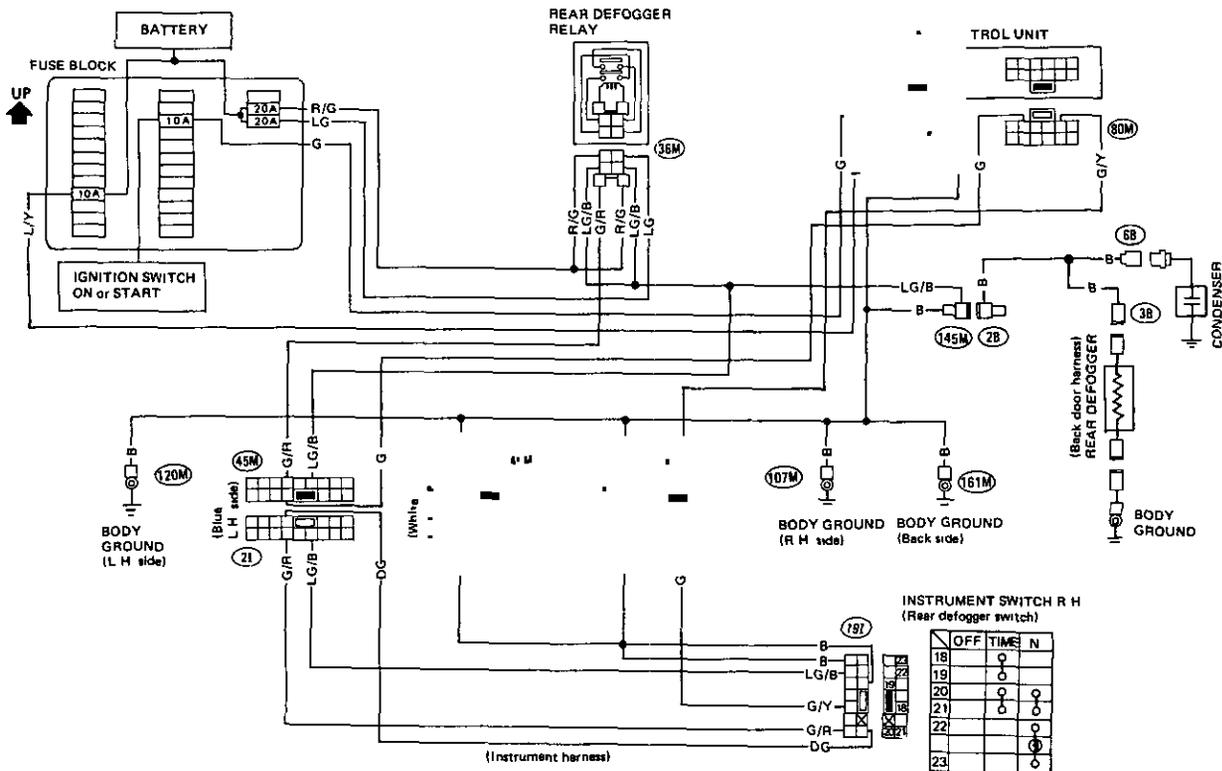
## Wiring Diagram

### SF AND GL MODELS



SEL122J

### GLL MODEL

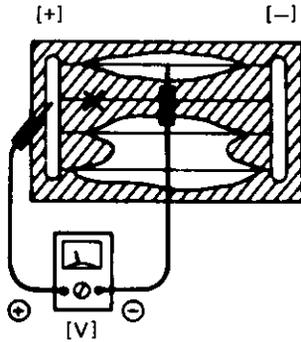


SEL123J

# REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

## Filament Check

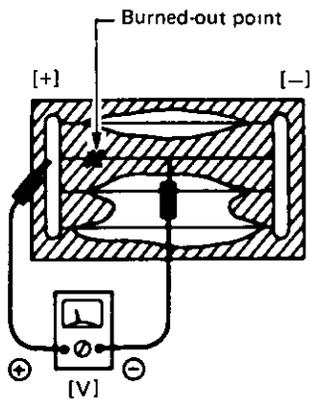
- 1 Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament



6 volts (normal filament)

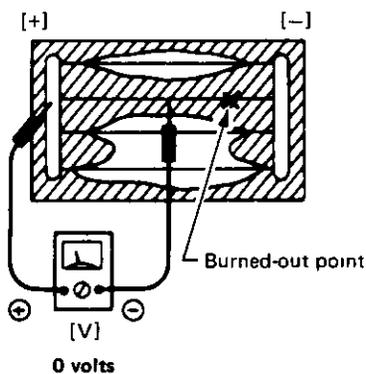
SEL263

2. If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.



12 volts

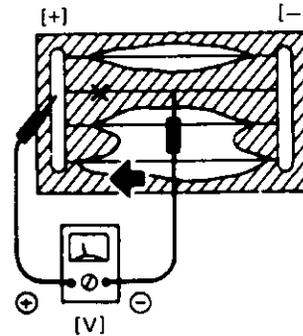
SEL264



0 volts

SEL265

- 3 To locate burned out point, move probe to left and right along filament to determine point where tester needle swings abruptly.



SEL266

## Filament Repair

### REPAIR EQUIPMENT

- 1 Conductive silver composition (Dupont No 4817 or equivalent)
- 2 Ruler, 30 cm (11 8 in) long
- 3 Drawing pen
- 4 Heat gun
- 5 Alcohol
6. Cloth

### REPAIRING PROCEDURE

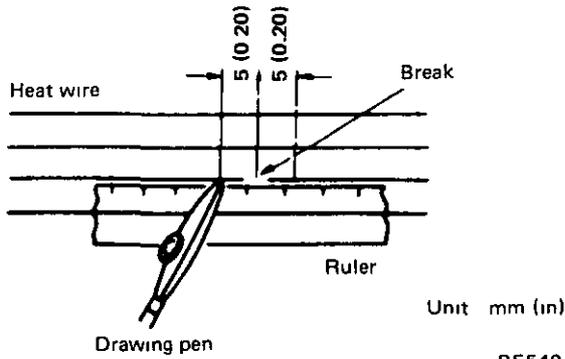
1. Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol
- 2 Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen

Shake silver composition container before use.

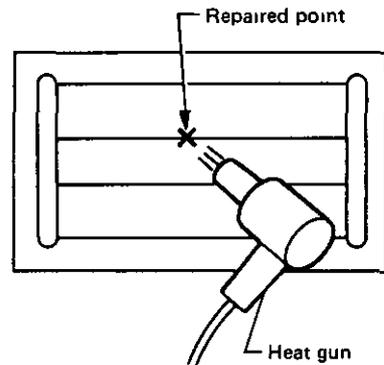
# REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

## Filament Repair (Cont'd)

- 3 Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break.

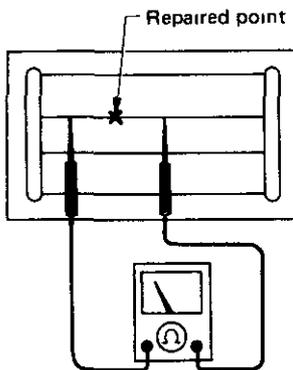


5. Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.



- 4 After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

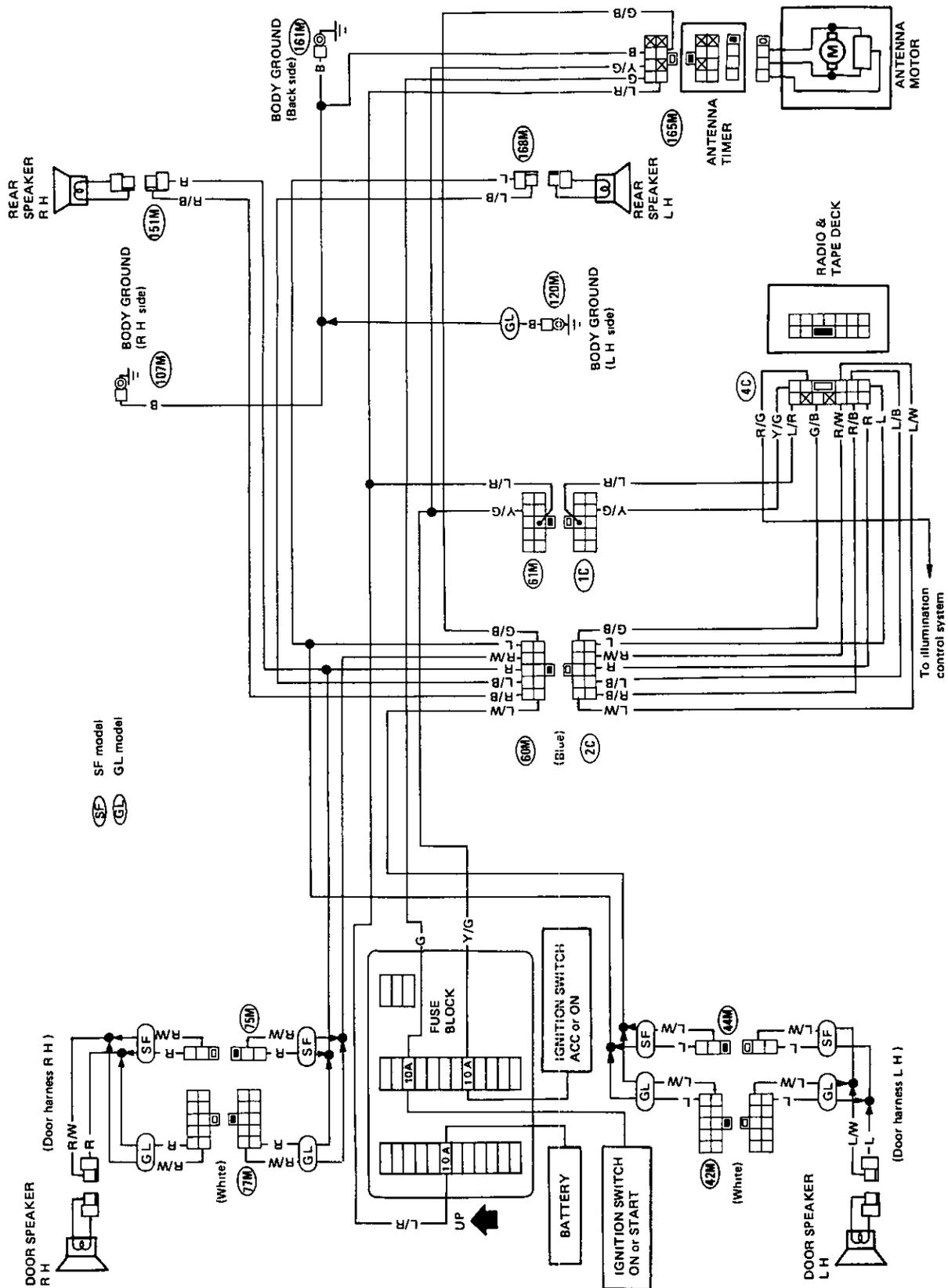
Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.



# AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

## Wiring Diagram

SF AND GL MODELS

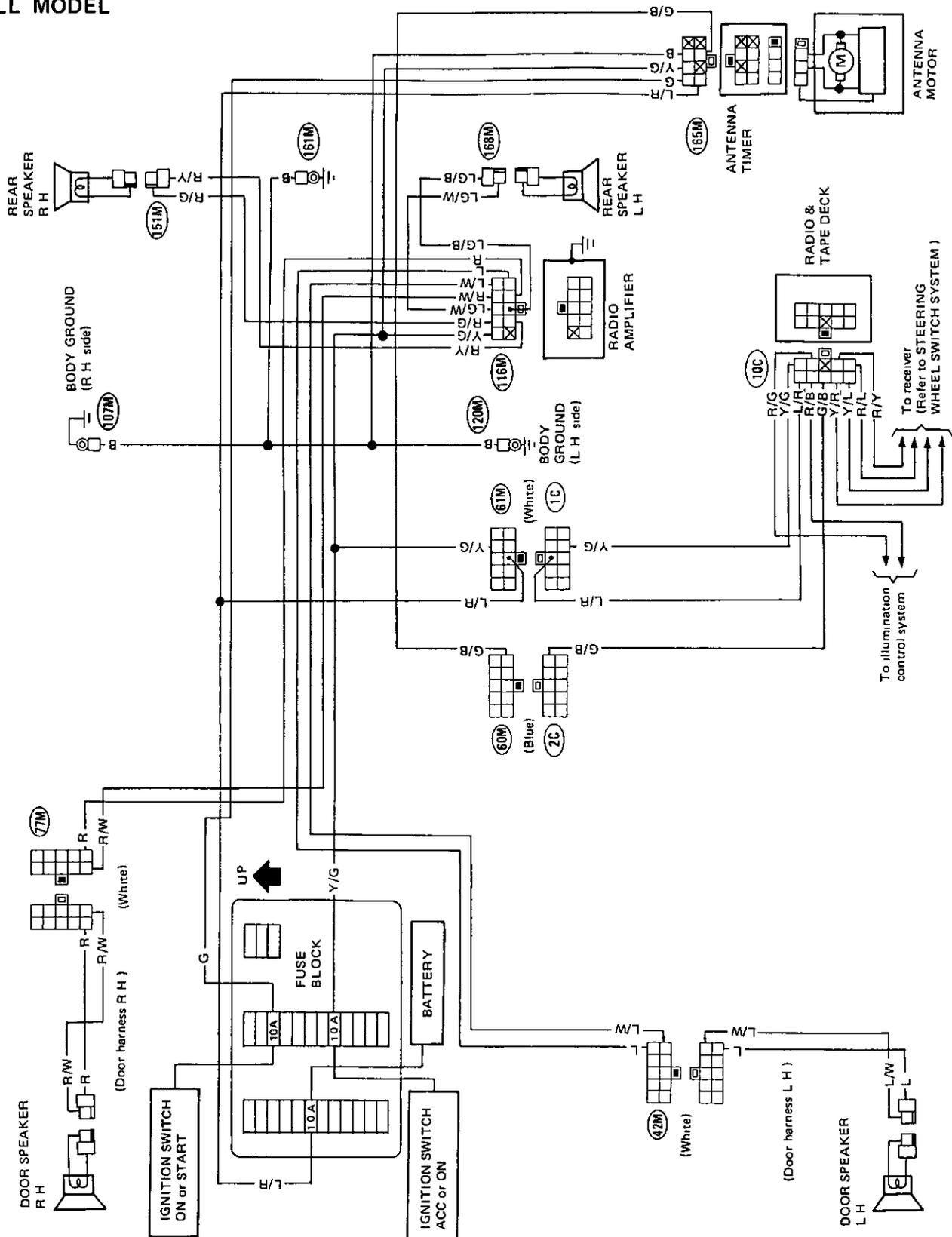


SEL124J

# AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

## Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

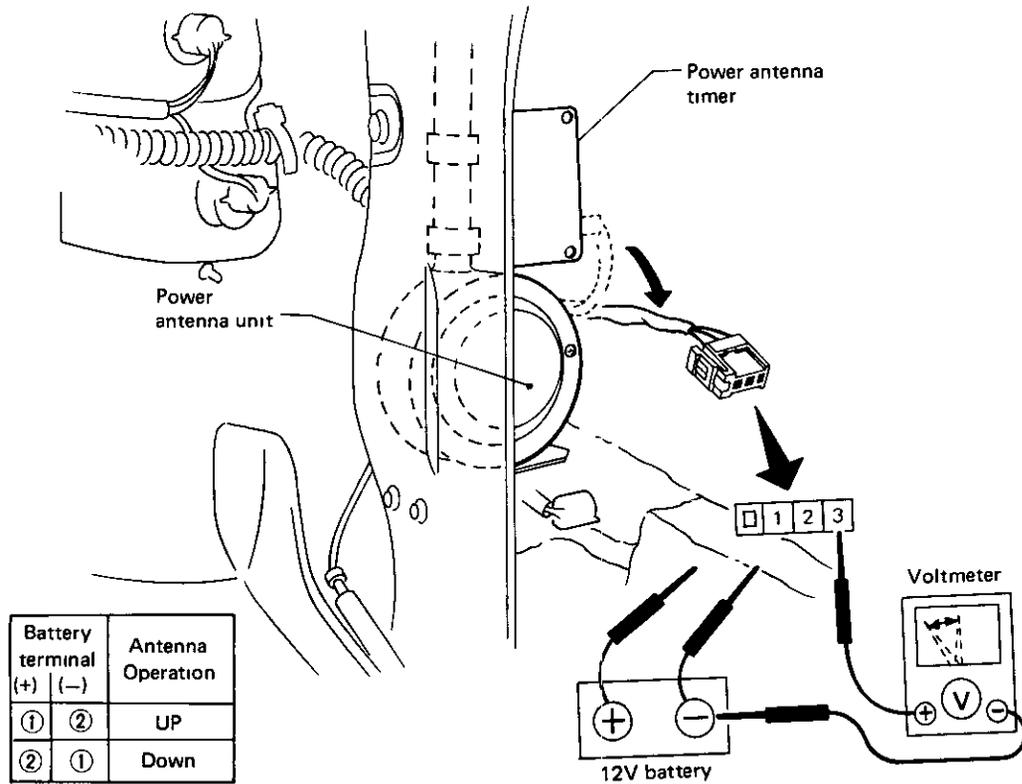
GLL MODEL



SEL125J

# AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

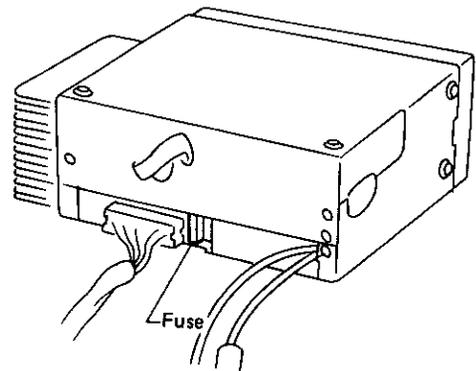
## Power Antenna Motor Check



SEL732D

## Radio Fuse Check

- 1 Disconnect, at connector, harness between power antenna unit and antenna timer.
  2. Apply 12-volt battery voltage across ① and ② to make sure antenna rod extends and retracts
  - 3 Connect a voltmeter across terminal ③ and ground terminal of battery.
  - 4 Check to determine if voltmeter varies between 0 and 12 volts (approx ) in relation to movement of antenna rod when 12-volt battery voltage is applied across ① and ②
- If above test results are not satisfactory, replace antenna motor.

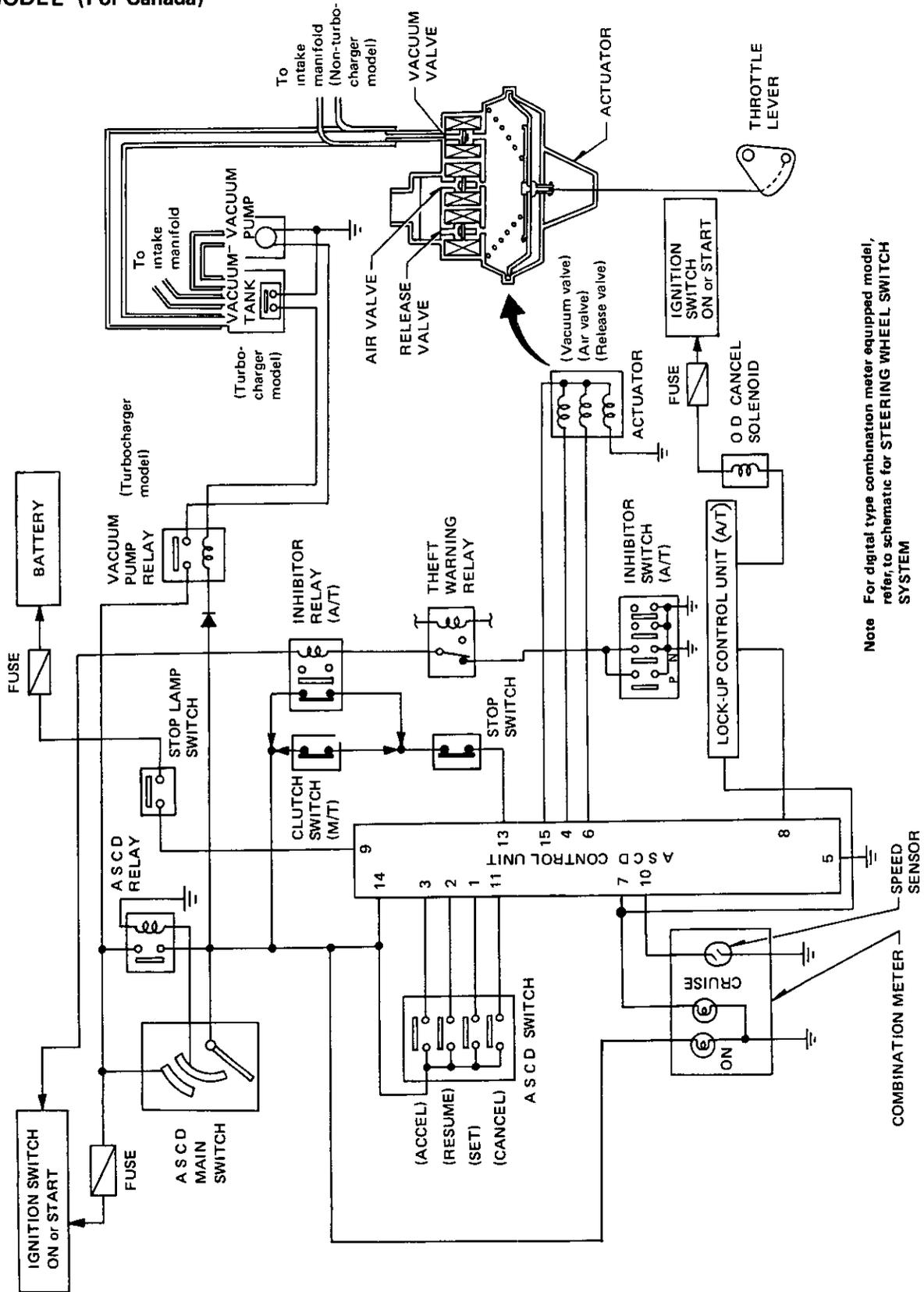


SEL733D

# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

## Schematic

GL MODEL (For Canada)



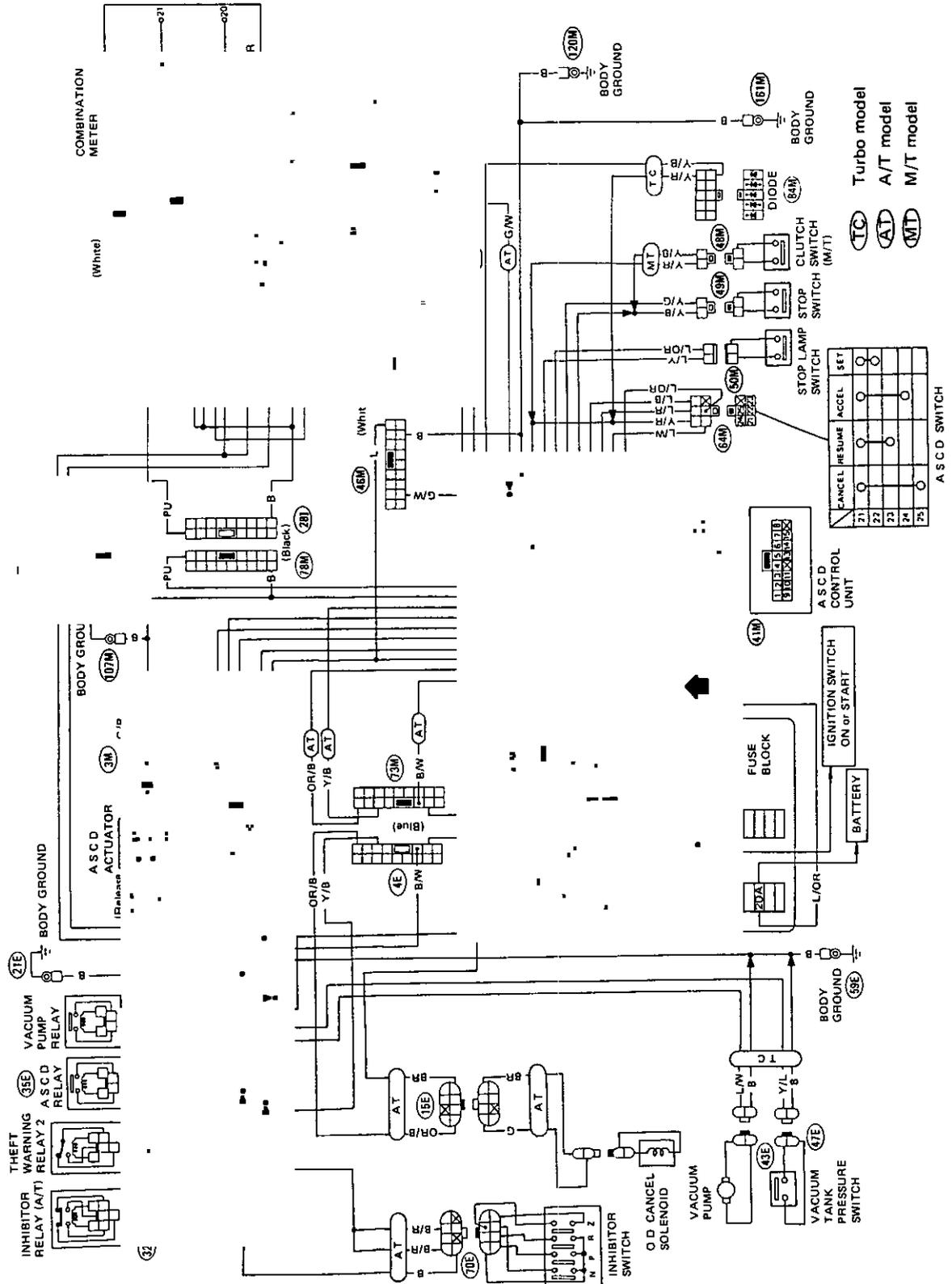
Note For digital type combination meter equipped model, refer to schematic for STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

SEL238J

# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

## Wiring Diagram

GL MODEL (For Canada)



SEL239J

# **AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)**

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## **Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)**

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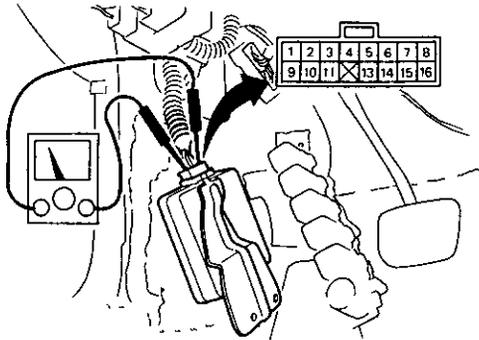
### **GLL MODEL**

Refer to wiring diagram for STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

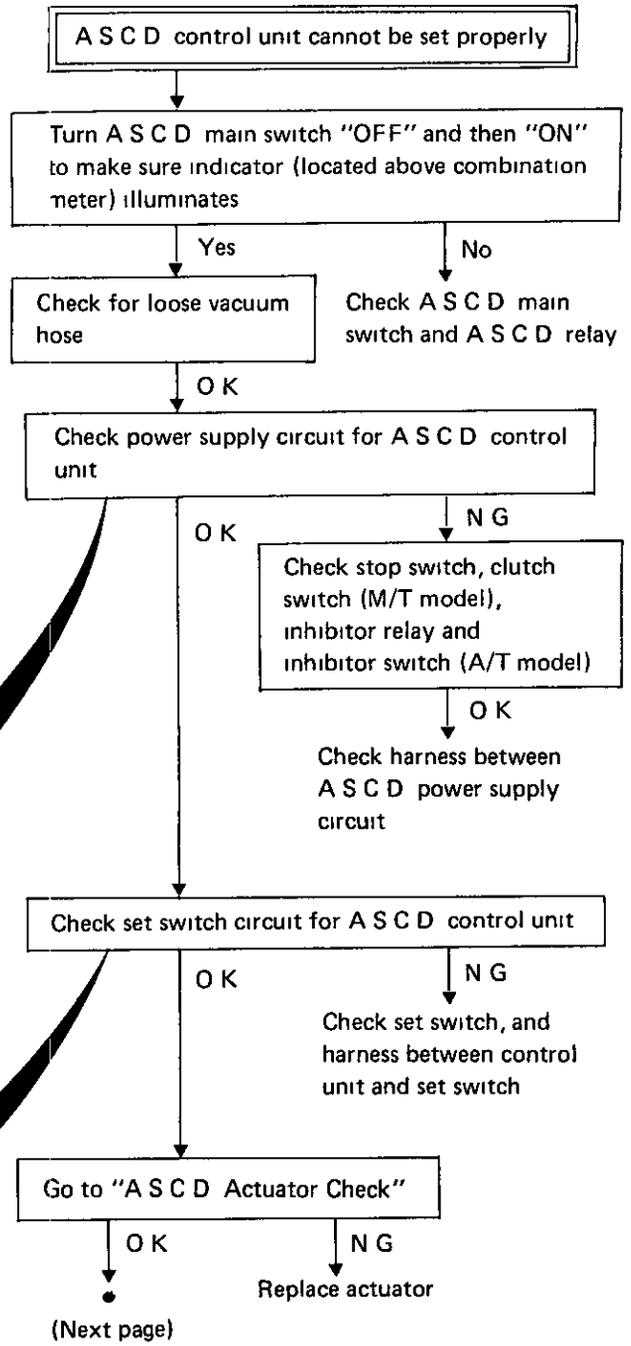
# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

## Preparation for Trouble-shooting ————— Trouble-shooting

- Remove A.S.C.D. control unit with harness connected

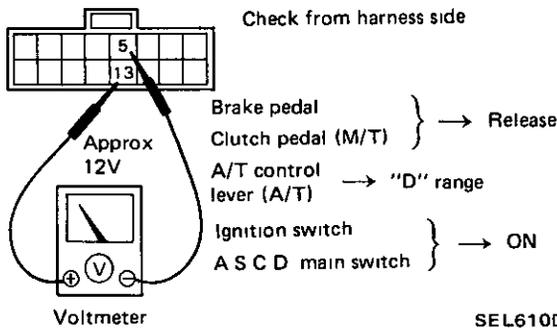


SEL520F



### POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT CHECK

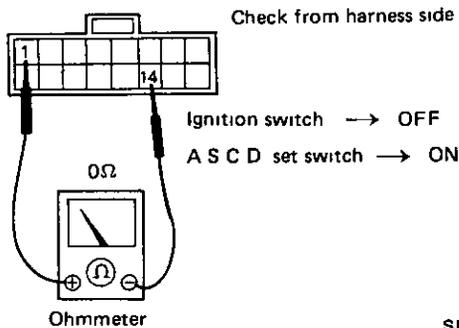
- Release brake and clutch pedals.
- Turn ignition switch to "ON".
- Turn A S C D main switch to "ON".
- Check voltage between ⑬ and ⑤



SEL610D

### SET SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

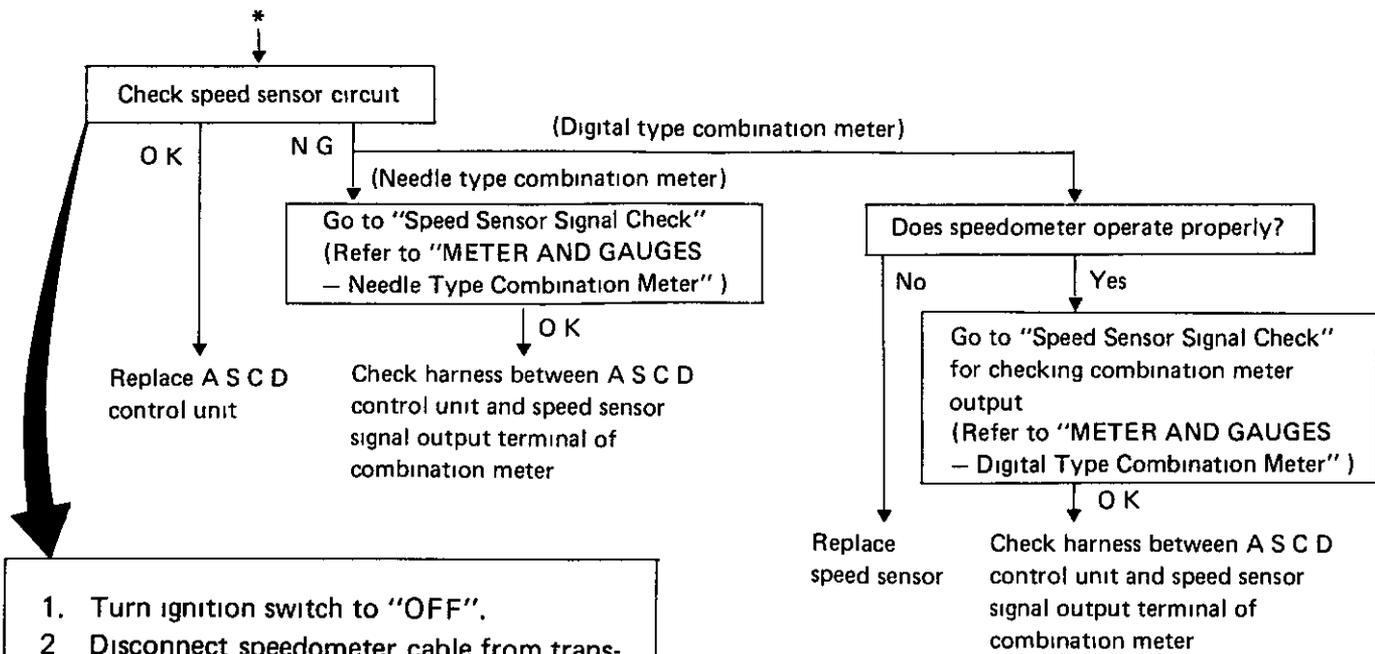
- Turn ignition switch to "OFF"
- Push A S C D set switch.
- Check continuity between ① and ⑭



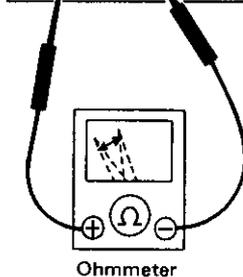
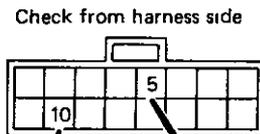
SEL611D

# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



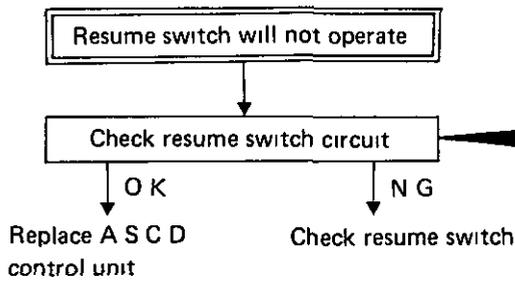
1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
  2. Disconnect speedometer cable from transmission.
  3. Connect an ohmmeter between ⑩ and ⑤
  4. Turn ignition switch to "ON"
  5. Slowly turn speedometer cable pinion by hand to make sure ohmmeter pointer deflects
- Ohmmeter pointer should deflect twice per rotation of pinion.



SEL763D

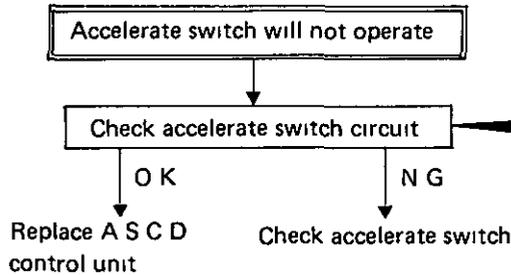
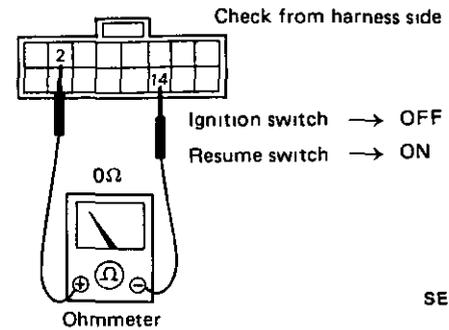
# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



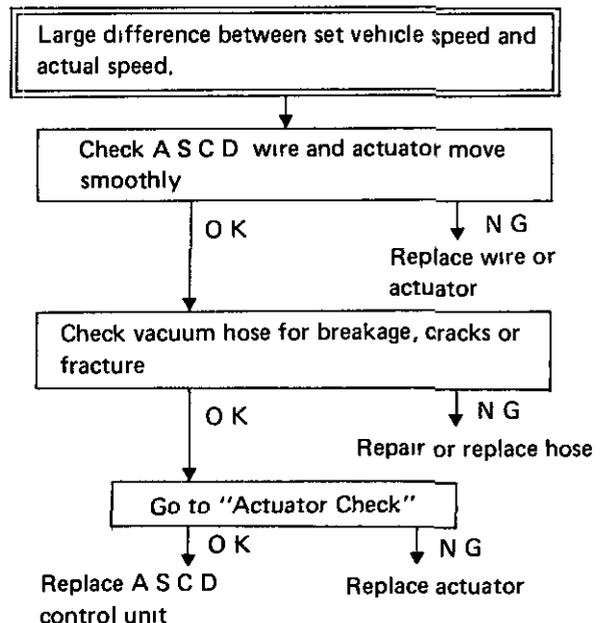
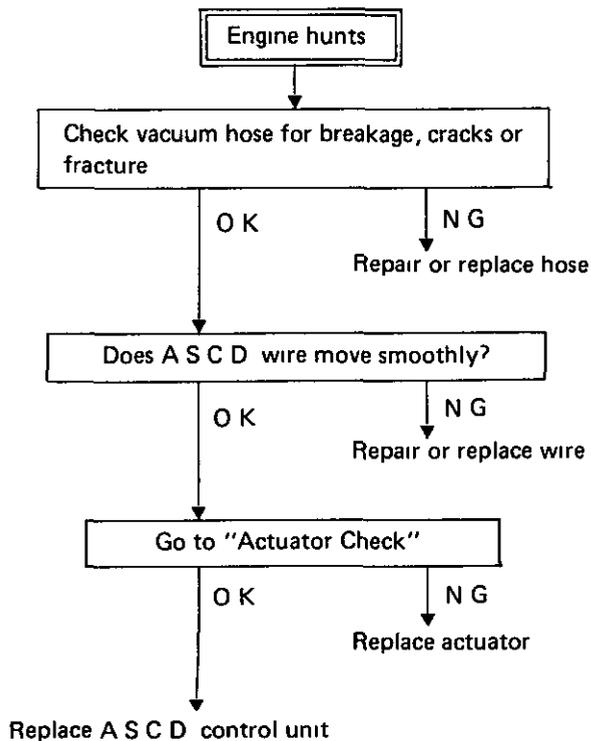
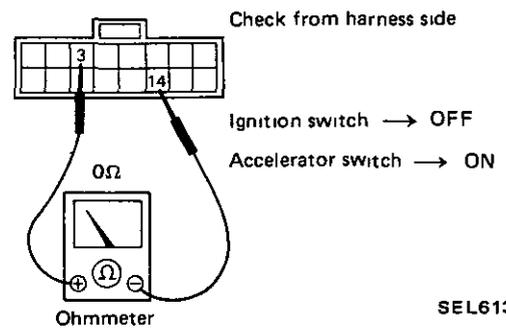
### RESUME SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn resume switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ② and ⑭.



### ACCELERATE SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn accelerate switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ③ and ⑭.



# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

A/T model only

- When A S C D is set while vehicle is operating in "O D" range, O D will be cancelled and shifting to O D cannot be made thereafter
- While vehicle is being driven using A S.C.D in "O D" range, O D will not be cancelled even if actual car speed is 6 km/h (4 MPH) lower than set speed (Set speed cannot be maintained)

Check O D cancel circuit for A S C D control unit

OK

Replace A S C D control unit

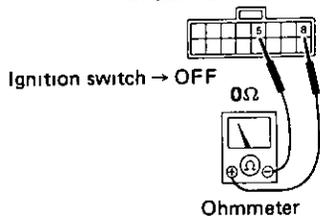
NG

- **Electronic-controlled A/T**  
Check harness between lock-up control unit and A S C D control unit
- **Conventional A/T**  
Check harness between O D cancel solenoid, O D cancel switch and A S C D control unit

### ELECTRONIC-CONTROLLED A/T EQUIPPED MODEL (E4N71B)

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF"
- Check continuity between ⑧ and ⑤

Check from harness side

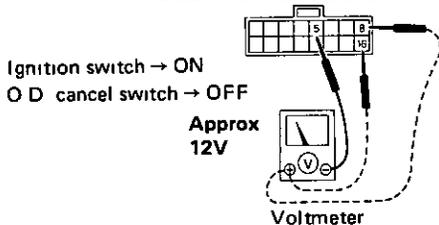


SEL737D

### CONVENTIONAL A/T EQUIPPED MODEL (4N71B)

- Turn ignition switch to "ON"
- Turn O D cancel switch to "OFF"
- Check voltage ⑧ - ⑤ and ⑩ - ⑤.

Check from harness side

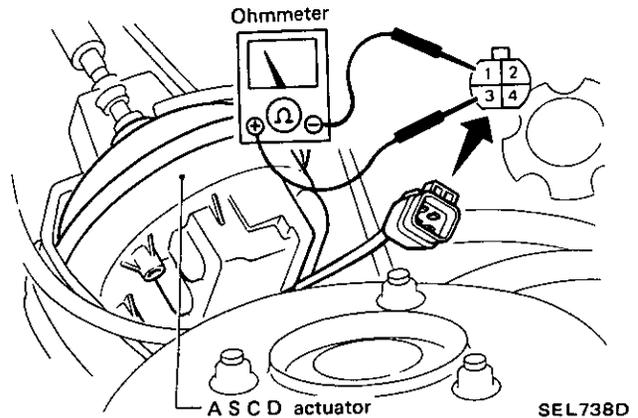


SEL741D

## A.S.C.D. Actuator Check

- 1 Check continuity between terminal ① and terminals ②, ③ and ④

Continuity exist ... O.K.



### CAUTION:

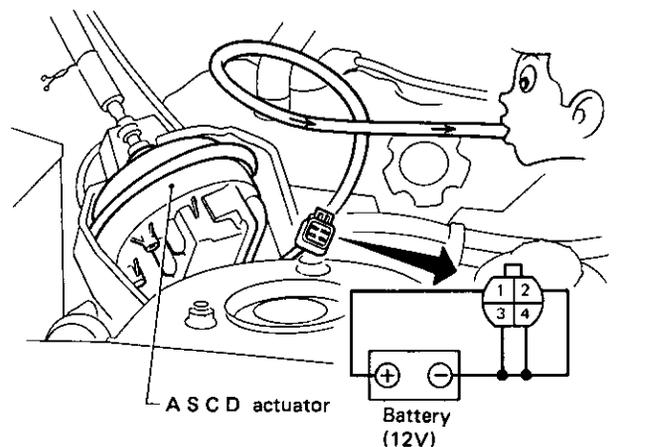
Do not attempt to remove valves from actuator.

- 2 Connect battery (approx 12V) to harness connector of actuator as shown below, and apply vacuum to actuator.

If diaphragm moves smoothly, actuator is O.K.

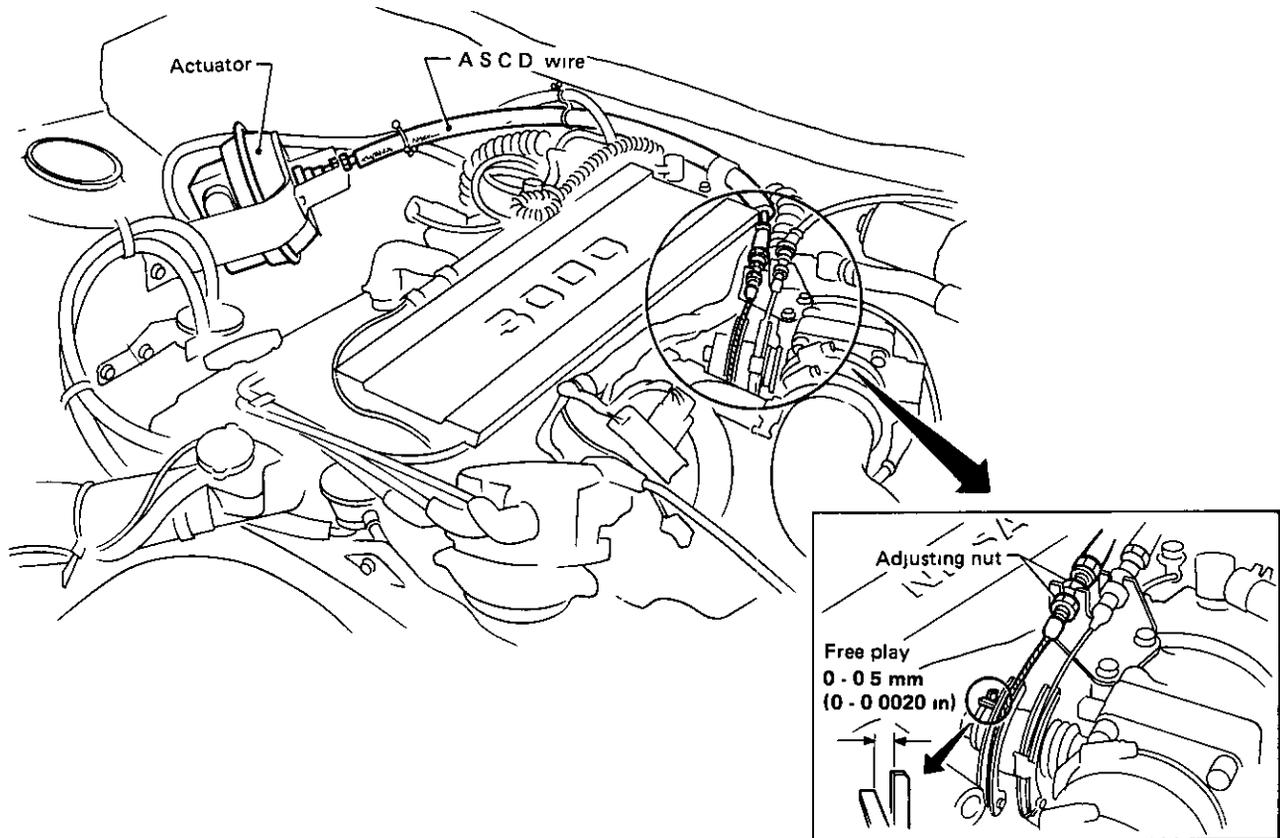
### CAUTION.

When checking actuator by applying vacuum, do not apply engine vacuum directly as it is too strong to check actuator properly.



# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

## A.S.C.D. Wire Adjustment



SEL740D

### CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist wire when removing it.
- Be careful not to pinch vacuum hose when installing actuator.
- Do not tighten wire excessively during adjustment.

Without depressing the accelerator pedal, adjust wire tension with adjusting nut

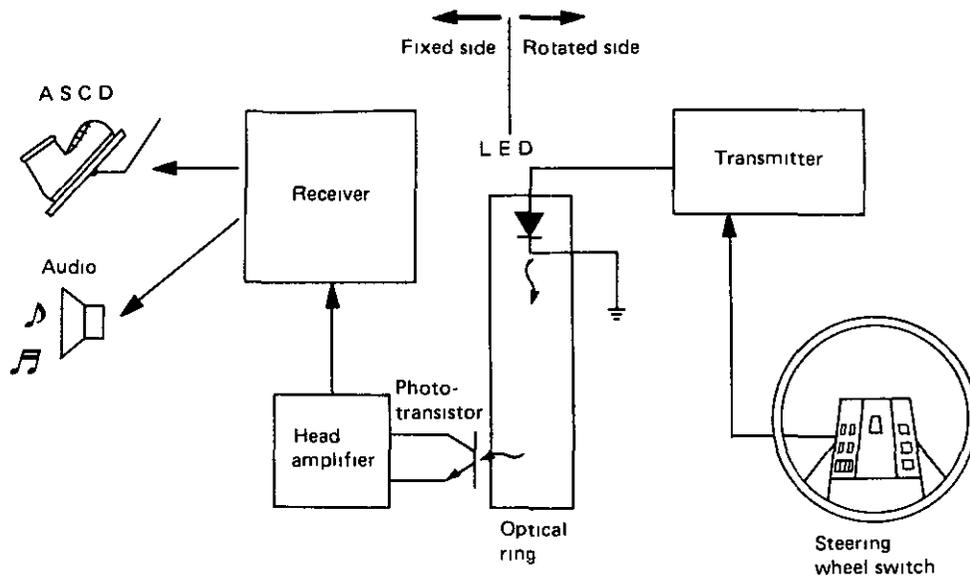
**Wire free play (at throttle lever):**

**0 - 0.5 mm (0 - 0.020 in)**

- For A.S.C.D. stop switch and clutch switch adjustment, refer to BR and CL sections.
- For vacuum pump and tank check, refer to HA section.

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Description



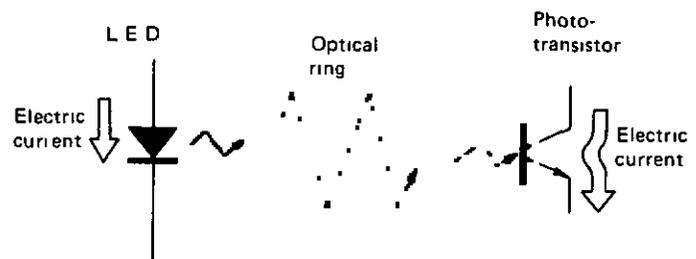
SEL647E

The steering wheel switch system transmits the on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel to the receiver optically and operates A.S.C.D and audio

### HOW TO TRANSMIT SWITCH SIGNAL OPTICALLY

- (1) The on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel is converted into an L E D, on-off signal by the transmitter
- (2) This L E D signal (optical signal) is transmitted to the photo-transistor through the optical ring
- (3) The optical signal is re-converted into electrical signal by the photo-transistor and transmitted to the receiver. Receiver controls A S C D and radio.

By the three steps mentioned above, the on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel is optically transmitted.



SEL648E

#### L.E.D. (Light Emitting Diode):

A diode which emits light when voltage is applied.

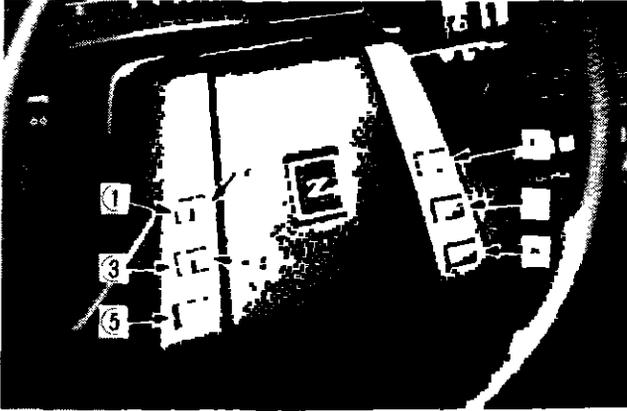
#### Photo-transistor:

A transistor which allows current to flow when light is applied

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Description (Cont'd)

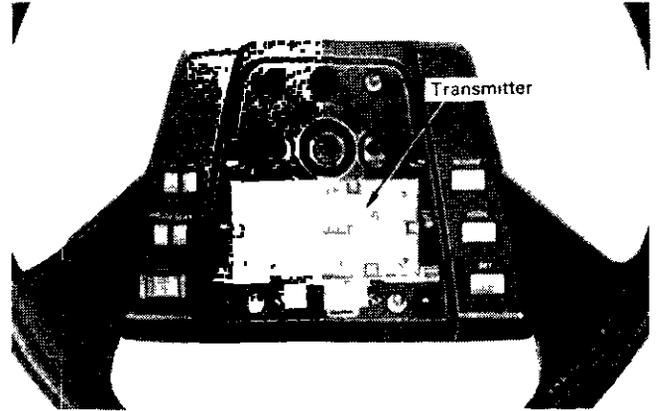
### STEERING WHEEL SWITCH



- If two or more audio switches or A S C D switches are pressed simultaneously, all the pressed switches will be cancelled
- If one switch is pressed while pressing another, the second one pressed will be cancelled

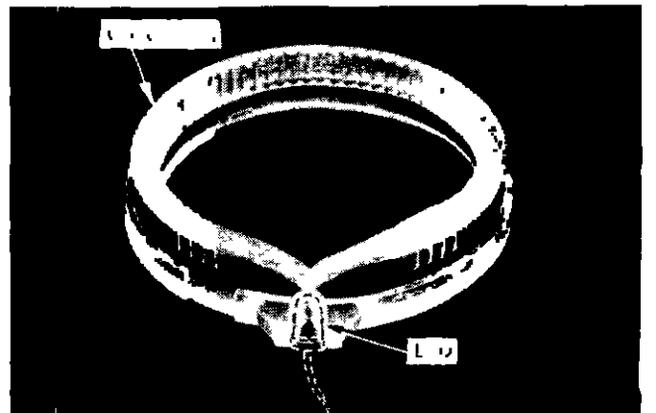
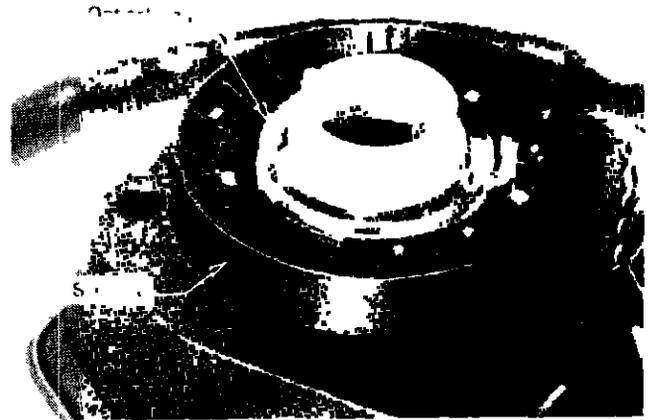
	Switch	Function
For Audio	① SW	Power ON/OFF
	② PLAY	Tape deck play
	③ AM/FM	AM/FM band selection
	④ SCAN	SCAN tuning (for radio) Auto program search (for tape deck)
	⑤ VOL	Volume
For A S C D	⑥ RESUME	Deceleration and resuming
	⑦ ACCEL	Acceleration
	⑧ SET	Cruising speed setting

### TRANSMITTER



The transmitter is a device which converts the signal from the steering wheel switch into intermittent current in order to flash the L E D

### OPTICAL RING



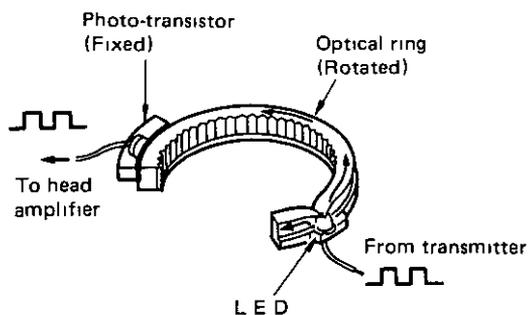
# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Description (Cont'd)

- The steering wheel switch system uses an acrylic optical ring, and this optical ring functions in the same way as optical fiber. The optical ring is built in the slip ring.

The slip ring must not be disassembled.

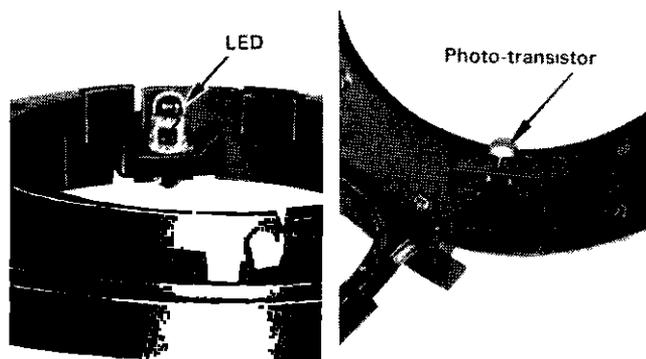
Light transmission path:



SEL649E

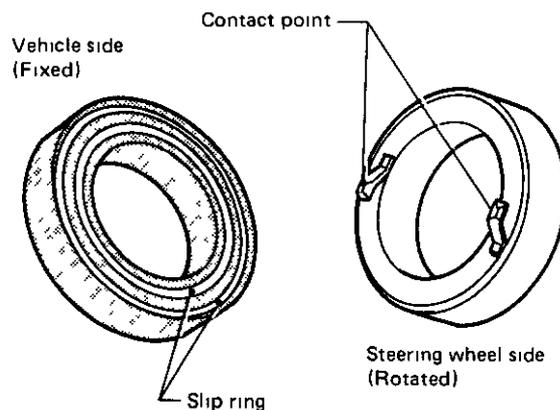
- As the LED embedded in the optical ring lights, its light moves forward while repeating reflection on the side wall of the ring. It eventually will reach the photo-transistor placed on the outer periphery of the ring.

L.E.D. and photo-transistor:



- The L.E.D. and optical ring are mounted on the steering wheel side of the slip ring and rotate with the steering wheel.
- The photo-transistor is mounted on the vehicle side of the slip ring and it does not rotate.

## SLIP RING

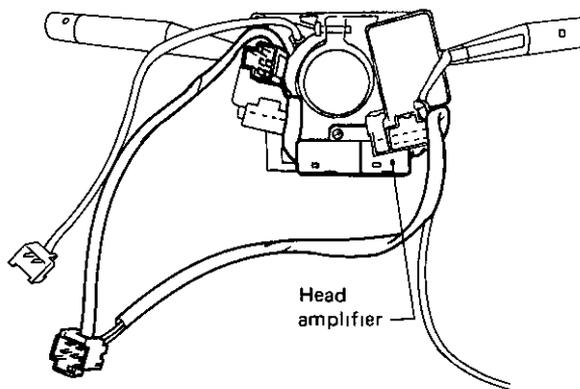


SEL650E

- Power for the transmitter is fed from the vehicle side through the slip ring.
- The horn switch circuit is connected to the vehicle side through the slip ring.

The slip ring must not be disassembled.

## HEAD AMPLIFIER



SEL651E

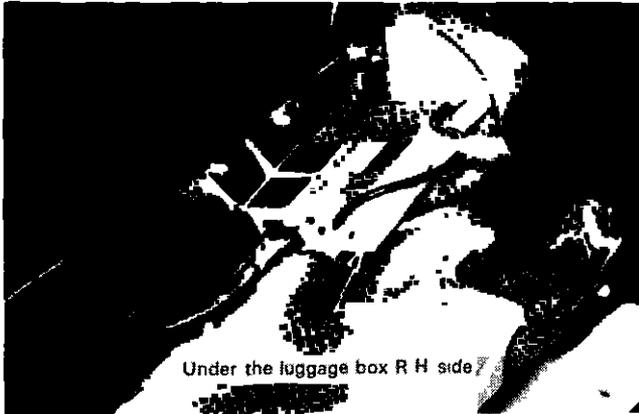
The photo-transistor allows a minimal amount of current to flow as it receives light. The head amplifier amplifies this current and sends it to the receiver.

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

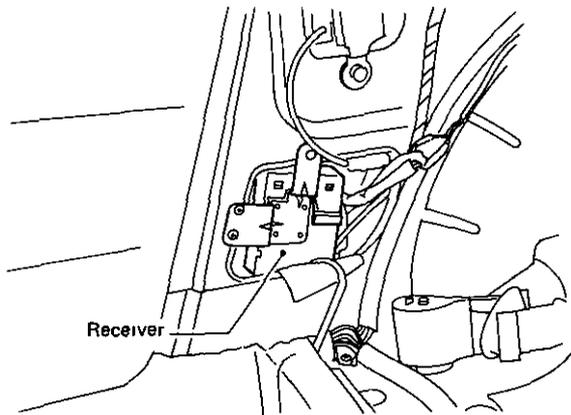
## Description (Cont'd)

### RECEIVER

2 seater model



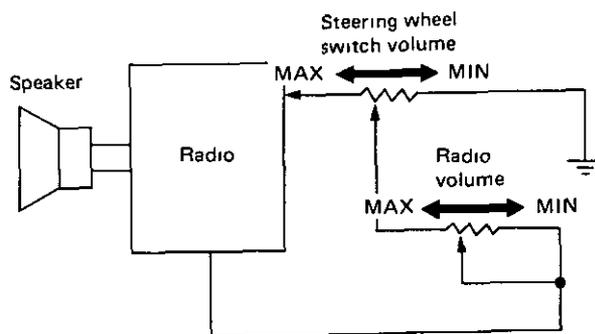
2+2 seater model



SEL900G

The receiver activates the radio or A S C D. drive circuit corresponding to the steering wheel switch signal sent from the head amplifier

### AUDIO VOLUME CONTROL

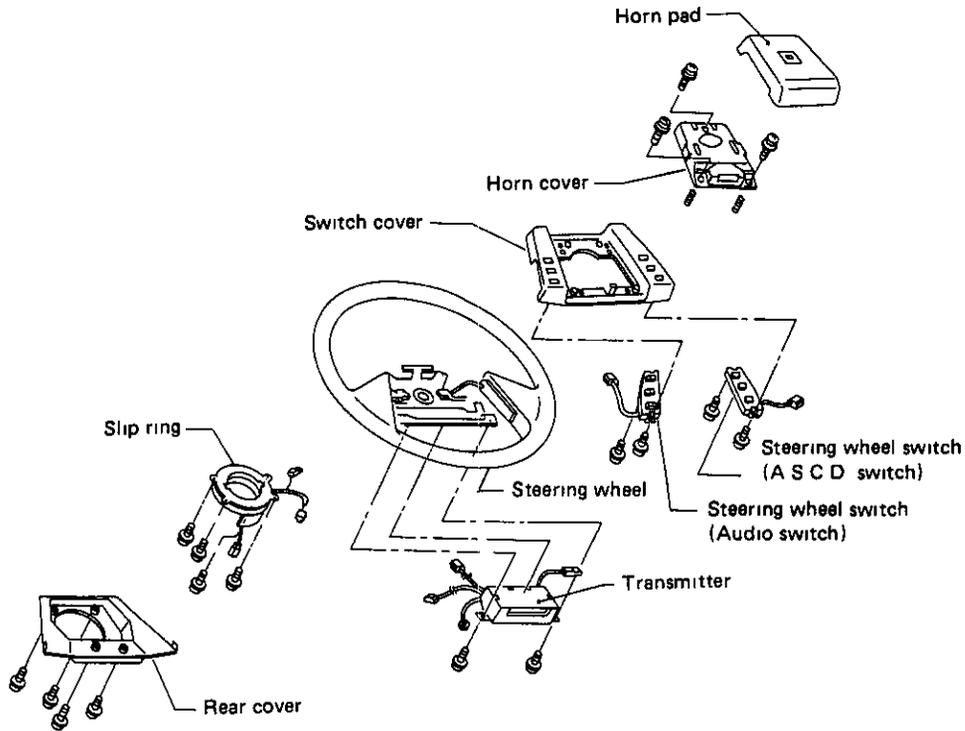


SEL652E

- The volume control on the steering wheel switch is connected in series with the volume control on the radio
- When the volume control on the radio is set to a minimum, no sound will be heard from the loudspeaker even if the steering wheel switch volume control is adjusted
- Sound level from the loudspeaker will be at the maximum when the steering wheel switch volume control is set to the maximum with the volume control on the radio also set to the maximum

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation

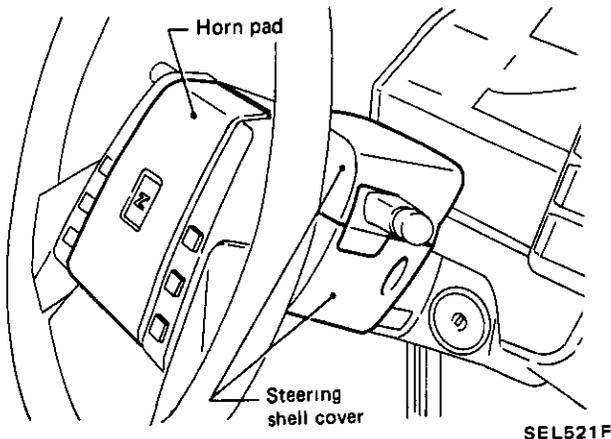


SEL653E

### STEERING WHEEL REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

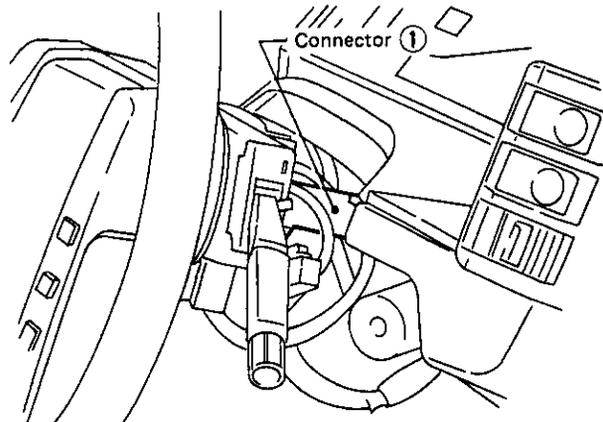
To prevent the steering wheel switch from being damaged, be sure to observe the following procedure:

- When removing the steering wheel.
1. Remove the horn pad and both sections of the steering shell cover.



SEL521F

2. Disconnect the connector ① first and then loosen the steering nut and remove steering wheel.

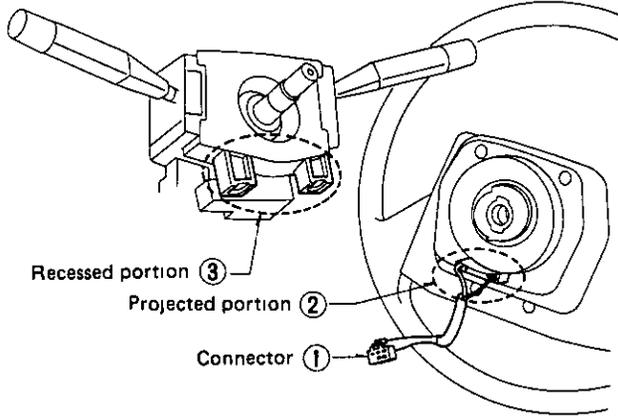


SEL522F

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

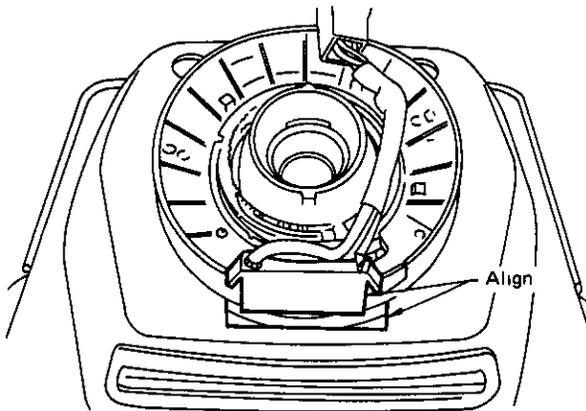
- When installing the steering wheel:  
First determine the slip ring position so that the projected portion ② of the slip ring will fit in the recessed portion ③ of the combination switch. Then install the steering wheel.



SEL523F

### STEERING WHEEL REAR COVER REMOVAL

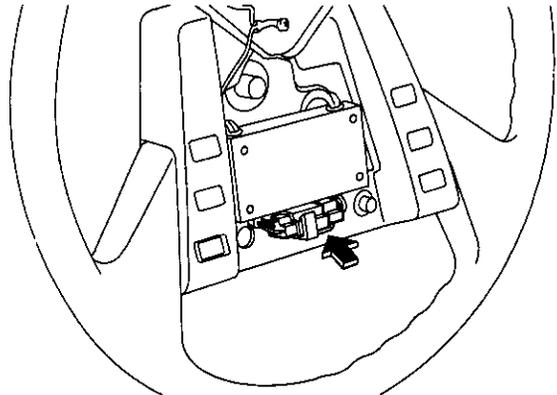
- Remove the rear cover with the projected portion of the slip ring fitted into the cutout portion of the rear cover.



SEL655E

### SLIP RING REMOVAL

- Remove the connector joining the slip ring and transmitter after removing the transmitter mounting screws. Then remove the transmitter.



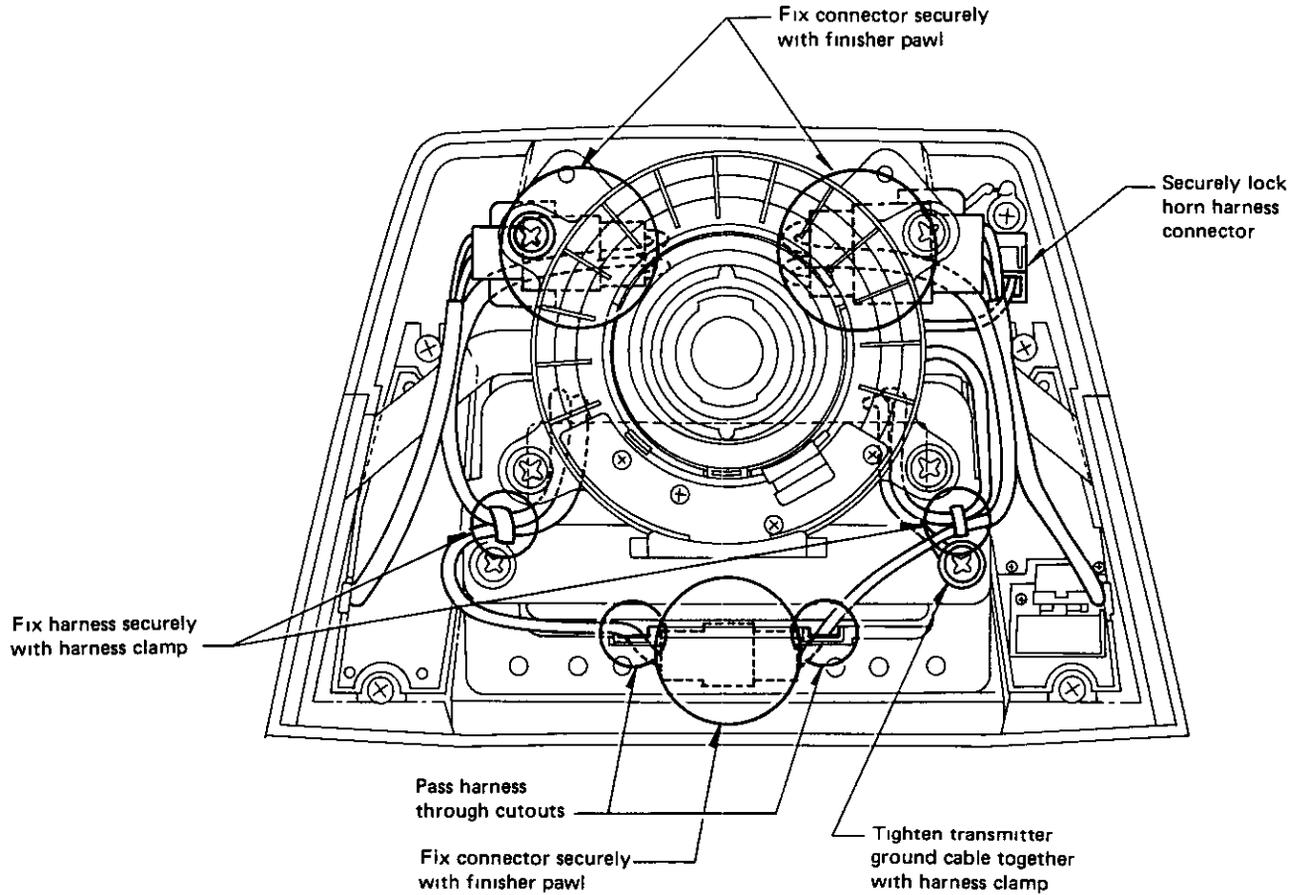
SEL656E

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

### TRANSMITTER AND SLIP RING INSTALLATION

- When installing the transmitter and slip ring, arrange and secure the harnesses and connectors as shown in the following figure

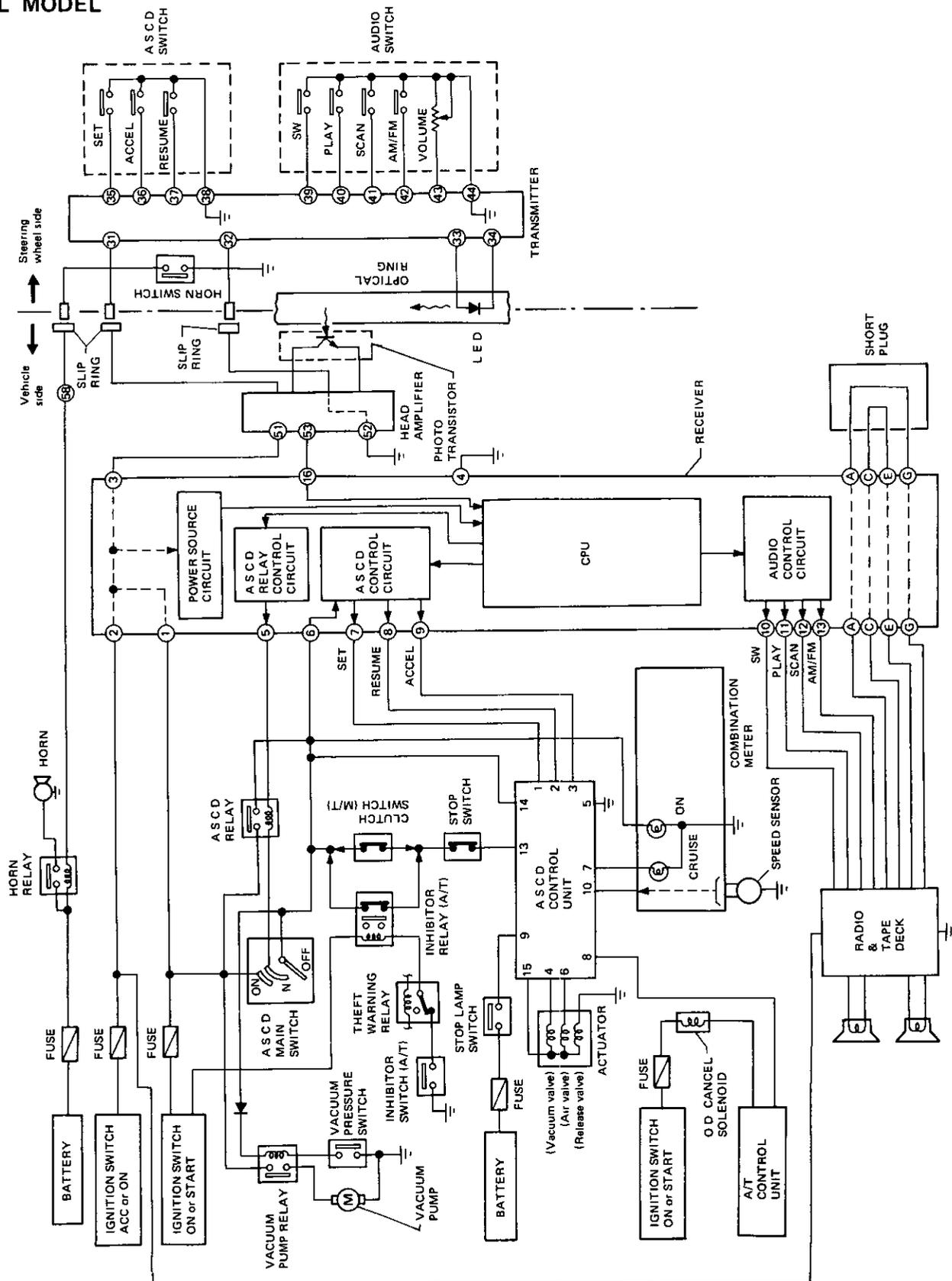


SEL657E

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Schematic

GLL MODEL

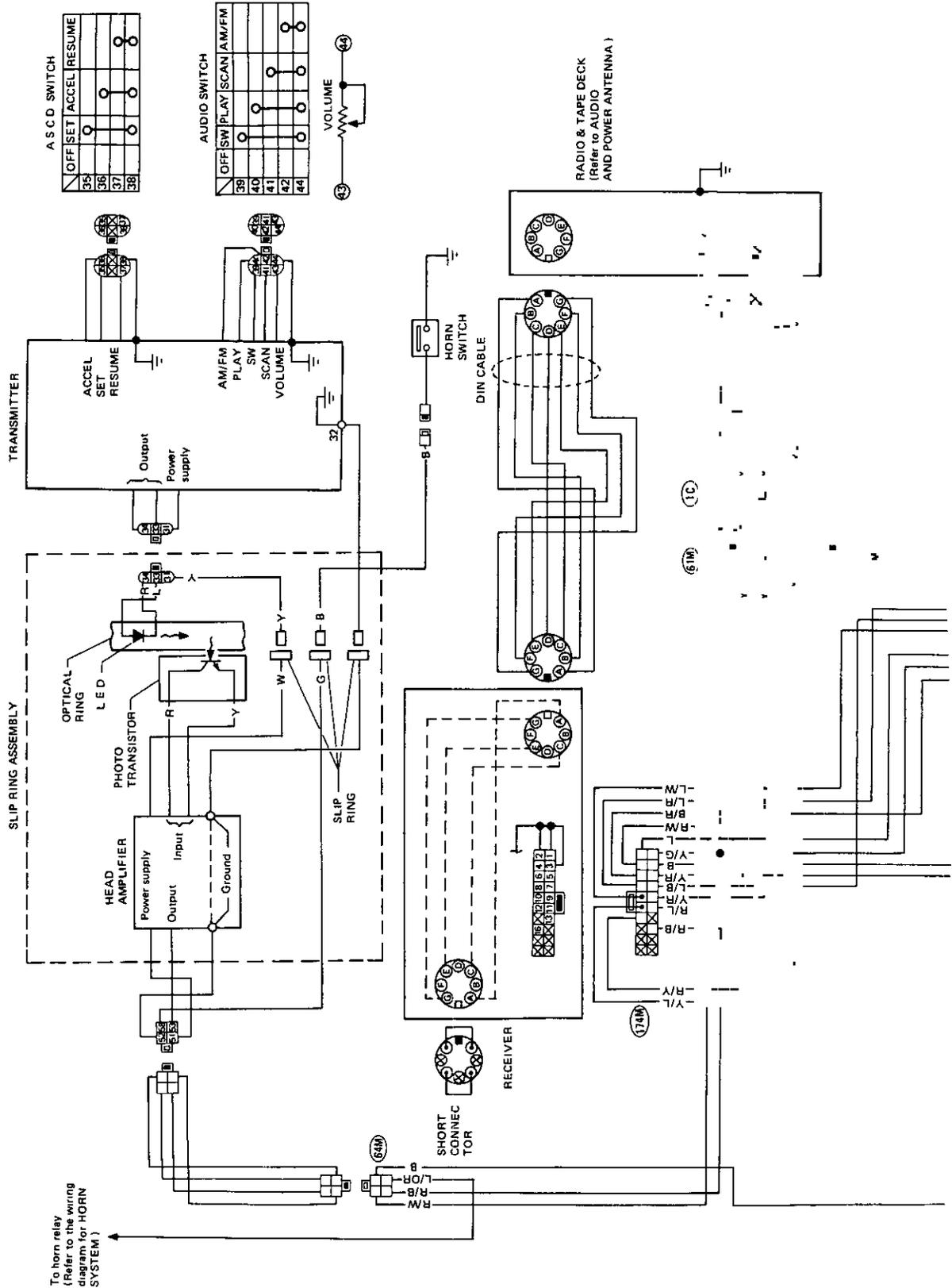


SEL126J

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Wiring Diagram

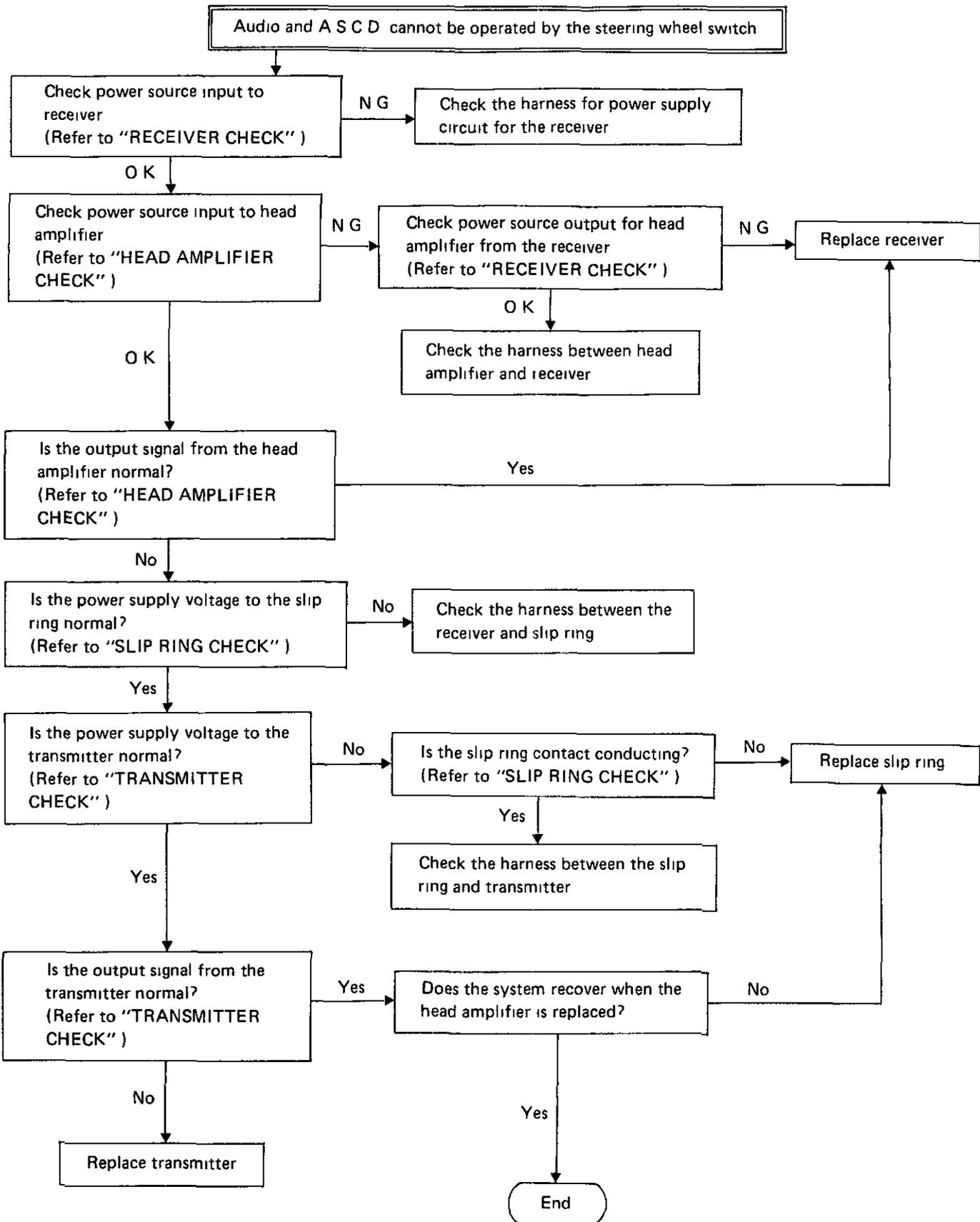
GLL MODEL





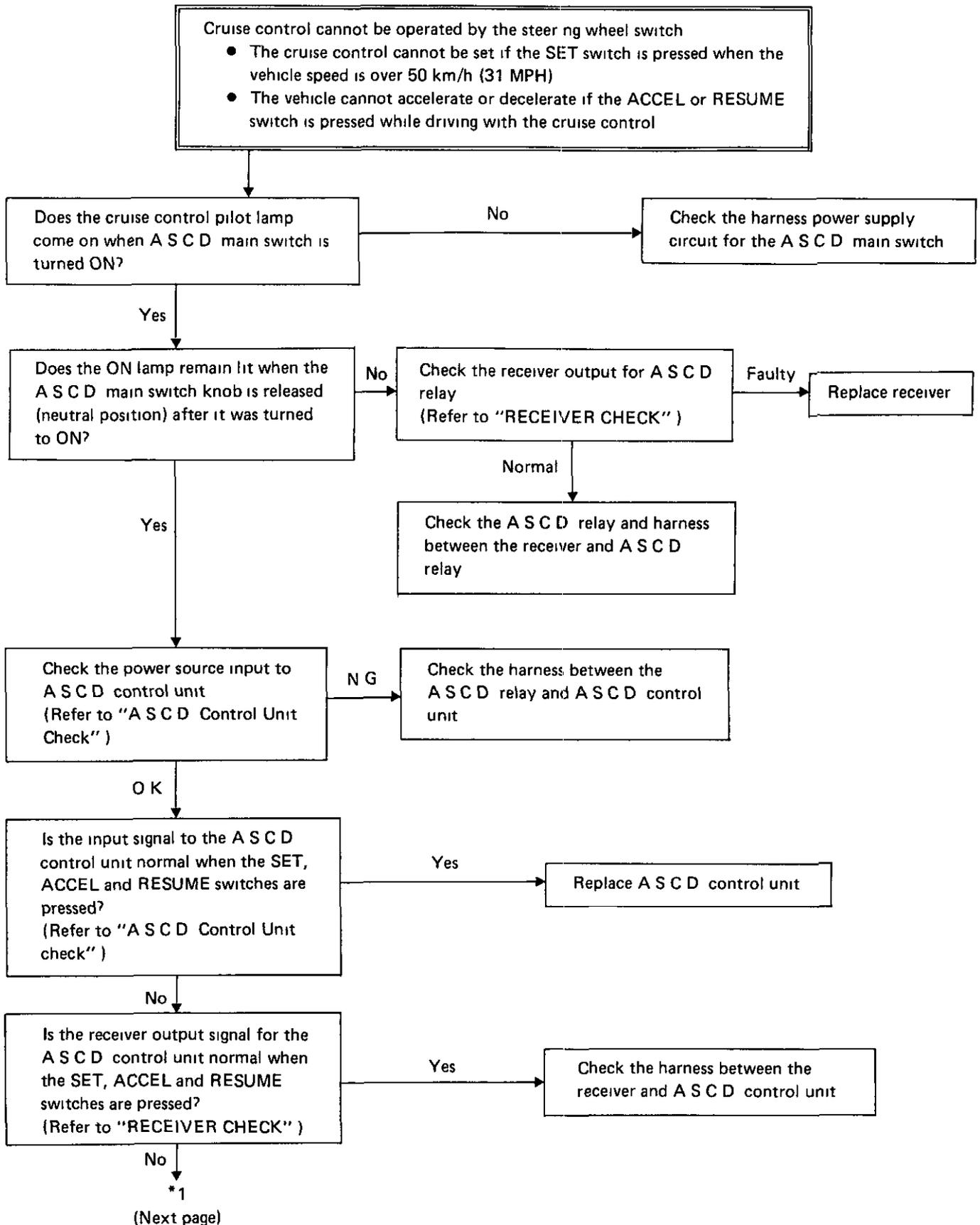
# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting



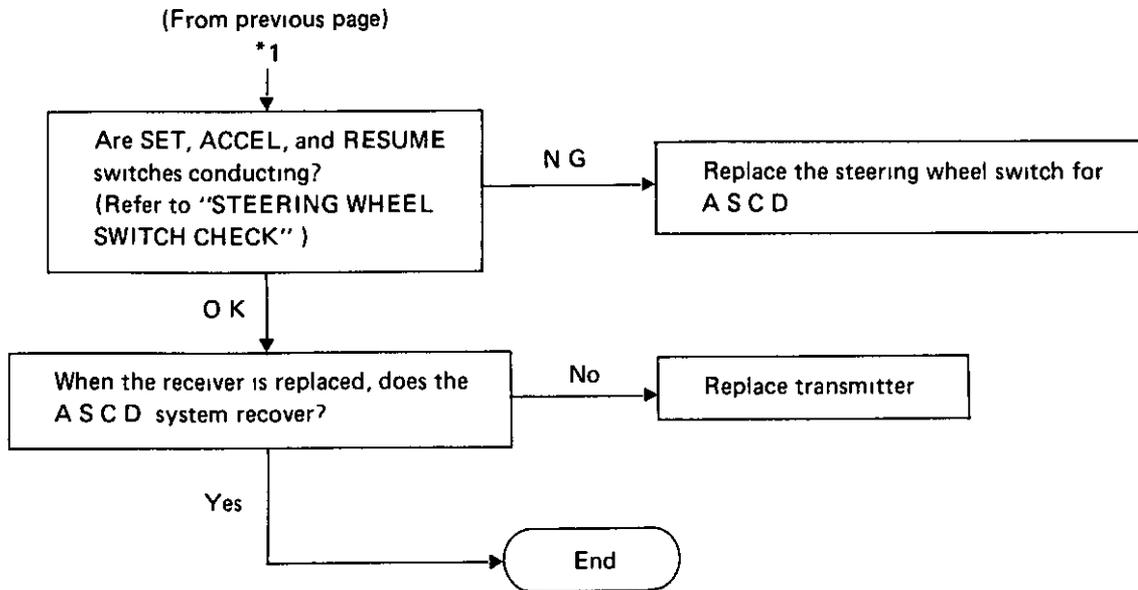
# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



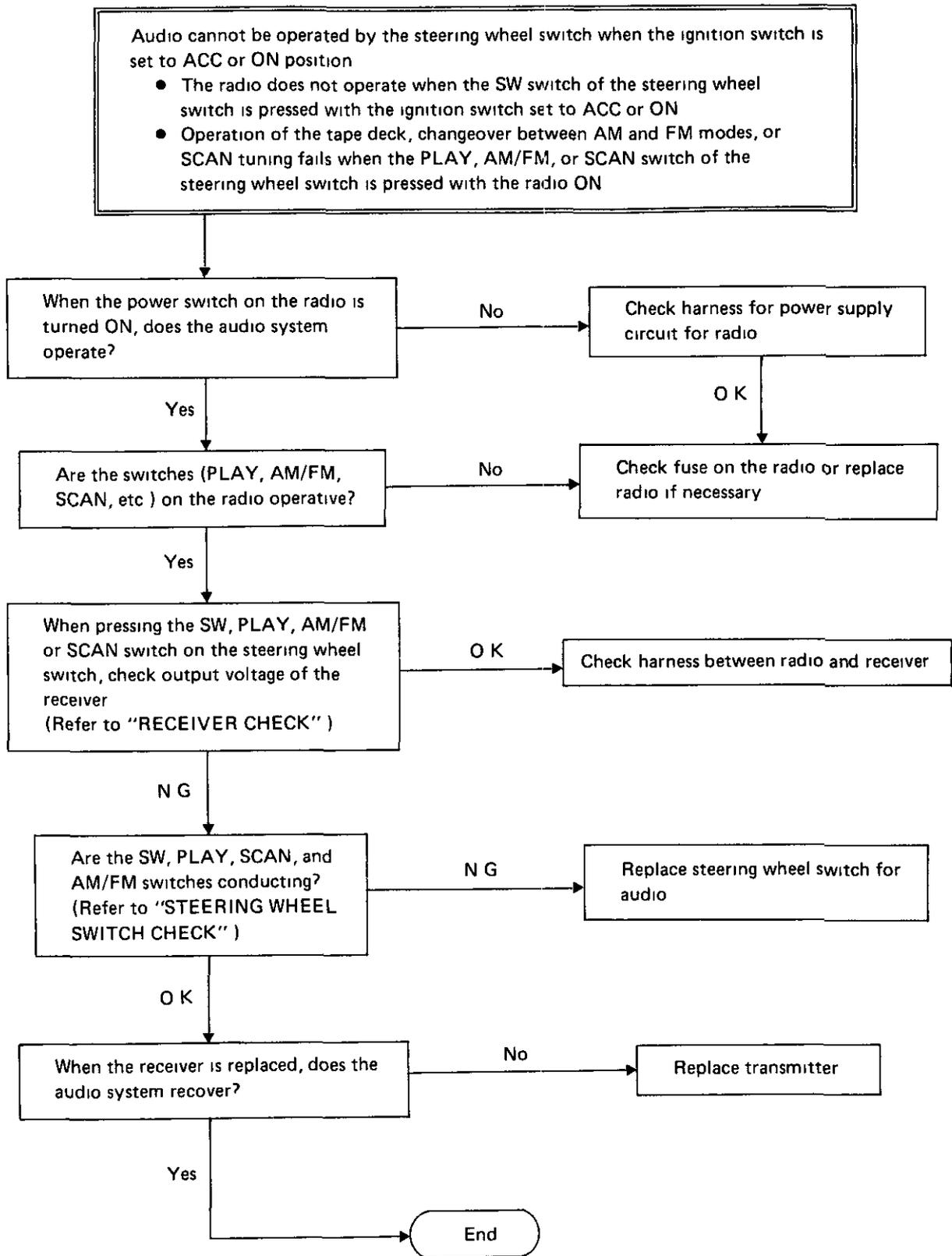
# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



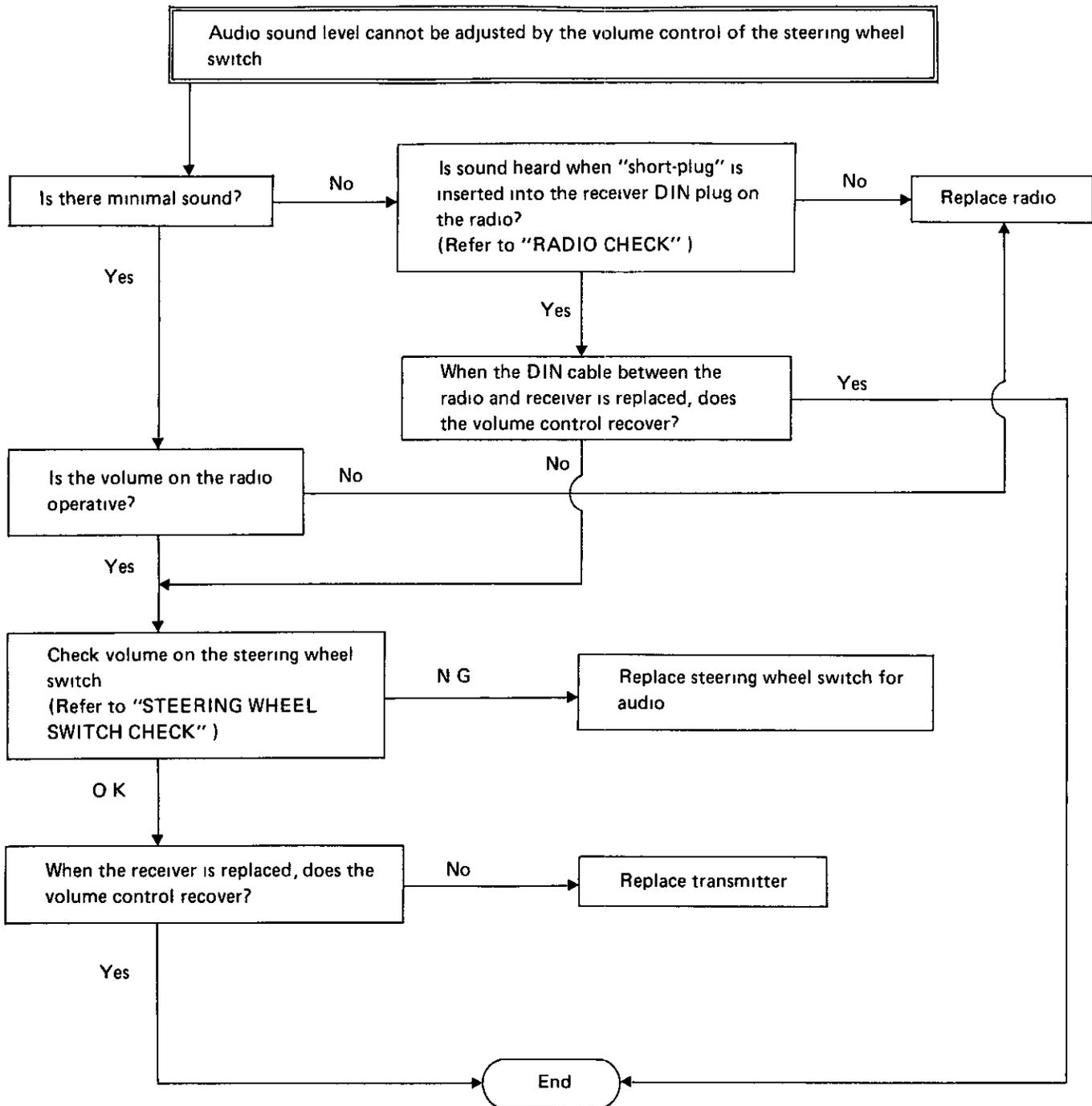
# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Radio volume decrease when the steering is turned rapidly under extremely low temperature conditions

This results from a poor ground connection inside the steering column bearing. To correct the incident, apply low temperature grease to the steering column bearing as follows.

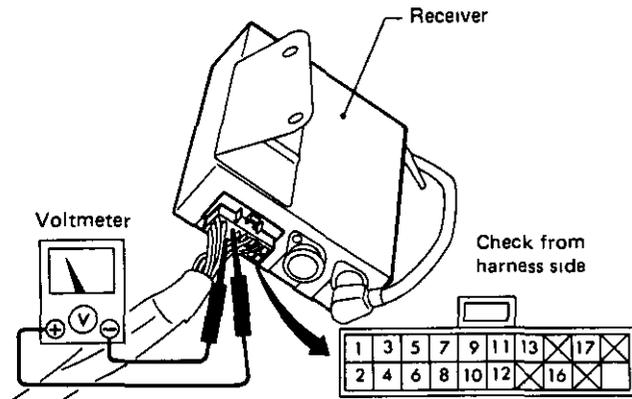
### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE

- 1 Disconnect the battery ground cable
  - 2 Remove the horn pad, horn cover, and both sections of the steering shell cover
  - 3 Disconnect the steering switch transmitter harness connector from the rear of the combination switch.
  - 4 Remove the steering wheel, using the tool and procedure described in the ST section.
  - 5 Apply the low temperature grease to the steering column shaft bearing as follows.
    - 1) Place the turn signal switch in neutral position to prevent grease from getting on the turn signal cancel cam.
    - 2) Carefully apply approximately 1 ml (0.03 US fl oz, 0.04 Imp fl oz) of grease to the steering column bearing
- To facilitate application of the grease, a cone of paper or vinyl film is suggested.**
- 3) Temporarily install the steering wheel. Insure that the projected portion of the slip ring fits in the recessed portion of the combination switch. Turn the steering wheel fully to the left and right a couple of times, taking care to prevent damage to the projected portion of the slip ring.
  - 4) Remove the steering wheel.
  - 5) Repeat steps b, c, and d.
  - 6) Make sure that grease is applied to the entire bearing.
  - 6) Install the steering wheel on the shaft in a straight ahead position. Be sure that the projected portion of the slip ring fits in the recessed portion of the combination switch.
7. Connect steering switch transmitter harness connector to combination switch
  8. Install horn cover, horn pad and both sections of the combination switch housing
  9. Connect battery ground cable

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Receiver Check

- 1 Remove luggage box.
- 2 Remove receiver with harness connected.
- 3 Turn ignition switch to ON.
- 4 Check voltage between terminals referring to the chart below



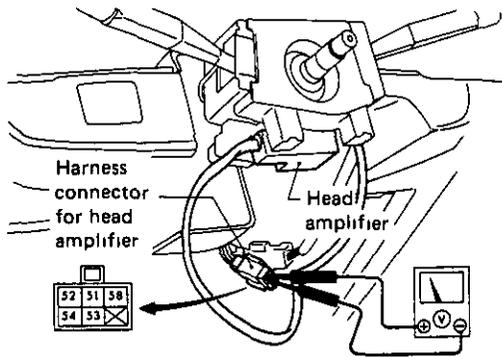
SEL660E

Check item	Voltmeter terminal		Switch condition	Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)		
Power source input	IG	①	-	Approx 12
	ACC	②		
Power source output for head amplifier and slip ring	③	④	-	Approx 12
Output for A S C D relay	⑤	④	A S C D main switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx 5
Output for A S C D control unit	⑦	④	SET switch ON	Approx 12
	⑧	④	RESUME switch ON	Approx 12
	⑨	④	ACCEL switch ON	Approx 12
Output for audio system (Check voltage while operating the SW, PLAY, SCAN or FM/AM on the steering wheel switch )	⑩	④	SW switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx 5
	⑪	④	PLAY switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx 5
	⑫	④	SCAN switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx 5
⑬	④	AM/FM switch ON	0	
		OFF	Approx 5	

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Head Amplifier Check

- 1 Remove steering column cover.
- 2 Turn ignition switch to ON.
3. Check voltage between terminals at harness connector for head amplifier referring to chart below.  
(Leave the harness connector for head amplifier to be connected )



Check from head amplifier side

SEL661E

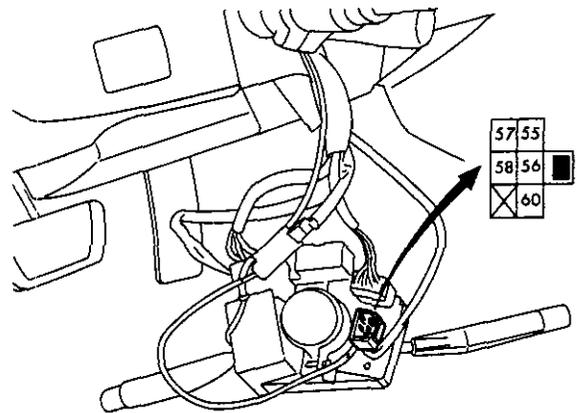
Check item	Voltmeter terminals		Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)	
Power supply input	⑤①	⑤②	Approx 12
Output for receiver	⑤③	⑤④	Approx 2 - 4

## Slip Ring Check

### POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE CHECK

1. Remove steering column cover.
2. Disconnect harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch
- 3 Remove steering wheel
4. Remove combination switch with harness connected.
- 5 Check voltage between terminals ⑤⑦ and ⑥① when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 12V

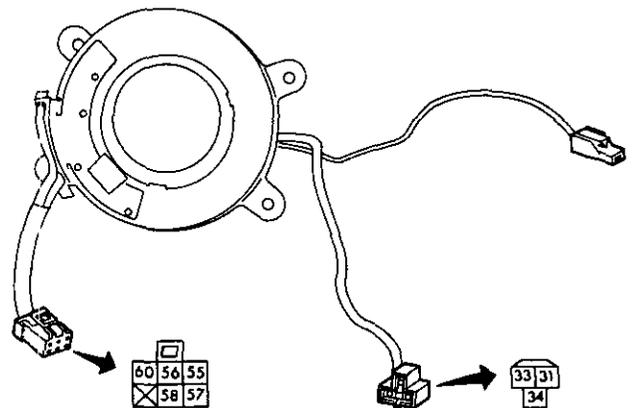


SEL662E

### CONTINUITY CHECK

1. Remove slip ring from steering wheel
2. Check continuity between terminals ⑤⑦ and ⑥①.

Continuity exists .. O.K.



SEL663E

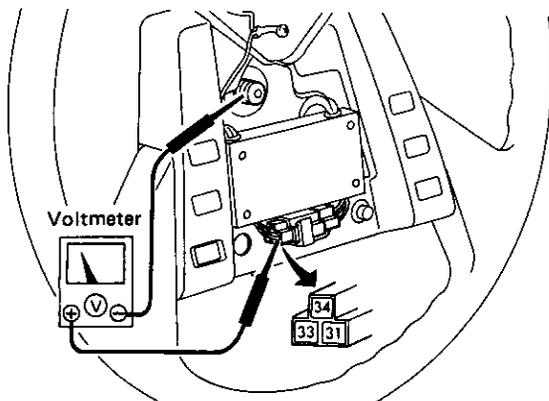
# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## Transmitter Check

### POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE CHECK

- 1 Connect the harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch
- 2 Install steering wheel on the column shaft.
3. Connect the voltmeter probe to  
(+) terminal . ③①  
(-) terminal . Steering column shaft
- 4 Check voltage when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 12V

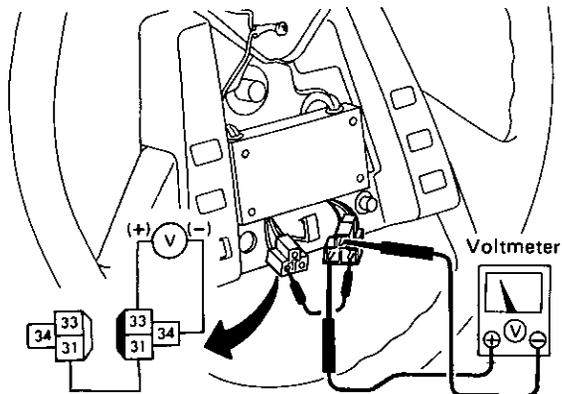


SEL664E

### OUTPUT SIGNAL CHECK

- 1 Disconnect harness connector between transmitter and slip ring
2. Connect terminals ③① and ③④ with a suitable wire
3. Check voltage between terminals ③③ and ③④ when the ignition switch is turned to ON

Specified voltage: Approx. 2 - 4V



SEL665E

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

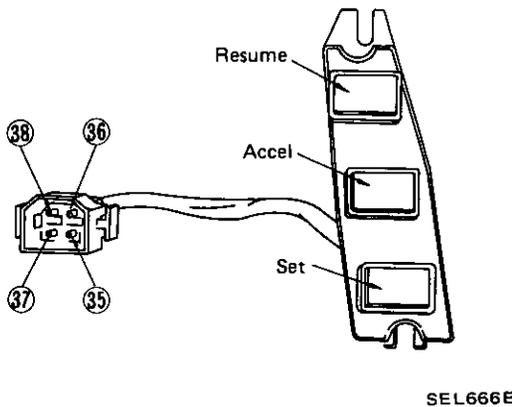
## Steering Wheel Switch Check

1. Disconnect harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch
2. Remove steering wheel
3. Remove steering wheel rear cover
4. Disconnect harness connector between steering wheel switch and transmitter
5. Remove steering wheel switches

### A.S.C.D. SWITCH CHECK

- Check continuity while pressing each switch  
Below 300Ω . O.K.

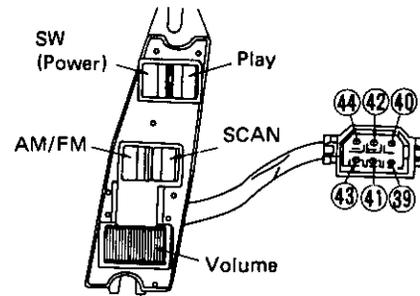
	OFF	SET	ACCEL	RESUME
35		○		
36		○	○	
37		○	○	○
38		○	○	○



### AUDIO SWITCH CHECK

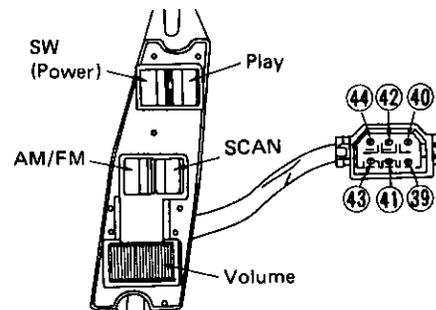
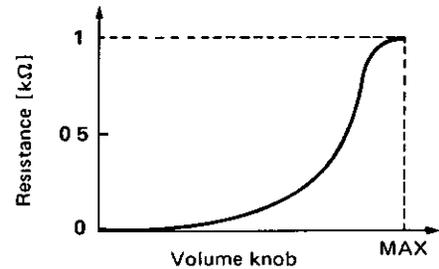
- Check continuity while pressing each switch  
Below 300Ω ... O.K.

	OFF	SW (Power)	PLAY	SCAN	AM/FM
39		○			
40		○	○		
41		○	○	○	
42		○	○	○	○
44		○	○	○	○



### VOLUME CHECK

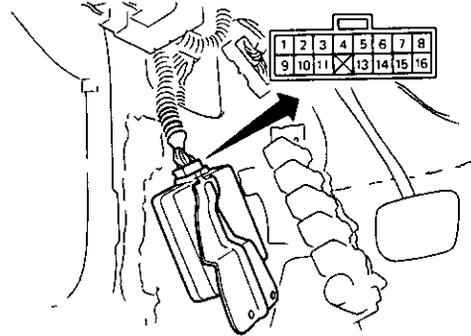
- Measure resistance between terminals 43 and 44 while operating the volume



# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

## A.S.C.D. Control Unit Check

- 1 Remove A S C D control unit with harness connected.
- 2 Check terminal voltage referring to chart below.



SEL736D

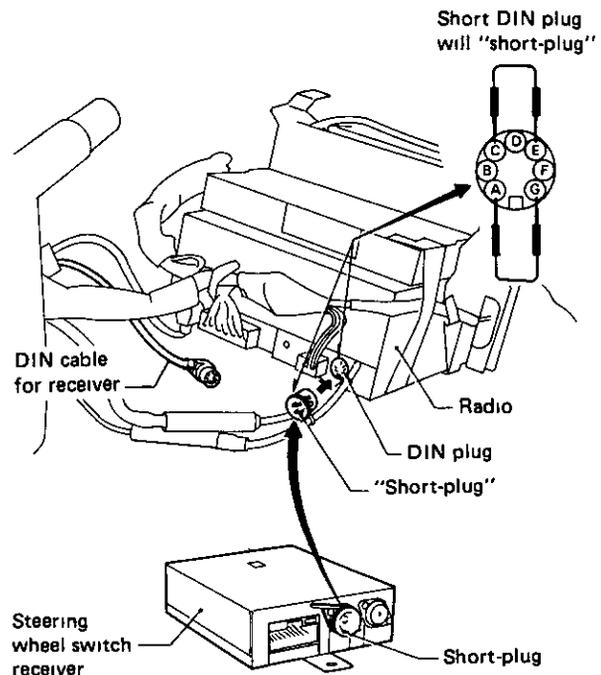
Check item	Voltmeter terminals		Switch condition	Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)		
Power source input	⑭	⑤	A S C D main switch ON	Approx 12
Input signal	①	⑤	SET switch ON	Approx 12
	②	⑤	RESUME switch ON	Approx 12
	③	⑤	ACCEL switch ON	Approx 12

## Radio Check

- 1 Remove radio with harness connected
- 2 Disconnect DIN cable for steering wheel switch receiver from radio.
3. Remove luggage box
4. Remove "short-plug" from steering wheel switch receiver
5. Connect the "short-plug" to radio
- 6 Check the sound when the radio is turned on

The radio is normal if there is sound.

- 7 After finishing this check, be sure to re-install the "short-plug" on the steering wheel switch receiver.



SEL669E

# STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

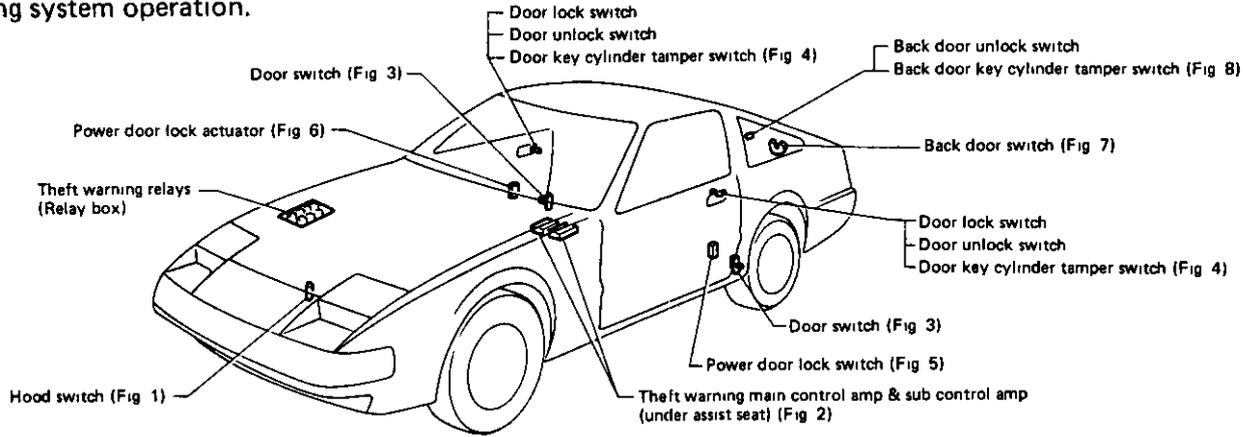
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Note

# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Location of Electrical Units

- When adjusting hood, front door, back door or removing & installing them or switches, check theft warning system operation.



## Operation of Switches and Sensors

**Hood switch (Fig 1)**

HOOD SWITCH	OPEN RELEASE	CLOSED PUSH
1	○	○
2	○	○

SEL524F

**Theft warning main control unit & sub control unit (Fig 2)**

SEL525F

**Door switch (Fig 3)**

DOOR SWITCH	OPEN RELEASE	CLOSED PUSH
51 61	○	○
52 62	○	○
53 63	○	○
BODY GROUND	○	○

SEL526F

### Door lock switch, unlock switch and key cylinder tamper switch (Fig. 4)

Figures below show operating pattern and construction for driver's side, for passenger's side, operating pattern and construction are reversed

	LOCK		UNLOCK		TAMPER	
	FULL STROKE	BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND IN	BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND IN	FULL STROKE	NORMAL	CYLINDER DRAW-OUT
31 41	○	○	○	○	○	○
32 42	○	○	○	○	○	○
33 43	○	○	○	○	○	○
34 44	○	○	○	○	○	○

**Door lock switch operation**

Neutral: Continuity exists between terminals [31] and [34]

Lock: Continuity exists between terminals [31] and [34]

Key cylinder: Full stroke of lock

Magnetic lever: Neutral

**Door unlock switch operation**

Neutral: Continuity exists between terminals [32] and [34]

Unlock: Continuity exists between terminals [32] and [34]

Door unlock switch: Full stroke of unlock

Magnetic lever: Neutral

**Tamper switch operation**

Pull tamper lever: Continuity exists between terminals [33] and [34]

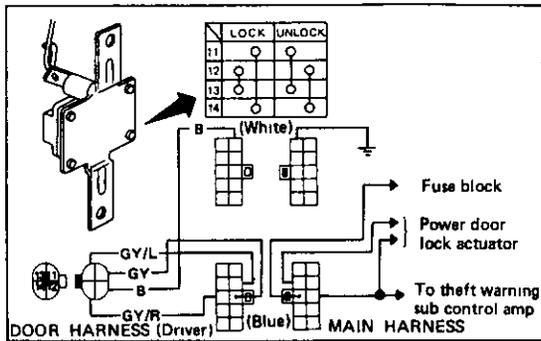
Insert tamper lever into groove properly: No continuity

SEL527F

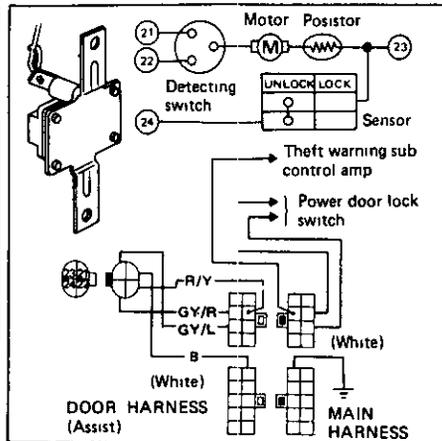
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Operation of Switches and Sensors (Cont'd)

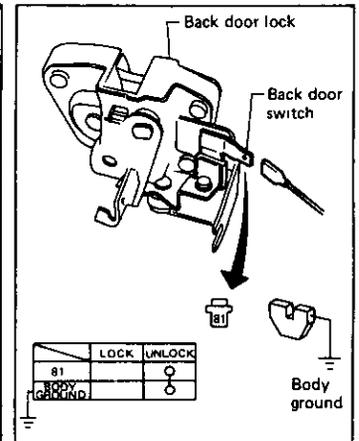
Power door lock switch (Fig 5)



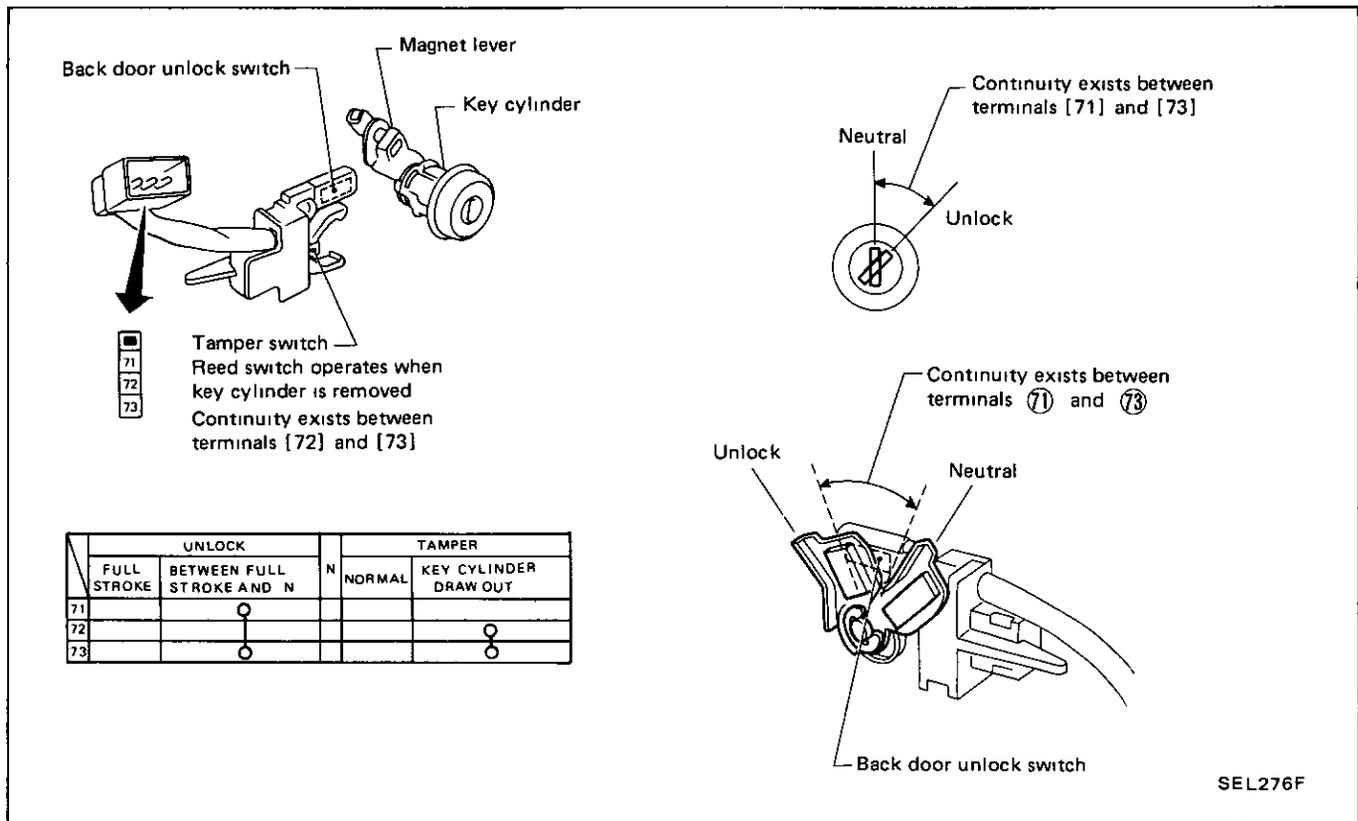
Power door lock actuator (Fig 6)



Back door switch (Fig. 7)

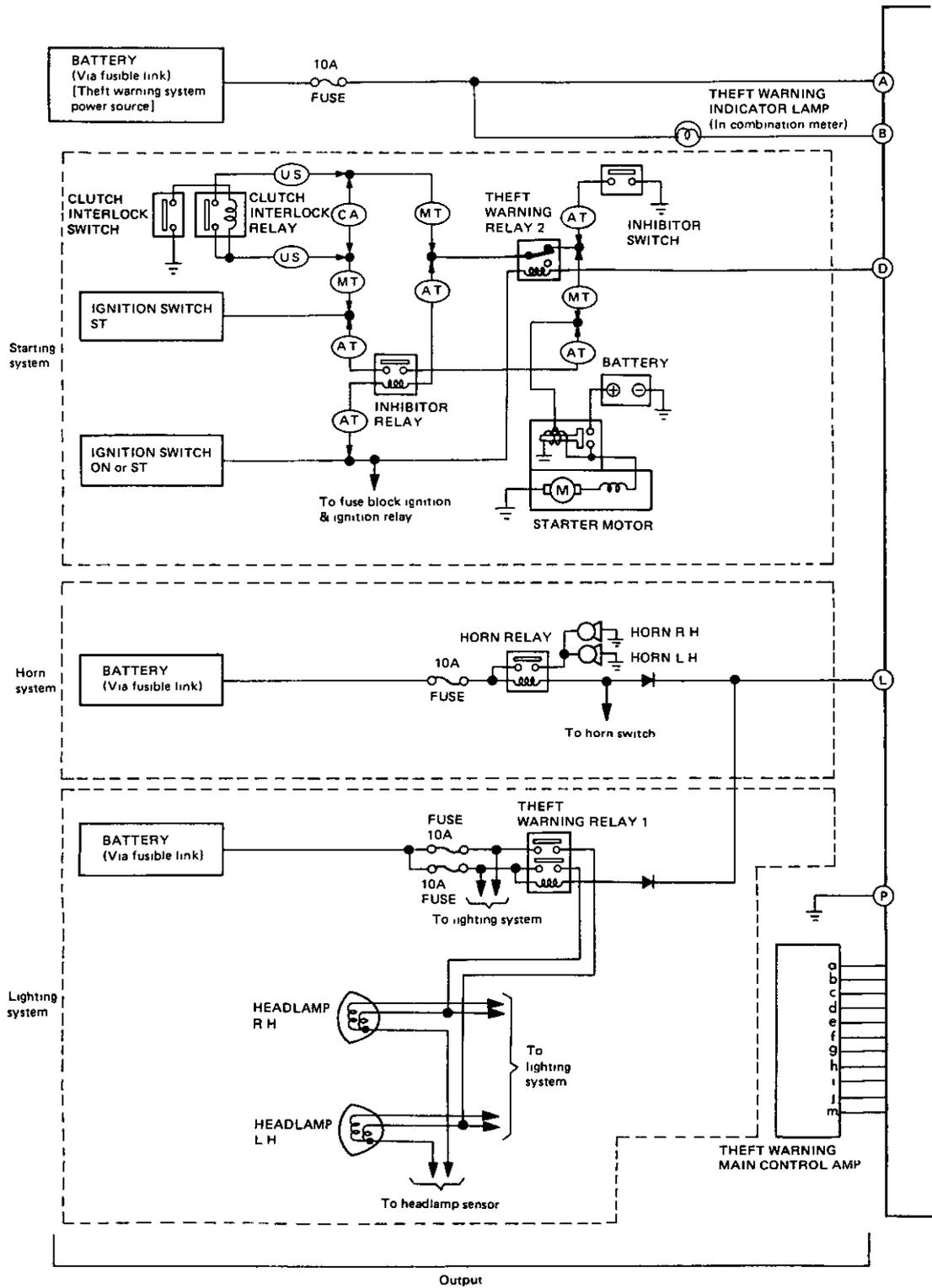


Back door unlock & key cylinder tamper switch (Fig 8)



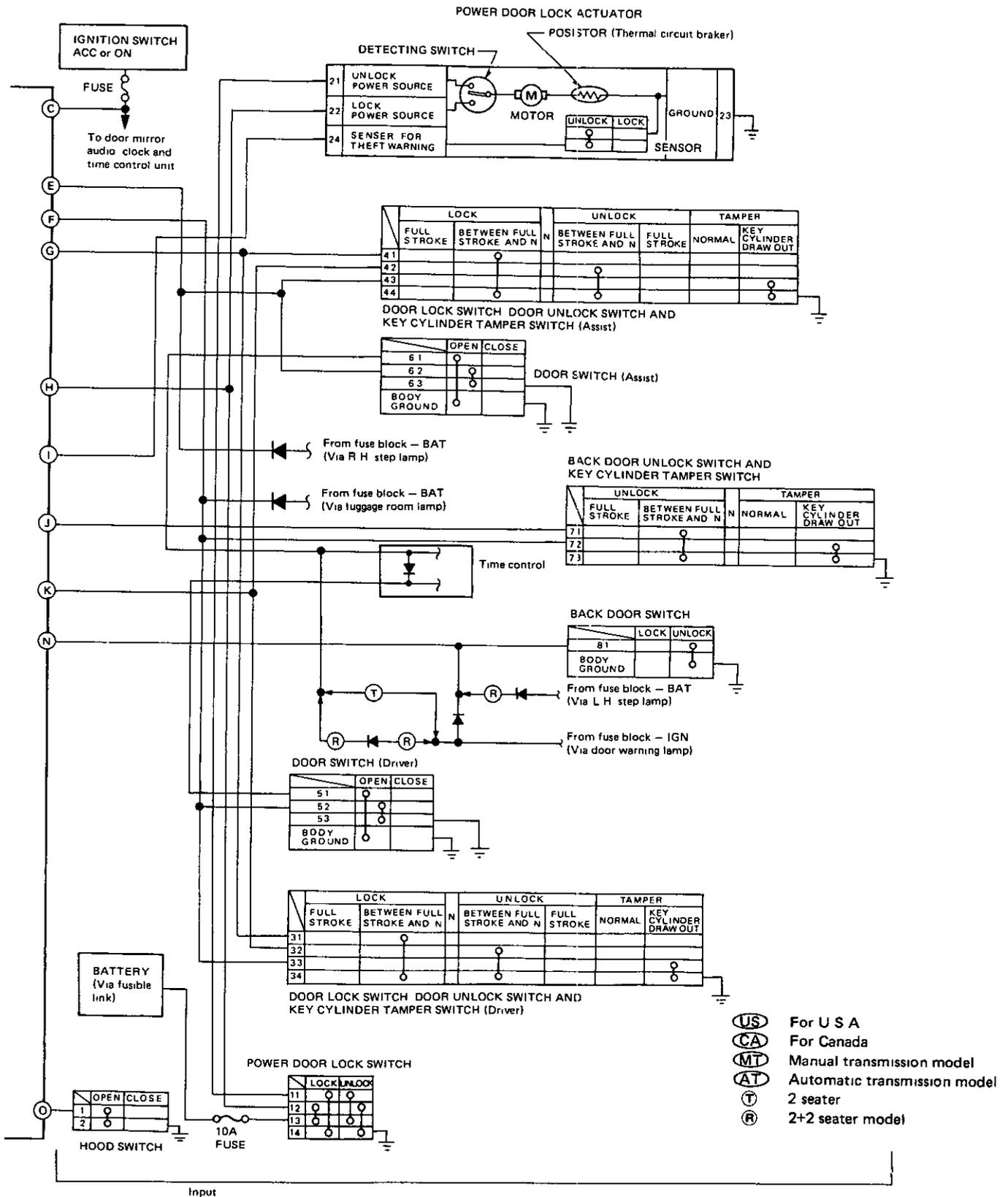
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Schematic



# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Schematic (Cont'd)

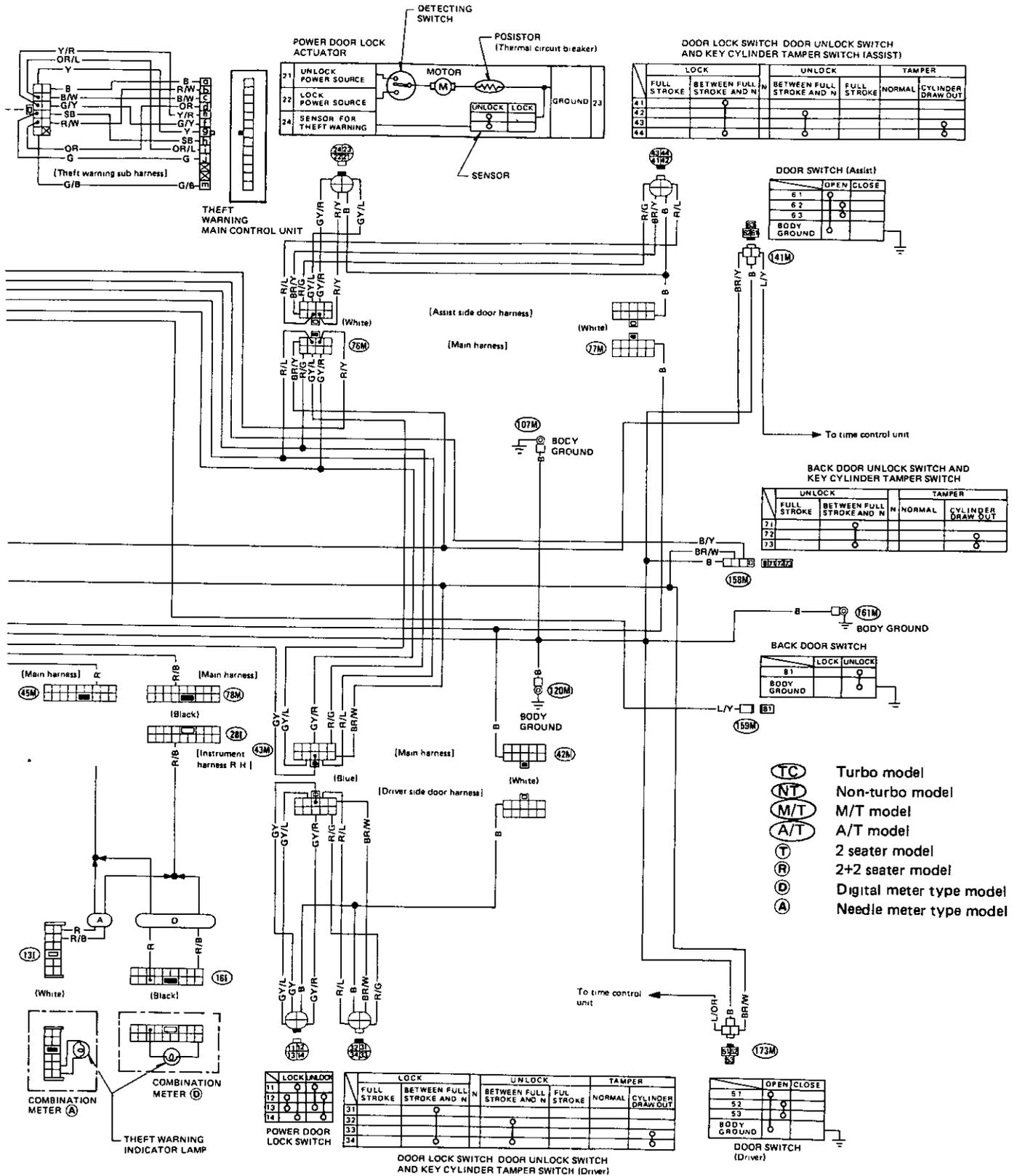


SEL128J



# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting

- During trouble-shooting, if "checks ① – ④, ⑥" are indicated, be sure to refer to "checks ① – ④, ⑥" in the "Terminal check" (Refer to pages EL-170 - EL-172 )
- During trouble-shooting, if the cause of trouble is found to be due to "Faulty sub-control unit, Faulty main control unit or Faulty adapter harness", be sure to refer to "Control Unit Inspection".

### Contents

No	INCIDENT The theft warning system responds in one of these ways		Refer to TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE
1	Indicator lamp	does not blink (Remains out)	IND ①
2		remains blinking	IND ②
3		does not come on (1)	IND ③
4		does not come on (2)	IND ④
5		remains lit	IND ⑤
6		does not go out (Comes on)	IND ⑥
7		does not go out (Remains lit)	IND ⑦
8	Armed	is set even if ignition switch is in ACC or ON position	ARM ①
9		is set even if at least one of doors is unlocked	ARM ②
10		is set even if at least one of doors is open	ARM ③
11		is not set (Armed phase)	ARM ④
12	Alarm	is given without any cause	ALR ①
13		does not operate (Alarm phase)	ALR ②
14		does not stop (Alarm continues for over 4 minutes)	ALR ③
15		does not stop even if stop signal is given	ALR ④
16		stops too soon	ALR ⑤
17		continues (Alarm is not intermittent)	ALR ⑥
18	Starter motor	cannot operate (Except alarm phase)	ST ①
19		can operate (Starter killed phase)	ST ②

• Symbol  Action  Judgment  Probable cause

- "Armed phase" means that approx 30 seconds have passed (Indicator lamp goes out) since locking and closing all doors.
- "Alarm phase" means that the horn sounds and the headlamps blink intermittently
- "Starter killed phase" means that the starter does not work until one door is unlocked with the key after the alarm has sounded.

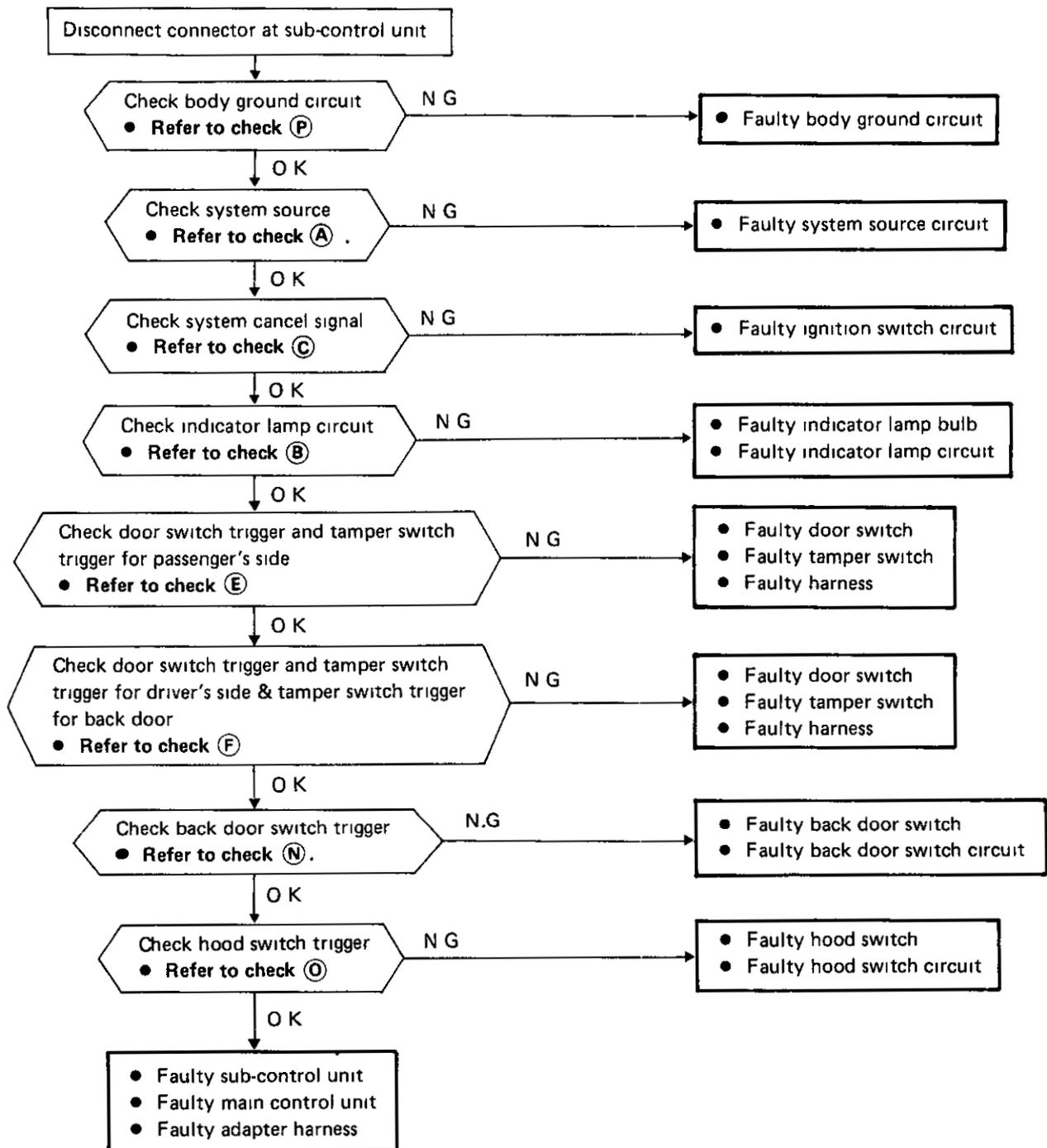
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

### CUSTOMER COMPLAINT

- 1 Indicator lamp does not blink (Remains out)
  - Ignition switch OFF
  - At least one of the doors, hood, or back door is open

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ①

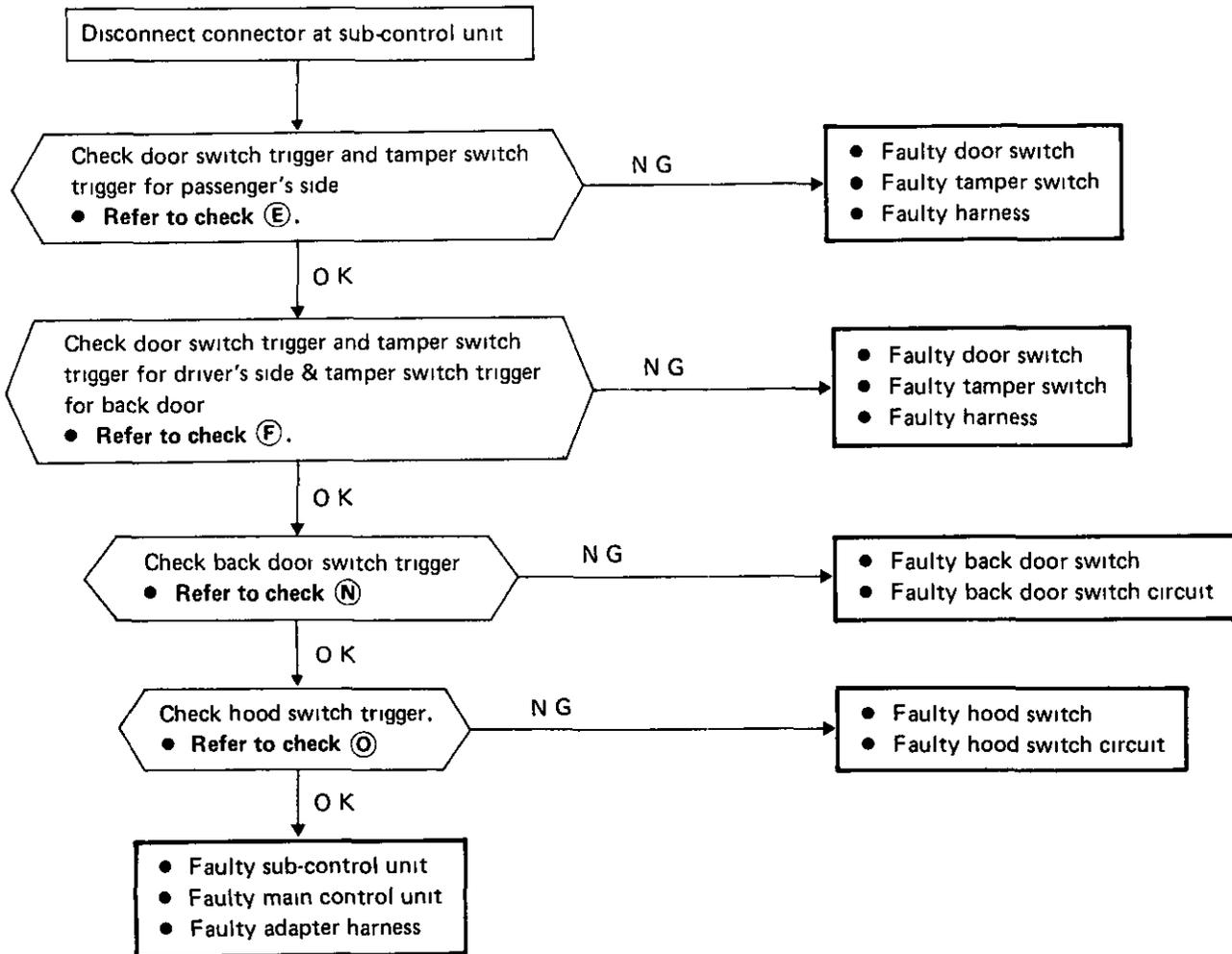


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

- 2 Indicator lamp remains blinking
- Ignition switch OFF
  - Doors, hood and back door are closed.

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ②

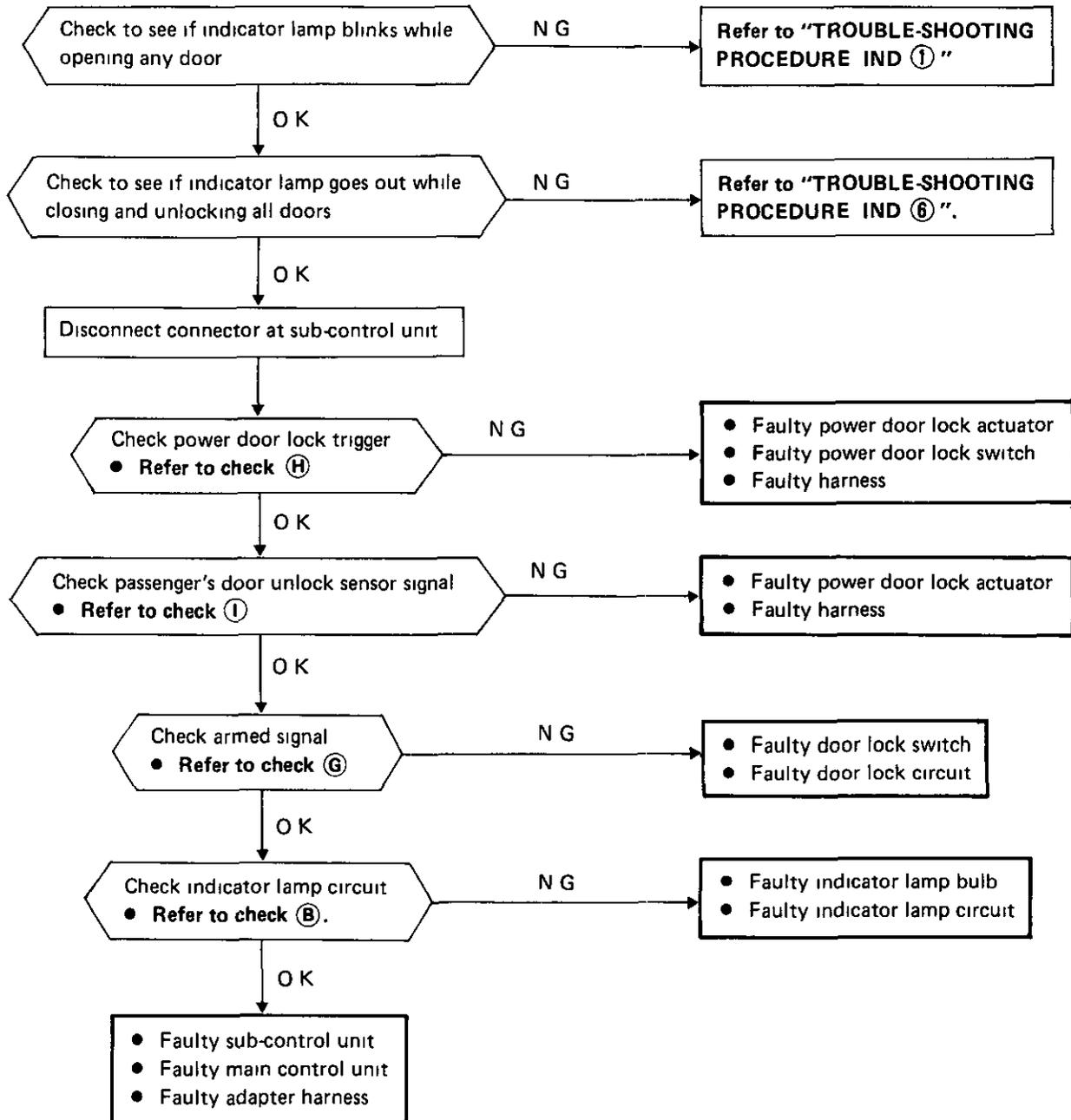


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

- 3 Indicator lamp does not come on (1)
- Ignition switch OFF
  - Doors, hood and back door are closed.
  - After closing all doors, doors are locked with key

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ③



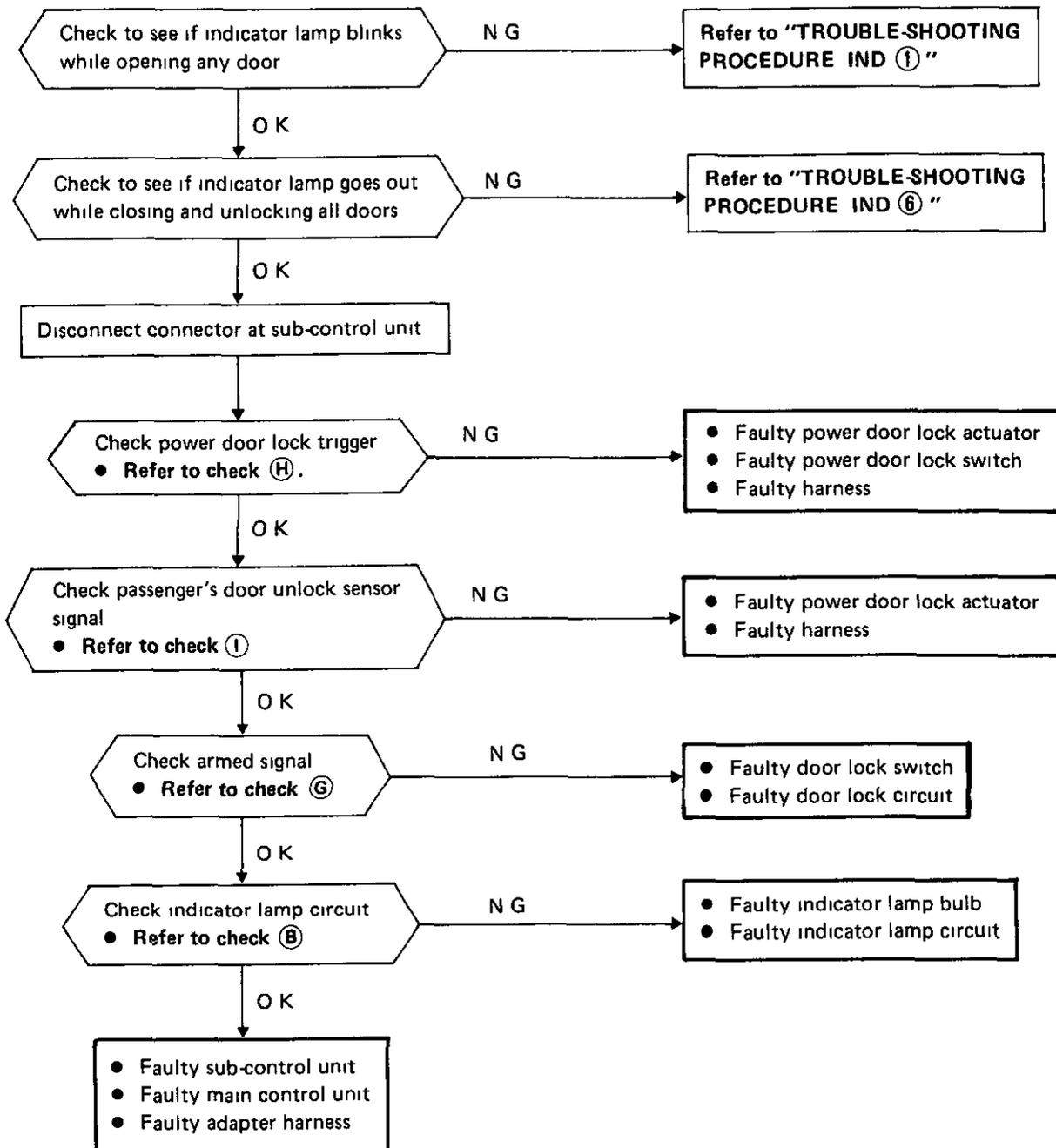
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

### 4. Indicator lamp does not come on (2)

- Ignition switch OFF
- After closing hood and back door, lock and close all doors without key. Or after locking and closing all doors, close hood and back door.

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ④

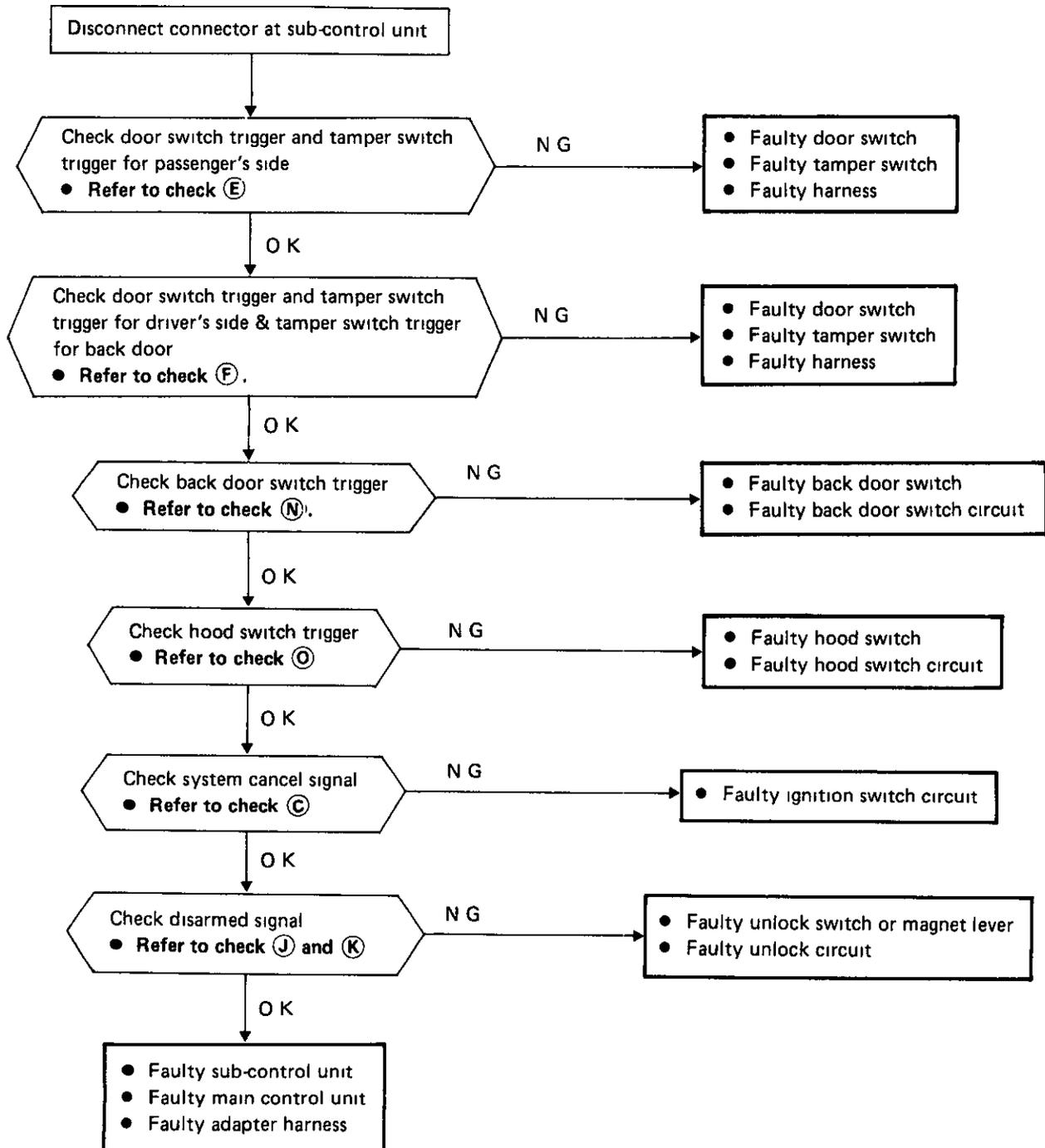


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

- 5 Indicator lamp remains lit.
- Ignition switch OFF
  - At least one of the door is open or unlocked.
- or
- Reset the armed phase

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑤

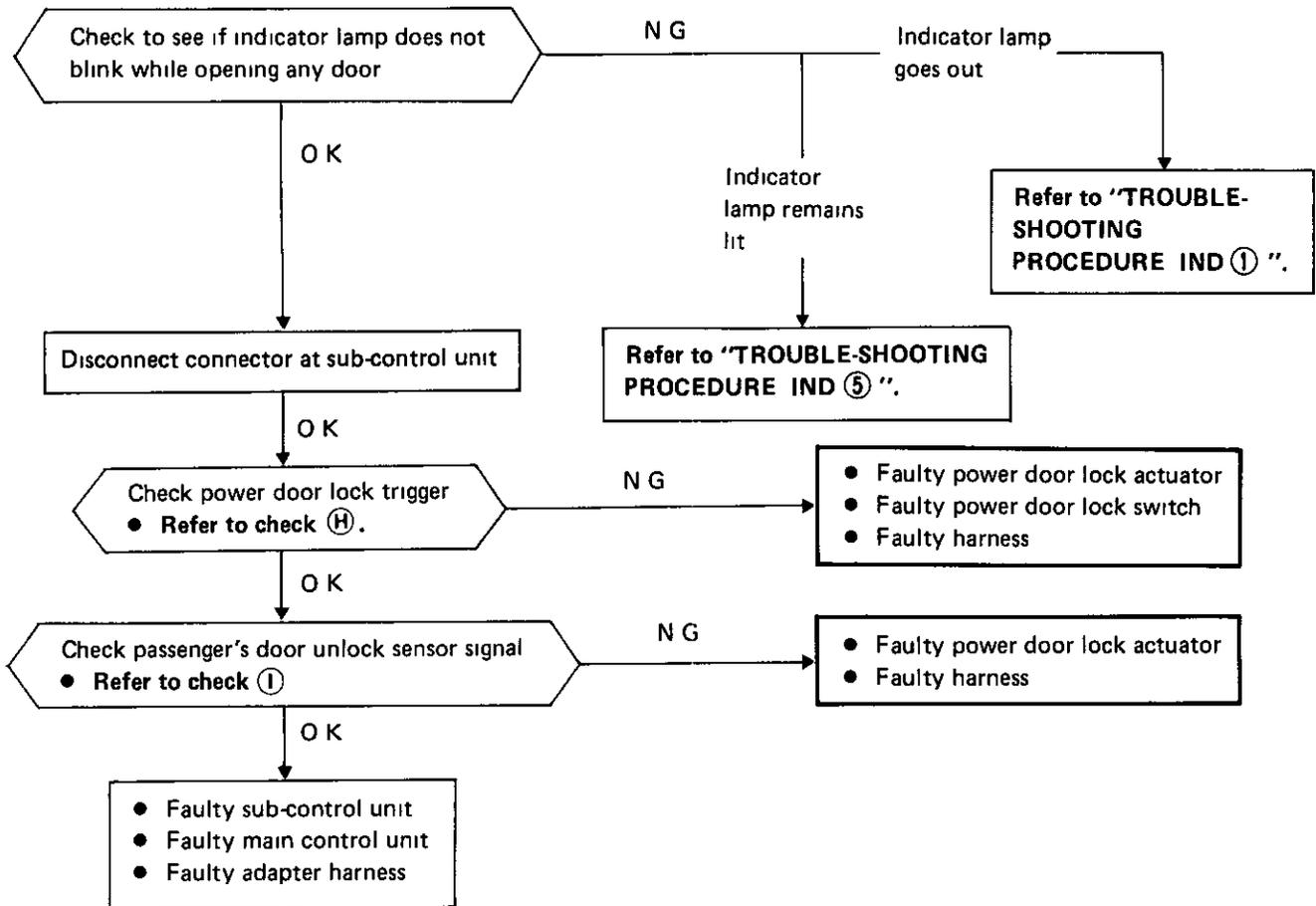


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

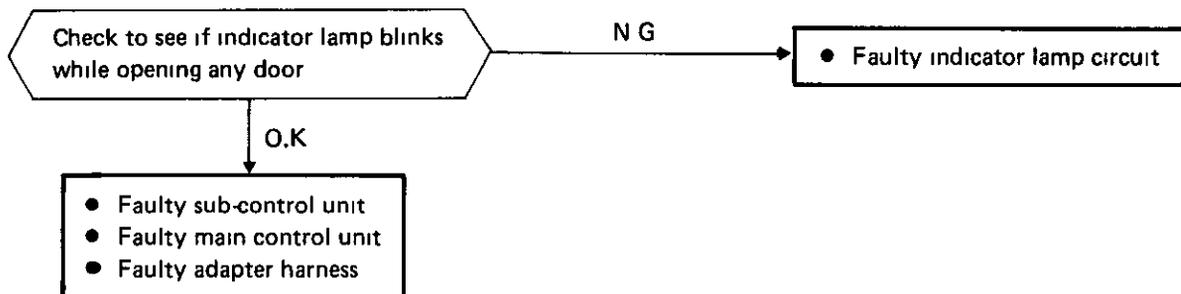
- 6 Indicator lamp does not go out (Comes on)
- Ignition switch OFF
  - Doors close and at least one of the doors unlocks

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑥



- 7 Indicator lamp does not go out (Remains lit)
- Ignition switch OFF
  - More than 30 seconds have passed after closing and locking all doors

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑦

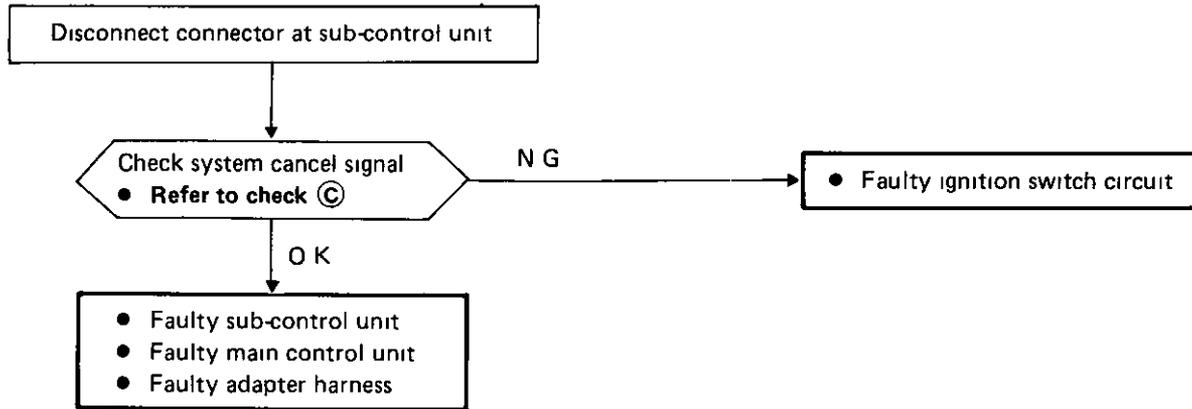


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

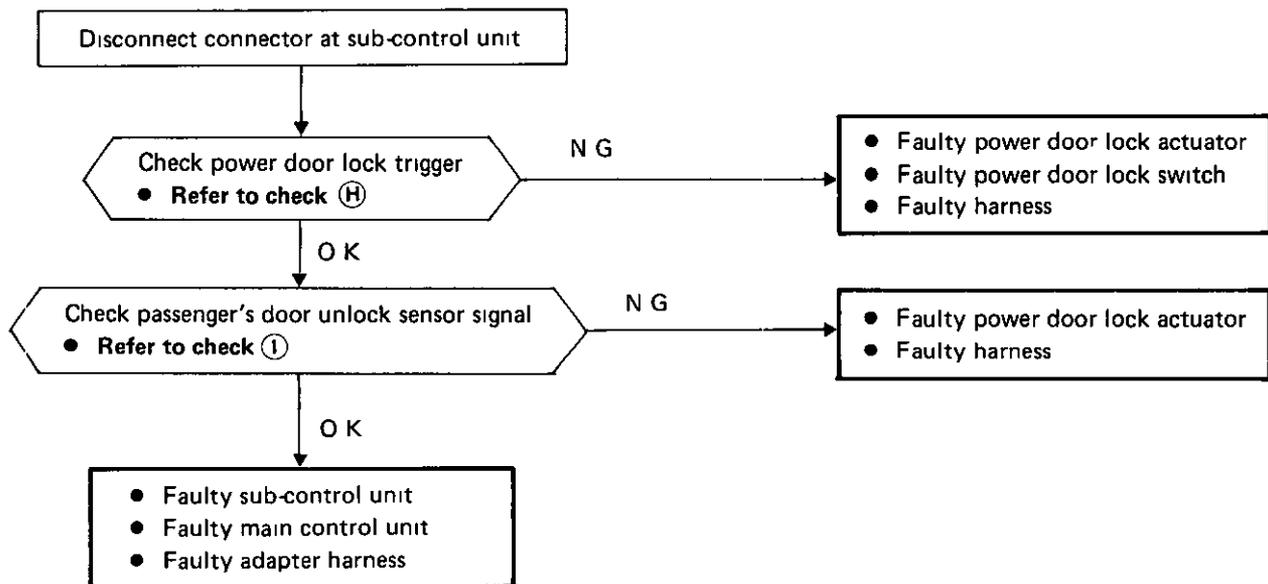
8 Armed is set, even if ignition switch is in ACC or ON position

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ①



9 Armed is set, even if at least one of the doors is unlocked

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ②

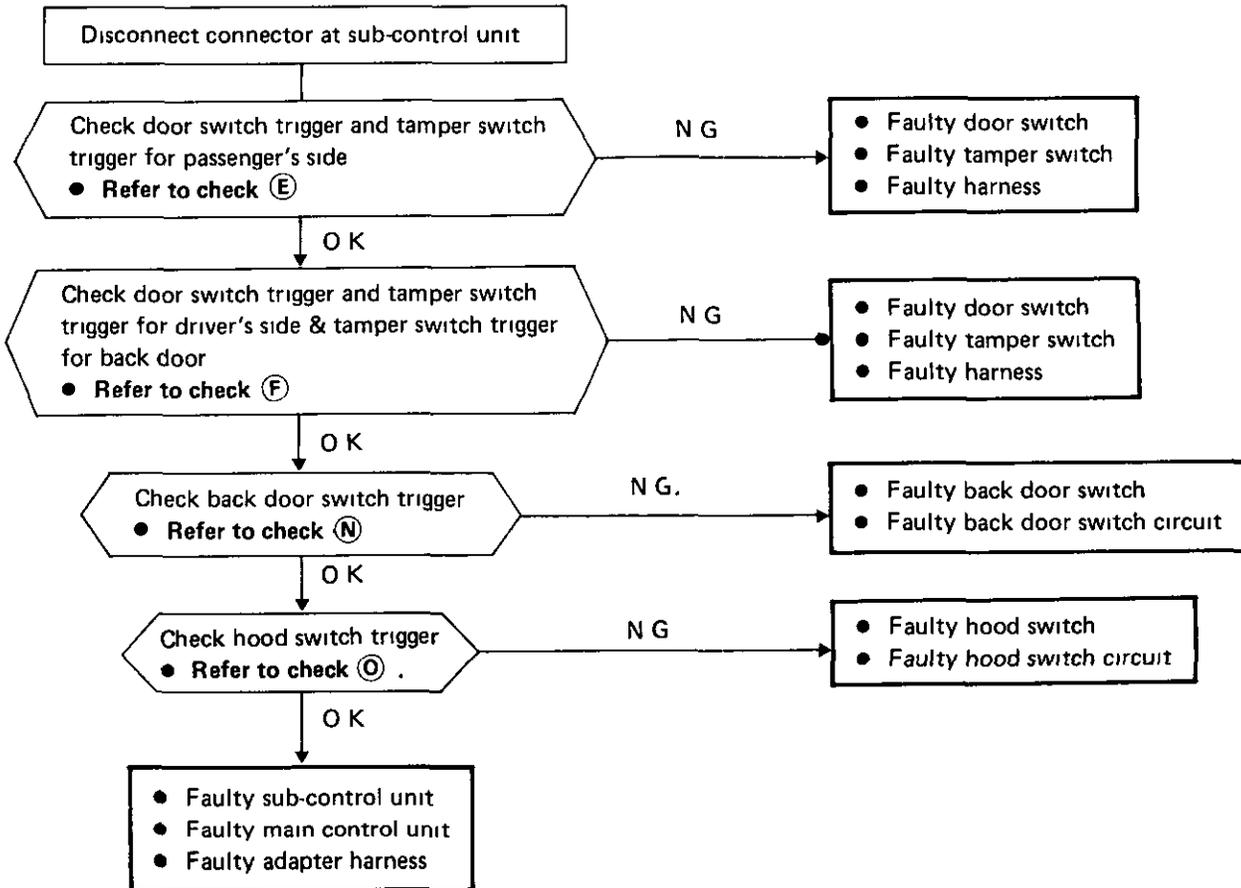


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

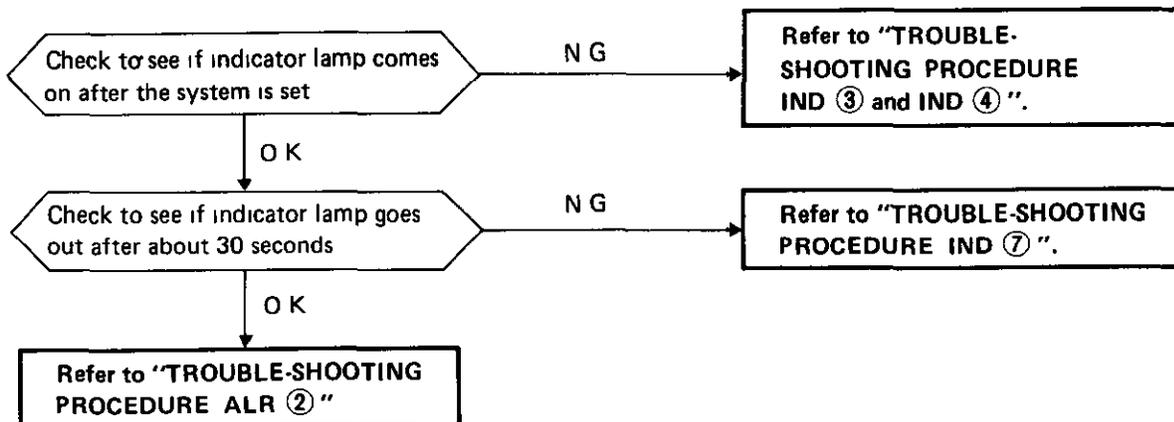
10 Armed is set, even if at least one of the doors is open

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ③



11 Armed is not set, even if ignition switch is in OFF position and all doors are closed and locked

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ④



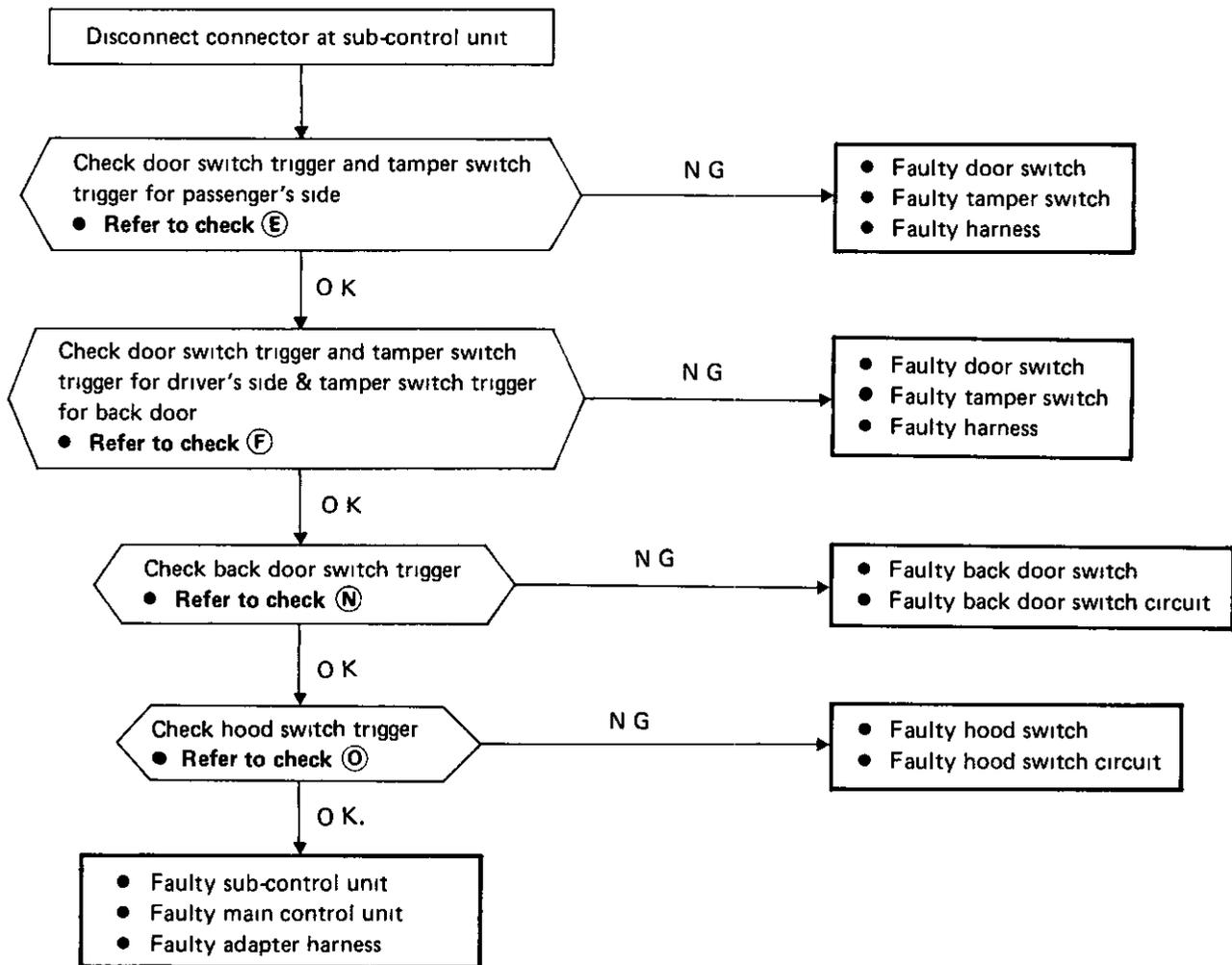
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

12 Alarm is given without any cause

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors locked and closed

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ①

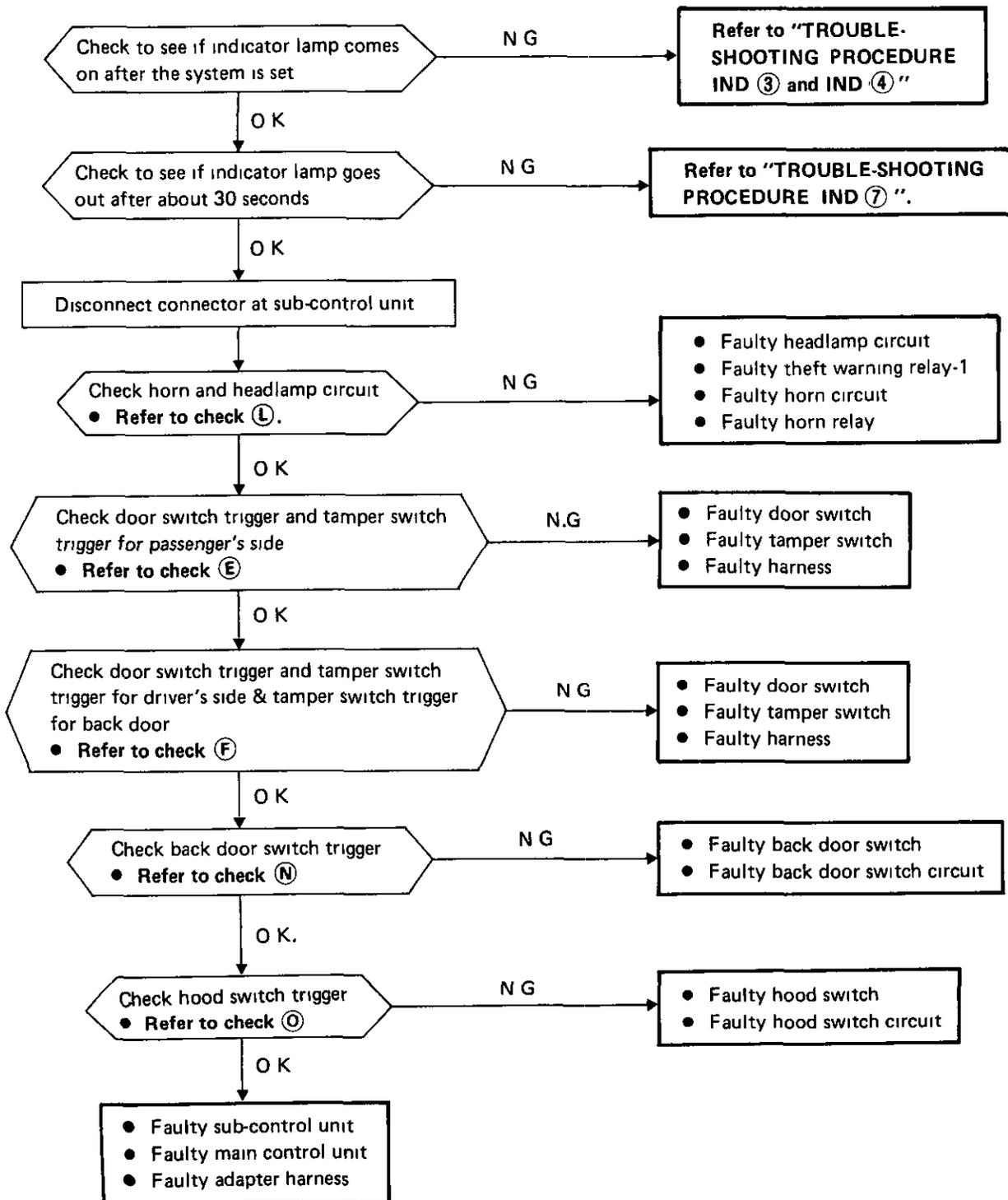


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

13 Alarm does not operate, even if any door is opened without key or any key cylinder is drawn out

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ②



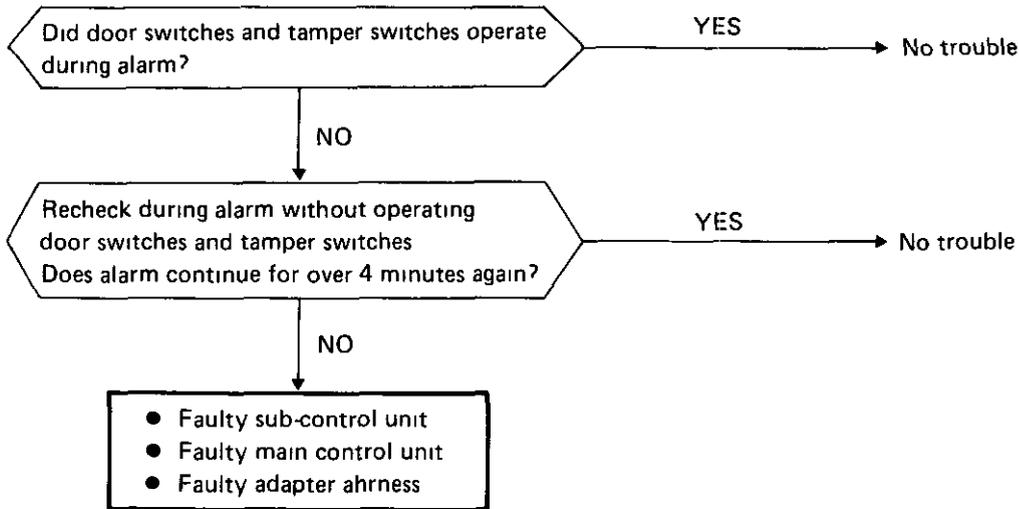
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

14 Alarm does not stop (Alarm continues for over 4 minutes)

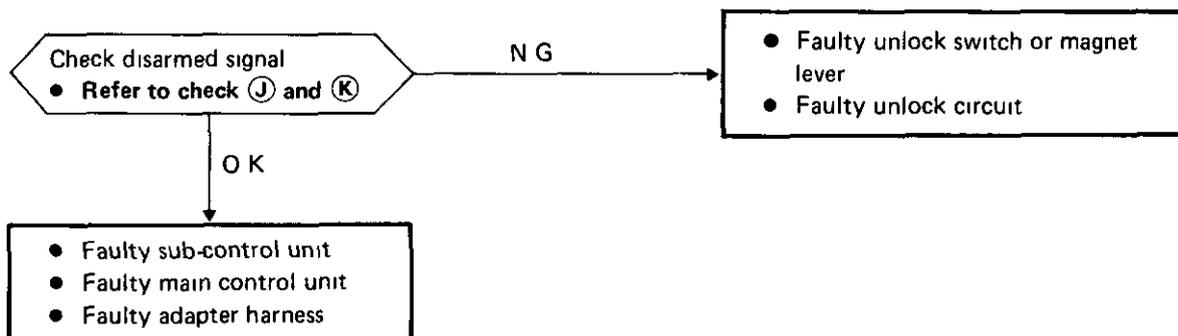
- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ③



15. Alarm does not stop, even if any door or back door is unlocked with key or code number of keyless entry system is put in

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ④



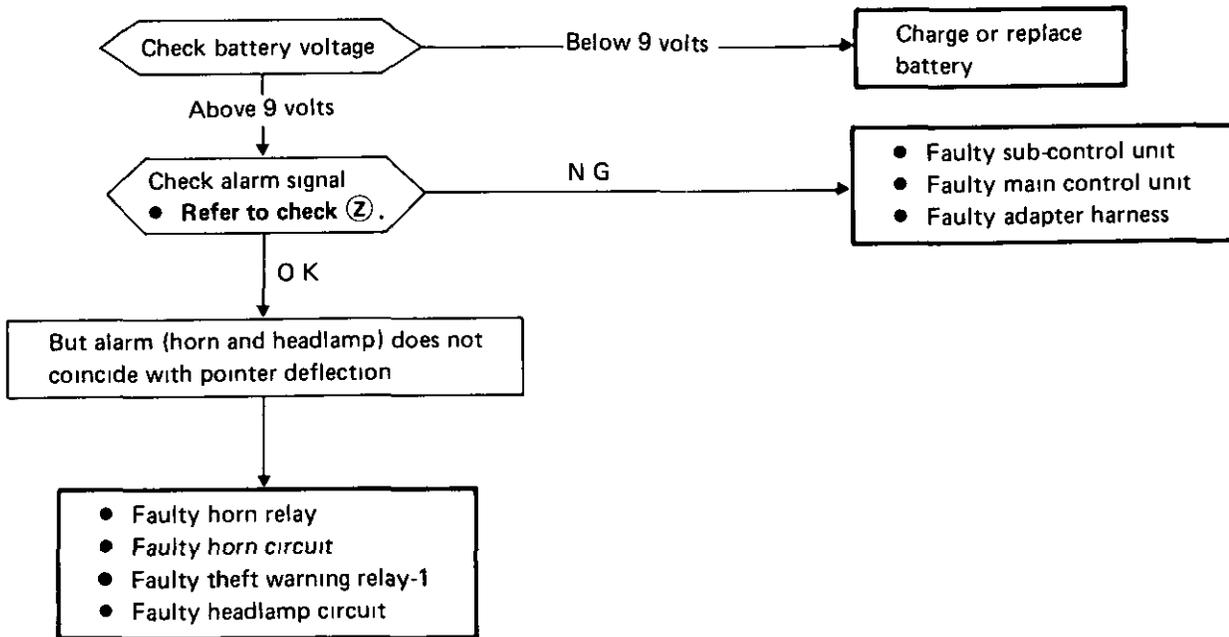
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

16 Alarm stops too soon (Alarm does not continue for 2 to 4 minutes)

- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

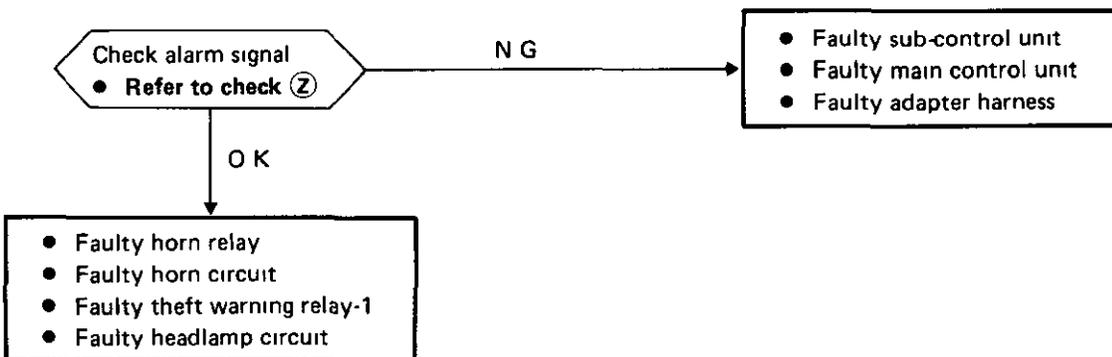
### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ⑤



17 Alarm continues (Alarm is not intermittent)

- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ⑥



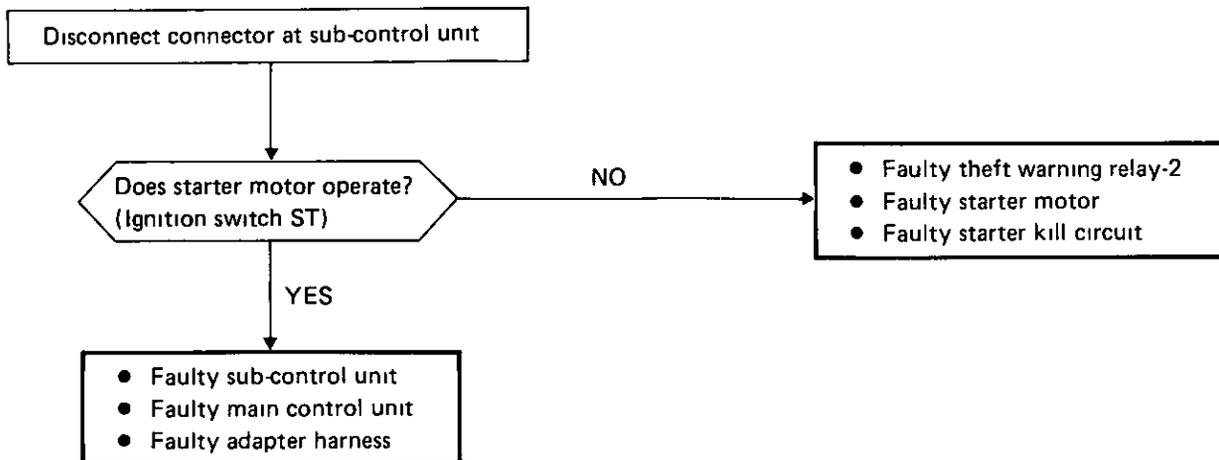
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

18 Starter motor does not operate (Except alarm phase)

- Ignition switch ST

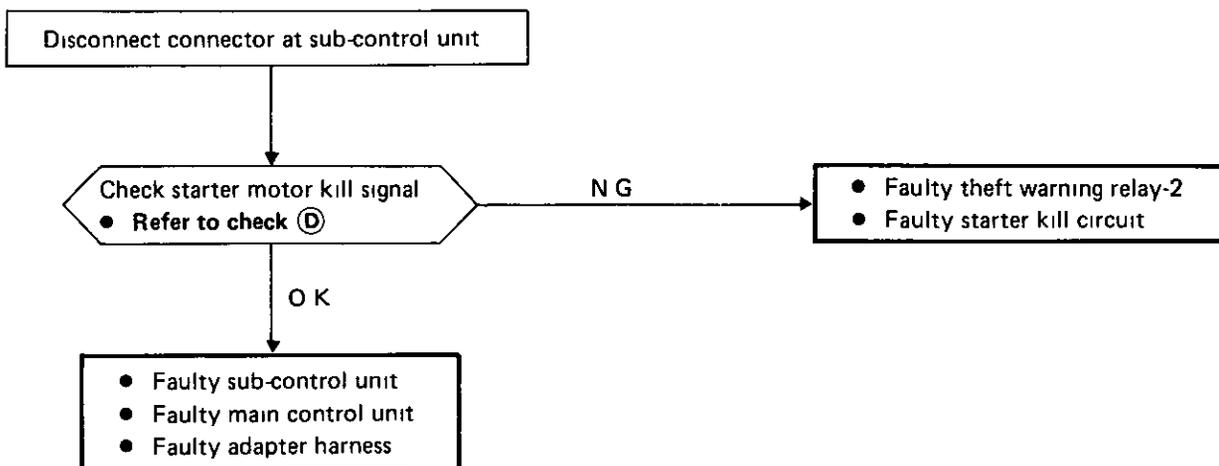
### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ST ①



19 Starter motor operates (Starter killed phase)

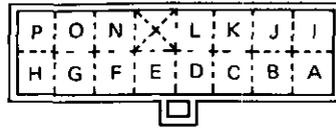
- Ignition switch ST

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ST ②



# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Terminal Check



Terminal arrangement of connector for theft warning sub-control unit (View from harness side)

Check table of connector terminals for sub-control unit (Disconnect connector at sub-control unit)

Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N G , check
A	System source	Fuse box	Battery voltage should come between [A] and body ground	10A fuse, Harness
B	Security lamp operating control	Fuse box (Through security lamp)	Ground [B] , security lamp should come on	10A fuse, Harness, Bulb of security lamp
C	System cancel signal	Fuse box	Battery voltage should come between [C] and body ground when key is in ACC or ON	10A fuse, Harness
D	Starter kill	Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-2)	Ground [D] starter should not operate	Theft warning relay-2, Harness, Inhibitor relay (A/T), Inhibitor switch (A/T)
E	Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for passenger's side	Passenger's door switch and tamper switch	Battery voltage should come between [E] and body ground when passenger's door is closed Zero voltage between [E] and body ground when passenger's door is open Battery voltage between [E] and body ground when passenger's tamper switch is installed to key cylinder when passenger's door is closed	Door switch, Tamper switch, Harness
F	Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger of driver's side Tamper switch trigger of back door	Driver's door switch and tamper switch Back door tamper switch	Battery voltage should come between [F] and body ground when driver's door is closed Zero voltage between [F] and body ground when driver's door is open Battery voltage should come between [F] and body ground when driver's and back door tamper switches are installed to key cylinders (when driver's door is closed)	Door switch, Tamper switch, Harness
G	Arm signal	Door lock switches	Continuity exists between [G] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of lock	Door lock switch, Harness

# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Terminal Check (Cont'd)

Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N G , check
H	Power door lock trigger	Power door lock switch	Battery voltage should come between [H] and body ground when driver's door is locked Zero voltage between [H] and body ground when driver's door is unlocked	Power door lock actuator, Power door lock switch
I	Passenger's door unlock sensor signal	Power door lock actuator	Continuity exists between [I] and body ground when passenger's door is unlocked No continuity between [I] and body ground when passenger's door is locked	Power door lock actuator
J	Disarm signal Back door	Back door unlock switch	Continuity exists between [J] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of unlock	Unlock switch, Harness
K	Disarm signal (Driver's and passenger's doors)	Door unlock switches	Continuity exists between [K] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of unlock	Unlock switch, Harness
L	Alarm signal	Fuse box (Through horn relay) Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-1)	Ground [L] , horn should sound and headlamp should come on	Horn relay, Theft warning relay-1, 15A, 10A fuse, Harness
N	Back door switch trigger	Back door switch	Battery voltage should come between [N] and body ground when back door is closed Zero voltage between [N] and body ground when back door is open	Back door switch, Harness
O	Hood switch trigger	Hood switch	No continuity between [O] and body ground when hood is closed Continuity exists between [O] and body ground when hood is open	Hood switch, Harness
P	System ground	Body ground	Continuity exists between [P] and body ground	Body ground terminal, Harness

Connect connector to sub-control unit

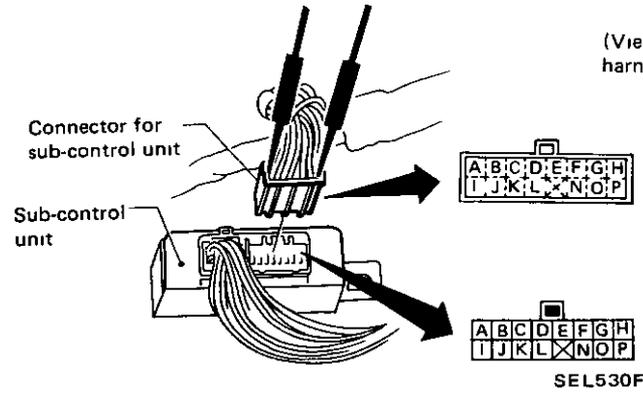
Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N G , check
L (Check ②)	Alarm signal	Fuse box (Through horn relay) Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-1)	Pointer deflection should come intermittently under alarm phase	Sub-control unit, Main control unit, Adapter harness

# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

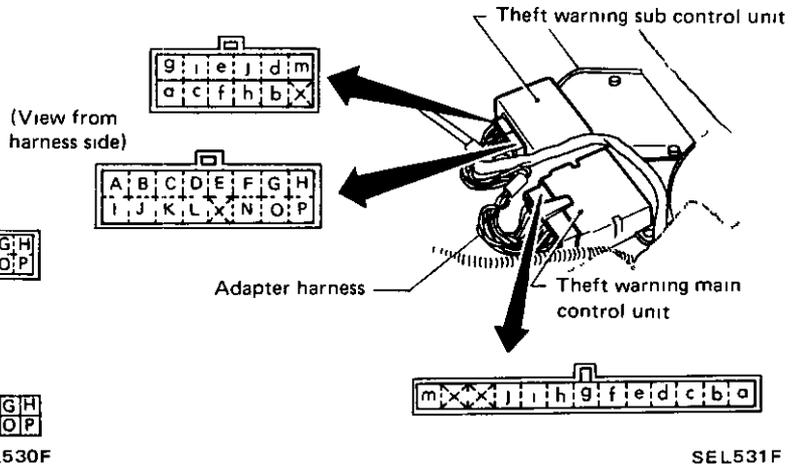
## Terminal Check (Cont'd)

### Preparation for check

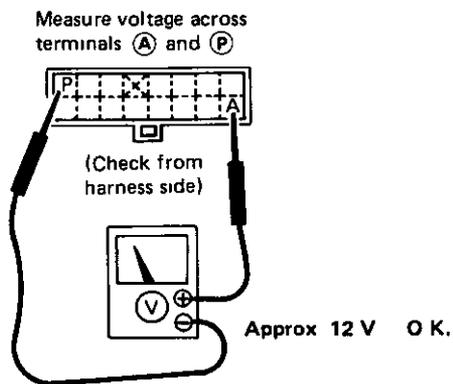
- Disconnect body harness connector at sub-control unit (Except check ②)



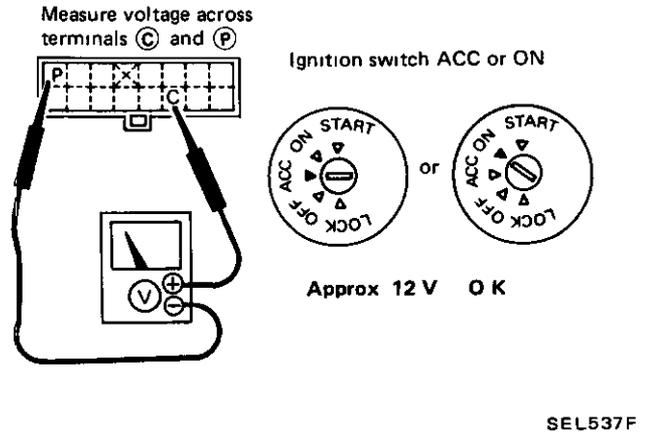
### Terminal arrangement for check (View from harness side)



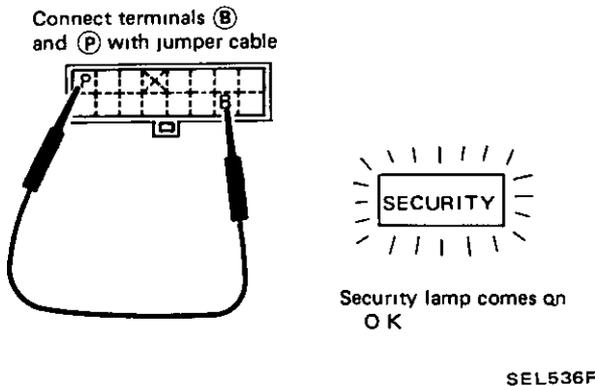
### CHECK ① System source check



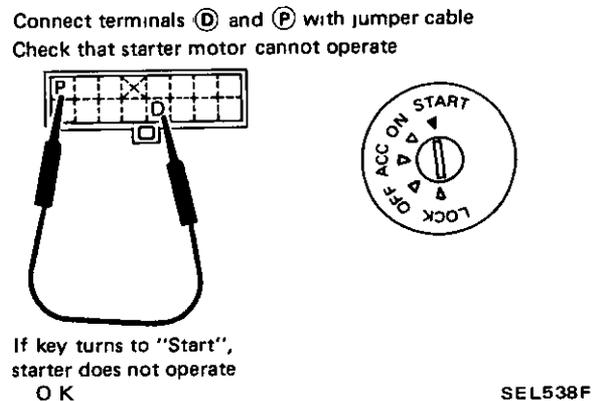
### CHECK ③ System cancel signal check



### CHECK ② ... Security lamp circuit check



### CHECK ④ ... Starter kill signal check

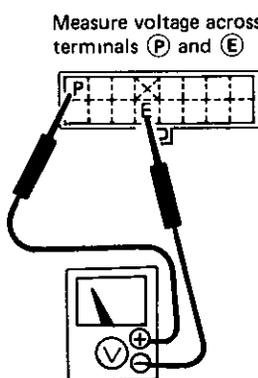


# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Terminal Check (Cont'd)

### CHECK ⑤ Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for passenger's side

Measure voltage across terminals ⑤ and ⑥



Passenger's door is closed  
12V

Passenger's door is open  
0V

Passenger's tamper switch is installed to key cylinder with passenger's door closed  
12V

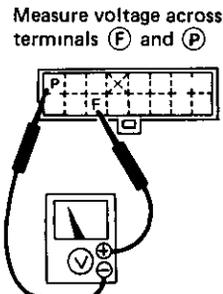
Passenger's tamper switch is removed from key cylinder with passenger's door closed  
0V

OK

SEL539F

### CHECK ⑥ Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for driver's side & tamper switch trigger for back door

Measure voltage across terminals ⑥ and ⑦



Driver's door is closed  
12V

Driver's door is open  
0V

Driver's and back door tamper switches are installed to key cylinders with driver's door closed  
12V

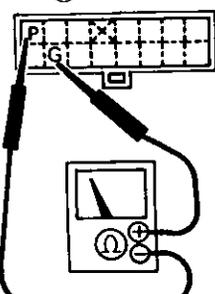
At least one of driver's and back door tamper switches is removed from key cylinder with driver's door closed  
0V

OK

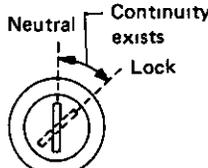
SEL540F

### CHECK ⑦ Arm signal check

Check for continuity between terminals ⑦ and ⑧



[Example] Key cylinder for driver's side

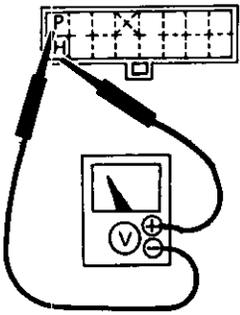


• Stop key between neutral and full stroke of lock  
Continuity exists OK

SEL541F

### CHECK ⑧ Power door lock trigger

Measure voltage across terminals ⑧ and ⑨



Driver's door is locked  
12V

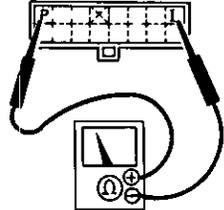
Driver's door is unlocked  
0V

OK

SEL542F

### CHECK ⑩ Passenger's door unlock sensor signal

Check for continuity between terminals ⑩ and ⑨



Passenger's door is unlocked  
Continuity exists

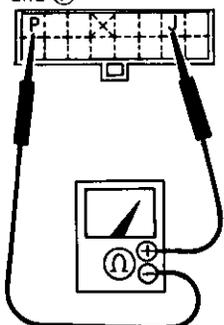
Passenger's door is lock locked  
No continuity

OK

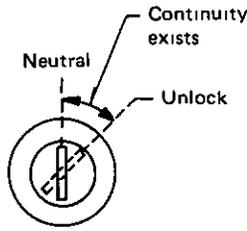
SEL543F

### CHECK ⑪ Disarm signal of back door unlock switch check

Check for continuity between terminals ⑪ and ⑨



• Stop key between neutral and full stroke of unlock



Continuity exists OK

SEL534F

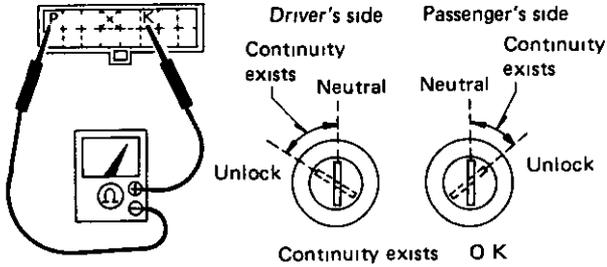
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Terminal Check (Cont'd)

### CHECK (K) . Disarm signal of door unlock switch check

Check for continuity between terminals (K) and (P)

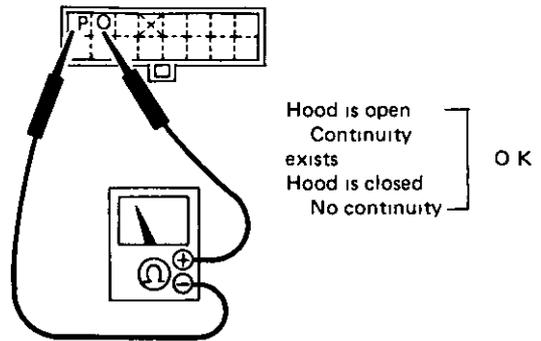
• Stop key between neutral and full stroke of unlock



SEL544F

### CHECK (O) Hood switch trigger check

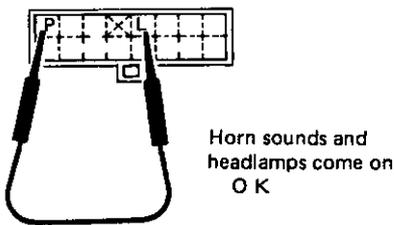
Check for continuity between terminals (O) and (P)



SEL547F

### CHECK (L) . Alarm check

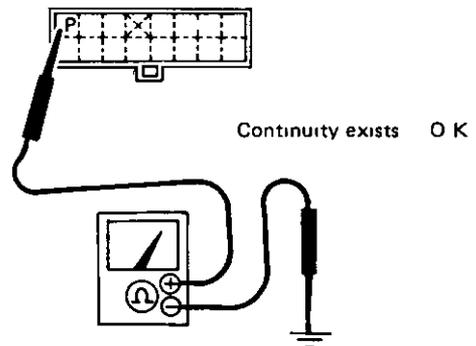
Connect terminals (L) and (P) with jumper cable



SEL545F

### CHECK (P) Body ground circuit check

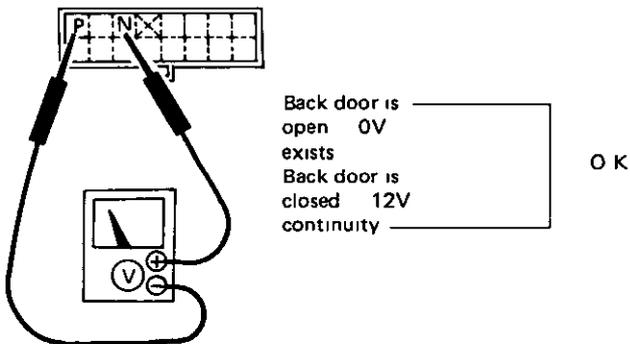
Check for continuity between terminals (P) and body



SEL548F

### CHECK (N) .. Back door switch trigger check

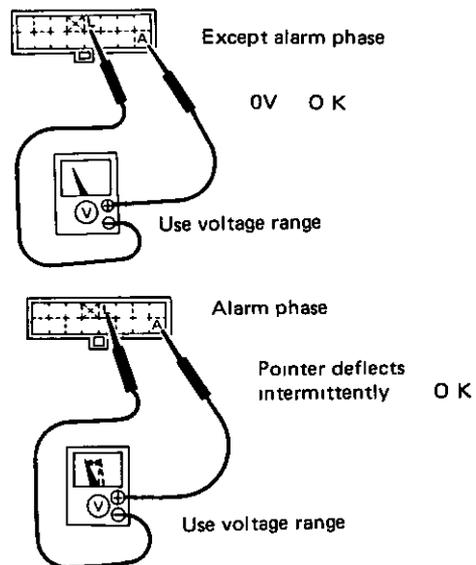
Measure voltage across terminals (N) and (P)



SEL546F

### CHECK (Z) ... Alarm signal check

- 1 Connect connector to theft warning sub-control unit
- 2 Connect between terminals (A) and (L)



SEL549F

# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Control Unit Check

### CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION

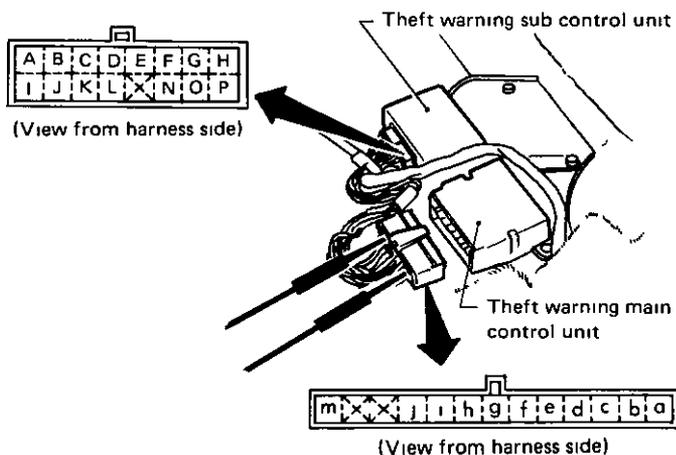
- This inspection is available only when the cause of trouble in "Trouble-shooting" is due to a "faulty sub-control unit" or "faulty main control unit" or "faulty adapter harness"
- This inspection should be carried out with adapter harness disconnected at main control unit. When disconnecting adapter harness, first disconnect battery ground cable. Be sure to reconnect battery ground cable afterwards.

### TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. **O.K.** in following checks indicates "Replace main control unit" and **N.G.** indicates "Replace sub-control unit or "Replace adapter harness"
2. In case of **N.G.**, check adapter harness referring to "Adapter harness check"
3. If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing sub-control unit, replace main control unit.

#### Preparation for check

Disconnect adapter harness at main control unit



SEL532F

# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

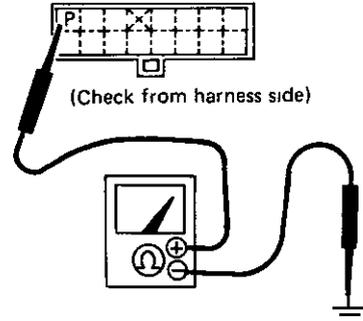
### Check (a) . Ground circuit check

Check for continuity between terminals sub-control unit (P) and body

NG

Faulty ground circuit

OK



Continuity exists OK

SEL550F

Check for continuity terminals (a) and sub-control unit (P)

NG

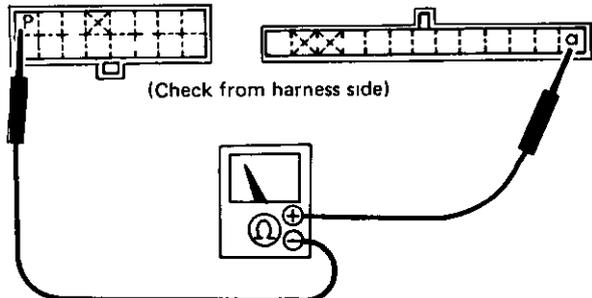
(NG)

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check")

OK

(OK)

Replace main control unit



Continuity exists OK

SEL551F

### Check (b) .. Door unlock signal check

Measure voltage across terminals (b) and (a)

NG

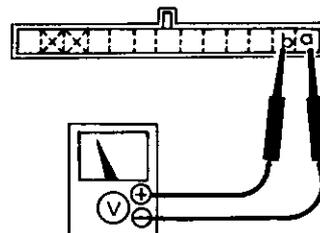
(NG)

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check")

OK

(OK)

Replace main control unit



At least one door (including hood, back door) is unlocked  
Approx 9V  
All doors are locked 0V

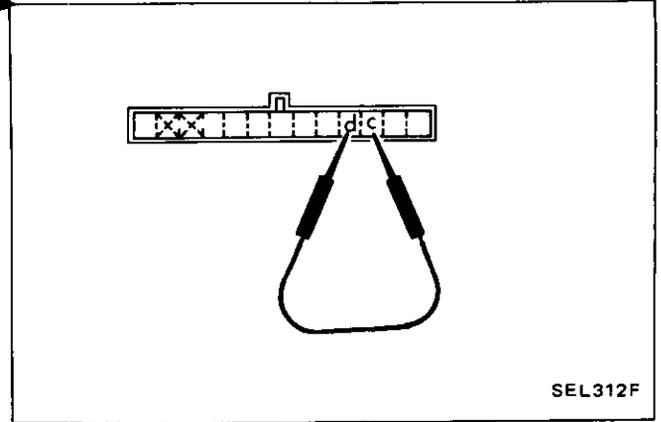
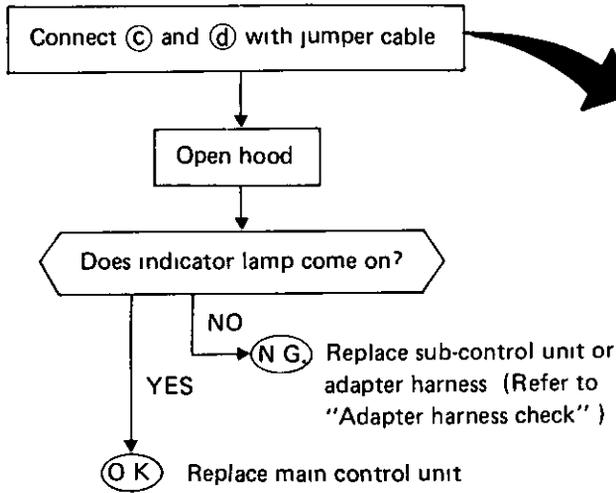
OK

SEL311F

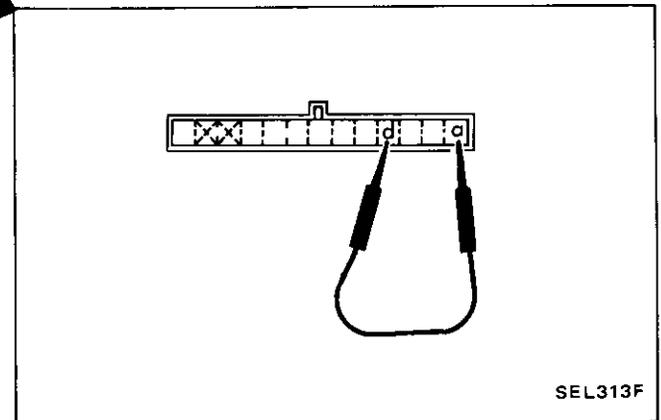
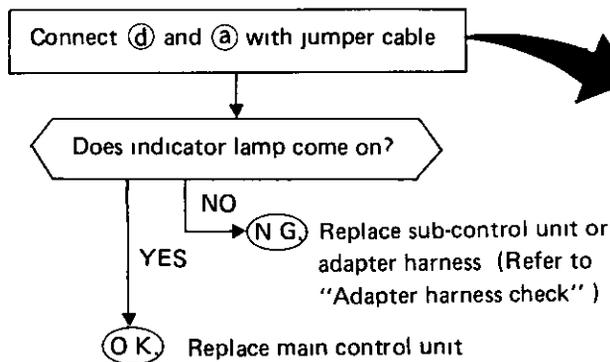
# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

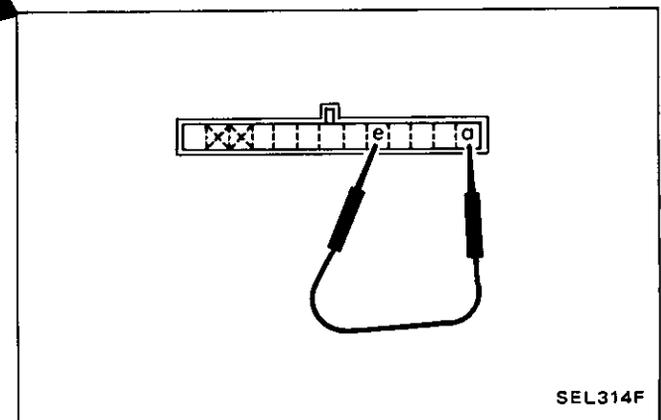
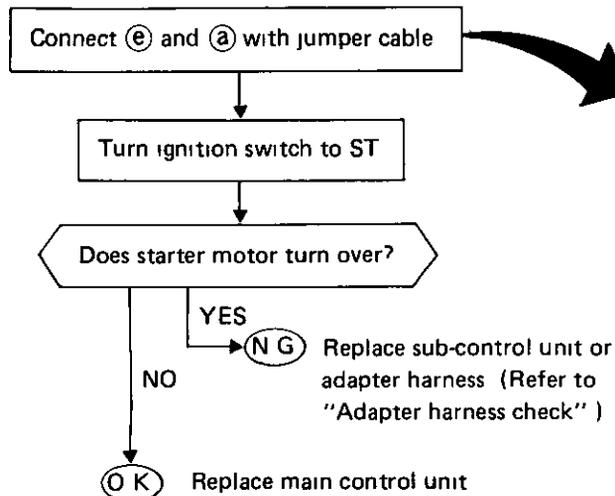
### Check ③ . Hood signal check



### Check ④ Indicator lamp circuit check



### Check ⑤ ... Starter kill signal check



# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

### Check ① ... Alarm check

Connect ① and ② with jumper cable

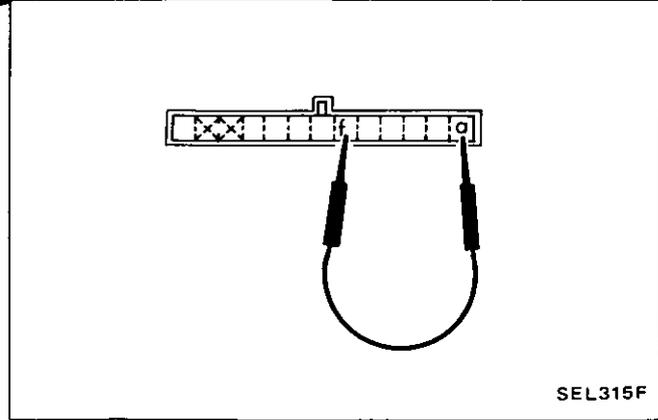
Does horn sound and headlamp come on?

YES

OK Replace main control unit

NO

NG Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check" )



### Check ③ .. Arm signal check

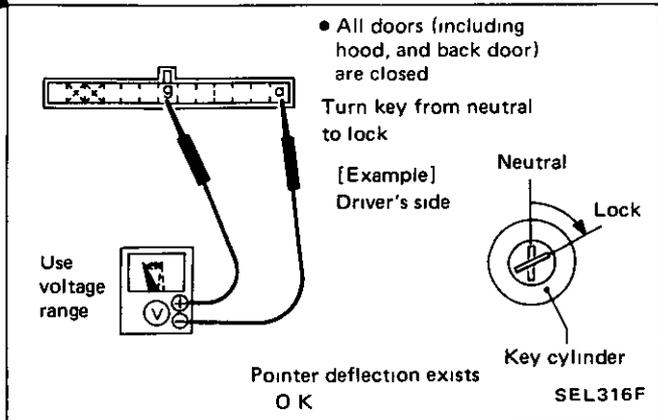
Connect between terminals ③ and ②

OK

OK Replace main control unit

NG

NG Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check" )



# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

### Check (h) . Unlock signal check

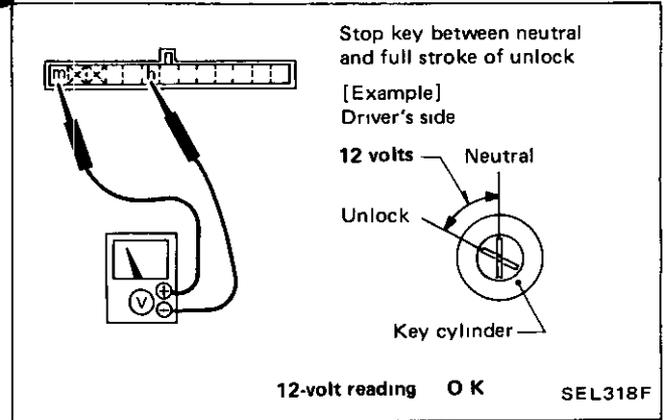
Measure voltage across terminals (h) and (m)

OK

(OK) Replace main control unit

NG

(NG) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check" )



### Check (i) Door switch signal check

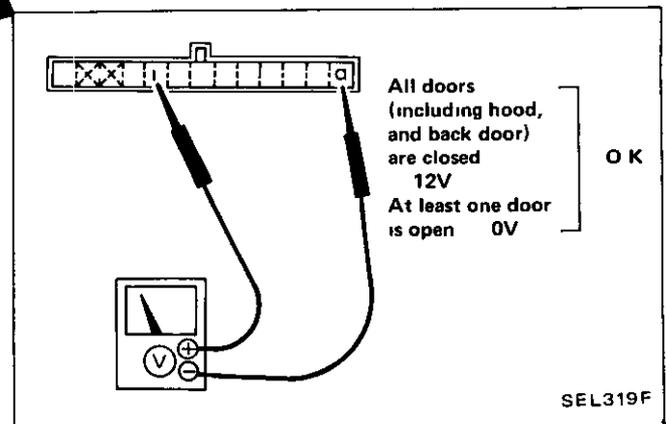
Measure voltage across terminals (i) and (a)

OK

(OK) Replace main control unit

NG

(NG) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check" )



### Check (j) ... System cancel signal check

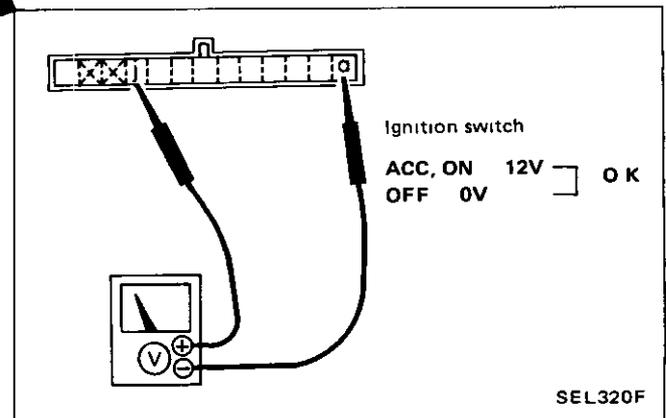
Measure voltage across terminals (j) and (a)

OK

(OK) Replace main control unit

NG

(NG) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check" )



# THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

## Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check (m) . . . System source check

Measure voltage across terminals (m) and (a)

OK

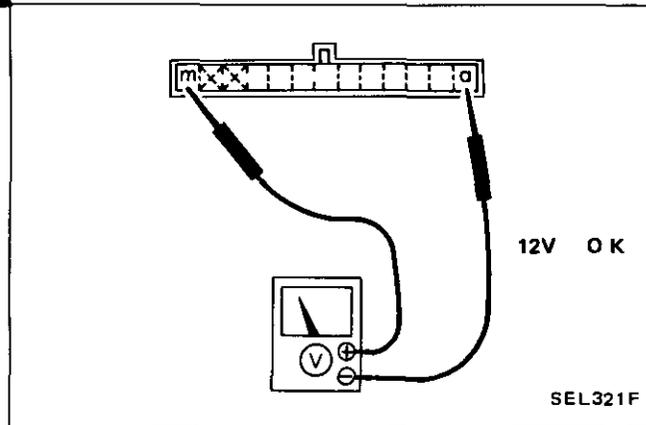
OK

Replace main control unit

NG

NG

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness (Refer to "Adapter harness check")



## Adapter Harness Check

- This inspection is available only when the cause of trouble in "Control Unit Check" is due to a "Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness"

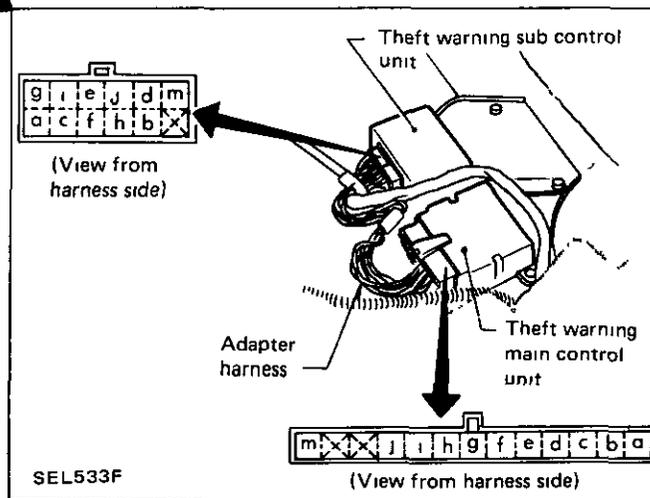
Check for continuity between same letter of sub-control unit and main control unit

OK

Replace sub-control unit.

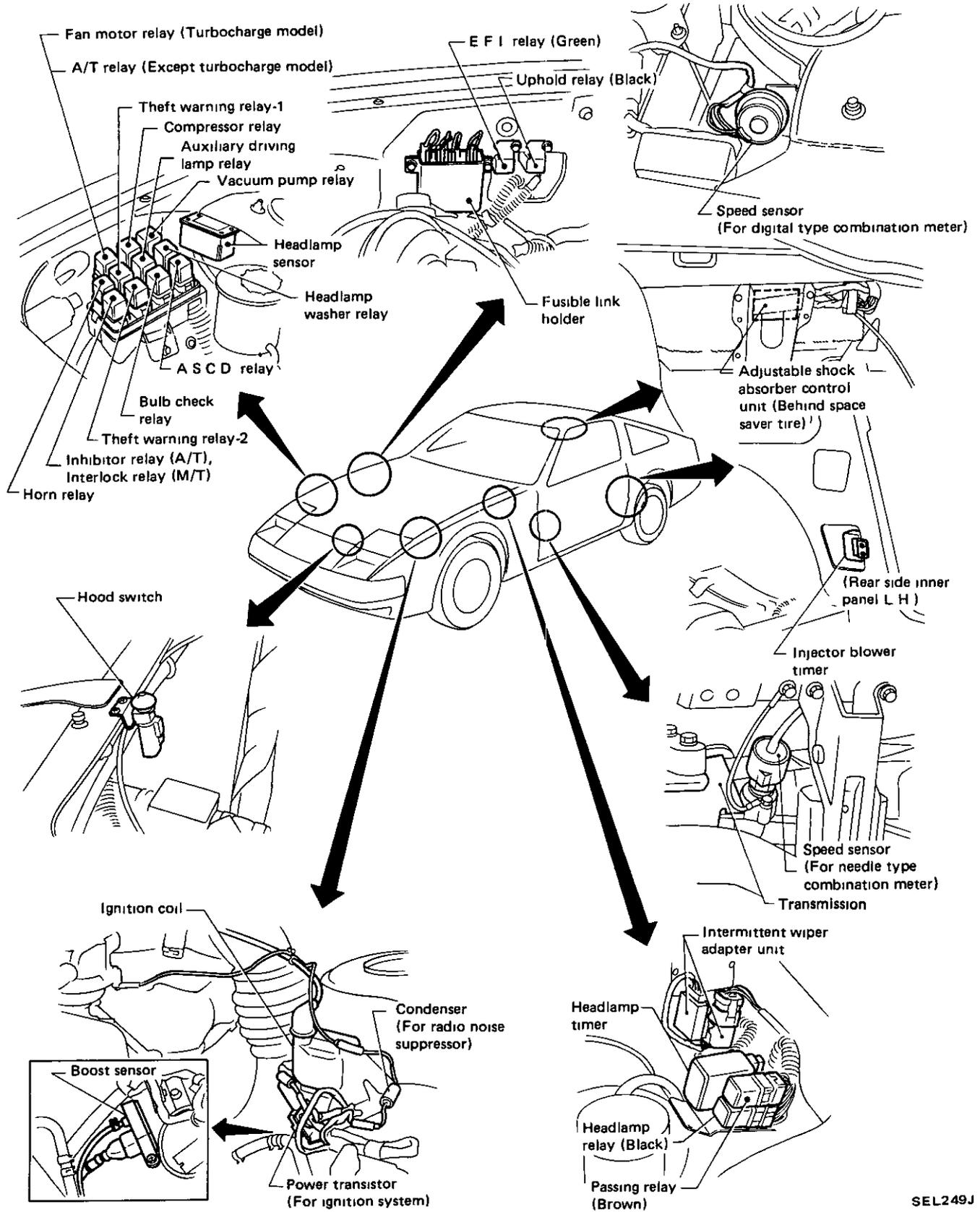
NG

Replace adapter harness



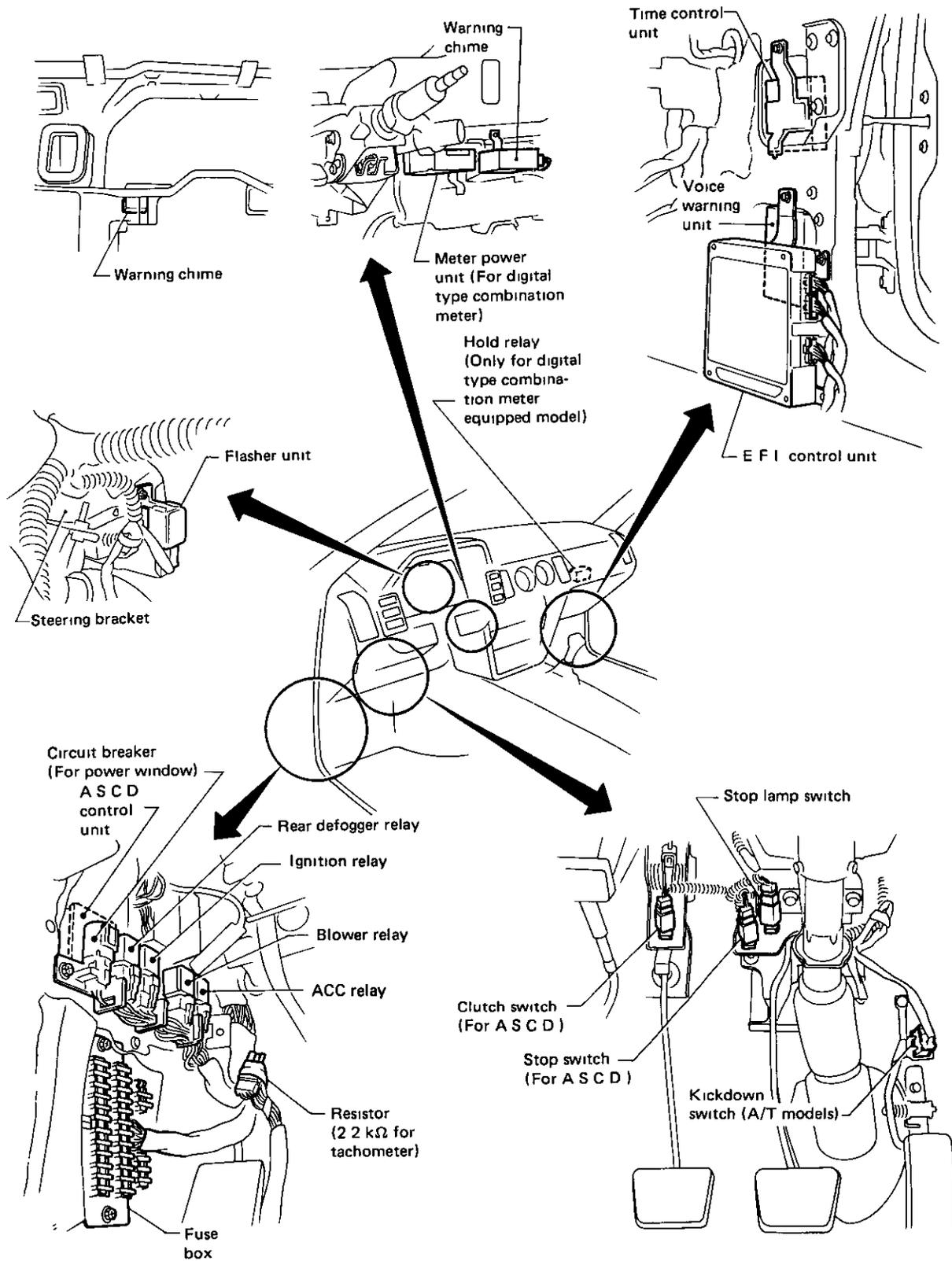
- If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing adapter harness, replace sub-control unit.
- If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing sub-control unit, replace adapter harness

# LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS



SEL249J

# LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS



SEL753D

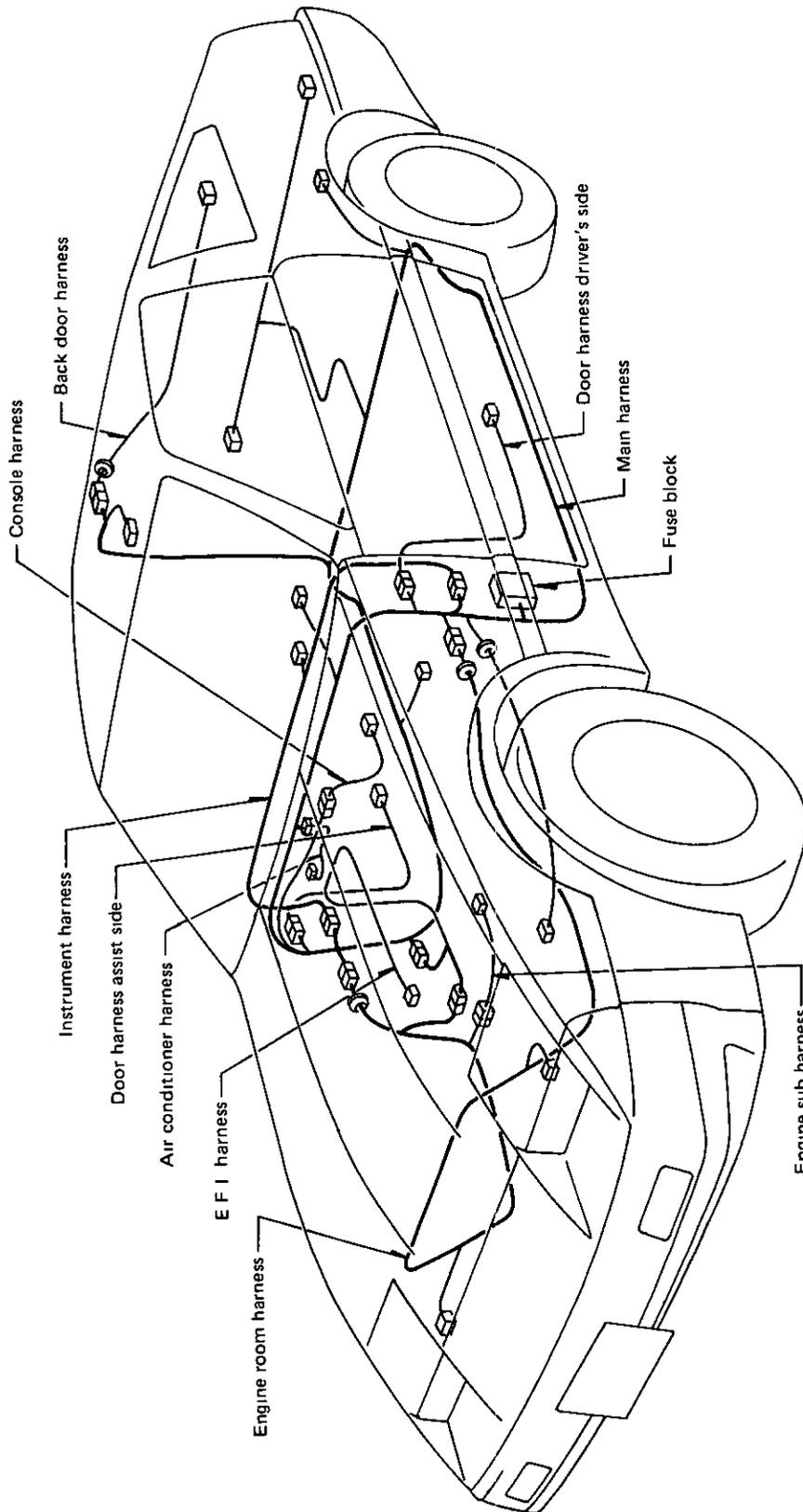
# HARNESS LAYOUT

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Note

# HARNESSES LAYOUT

## Outline

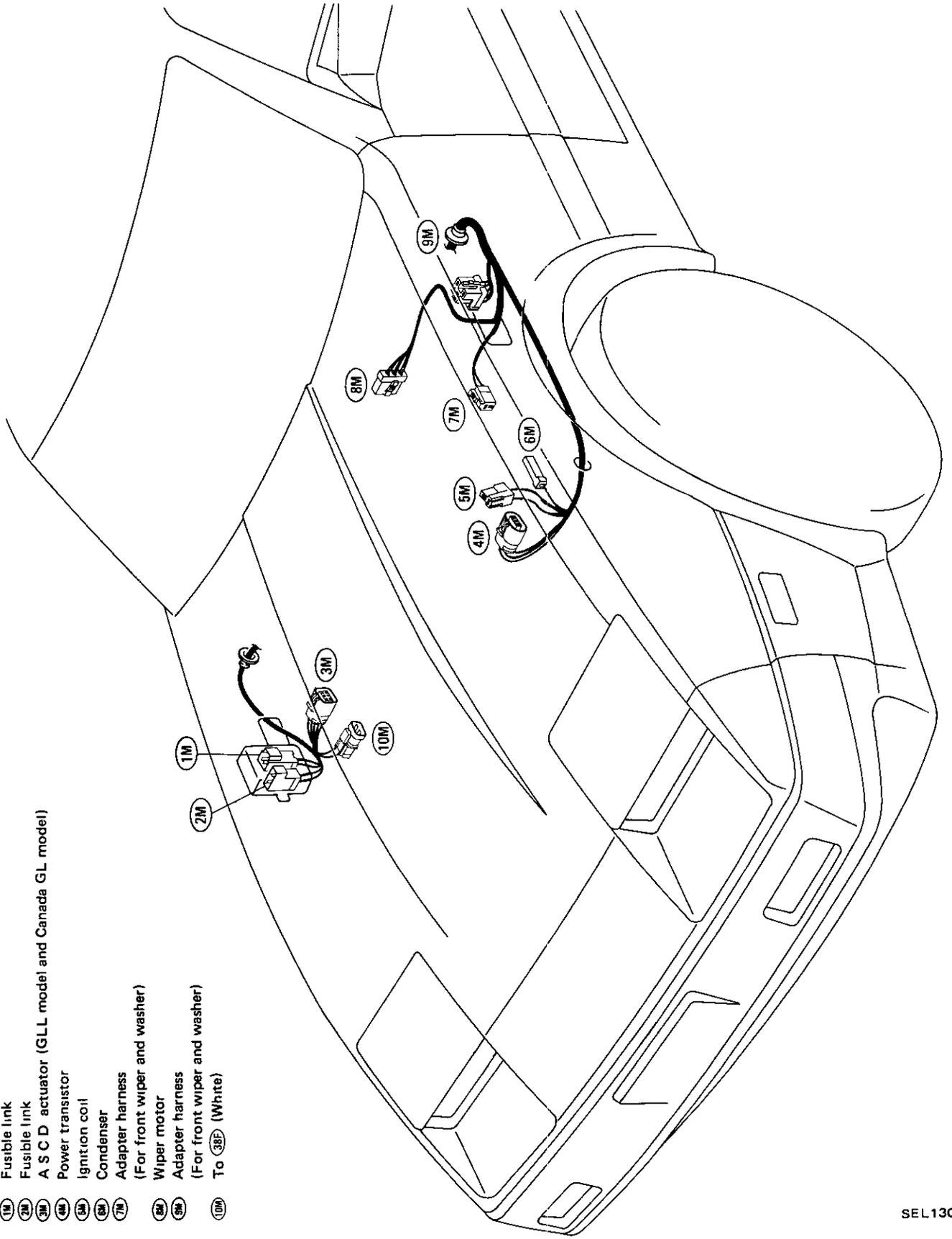


SEL496F

# HARNES LAYOUT

## Main Harness

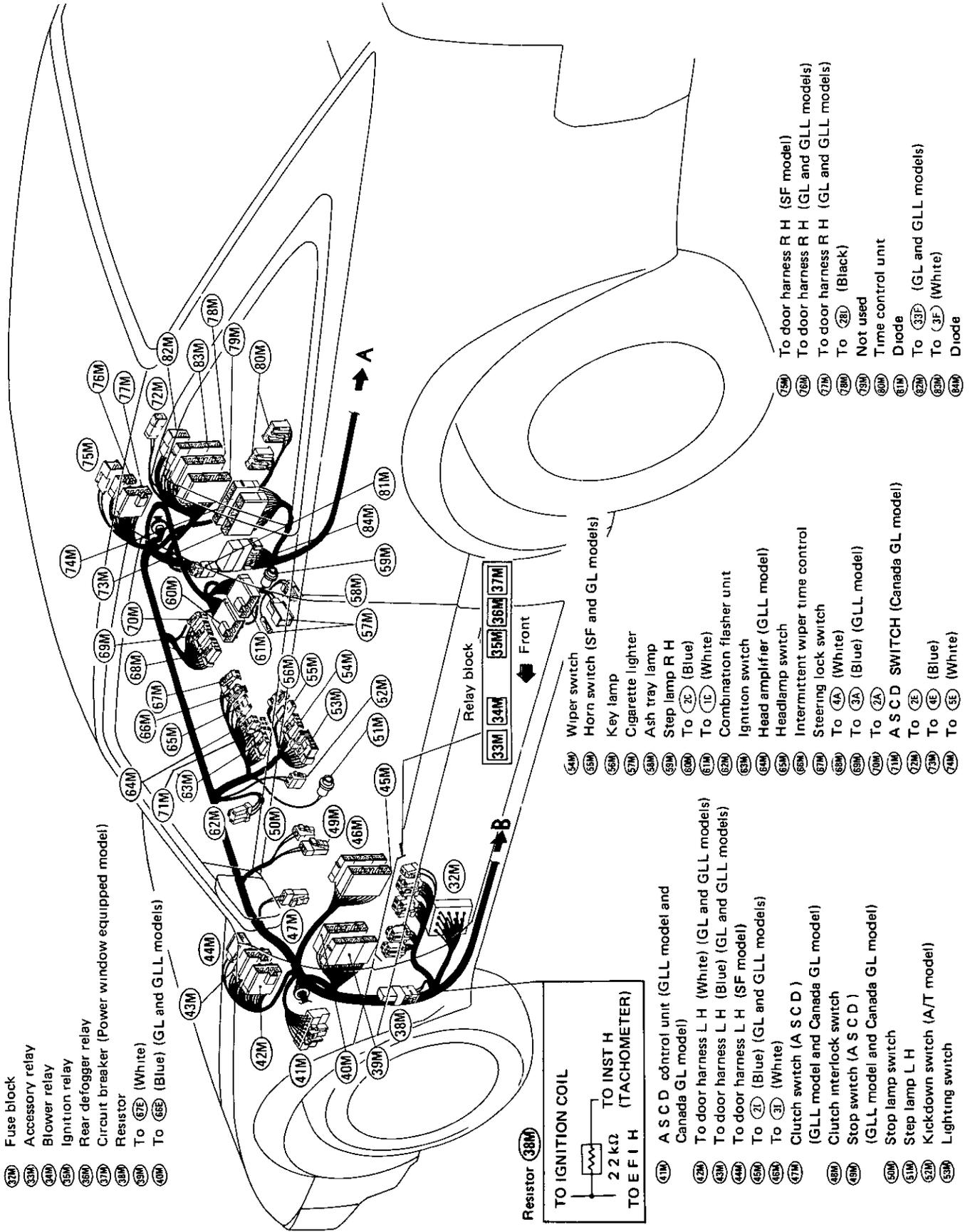
- (1M) Fusible link
- (2M) Fusible link
- (3M) A S C D actuator (GLL model and Canada GL model)
- (4M) Power transistor
- (5M) Ignition coil
- (6M) Condenser
- (7M) Adapter harness
- (8M) Adapter harness (For front wiper and washer)
- (9M) Wiper motor
- (10M) Adapter harness (For front wiper and washer)
- (10M) To (38E) (White)



SEL130J

# HARNES LAYOUT

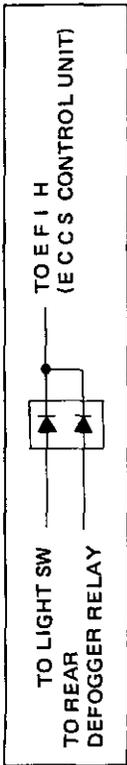
## Main Harness (Cont'd)



# HARNES LAYOUT

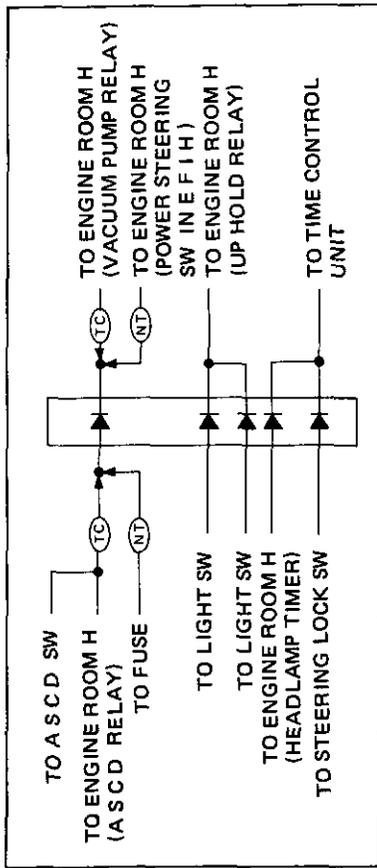
## Main Harness (Cont'd)

Diode (81M)



(For E C C S system)

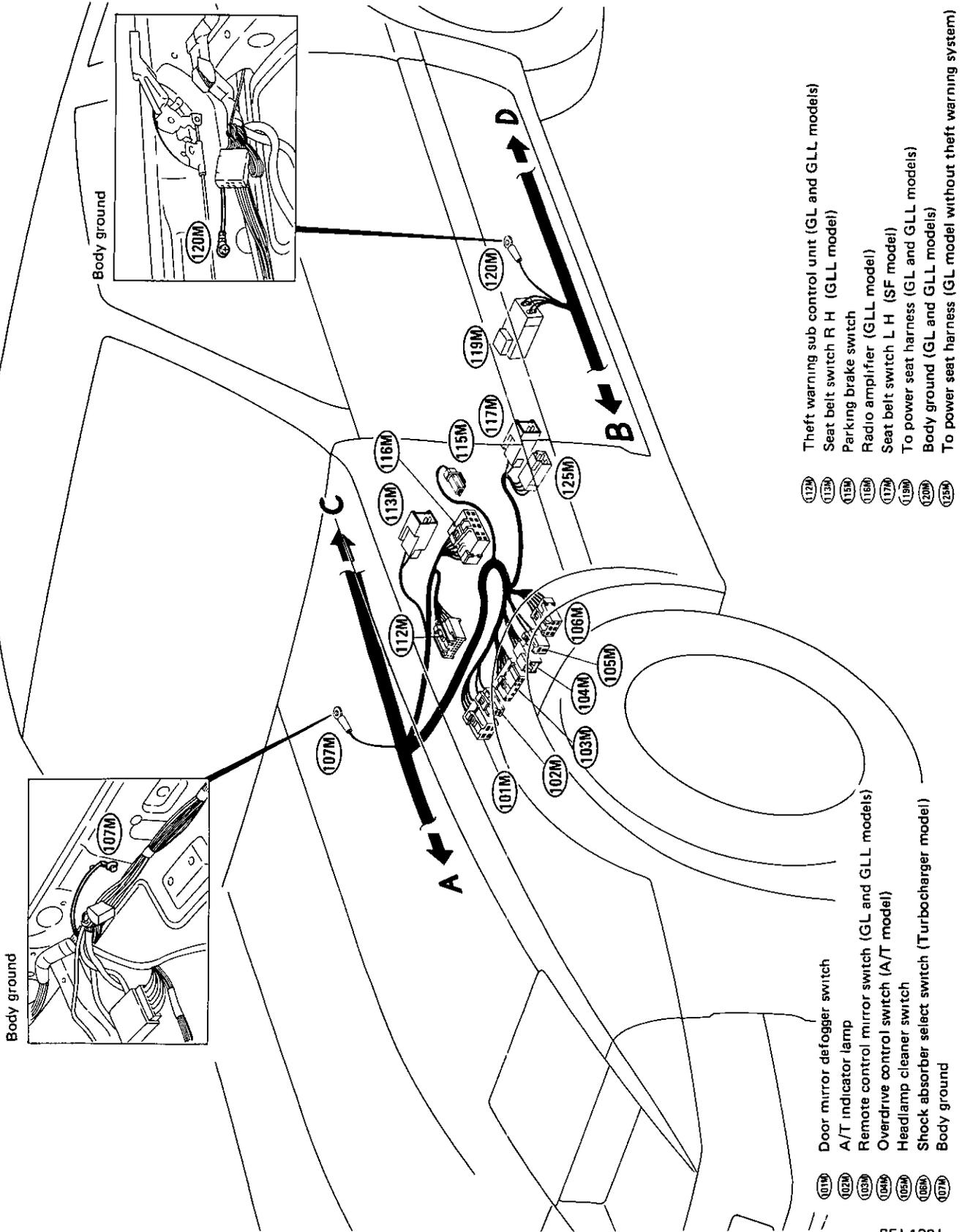
Diode (84M)



(For A S C D system, E C C S system, headlamp system & time control system)

# HARNES LAYOUT

## Main Harness (Cont'd)



Body ground

Body ground

- 101M Door mirror defogger switch
- 102M A/T indicator lamp
- 103M Remote control mirror switch (GL and GLL models)
- 104M Overdrive control switch (A/T model)
- 105M Headlamp cleaner switch
- 106M Shock absorber select switch (Turbocharger model)
- 107M Body ground

- 112M Theft warning sub control unit (GL and GLL models)
- 113M Seat belt switch R H (GLL model)
- 115M Parking brake switch
- 116M Radio amplifier (GLL model)
- 117M Seat belt switch L H (SF model)
- 119M To power seat harness (GL and GLL models)
- 120M Body ground (GL and GLL models)
- 121M To power seat harness (GL model without theft warning system)
- 125M

SEL 132J

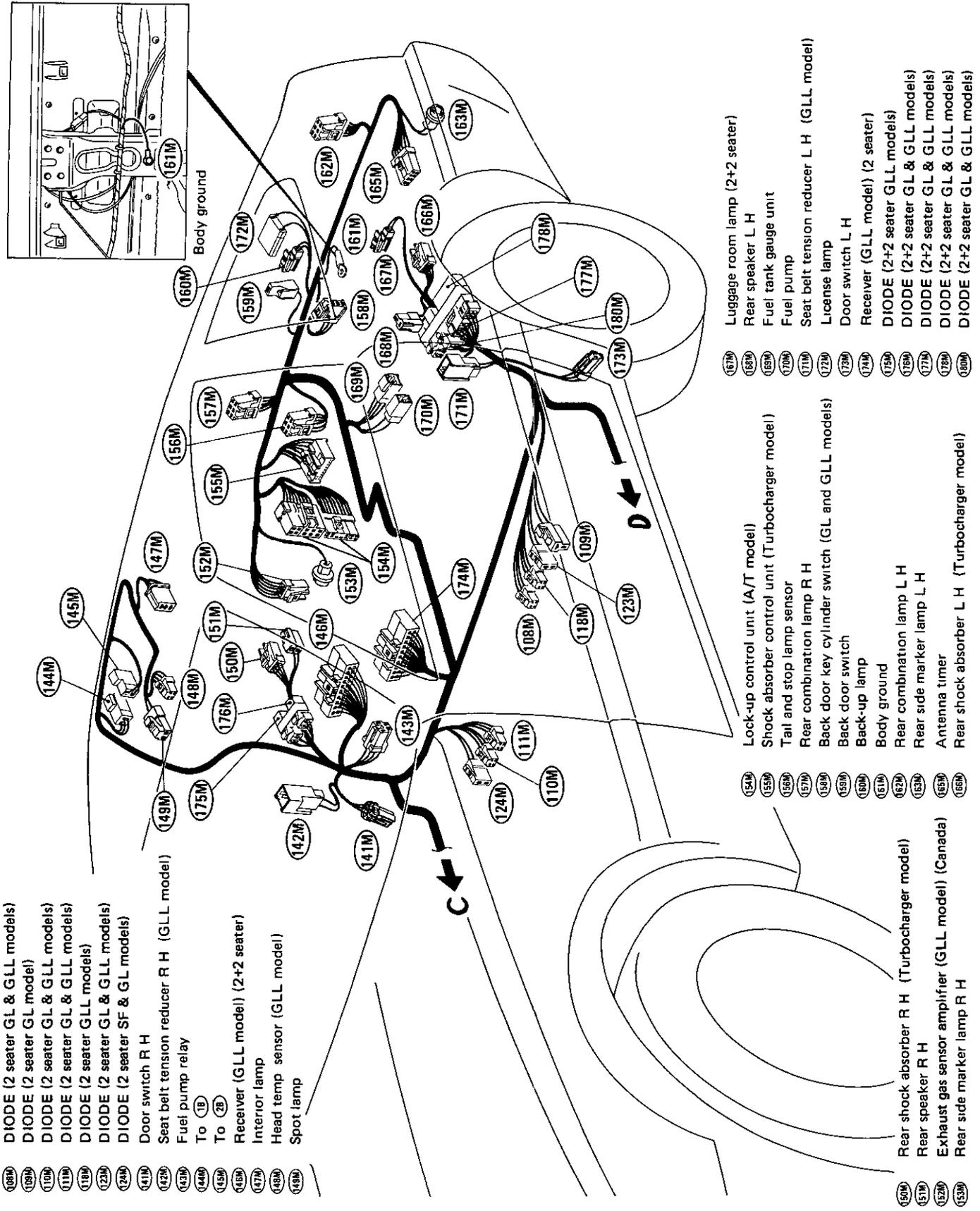
# HARNESS LAYOUT

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Note:

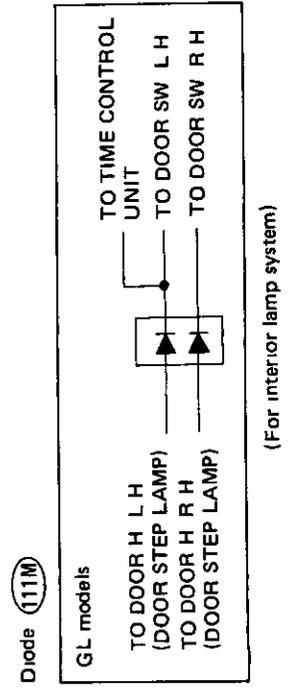
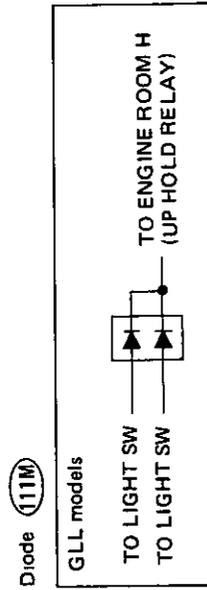
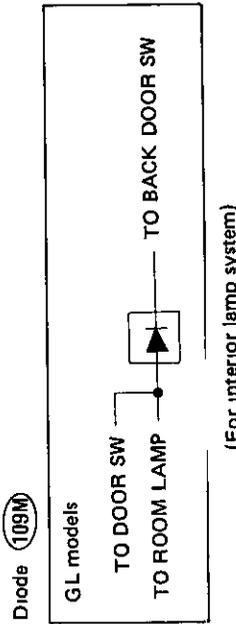
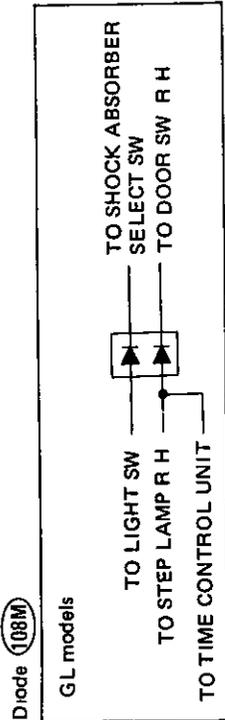
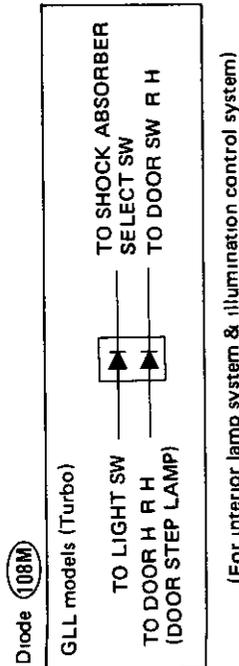
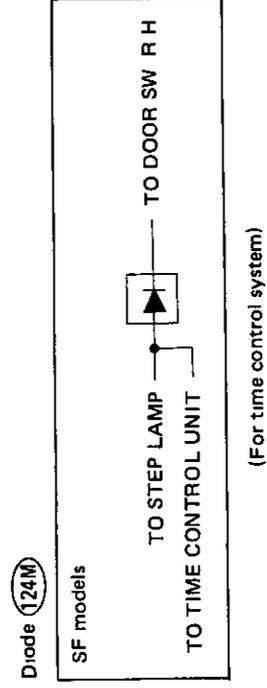
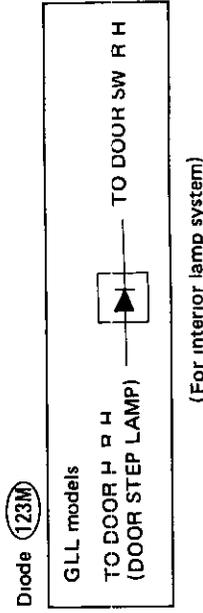
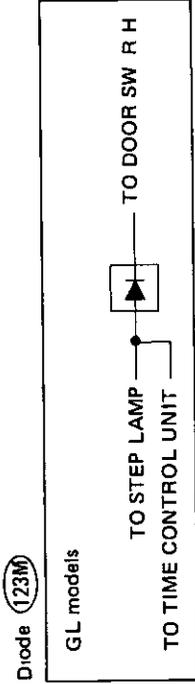
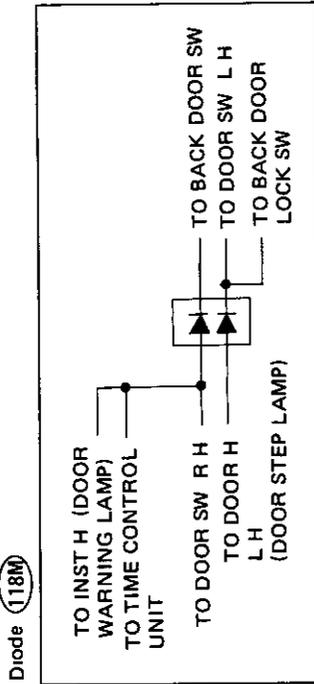
# HARNESS LAYOUT

## Main Harness (Cont'd)



# HARNES LAYOUT

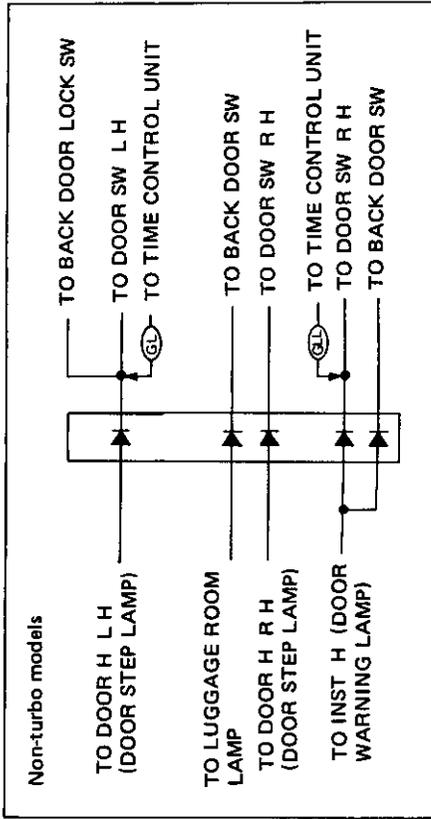
## Main Harness (Cont'd)



# HARNESS LAYOUT

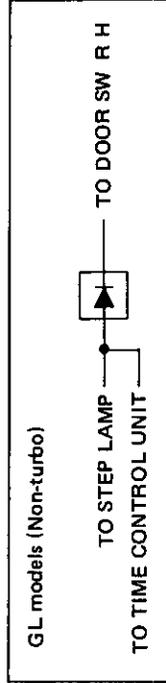
## Main Harness (Cont'd)

Diode (178M)



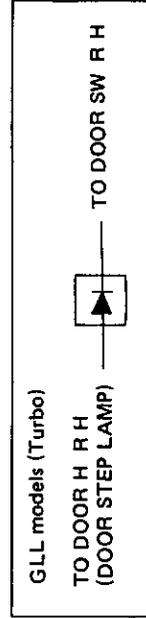
(For interior lamp system & time control system)

Diode (180M)



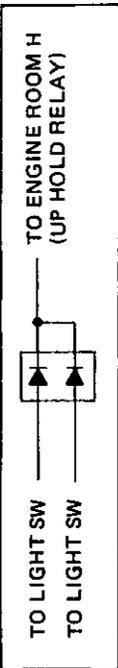
(For time control system)

Diode (180M)



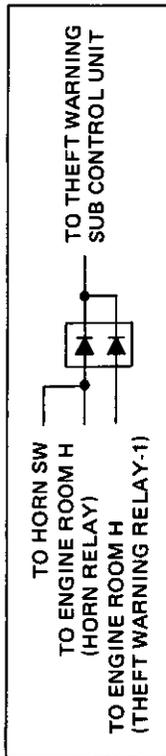
(For interior lamp system)

Diode (175M)



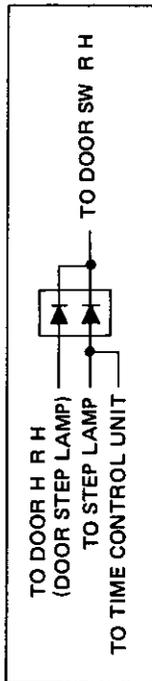
(For headlamp system)

Diode (176M)



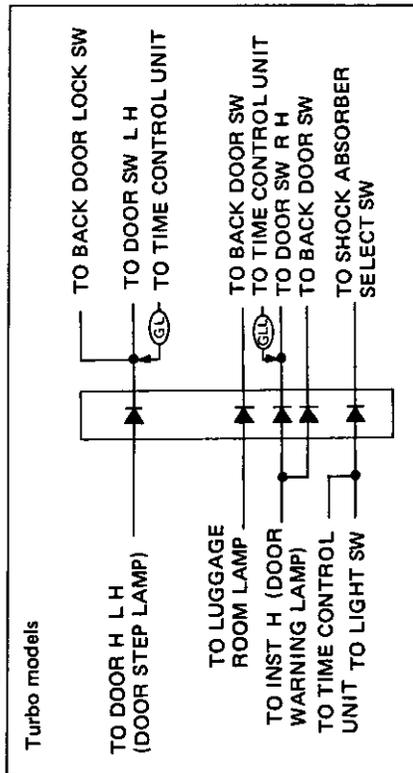
(For theft warning system)

Diode (177M)



(For time control system)

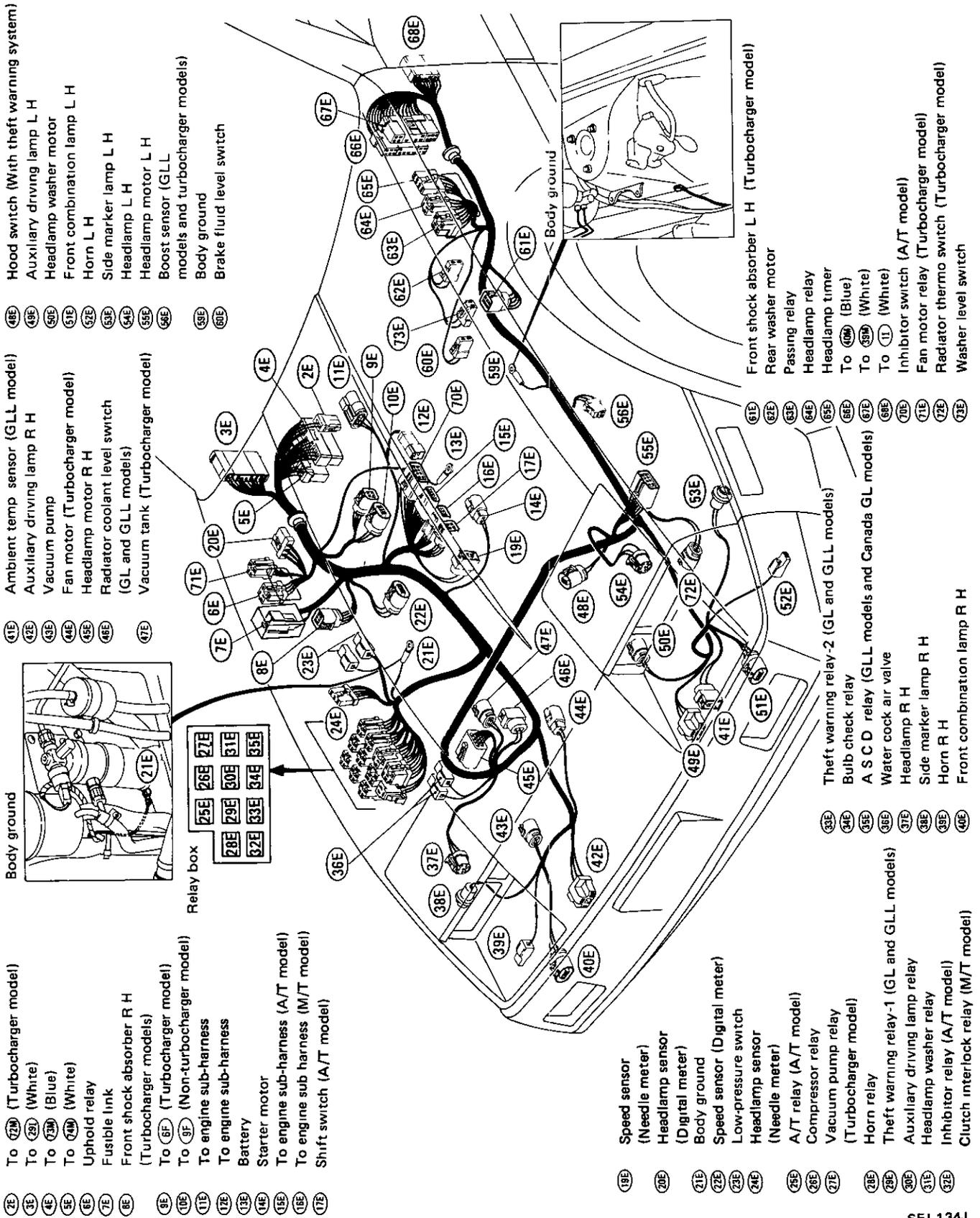
Diode (178M)



(For interior lamp system, time control system & illumination control system)

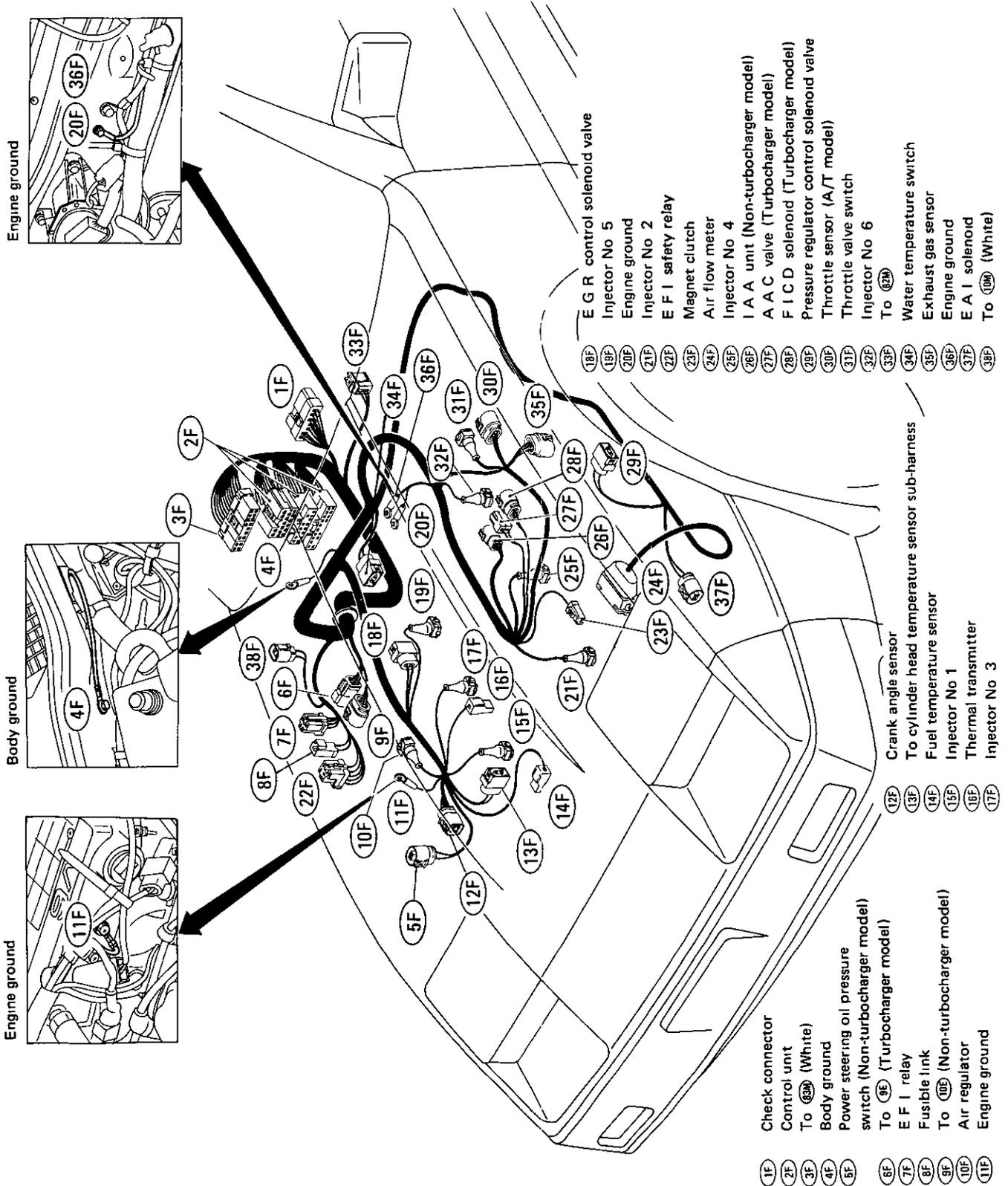
# HARNES LAYOUT

## Engine Room Harness



# HARNESS LAYOUT

## E.F.I. Harness



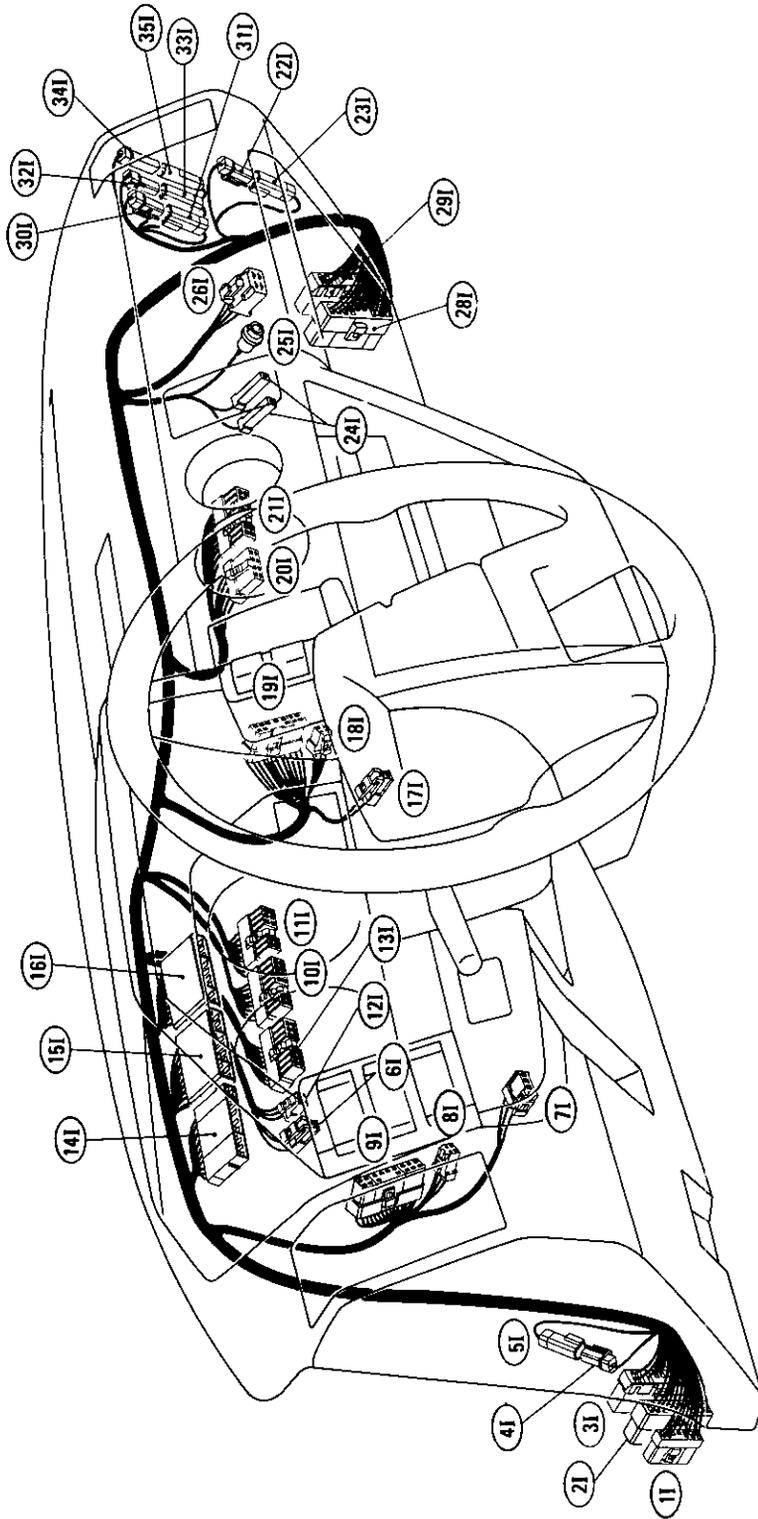
- 1F Check connector
- 2F Control unit
- 3F To (30) (White)
- 4F Body ground
- 5F Power steering oil pressure switch (Non-turbocharger model)
- 6F To (9E) (Turbocharger model)
- 7F E F I relay
- 8F Fusible link
- 9F To (10) (Non-turbocharger model)
- 10F Air regulator
- 11F Engine ground

- 12F Crank angle sensor
- 13F To cylinder head temperature sensor sub-harness
- 14F Fuel temperature sensor
- 15F Injector No 1
- 16F Thermal transmitter
- 17F Injector No 3

- 18F E G R control solenoid valve
- 19F Injector No 5
- 20F Engine ground
- 21F Injector No 2
- 22F E F I safety relay
- 23F Magnet clutch
- 24F Air flow meter
- 25F Injector No 4
- 26F I A A unit (Non-turbocharger model)
- 27F A A C valve (Turbocharger model)
- 28F F I C D solenoid (Turbocharger model)
- 29F Pressure regulator control solenoid valve
- 30F Throttle valve switch (A/T model)
- 31F Throttle valve switch
- 32F Injector No 6
- 33F To (22M)
- 34F Water temperature switch
- 35F Exhaust gas sensor
- 36F Engine ground
- 37F E A I solenoid
- 38F To (10B) (White)

# HARNES LAYOUT

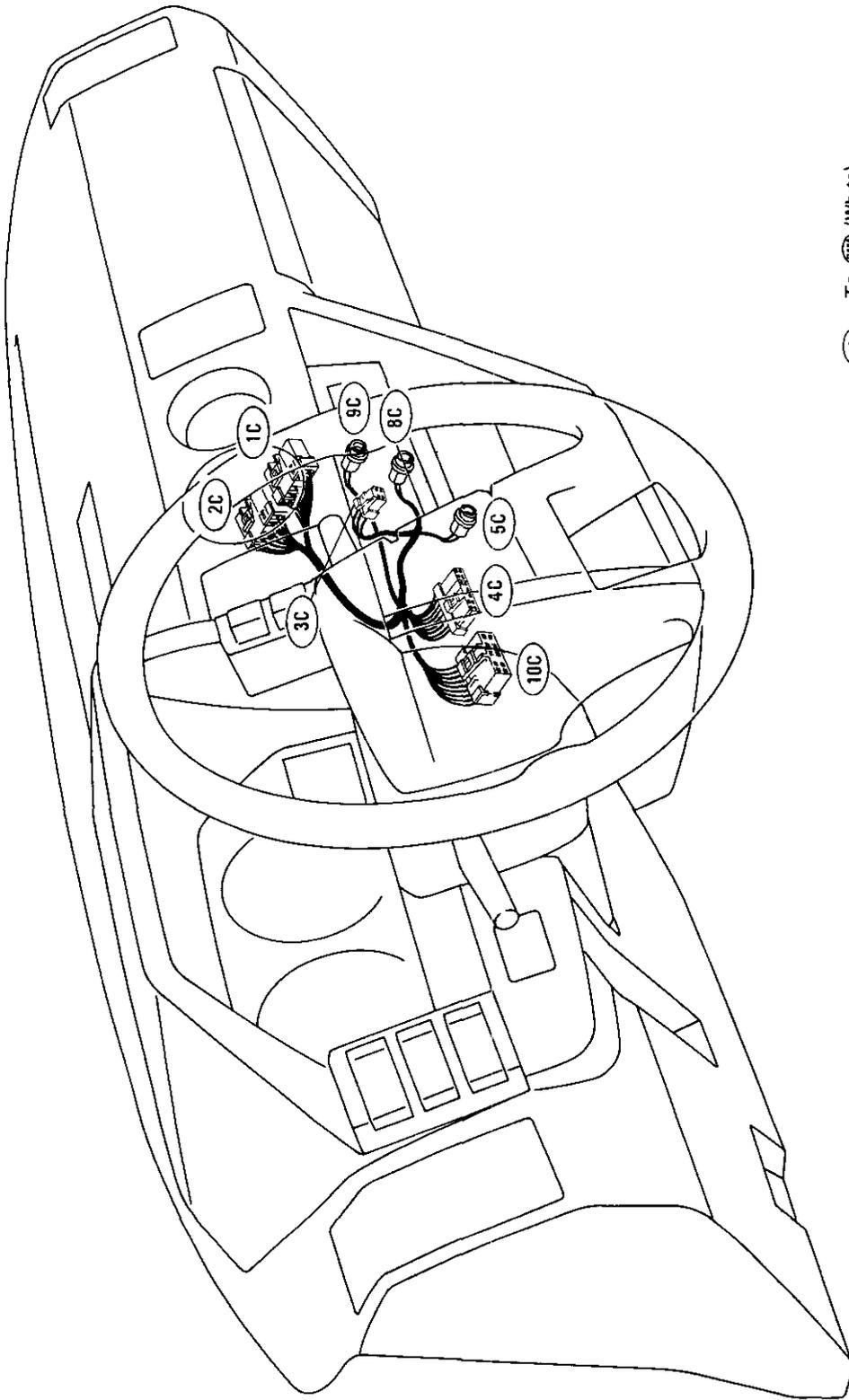
## Instrument Harness



- (11) To (68E) (White)
- (21) To (45M) (Blue) (GL and GLL models)
- (31) To (46M) (White)
- (41) Joint } (For Exhaust gas sensor warning lamp)
- (51) Joint }
- (61) Combination meter (White)
- (71) Needle type meter (Canada model)
- (81) Illumination control switch
- (91) Instrument switch L H
- (101) Instrument switch L H
- (111) Combination meter (Black)
- (121) Combination meter (White)
- (131) Combination meter (White)
- (141) Combination meter (White)
- (151) Combination meter (White)
- (161) Needle type meter
- (171) (U S A model)
- (181) Combination meter (White)
- (191) Combination meter (White)
- (201) Combination meter (White)
- (211) Combination meter (Blue)
- (221) Combination meter (Black)
- (231) Chime
- (241) Instrument switch R H
- (251) Instrument switch R H
- (261) Combination gauge (Digital type meter model)
- (281) Combination gauge (Needle type meter model)
- (291) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (301) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (311) Glove box lamp switch
- (321) Glove box lamp
- (331) Hold relay (For U S A )
- (341) To (28M) (Black)
- (351) To (3E) (White)
- (361) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (371) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (381) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (391) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (401) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (411) Joint (Needle type meter model)
- (421) Joint (Needle type meter model)

# HARNESS LAYOUT

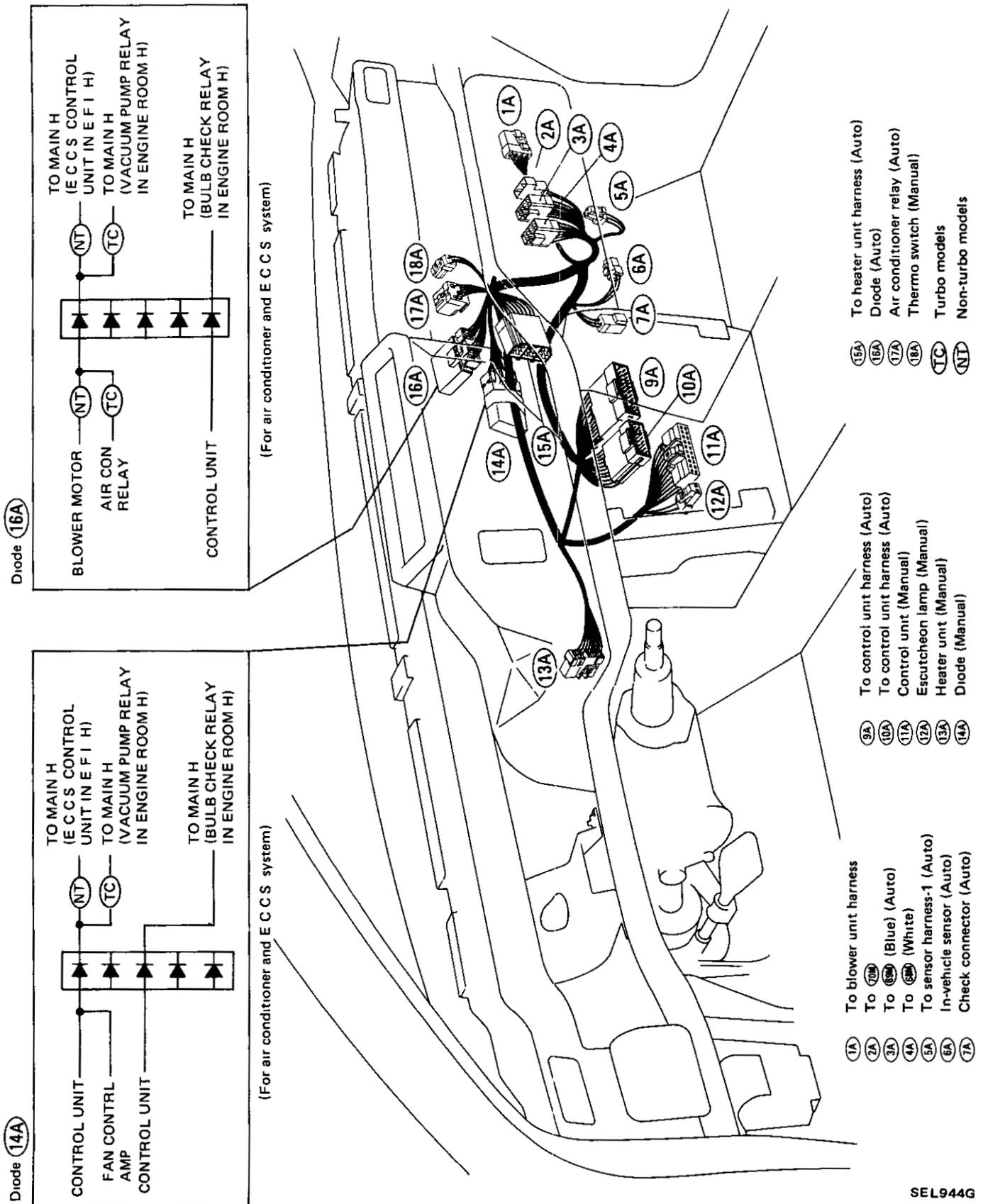
## Console Harness



- 1C To 61M (White)
- 2C To 62M (Blue)
- 3C Clock
- 4C Radio (SF and GL models)
- 5C Illumination lamp
- 8C Illumination lamp
- 9C Illumination lamp (SF and GL models)
- 10C Radio (G.L.L. model)

# HARNES LAYOUT

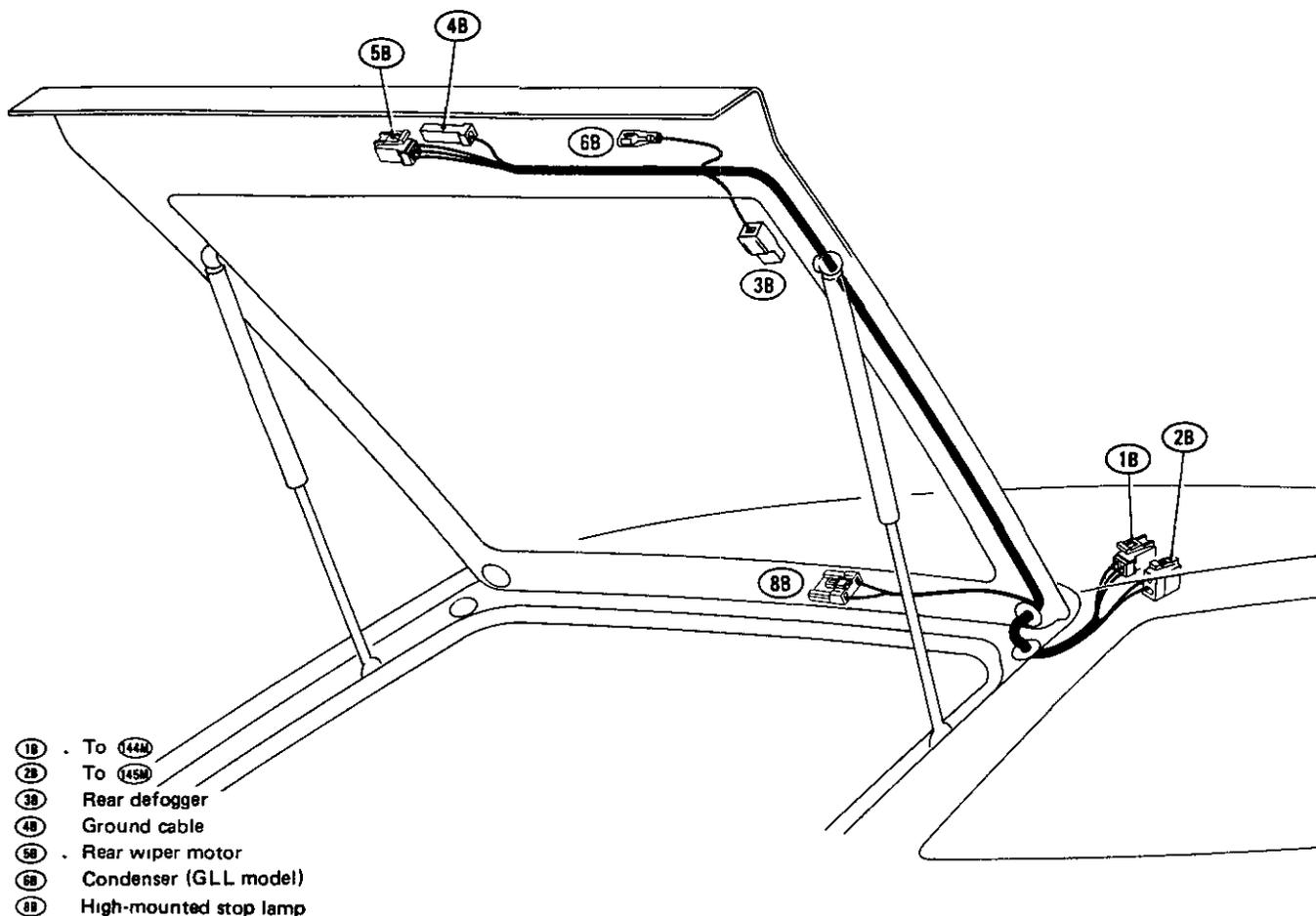
## Air Conditioner Harness



SEL944G

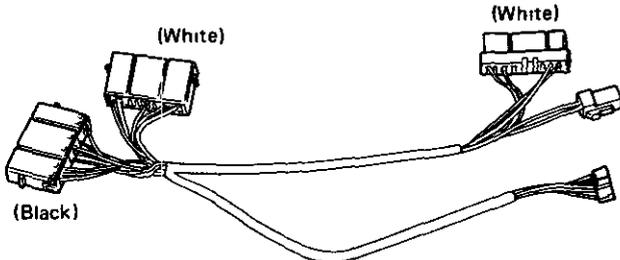
# HARNES LAYOUT

## Back Door Harness



SEL138J

# SPECIAL SERVICE TOOL

Tool number	Tool name
KV999U0060	<p data-bbox="459 421 707 510">Diagnostic sub-harness (For digital type combination meter)</p>  <p data-bbox="1417 697 1506 719">SEL145J</p>

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